

GEOGRAPHIC RESPONSE PLAN OIL SPILL RESPONSE

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE OFFICE OF SPILL PREVENTION AND RESPONSE



JUNE 2019



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Spill Response Contact Sheet

* Staffed 24-Hours/Day

Immediate Emergency Notifications for Oil Spills Call Upon Discovery of Spill		
Local Emergency Response Agencies	911*	
State Notification - California Office of Emergency Services, State Warning Center (State Law requires that ANY discharge or threatened discharge of oil into STATE WATERS must be reported to Cal OES immediately) <i>†See Footnote on oil production spill thresholds for notification and the Field Rule for San Joaquin Valley.</i>	(800) 852-7550*	
Certified Unified Program Agency (CUPA) (CalOES Spill Report will be emailed to CUPA as part of their immediate notification): Kern County Environmental Health City of Bakersfield Fire Department	(661) 549-9927* (661) 549-9927* (Primary) (661) 549-9885* (Secondary)	
Federal Notification - National Response Center (as appropriate): If the spill equals or exceeds CERCLA Federal Reportable Quantities, ‡Federal Reportable Quantities: http://www.epa.gov/superfund/policy/release/rq/index.htm	(800) 424-8802*	

Infrastructure Emergency Notification: Promptly Notify

Railroad, Pipeline, Fixed Facilties	
Union Pacific Railroad Emergency	(888) UPRRCOP (877-7267)*
BNSF Railroad Emergency	(800) 832-5452*
San Joaquin Valley Railroad	
Emergency	(800) 800-3490*
Amtrak	(800) 331-0008*
Shell Pipeline	(832) 337-8404*
Kinder Morgan Pipeline	(714) 560-4411*
Chevron Pipeline	(800) 762-3404*
Chevron Kern River, 24-Hour	
Emergency	(661) 392-2229*
Plains All American Pipeline	(800) 708-5071*
Aera Energy LLC	(800) 247-5977*
Crimson Pipeline	(866) 351-7473*
Crestwood West Coast LLC	(866) 234-7473
California Resources Corporation	(661) 763-6363*
ExxonMobil	(800) 537-5200*

Highways, Utilities, Dams, Other Infrastructure	
California Highway Patrol (as appropriate) (The California Highway Patrol must be notified for spills occurring on highways in the State of California.)	911/(661) 827- 5400*
California Department of Water Resources (State Water Project Emergencies)	(916) 574-2714*
City of Bakersfield Water Resources	(661) 326-3716*

* Staffed 24-Hours/Day

(877) UCD-OWCN

(877) 823-6926*

(800) 300-2193*

Oil Spill	Response Agency	Notifications: Promptly Notify	,
CDFW Office of Spill Prevention and F	Response (OSPR)	Oiled Wildlife Care Network	
OSPR Dispatch - Report Oil Spills	(800) 852-7550* or (800) OILS-911*	OWCN Activation/Oiled Wildlif	e

	(800) OILS-911*	
orcement		U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Department	(661) 327-7111	Emergency Response
ffice (Dispatch)	(661) 861-3110*	

CALFIRE Office of the State F	ire Marsha	I
24-Hour Duty Chief		(916) 323-7390*
On-Call Pipeline Safety Engine	eer	
D	oug Allen	(916) 591-0699

Hotline

Local Fire and Law Enforcement	
Bakersfield City Police Department	(661) 327-7111
Kern County Sheriff's Office (Dispatch)	(661) 861-3110*
City of Bakersfield Fire Department	911*
Kern County Fire Department Dispatch	(661) 861-2521*
	(661) 324-6551*
Kern County Environmental Health	(661) 549-9927*

Local Government (City and County)	
Kern County Emergency Operations Center (Kern County Fire Department)	(661) 873-2602
Kern County Environmental Health	(661) 549-9927*

Affected or Adjacent Agencies to Notify Early-On as Appropriate; If In Doubt, Notify

Utilities, Dams, Hydroelectric, Infrastructure (non-emergency)	
City of Bakersfield Water Resources	(661) 326-3716*
Olcese Water District (Rio Bravo Hydroelectric Project)	(661) 872-4487

Other	
Panorama Vista Preserve Preserve Manager	(661) 872-3569 (661) 319-5805
Kern County Parks and Recreation	
Primary: Carl Brewer	(661) 342-8339
Secondary: Isaac Preston	(661) 432-6550
Secondary: Matt Howard	(661) 345-7175
City of Bakersfield Recreation and Parks	(661) 326-3866

Water Districts, Water Intakes and County Water Agencies		
City of Bakersfield Water Resources	(661) 326-3716	
California Water Service Company	(661) 343-6705	
Buena Vista Water Storage District	(661) 204-1379	
Kern Water Bank Authority	(661) 440-4668	

Public Works and Traffic Control	
Kern County Sheriff's Office	(661) 861-3110
Bakersfield Public Works (storm drains, etc.)	(661) 326-3111

* Staffed 24-Hours/Day

Additional Contact Information as Appropriate; If In Doubt, Notify

Federal Agencies	
U. S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service - Forest Spill Coordinator, Belinda Walker, Asst. Regional Environmental Engineer	Cell: (909) 229-5201
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Emergency Management)	(916) 557-6911
Bureau Of Reclamation (South-Central CA Area Office)	(559) 262-0300
Bureau of Land Management	(661) 391-6000
U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service	
USFWS Field Response Coordinator, Toby McBride	(916) 414-6603 c: (916) 798-7904
USFWS Field Response Coordinator, John Henderson	(916) 930-5676 c: (916) 799-0588
U.S. Department of the Interior, Office of Environmental Policy & Compliance - Regional Environmental Officer, Janet Whitlock	(916) 978-5677 c: (415) 420-0524
NOAA Scientific Support Coordinator, Jordan Stout	(206) 321-3320*
FEMA Region IX, 24-Hour Duty Officer	(510) 627-7251*
Tribal and Historic Contacts	
Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC)	(916) 373-3710
Katy Sanchez	(916) 373-3710
Steven Quinn	(916) 373-3710
Celeste Thomson, California State University, Bakersfield, Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center	(661) 654-2289

** Individual tribal contacts can be found on page XXX

State Agencies Calif. Environmental Protection Agency: Greg Vlasek, Assistant Secretary for CUPA's and Emergency Response	(916) 322-7188
CAL FIRE - Office of the State Fire Marsh Safety	nal, Pipeline
Sacramento	(916) 263-6300
Lakewood/Southern California	(562) 497-0350
Bakersfield	(661) 665-0107
State Water Resources Control Board (District 12)	(559) 447-3300
Regional Water Quality Control Board	(559) 445-5116
Calif. Department of Water Resources, State Water Project Operations Center	(916) 574-2714*
Division of Oil, Gas & Geothermal Resources	(661) 322-4031
CAL FIRE - Dept. of Forestry and Fire Pr	otection
Southern Region Operations, Fresno Office	(559) 222-3714
Calif. Dept. of Transportation District 6 (Fresno/Bakersfield)	(559) 444-2518

(Fresno/Bakersfield)	(000) 2010
Calif. Dept. of Parks and Recreation (Central Valley District)	(209) 536-5930
Calif. Dept. Toxic Substance Control,	(800) 260-3972
Emergency Response Duty Officer	(800) 852-7550*
Calif. Dept. of Public Health	(916) 328-3605

State and Federally Managed Lands

Tule Elk State Natural Reserve	(661) 764-6881
CA Department of Fish and Wildlife Lands Program	(916) 373-6613

Emergency Response Resources	
Hall Ambulance Service	(661) 322-8741*
Mercy Hospital Southwest	(661) 663-6000*
Kern Medical Center	(661) 326-2000*
Bakersfield Memorial Hospital	(661) 472-7414*
Meadows Field Airport	(661) 391-1800

CHEMTREC 24-Hour Hotline	(800) 424-9300*
California Poison Control System 24-Hour Hotline	(800) 222-1222*

CHEMTREC provides emergency information for chemical releases and fire control measures, assistance with chemical identification, and notification of manufacturer and/or shipper.

