CALLED BALL

Fisheries Branch
830 S Street
Sacramento, CA 95811
(916) 327-8840

December 23, 2014

Mr. Will Stelle Regional Administrator, West Coast Region National Marine Fisheries Service 7600 Sand Point Way Northeast Seattle, WA 98115

Dear Mr. Stelle:

## Winter-run Chinook Salmon Escapement Estimates for 2014

The California Department of Fish and Wildlife (Department) has developed Sacramento River winter-run Chinook salmon escapement estimates for 2014. These estimates were developed from data collected in the Upper Sacramento River Winter-run Chinook Salmon Escapement Survey (carcass survey) by Department and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) personnel.

Escapement estimates based on the application of the Cormack Jolly Seber markrecapture population model to the upper Sacramento River winter-run carcass survey data for 2014 are shown below:

Estimated Total In-river Escapement (hatchery and natural origin)	2,627
Estimated In-river Escapement (hatchery origin)	455
Estimated Number of In-river Adult Females (hatchery and natural origin)	1,698

These estimates include naturally spawning winter-run Chinook in the upper Sacramento River. In addition, 388 winter-run Chinook were collected at the Keswick trap site upstream from RBDD for spawning at Livingston Stone National Fish Hatchery (LSNFH). These fish are not included in the above estimate of naturally spawning winter-run Chinook. The total winter-run spawning escapement estimate in 2014, including in-river spawners and fish collected for normal hatchery broodstock, is **3,015** fish. The 90% confidence interval on this total estimate is from **2,741 to 3,290** fish. To see how this estimate relates to past escapement estimates, please see Attachment 1.

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This year, the escapement estimate was again calculated from the carcass survey data using a different statistical model than used in some previous years. From 2003-2011, the escapement estimate had been based on application of the Jolly-Seber model. Based on the recommendations of the Central Valley Chinook Salmon In-River Escapement Monitoring Plan (DFG 2012), starting in 2012, the winter-run carcass survey used field and analysis methods consistent with application of the Cormack Jolly Seber (CJS) model. In simulation studies performed in the development of the Monitoring Plan, the CJS model was shown to more accurately estimate escapement based on mark-recapture data than any other available model. Due to its similarity to the Jolly Seber model previously used to estimate winter-run escapement, we consider the data for 2013 to be directly comparable for trend analysis with escapement estimates from 2003 through 2012. The CJS model allows the calculation of confidence intervals; we began reporting confidence intervals on our total estimate for the first time in 2012 and continue doing so this year. The escapement number above is the winterrun total estimate modelled to date and is a final number subject to revision. This estimate is subject to revision if additional data become available after the date of this letter. The additional data would then be used in the CJS Model to recalculate the final escapement number. The most up to date modelled estimate calculation can be found in the GrandTab spreadsheet which is updated periodically after this letter is sent in the event that new information is received.

In the spring of 2014 the Department and the other Fisheries Agencies recognized the continuing severity of the drought in California. To maximize survival of adult winter-run given the uncertainty of sufficiently cold water in the upper Sacramento River later in the year, the LSNFH was permitted to take additional winter-run brood stock. In prior years LSNFH was permitted to take 120 adults for hatchery brood stock, but given the emergency drought conditions, the LSNFH staff removed 388 fish in 2014 including 137 natural-origin and 251 hatchery-origin fish.

We look forward to further discussion and collaboration with NOAA Fisheries staff regarding the application of this information. Inquiries regarding the methodology and development of the estimates in this letter should be directed to Mr. Douglas Killam, <a href="Doug.Killam@wildlife.ca.gov">Doug.Killam@wildlife.ca.gov</a> or Mr. Daniel Kratville, <a href="Daniel.Kratville@wildlife.ca.gov">Daniel.Kratville@wildlife.ca.gov</a> and at the address and phone number above.

Sincerely,

Stafford Lehr, Chief Fisheries Branch

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Messrs. Neil Manji, Curtis Milliron, Jason Roberts Department of Fish and Wildlife 601 Locust Street Redding, California 96001 Mr. Will Stelle Regional Administrator, West Coast Region December 23, 2014 Page **4** of **5** 

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