Getting off the Ground: Implementing a Drone Program

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Drones (UAS)

What are they? (UAS = Unmanned Aerial Systems)



UAS Program Implementation

Considerations

Considerations when starting operations:

-How are we authorized to fly?

- -Who will be the pilots?
- -What drones and sensors to buy?
- -How do we ensure we are safe?
- -How do we ensure we capture good data?
- -Policy, checklists, logs, accessories, maintenance, etc.



Drone Products

Imagery – Pine Creek near Susanville



Google/NAIP Imagery: 12-40 inches/pixel

UAS/Drone: 1 inch/pixel



Drone Products

Imagery – American River near Sunrise Blvd



Google/NAIP Imagery: 12-40 inches/pixel

UAS/Drone: 1 inch/pixel



UAS Program Implementation

Assumptions

- -Feasibility for your work
- -Executive buy-in
- -Initial funding
- -Risks/liability are considered
- -Recognition of public concerns



UAS Program Implementation

Steps

- 1. FAA Authorization
- 2. Trial Operations
- 3. Pilot Requirements
- 4. Operations Manual / Procedures
- 5. Waivers
- 6. Scale Up



UAS Program Implementation

1. FAA Authorization

FAA Drone User Categories

Hobby

Commercial

Government



egional Park Edst Day Open Space Regional Park Open Space



A Start Winte



Dan Gook Canyon





UAS Program Implementation

1. FAA Authorization

For Government Use, two ways to be authorized:

Certificate of Authorization (COA)

 Organizational authorization
 Pilot requirements defined by you

2. Part 107 – Small UAS Pilot Certification

-New as of August, 2017
-Individual pilot authorizations
-Same as Commercial authorization



UAS Program Implementation

1. FAA Authorization

Basic Operating Restrictions:

-UAS under 55lbs -Class G airspace only (not near airports) -Under 400 ft -Line-of-sight -Not over people -Daytime / Good Weather

(each authorization method has different ways to get exemptions to these restrictions)







UAS Program Implementation

2. Trial Operations

- 1. Designate a Drone Coordinator
- 2. Designate a few Provisional Pilots
- 3. Purchase 1-2 basic UAS
- 4. Create procedural forms/checklists
- 5. Fly missions
- 6. Refine forms/checklists
- (repeat 5/6 until satisfied)

Safety, consistency, and useful data are top priorities



UAS Program Implementation

Mission Planning

Considerations for mission planning:

-Is mission in authorized airspace? -What hazards/risks exist at the site? -Are there wildlife issues? -Whose property is it? -Privacy concerns? -Good line-of-sight? -How many flights needed? -Who will process data?



UAS Program Implementation

Data Processing

UAS Imagery Requires Specialized Processing

-Orthomosaic -Elevation Model -3D Model



nd Hill ry Club

Stone Valley Rd



UAS Program Implementation

Data Processing

-3D Model

Diablo Foothills Regional Park

East Bay legional Park East Bay Open Space Regional Park Open Space

try Club

Stone Valley Rd



UAS Program Implementation

3. Pilot Requirements - FAA

FAA Drone Pilot Requirements

Hobby Use -anyone (can't benefit anyone's work – paid or not)

Commercial Use -pass FAA Small UAS Knowledge Test

Government Use -pass FAA Small UAS Knowledge Test, or -requirements as defined in agreement with FAA





UAS Program Implementation

3. Pilot Requirements - CDFW

FAA only requires airspace knowledge to fly.

"Legal" ≠ "Safe"

Pilot is ultimately responsible.

Potential Organizational Pilot Requirements:

- -FAA sUAS Certification (Part 107) knowledge test
- -Knowledge of Organizational Procedures
- -Flight training
- -Skills test
- -Currency requirements



UAS Program Implementation

4. Operations Manual / Procedures

Safety is top priority. Defined procedures enhance safety.

Operations Manual will include: -Staff training/certification -Preflight planning: hazards, airspace -Preflight checklist: equipment, crew -Flight logs: time airborne -Equipment maintenance logs -Centralized coordination



UAS Program Implementation

Public Perception

Engage public where possible Avoid potential privacy concerns Explain scientific use



We are not spying or weaponizing!





UAS Program Implementation

5. Waivers

-Airspace Waivers Operations in Class B, C, D, or E airspace (near airports)

-Night Operations Waivers Operations between sunset and sunrise

-Beyond Line-of-Sight Waivers Operations beyond ~1/3 mile from Pilot

-Emergency Operations Potentially quicker waiver process



UAS Program Implementation

6. Scale Up!

Additional Pilots (centralized Pilot cert status) Additional UAVs (fleet management) Re-evaluate Mission Authorization flow (bottleneck) **Review and Update Ops Manual Regularly** Data! (storage, sharing, publicity, transparency)



UAS Program Implementation

Thank You!

Questions?

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