Poison Control Centers provide poison/exposure information to emergency personnel and the public and has regional hospital capabilities for exposed victims. Calls are automatically forwarded to the nearest center: Sacramento, San Francisco, Fresno, and San Diego.

†Cal OES State Warning Center

State Law requires that ANY discharge or threatened discharge of oil into STATE WATERS must be reported to Cal OES [California Government Code (GC) §8670.25.5; California Water Code (WC) §13272, California State Oil Spill Contingency Plan]. If the release of oil is on land and is not discharged or threatening to discharge into State Waters; and (a) does not cause harm or threaten to cause harm to the public health and safety, the environment, or property; AND (b) is under 42 gallons, then no notification to the Cal OES/Warning Center is required. Field Rule: Reporting Criteria - Within applicable fields or areas, operators must report: i) All spills of five (5) barrels of crude oil, or more, unless the spill is within containment and is less than ten (10) barrels. All spills of ten (10) barrels of crude oil, or more that occur within containment as defined in Section 1773 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (CCR) and is identified in the operator's spill prevention contingency plan, as required in Section 1722(b) of the 14 CCR. This Field Rule applies to any oil or gas field located within Kern, Kings, Tulare, Fresno, Madera, and Merced Counties, and the portion of Midway-Sunset field located within San Luis Obispo County. However, the Temblor Hills field in Kern County is excluded due to its location outside the San Joaquin Valley. The Field Rule is applicable only within existing oil and gas fields, as defined by DOGGR. (for oil production well spills only)

‡National Response Center

All spills of oil or hazardous substance into navigable waters as defined by the Clean Water Act (CWA) and all spills of a reportable quantity of hazardous substances (40 CFR Part 302) must be immediately reported by the spiller to the National Response Center (NRC). The web address for reportable quantities under CERCLA can be found here: https://www.epa.gov/emergency-response/when-are-you-required-report-oil-spill-and-hazardous-substance-release. The NRC will contact appropriate local US Coast Guard (USCG) or Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) offices. Notifying state offices does not relieve the spiller from federal requirements to notify the NRC nor vice versa.

Contingency Plan holders in the State of California must begin notification procedures within 30 minutes of learning of a spill and must complete notifications to CalOES, NRC, QI, OSRO, SMT, and if there is a threat to wildlife, OWCN, within 2 hours from the initiation of making notifications.

Before you print this document:

This document is intended, and designed, to be printed out on 2-sided pages.

The following pages are provided in "landscape" orientation, 8.5 x 11:

- Chapter 1, Figure 1-2, pages 5-6
- Chapter 4, Table 4-1 on pages 227 234

The following pages are provided in "landscape" orientation, paper size 11 x 17:

- Chapter 3, Figure 3-1 pages 23-24
- Chapter 3, Figure 3-2, pages 25-26
- Chapter 3, Figure 3-3, pages 27-28
- Chapter 3, Table 3-1, pages 31-44
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- Chapter 3, Figure 3-7, pages 151-152
- Chapter 3, Figure 3-8, pages 195-196
- Chapter 3, Figure 3-9, pages 209-210

The following pages are provided in "portrait" orientation, 8.5 x 14:

• Appendix F, Table F-2, pages 263-264

All other chapters and appendices are oriented in "portrait," 8.5 x 11.

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Kern River Geographic Response Plan

Purpose and Use of this Plan

This Geographic Response Plan (GRP) has been developed for inland waters of California by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW), Office of Spill Prevention and Response (OSPR). This GRP includes response strategies, response methods, and shoreline countermeasures to be used by spill response personnel to rapidly and efficiently address releases or threatened oil spill releases to the Kern River. This GRP was developed to facilitate oil spill response preparedness and to expedite spill response activities in the GRP coverage area and is meant to aid the response community during the initial phase of an oil spill. The GRP provides tactical response strategies and identifies available access to the shoreline. By using this document, it is hoped that immediate and proper action can be taken to reduce any impacts that oil may have on the environment as well as any sensitive resources in the area.

The strategies shown in this GRP were developed using the best information available at the time of preparation. However, no one strategy can effectively address all environmental conditions considering seasonal, annual, and localized site-specific conditions. An on-site evaluation of actual conditions is often needed to determine whether a response strategy is safe to deploy and whether it will be effective under existing environmental conditions or effective for the particular type of oil involved. Responders must use on-scene judgment based on real-time observations to ensure a safe and effective response. The strategies discussed in this GRP have been designed for use with persistent oils that float on water and may or may not be suitable for other oil products or hazardous substances.

After a spill occurs, efforts to control and contain the spill at or near the source should be a top priority. Beyond those efforts, the appropriate booming, damming and notification strategies provided in <u>Chapter 3</u> of this GRP should be implemented as soon as possible, unless overflight information, spill trajectory models, or circumstances unique to a particular spill situation dictate otherwise. From an operational perspective, this GRP offers guidance to responders during the initial phases of an oil spill by:

- Providing tactical response strategies to be implemented during the early hours of an oil spill.
- Providing detailed information for booming and damming strategies that could be utilized to minimize impacts on predetermined sensitive resources.
- Providing sufficient information for responders to prepare initial ICS 201, 208, and 232 documents and the initial Incident Action Plan (IAP).

OSPR is responsible for long-term maintenance of this GRP; it will be updated and maintained periodically to ensure the information contained within remains current and relevant. The first maintenance cycle will be at Year 3 after its original release, and thereafter, every 5 years. Contact information will be updated on an annual basis and provided as an addendum.

Purpose

1. This GRP establishes spill response guidance for oil spill incidents occurring within the Kern River area from where the river exits the Kern River Canyon and continues through the terminus of the river where it meets the California Aqueduct, west of Interstate 5 near Tupman; all within Kern County and Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) Region V.

2. This GRP is the principal guide for response personnel, response organizations and agencies within the GRP boundary area, its incorporated cities, and other local government entities responding to and minimizing the impacts of oil spill incidents. This GRP is intended to facilitate multi-agency and multi-jurisdictional coordination, pursuant to the Incident Command System (ICS) among local, state, and federal agencies, as well as the responsible party (RP), in oil spill incidents.

3. This GRP is an operational plan as well as a reference document. It may be used for pre-spill planning and actual spill response. Agencies with jurisdictional roles and responsibilities for oil spills are encouraged to develop standard operating procedures (SOPs) and spill response checklists based on the provisions of this GRP.

Response Strategy Selection

The bulk of this GRP is contained in <u>Chapter 3</u>. It provides information on response strategies including detail sheets with specific information on each identified response site and access/observation site. The response strategies have been identified by available access points and the amount of oil spill response resources that can be deployed from those locations. Operational division and segment maps as well as information on staging areas are also provided in the chapter. When a spill occurs, the response strategies provided in <u>Chapter 3</u> should be implemented as soon as possible. Unless circumstances unique to a particular spill situation dictate otherwise, the matrix in Section 3.4 of the chapter should be used to determine strategy deployment locations. The movement of oil on water and the time it takes to mobilize response resources to deploy GRP strategies must always be considered when setting strategy implementation priorities.

Once the Unified Command (UC) is formed, additional operational strategies and tactics should be relayed to response personnel in the field in the form of the ICS 204 assignment list. Because GRPs are one of the primary strategy tools used during an initial phase of the response and are fairly broad in their scope, they are not intended to minimize impacts on all possible sensitive areas that could be affected by an oil spill. Likewise, this GRP is not intended to be an exhaustive list for all of the tactical strategies that could, or should, be implemented during a spill.

Guiding Principles for GRPs

- 1. The safety and health of responders always takes precedence over the protection of sensitive environmental or economic resources.
- 2. Source control and containment are always a higher priority over GRP strategy deployments but should occur concurrently if resources are available.
- 3. Environmental conditions (wind, currents, and tides), together with the physical limitations of existing spill response technology, may preclude the effective protection of some areas.
- 4. Once a coordinated response has been established during an oil spill incident, booming strategy selection and prioritization are refined and supplemented based on real-time assessments. The UC has the authority to supersede the strategies proposed in this GRP.
- 5. Response personnel may find it necessary to deviate from the exact details provided for deploying a particular response strategy; response personnel should use their best judgment to modify existing strategies based on real-time conditions and notify UC accordingly. Response personnel should notify the Planning and/or Operations Section staff regarding any opportunities for deploying additional strategies that might be used to take advantage of incident-specific conditions.

Control and Containment of an Oil Spill at the Source is a Higher Priority than the Implementation of GRP Response Strategies

In the responder's best judgment, if control and initial containment of an oil spill at the source is not feasible or the source is controlled but oil has spread beyond initial containment, then the response strategies laid out in <u>Chapter 3</u> of this GRP take precedence until a UC is formed. Spill response priorities beyond those described in this GRP should be based upon observations and spill trajectory information. During a spill, modifications to the strategies provided in <u>Chapter 3</u> of this GRP may be made if approved by the Incident Commander (IC) or UC.

Resources-At-Risk

Chapter 4 of this GRP outlines information on the environmental, economic, and tribal, cultural and historic resources-at-risk in the area that could be injured or damaged if impacted by oil, and key contacts for notification. Chapter 4 also provides information on oiled wildlife, wildlife avoidance measures, and the Wildlife Response Plan developed by OSPR.

Appendices

The appendices section provides information on site description, local and regional assets for oil spill response equipment, and other relevant emergency response documents for the area.

Companion Manual

The GRP Companion Manual (<u>GRP CM</u>) contains information common to all GRPs. The <u>GRP CM</u> Sections include response methods, shoreline cleanup, applied response technologies, waste management, mutual aid, volunteers, and procedures for the discovery of human remains and cultural and historic resources.

Standardized Response Language

In order to avoid confusion, this GRP uses standard National Incident Management System, Incident Command System (NIMS ICS) terminology.

Drills and Exercises

If an equipment deployment drills program [similar to the Sensitive Site Strategy Evaluation Program (SSSEP) for Area Contingency Plans (ACP)] is developed for inland GRPs, a corresponding section will be added to this GRP. As appropriate, this GRP can be exercised during tabletop drills with contingency plan holders to test the efficiency and user-friendly aspects of the document and make suggestions for updates as necessary.

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Kern River Geographic Response Plan

Chapter 1 – Introduction

1.0 Introduction

OSPR is developing GRPs for inland waters of California. These plans are being prepared for the State of California and will be the responsibility of OSPR. GRPs are being developed through committees, workshops, and meetings with federal, state, and local oil spill emergency response experts, tribal representatives, industry, local governments, first responders, and environmental organizations. Please see Appendix A for the list of contributors who helped to develop the structure and content of this GRP.

This GRP serves as guidance for federal and state on-scene coordinators and first responders during the initial phase of an oil spill response. This plan has been developed for a portion of the Kern River within the limits of Kern County (Figure 1-1). The upper extent of the GRP boundary begins where the river exits the Kern River Canyon (Figure 1-2). The lower extent terminates at the California Aqueduct, west side of Interstate 5 near Tupman; this area of the river runs into channel gates and rarely drains beyond this point. The defined boundary encompasses an area of approximately 37 river miles.

An area site description and information on physical features, hydrology, winds, climate, and risk are included in Appendix B of this document.

Changes and updates to this document are expected as response strategies are optimized through drills, site visits, and use in actual spill situations. OSPR values stakeholder input and welcomes suggestions about how the plan might be improved. Please submit comments by mail using the form and information provided in <u>Appendix C</u> of this document or through the email address provided for the GRP contact on the OSPR Website at <u>http://www.wildlife.ca.gov/OSPR/Contingency</u>. A Record of Changes, Appendix D, will be kept as updates are made.

Other Relevant Emergency Response Plans can be found in <u>Appendix E</u>; for the Kern River GRP, this includes emergency plans for Kern County, LEPC Region 5 Hazardous Materials Emergency Plan, Chevron North America Exploration & Production Tactical Oil Spill Response Plan for the Kern River, and the State Oil Spill Contingency Plan.

1.1 Authority

State Government

The Administrator of OSPR has the primary authority to serve as the state incident commander, State On-Scene Coordinator (SOSC), and direct the removal, abatement, response, containment, and cleanup efforts, including decisions regarding the utilization of insitu burning, dispersants, and cleanup agents, with regard to all aspects of any oil spill into marine and inland surface waters of the state, but not ground waters. This authority may be delegated. [FGC §5655(d), §5655(e)(2); GC §8670.62, §8670.7].

Federal Government

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) shall provide a Federal On-Scene Coordinator (FOSC) for discharges or releases into or threatening the inland zone. The term inland zone, defined as the environment inland of the coastal zone, delineates an area of federal responsibility for response action. The U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) shall provide an FOSC for oil discharges within or threatening the coastal zone. Precise boundaries are determined by USEPA/USCG agreements and identified in federal regional contingency plans. The boundary in California typically follows Highway 1 and includes the San Francisco Bay and Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta, as part of the coastal zone. National Contingency Plan (NCP) – 40 CFR §300.120.

Responsible Party

The Responsible Party (RP) has the primary responsibility to conduct spill cleanup following the procedures listed in their facility (i.e. fixed facility, pipeline, railroad) response plan. The basic framework for the response management structure is a system (e.g., NIMS Incident Command System) that brings together the functions of the federal government, the state government, and the responsible party to achieve an effective and efficient response, where the FOSC maintains authority. The RP will participate in the UC alongside the FOSC and SOSC [and Local Government On-Scene Coordinator (LGOSC) if requested]. National Contingency Plan - 40 CFR §300.105(d), (e)(1) Figure 1a, and §300.135(d).

Local Government

When an oil spill occurs, the UC (OSC's and RP) will evaluate the nature and severity of the spill, jurisdictions that may be affected, potential for public involvement, and need for local agency support. The UC may exercise the option to appoint an LGOSC as a participant within the UC. National Contingency Plan, §300.135(d).



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Figure 1-2: Kern River GRP Plan Area Map

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Kern River Geographic Response Plan

Chapter 2 - Emergency Management, Incident Objectives, and Response Considerations

2.0 Chapter Overview

This chapter discusses the emergency management aspect of an oil spill as it applies to first responders and the public. This chapter includes information on site safety, site assessment, responder and public safety, and area and traffic control. Public Health, including information on Certified Unified Program Agencies (CUPA) and fisheries closures, are discussed below along with response equipment availability and on-site considerations.

California's emergency assistance is based on a statewide mutual aid system designed to ensure additional resources are provided to the state's political subdivisions whenever their own resources are overwhelmed or inadequate. Mutual Aid is discussed below in Section 2.12 as well as in the <u>GRP</u> <u>CM</u>.

The first emergency responder to arrive at the incident site will assume the role of IC until relieved by a qualified representative of the responsible agency. The primary responsibility of this first responder is to protect the health and safety of the public (including potential responders) at the scene.

Upon arrival, the IC will establish an Incident Command Post (ICP) a safe distance from the incident until hazards are removed, controlled, or neutralized. The location of the ICP should be far enough away from the incident to avoid contamination or other dangers, and close enough to the incident to maintain reasonable contact with operational personnel.

The IC will be responsible for coordinating multi-agency operations (e.g., fire, sheriff, highway patrol, etc.). All emergency responders shall report to the ICP or the staging area as designated by the IC immediately upon arrival to the scene. All emergency response operations (spill identification, containment, etc.) shall be coordinated through the IC or a duly appointed Operations Section Chief.

Incident Objectives

In order for spill response personnel to evaluate the oil product and take appropriate emergency actions to save lives, reduce injuries, and prevent or minimize damage to the environment and property, the following actions should be taken:

1. Provide for the safety and security of responders and maximize the protection of public health and welfare.

2. Conduct an operational risk assessment, secure the source and affected area, isolate the hazard, and deny the entry of unauthorized persons into the area.

3. Identify and report the oil spill to appropriate agencies.

4. Provide rapid and effective warning, information, and instructions to threatened populations.

5. Implement response strategies, deploy spill response equipment, commence shoreline countermeasures, and return to normal conditions as quickly as possible.

2.1 Safety

The primary responsibility of the first emergency responder to arrive at the incident site is to protect the health and safety of the public and responders on scene. This protection will be accomplished by restricting access to the scene, initiating containment if it can be done safely, and isolating contaminated persons and materials until arrival of the supporting agencies.

Rendering emergency care and initiating decontamination of affected persons is always a high priority but only if it is within the first responder's level of training and only if it can be done safely.

Site perimeter security and traffic control are the responsibility of the law enforcement agency with traffic investigation authority and should be initiated as soon as possible to minimize contamination of citizens and to allow first responder crews to perform their tasks without interference. The following guidance, considerations, and actions are to provide for the safety of responders and the public during an oil spill incident:

Responder Safety

- Resist Rushing In! Respond safely, slowly, and methodically.
- Approach cautiously from uphill, upwind, or upstream.
- Stay clear of vapor, fumes, smoke, and spills.
- Don't assume that gases or vapors are harmless because of lack of a smell odorless gases or vapors may be harmful.
- Vapors may cause dizziness or asphyxiation without warning.
- Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.
- Many gases/vapors are heavier than air and will spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks) control ignition sources.
- Keep out of low areas.
- Enter only when wearing appropriate protective gear and in accordance with your training, resources and capabilities.

- Establish an ICP and lines of communication.
- Continually reassess the situation and modify the response accordingly.
- Consider your own safety first, then the safety of people in the immediate area. Rescue attempts and protecting the environment or property must be weighed against you becoming part of the problem.

Area Assessment

- Is there a fire, spill, or leak?
- What are the weather conditions?
- What is the terrain like?
- Who/what is at risk people, the environment, or property?
- What actions should be taken evacuation or shelter-in-place?
- What resources are required (human and equipment)?
- What can be done immediately?

Site Safety

- Secure the scene:
 - \circ $\;$ Isolate the area and protect yourself and others.
- Use the Department of Transportation (DOT) Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG), ERG App or the Wireless Information System for Emergency Responders (WISER) App recommendations for establishing safe distances and safety information. See the <u>GRP</u> CM, Section 5, for Web Links to Information Resources.
- Fire? Consider a blast radius of 0.6 miles (1 km).
- Gather intelligence from a safe distance before conducting an on-site assessment understand the problem:
 - o Train consist/waybill.
 - Observe placards and types of containers/railcars.
 - Use the appropriate monitoring devices to detect hazardous materials.
 - One product or multiple commodities. If multiple materials are involved, what is the potential outcome of their commingling, will there be reactivity?
- CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emergency Center provides two types of assistance during a hazardous material incident:
 - Relays information in regard to the specific chemical, and
 - Will contact the chemical manufacturer or other expert for additional information or on-site assistance.
 - o <u>24-Hour Hotline: (800) 424-9300.</u>
- If the substance cannot be identified, monitoring and sampling may be needed to determine the substances' physical and chemical properties, concentrations, and its degree of hazard.
- To minimize danger to personnel, this function should be performed by persons who are properly trained and are using the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as a trained hazardous materials response team following established protocols.

- Position vehicle away from the incident and use binoculars.
- Establish a dedicated Safety Officer.
- Develop an initial Site Safety Plan.
- Verify all information/intelligence.
- Consider all modes of operation:
 - o Offensive
 - Defensive
 - o Non-Intervention
- Eliminate any ignition sources.
- Consider current and expected weather.
- Consider worst-case scenario.
- Prepare for first responder rescue.
- Establish an accountability system for incident personnel.

Public Safety

- Identify threats to health and safety.
- Keep unauthorized persons away initiate site access control.
- As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak in all directions as recommended by the DOT ERG.
- Establish a Public Information Officer/Joint Information Center.
- Establish a Law Enforcement Branch:
 - Evacuation
 - Establish evacuation groups/divisions as needed.
 - Identify residents, businesses, public buildings and other areas from which occupants and property may need to be evacuated.
 - Locate and identify special needs individuals that require extraordinary care.
 - Provide security for evacuated areas.
 - o Shelter-In-Place
 - Create a temporary safe refuge area by using the residence or business place.
 - Ensure, through community outreach, that the public understands what shelter in place means.
 - Limit travel in the affected area, when the process of evacuation puts the public in harm's way.
 - Provide clear information and instruction on the shelter in place process.
- Resource Notifications:
 - o Identify resources to assist with shelter in place operations:
 - Local Office of Emergency Services
 - Public health services/offices
 - Local hospitals and disaster control facilities
 - Public Information Officer
 - Utilize mass notification systems:

- Reverse 911
- Television, radio
- Websites, social media
- Local sirens
- Poison Control Centers:

Provide poison/exposure information to emergency personnel and the public. For exposed victims, can provide regional hospital capabilities. Calls are automatically forwarded to the nearest center: Sacramento, San Francisco, Fresno, and San Diego. 24-<u>Hour Hotline: (800) 222-1222.</u>

Isolation, Deny Entry, Traffic and Access

- Control all access/entry points to the incident.
- Control perimeter between all entry points.
 - Determine perimeter size using the ERG, ERG App, or WISER App.
- Control access inside perimeter, including responders.
- Establish zones:
 - Exclusion/Hot Zone
 - o Contamination Reduction/Warm Zone
 - Support/Cold Zone
- Establish traffic pattern.

Communication Frequencies

• The local, responding fire department will establish the communication frequency for the incident, followed by law enforcement and the UC establishing a formal Communications Plan, ICS Form 205.

2.2 Source Control

After a spill occurs, efforts to control and contain the spill at or near the source should be a top priority. An on-site evaluation of actual conditions is needed to determine whether a response strategy, including source control, is safe to deploy, effective under existing environmental conditions, and effective for the particular type of oil involved. If, in the responder's best judgment, control and initial containment of an oil spill at the source is not feasible, or the source is controlled but oil has spread beyond initial containment, then the response strategies laid out in Chapter 3 of this GRP take precedence until a UC is formed. If, in the responder's judgement, it is determined to be safe to implement source control actions, the following methods may be applicable.

Offensive source control strategies (stop, control, or stabilize the release) typically include the following:

- Plug and patch
- Absorb/adsorb
- Transfer (e.g., sting tanks)
- Containerize
- Stop (shut off valve)

Defensive containment strategies (restrict, slow, or redirect the spread of oil) typically include the following:

- Containment boom
- Berm or dam:
 - Simple berm or dam constructed of dirt, sandbags, hay bales, fire hose, or lumber.
 - Underflow dam for product that floats on top of water.
 - o Overflow dams for product that sinks in water.

Once a UC has formed, with input from the Environmental Unit, and under the direction of the Recovery and Protection Branch Director, the Salvage/Source Control Group Supervisor coordinates and directs all salvage/source control activities related to the incident.

2.3 River Streamflow Ranges

Current river stage data are available for the Kern River through the City of Bakersfield Water Resources website below and should be used to calculate travel distances for the first 6, 12, and 24 hours at the time of the release. The maximum velocity for Kern River based on average velocity from the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) National Hydrology Dataset is 4.544 feet per second (2.692 knots).

Current river stage for the Kern River is available online from the City of Bakersfield Water Resources at <u>http://kern.icontrolservices.com/BCA_Kern_River_Site1_24hrs.php</u>; Site 1 is located near Hart Park, downstream of Lake Ming and Alternative Site 2 is located 1.5 miles SW of Ming Ave. and Allen Road.

Additional flow data resources can be found in Section 5 of the <u>GRP CM</u>, Web Links to Information Resources.

2.4 Regional Response Trailer Locations

Table 2-1 below provides information on the nearest response equipment trailers to the GRP boundary.

Table 2-1: Regional Response Trailer Locations

Contact Name	Equipment Location	Boom	Phone Number (after hours)
Port San Luis Harbor District (San Luis Obispo County)	3950 Avila Beach Dr. *Trailer is located at Harbor Terrace, Avila Beach, CA	6 x 12, 1000-feet	Harbor Office (805) 595-5400 Chris Munson (805) 595-5431
City of Santa Barbara, Waterfront Dept. and Santa Barbara County Fire	132-A Harbor Way, Santa Barbara, Ca	6 x 12, 1000-feet	(805) 564-5530 (24/7) Daron Mafi, Fire Capt. (805) 319-0189
Ventura Port District	1603 Anchors Way Drive, Ventura, Ca	6 x 6, 1000-feet	(805) 642-8618 (24/7) (805) 947-7900

2.5 Local/Regional Asset Resources

Appendix F contains information on Local/Regional Asset Resources including the location and contact information for the following:

- Water supplies and foaming operations for firefighting
- Air monitoring equipment
- Communication equipment
- Certified HazMat Teams
- Swift Water Rescue Teams

In addition to the local/regional assets and response trailer locations, Oil Spill Response Organizations (OSROs) are kept on contract by the RP and retain an extensive inventory of response equipment that can be called upon to deploy in an expedited time frame.

2.6 Unmanned Aircraft System

CDFW has an Unmanned Aircraft System (UAS) Program that manages the use of UAS within the Department. OSPR is currently working to adapt this technology to assist with oil spill response. Opportunities exist to utilize UAS with situation data collection and SCAT whereas constraints for UAS may include restricted airspace near major airports and potential disturbance to biological resources. Additionally, many industry partners and their contractors and/or consultants are testing and utilizing UAS capabilities for spill response.

2.7 Incident Command Post Locations

During initial response, the ICP will likely be near the incident, possibly working from a first responder vehicle. As the incident progresses and responding staff continue to be deployed, the need for an off-site ICP providing space, electricity, and additional amenities and resources becomes apparent.

Table 2-2 provides a list of locations near the Kern River GRP boundary that can serve as an ICP for spill response activities. Appendix F includes an ICP Facility Assessment Check Sheet to evaluate potential ICP locations including proximity to services, cell phone coverage, location physical characteristics/size, parking, and site security.

Location	Contact Name and Address	Phone Number
Kern County EOC	Bakersfield, CA	(661) 330-0195
Double Tree by Hilton	3100 Camino Del Rio Ct,	(661) 323-7111
	Bakersfield, CA	
Four Points by Sheraton	5101 California Avenue,	(661) 325-9700
	Bakersfield, CA	
Silver Creek Community Center	7011 Harris Road,	(661) 665-8033
	Bakersfield, CA	

Table 2-2: Incident Command Post Locations

2.8 Public Works

Local street and road departments are responsible for maintaining roadways in their jurisdiction and may assist with road closures, cleanup, or decontamination. Local water supply agencies (which may be a public works) are responsible for maintenance of community water systems. They may provide remedial actions in coordination with the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) and the Department of Water Resources (DWR) when an oil spill incident may affect water sources such as treatment plants and pumping stations. Public works departments are also critical for spills involving storm drains as they have access to storm sewer system diagrams showing input and outfall points, which may be essential for response. See section 2.9, Public Health, for small public water systems.

Water Intakes

There are numerous water intakes along the Kern River; a full list of intakes and respective agencies, along with contact information, can be found in <u>Chapter 4</u>, Resources-At-Risk, Table 4-2: Economic Resources. The agencies include Rio Bravo Ranch, Kern County Parks and Recreation, CA Water Service, Panorama Vista Preserve, and City of Bakersfield Water Resources. Notification of large spills to water agencies tends to be inconsistent in this area and for small spills, notification has occurred after-the-fact. Therefore, making notification to the agencies listed in Table 4-2 is a fundamental step in the early hours of a spill. The City of Bakersfield Water Resources is available for notification 24/7, 365 days a year at 661-326-3716.

Canal Flood and CA Aqueduct Gates

Table 2-3 below lists the contact information for the Canal Flood Gate and CA Aqueduct Gate which are located at the terminus of the Kern River, west of I-5 near the city of Tupman. Water flowing through the canal flood gate is utilized for the Tule Elk Reserve (State Natural Reserve) to the north as well as Lake Webb and Buena Vista Aquatic Recreational Area (Lake Evans) to the south. The California Aqueduct is the major source for carrying water between northern and southern California for drinking and municipal purposes. In addition to the two gates listed below, there are numerous other canals and weirs along the Kern River; most of which the City of Bakersfield Water Resources manages and can be contacted during a spill. Chapter 4, Resources-At-Risk, Table 4-2: Economic Resources has the full list of canals and weirs along with contact information.

Table 2-3: Kern River Canal Flood Gate and CA Aqueduct Gate

Gate	Contact Name	Phone Number
Canal Flood Gate	City of Bakersfield Water Resources	(661) 326-3716
CA Aqueduct Gate	Buena Vista Water Storage District, Andrew Bell	(661) 204-1379
CA Aqueduct Gate	State of California, Department of Water Resources	(661) 858-5711 (916) 574-2714

2.9 Public Health

Local health agencies are responsible for protecting public health and often coordinate emergency medical services. County and city health officers have authority within their jurisdictions to take any preventive measures which may be necessary to protect and preserve public health. Public Health and Environmental Health Officers can provide assistance with health impacts associated with the release, key public health messages, community air monitoring and evacuations/shelter-in-place orders. The Public Health Officer has broad authority to take actions necessary to protect the public's health and may be a key partner in decisions around evacuation and restrictions against public access. For additional information on Public Health Officer authorities see:

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CCLHO/CDPH%20Document%20Library/HORespInEmergencies 1998.pdf.

Small public water systems, 200 connections or less, and small state systems, less than 15 services, may be overseen by local public health. The environmental health agency may be a great resource for identifying rural water source/systems at risk from a particular release.

During an oil spill the local Air Pollution Control District can provide valuable support to the UC and be actively involved in situations where public and environmental health are threatened by an oil spill,

particularly with respect to public air monitoring. For a directory of local air pollution control districts, please see the California Air Resources Board website at: <u>https://www.arb.ca.gov/capcoa/roster.htm</u>.

<u>CUPA</u>

All counties and a number of cities within California have been designated to implement the state and federal hazardous materials emergency planning and community right-to-know programs; these program functions are performed by CUPAs and Participating Agencies (PA). A list of CUPAs and PAs has been developed and is maintained by the California Environmental Protection Agency (CalEPA), Unified Program Section (see http://cersapps.calepa.ca.gov/public/directory/). Table 2-4 below lists the CUPAs for Kern County (current as of 10/2018). CUPAs are typically fire departments or environmental health departments that may provide resources and liaison functions during oil spills. Some CUPAs have emergency response capabilities with Health Officer authority.

CUPAs are responsible for the following local "unified programs," which may include addressing chemical components released by an oil spill:

- Hazardous Materials Area Plans.
- Hazardous Materials Business Plan Program.
- Underground Storage Tank (UST) Program.
- Inspection of Aboveground Storage Tanks (AST) storing petroleum products to ensure that Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) plans are in place, where necessary.
- Hazardous Waste Generator Program, including most of the state's "tiered permit" requirements.
- California Accidental Release Prevention Program (CalARP).

Table 2-4:	Kern	County	CUPAs
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Agency Name	Address	Phone Number
Bakersfield City Fire Dept.	2101 H Street Bakersfield, CA	(661) 326-3979
Kern County Environmental Health Services Dept.	2700 M Street, Suite 300 Bakersfield, CA	(661) 862-8740

Fisheries Closures

Fish and Game Code 5654 requires the Director of CDFW to close affected waters to the commercial, recreational, subsistence, and aquaculture take or harvest of all fish and shellfish within 24 hours of notification of a spill or discharge. As soon as practicable during an incident response with potentially impacted fisheries, the responding OSPR Environmental Scientist will

notify the OSPR Fisheries Closure Coordinator and provide the following information (as available):

- Location
- Product
- Volume
- Weather
- Known fisheries
- Known media interest
- Spill trajectory

The OSPR Fisheries Closure Coordinator will work with the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) to determine whether a closure is warranted, and if so, the geographical boundaries of the closure [FGC §5654, 7715]. Per the Code, closure is <u>not</u> required if OEHHA finds, within 24 hours of the spill notification, that a public health threat does not or is not likely to exist. Once in place, closures may be reopened within 48 hours if OEHHA determines there is no longer a health threat. Closures lasting more than 48 hours require the Director of CDFW to order expedited sampling. OSPR and OEHHA, working together, will develop and execute a sampling and analysis plan. Once safety thresholds are met, CDFW will reopen closed fisheries.

2.10 On-Site Considerations

Before Deploying a GRP Strategy (Questions to Ask)

- Are conditions safe? Response managers and responders must first determine if efforts to implement a response strategy would pose an undue risk to worker safety or the public, based on conditions present during the time of the emergency. No strategy should be implemented if doing so would threaten public safety or present an unreasonable risk to the safety of responders.
- Has initial control and containment been sufficiently achieved? Source control and containment of the spill at or near the source of a spill are always higher priorities than the deployment of GRP response strategies, especially when concurrent response activities are not possible.
- How far downstream or out into the river environment is the spilled oil likely to travel before response personnel will be ready and able to deploy GRP response strategies?
- Will equipment or vehicles need to be staged on or near a roadway? If so, traffic control may be required. See Contact Sheet for Caltrans and Statewide Traffic Safety & Signs contact information.

During Strategy Implementation (Things to Remember)

- On-scene conditions (weather, river stage and flow, waves, and debris) may require that strategies be modified in order to be effective. There is a significant chance that weather and conditions experienced at a particular strategy location during an actual spill event will be different from that when data were gathered during field visits. Response managers and responders must remain flexible and modify the strategies provided in this chapter as needed to meet the challenges experienced during an actual response.
- Certain strategies may call for access points or staging areas that are not easily reached at all times of the year or in all conditions.
- Oil containment boom must be free of twists, gaps, and debris in order to remain effective. The deployment of oil containment boom or underflow dams is anticipated to be a component of response operations at all locations.

After Strategy Implementation (Things to Understand)

- Oil containment boom and underflow dams should be maintained and periodically monitored to ensure their effectiveness. Changes in river stage and flow will likely require modifications to boom deflection angles (see Section 1 of the <u>GRP CM</u>). Depending on conditions, some booming strategies or underflow dams may require around-the-clock tending.
- Although designed for implementation during the initial phase of an oil spill, GRP strategies may continue to be deployed and implemented throughout the entire lifespan of a response, as determined appropriate and necessary by the IC or UC.

2.11 Transitioning from Initial Response to a Unified Command

Incidents usually occur without warning. The period of Initial Response and Assessment occurs in all incidents. Short-term responses, which are small in scope and/or duration (e.g., a few resources working during one operational period), can often be coordinated using only an Incident Briefing Form (ICS 201).

During the transfer-of-command process from the initial IC to the next IC, or a more formal UC, an Incident Brief utilizing the ICS 201 provides an incoming IC/UC with basic information regarding the current incident situation and resources allotted to the response. Most importantly, the ICS 201 functions as the Incident Action Plan (IAP) for the initial response, remains in force, and continues to be updated until the response ends or the Planning Section generates the incident's first comprehensive IAP. It is also suitable for briefing individuals newly assigned to the Command and General Staff, incoming tactical resources, as well as needed assessment briefings for the Incident Management Team (IMT). Per OPA 90, the UC consists of an FOSC, SOSC, and the RP.

2.12 Mutual Aid

California's emergency assistance is based on a statewide mutual aid system designed to ensure additional resources are provided to the state's political subdivisions whenever their own resources are overwhelmed or inadequate. The basis for this system is the *California Disaster and Civil Defense Master Mutual Aid Agreement* (MMAA), which is entered into, by and among, the State of California, its various departments and agencies, and the various political subdivisions, municipal corporations, and public agencies to assist each other by providing resources during an emergency.

For mutual aid coordination purposes, California has been divided into six mutual aid regions. The purpose of a mutual aid region is to provide for the most effective application and coordination of mutual aid and other emergency related activities. Figure 6-1, Mutual Aid Regions, in Section 6 of the <u>GRP CM</u> illustrates the six mutual aid regions, which have the same boundaries as the LEPCs.

Formal mutual aid requests follow specified procedures and are processed through pre-identified mutual aid coordinators. Mutual aid requests follow discipline-specific chains (i.e. fire, law enforcement, emergency manager) from one level of government to the next. The mutual aid coordinator receives the mutual aid request and coordinates the provision of resources from within the coordinator's geographic area of responsibility. In the event resources are unavailable at one level of government, the request is forwarded to the next higher level of government to be filled.

Details on Mutual Aid as outlined in the State of California State Emergency Plan, 2017, can be found in Section 6 of the GRP CM.

2.13 Volunteers

In general, volunteers do not participate in the majority of oil spill responses. In cases when there has been no volunteer interest expressed, the ICS structure may not contain any positions specifically dedicated to volunteer management. Volunteers are only used if there is a role for them to fill. As the IC or UC becomes aware of individuals or organizations interested in providing volunteer services and/or the need for volunteers arises, the IC/UC should address the volunteer issue and may make assignments for volunteer management within the ICS. Only volunteers approved by the IC/UC are allowed to participate at a spill response. For additional information on volunteers, see Section 7 of the <u>GRP CM</u>.

2.14 Natural Resource Damage Assessment

The overall goals of the natural resource damage assessment (NRDA) process are to restore the injured natural resources to pre-spill conditions and to obtain compensation for all documented losses. NRDA is conducted by State and federal trustees, often in cooperation with the responsible party, and is a separate process from the response. Assessment of injuries and damages resulting from spilled oil needs to begin as soon as possible following the initial release of the pollutant. This necessitates that NRDA activities be conducted simultaneously with response efforts and coordinated

through the UC. Portions of the NRDA process should be integrated into the ICS to improve communication, expedite both response and NRDA activities, and make efficient use of personnel and equipment. To avoid potential conflicts in duties, it is recommended that members of the NRDA Team not have responsibilities for the spill cleanup or general response activities. For additional information on the NRDA Process, see GRP CM Section 8.

Kern River Geographic Response Plan

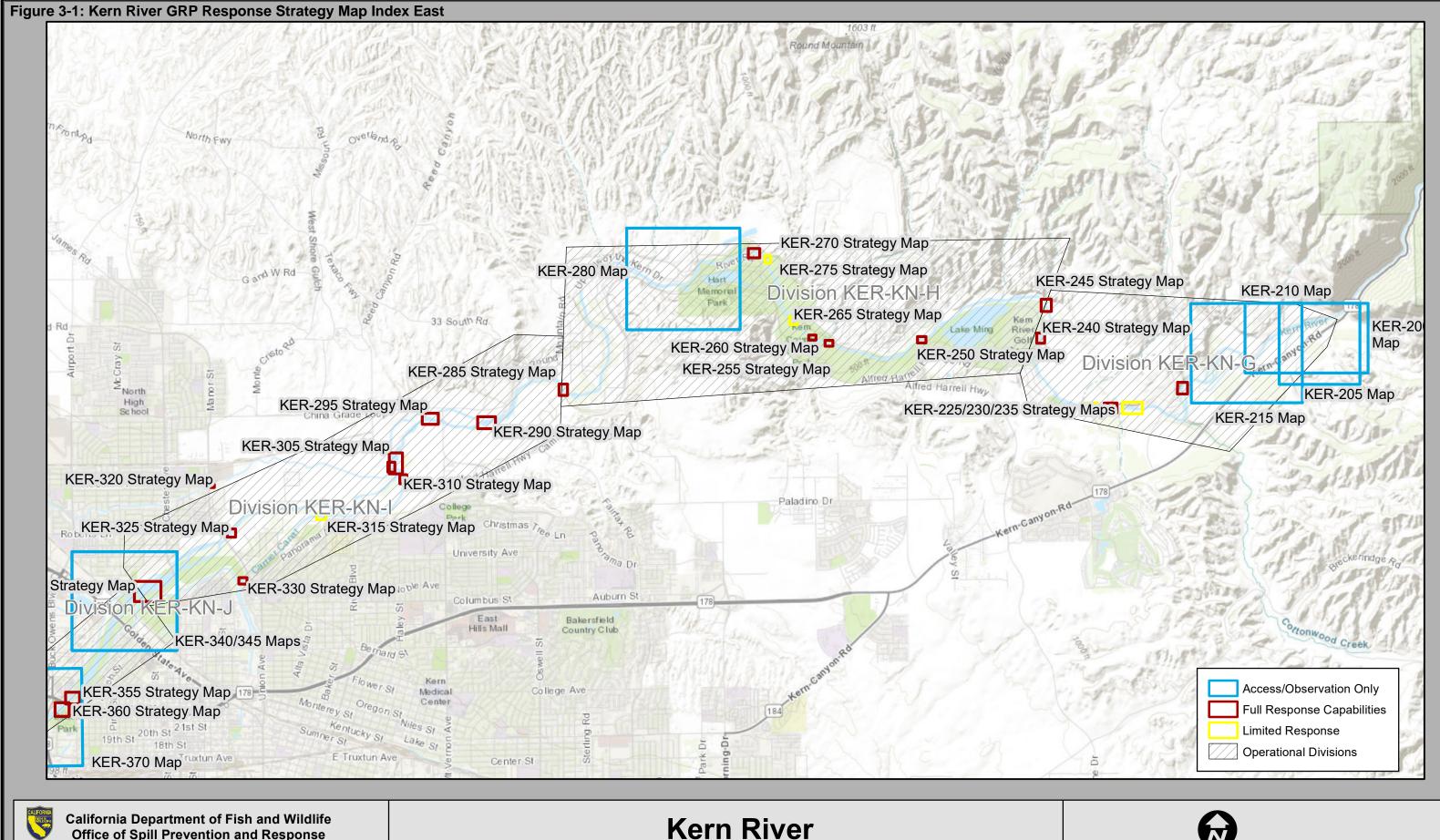
Chapter 3 – Response Site Strategies

3.0 Chapter Overview

This section provides information on GRP response strategies. First responders should prioritize the order in which they should be implemented based primarily on the release origin point and the nearest appropriate access point for response operations, given the time required to mobilize and deploy response assets. These strategies are intended to be implemented immediately during the initial phase of incident response and may continue to be utilized as long as necessary at the discretion of the IC or UC. Unless circumstances unique to a particular spill situation dictate otherwise, the response strategy summary matrix in Section 3.4 should be used to decide the order in which GRP strategies are deployed. The downstream movement of oil and the time it takes to mobilize response resources to deploy GRP strategies must always be considered when setting implementation priorities. Area maps, operational division maps, and information on staging areas and boat launch locations are also provided in this chapter. Information on response methods and shoreline countermeasures can be found in Sections 1 and 2 of the GRP CM.

3.1 Response Strategy Map Index and Staging Area Map

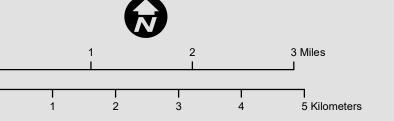
The following maps (Figure 3-1 and 3-2) provide an index of the response strategy locations for the Kern River GRP. Each block represents the map area for the corresponding response strategy detail sheet. Detailed information for each strategy location can be found in the response strategy summary matrix in Section 3.4 and the response strategy detail sheets in Section 3.5. Figure 3-3 provides an overview of each staging area identified within the bounds of the Kern River GRP and within each operational division. Operational division maps can also be found in Section 3.5 before each grouping of response strategy and access/observation detail sheets.



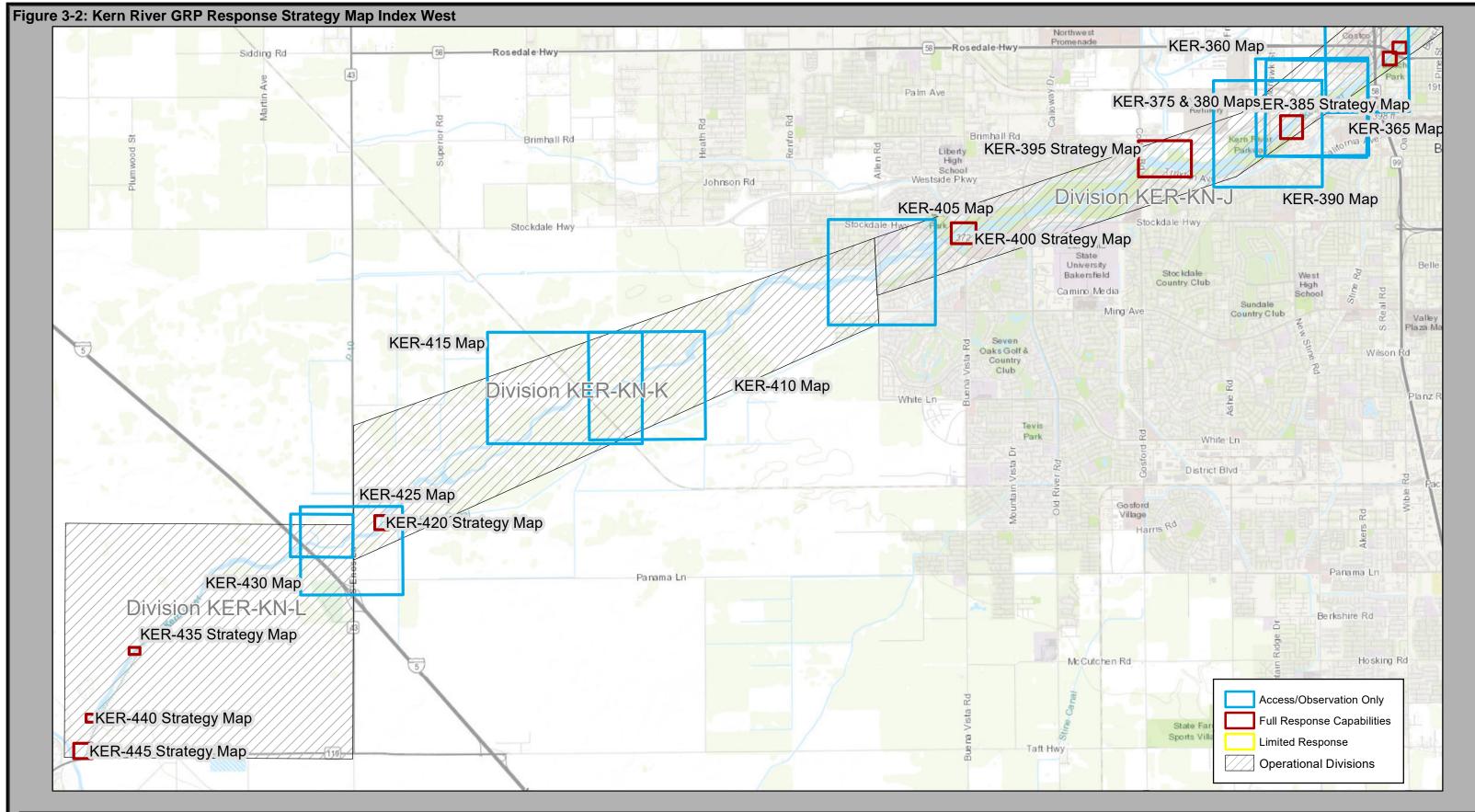
Office of Spill Prevention and Response

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Kern River Geographic Response Plan Strategy Map Index East



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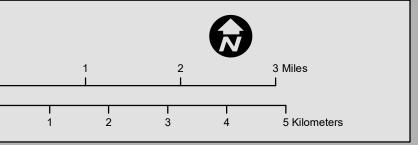


California Department of Fish and Wildlife Office of Spill Prevention and Response

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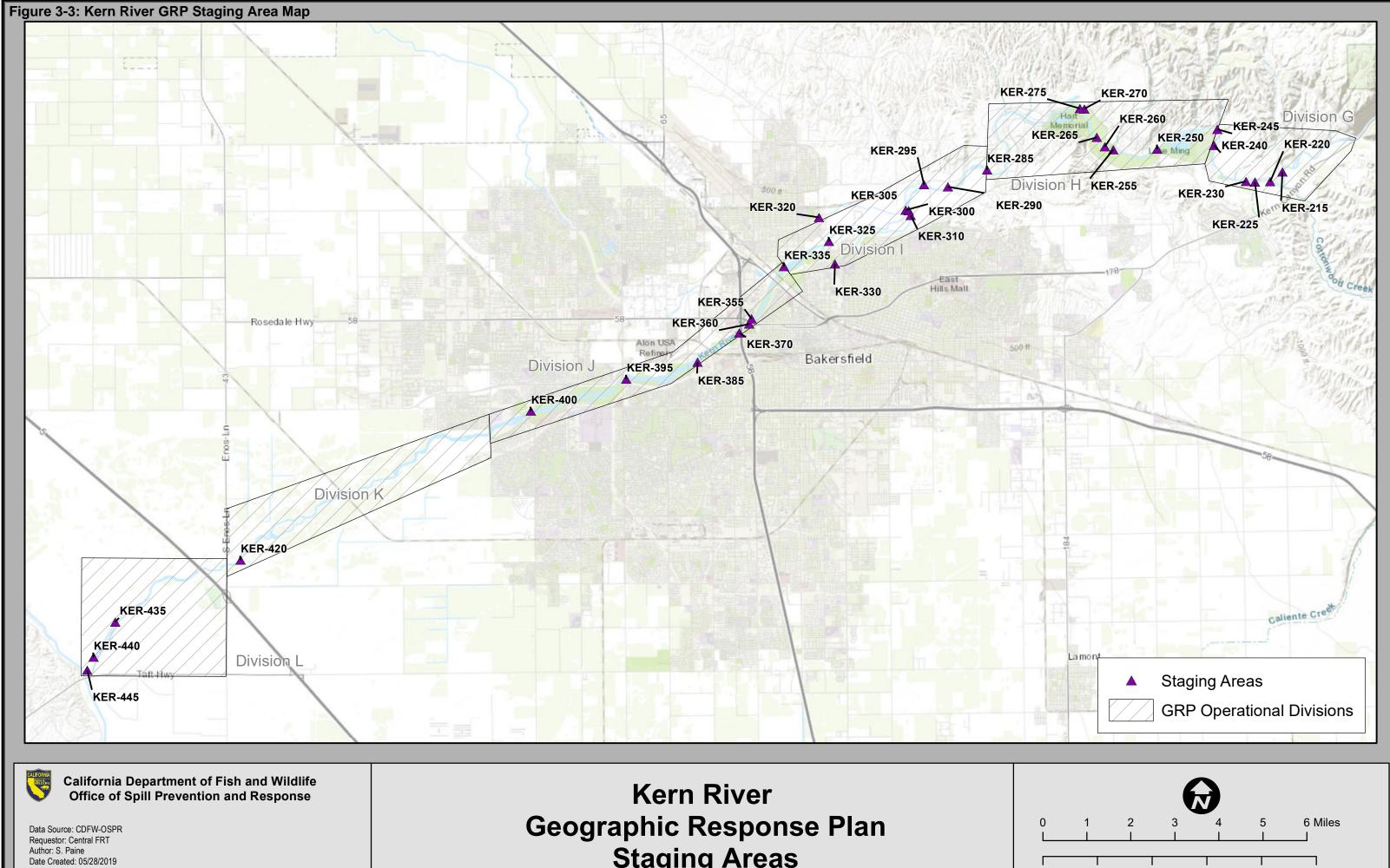
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Kern River Geographic Response Plan Map Index West



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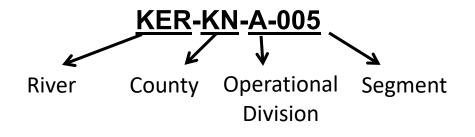
Staging Areas

10 Km

3.2 Naming Conventions – Operational Division and Segments and Site Strategies

Operational divisions and segments are presented in this GRP as front-loaded information to assist in rapid response planning by dividing the area of concern into smaller zones to provide for quicker operational planning, implementation, and monitoring for each area (operational division and/or segment). Operational divisions are subdivided into smaller segments that can be used for response work assignments including SCAT and shoreline cleanup.

Each segment listed in this document has been given a unique identifier that includes three letters denoting the associated waterbody or area/GRP name (e.g. Cajon Pass = CAJ) and two letters denoting the county. The operational division consists of a single letter and the segment is a three-digit number starting with 005 and increasing in number by increments of 5. For rivers that border two counties, the county on the north or west side of the river, respectively, will be the denoted county. Operational divisions (and therefore segments) do not cross county lines.



KER = Kern River

KN = Kern

Operational Division = A, B, C, D, etc.

Segment = 005, 010, 015, etc.

During the course of conducting SCAT, an existing segment may need modification, or a new segment may need to be added; please consult with the SCAT Coordinator or EUL who will determine the proper naming convention for new or modified segments.

Each Access/Observation or Response Site Strategy is uniquely identified by the waterbody threeletter code, followed by a three-digit number starting with 005 (e.g. BAL-005) and increasing in number by increments of 5 (e.g. 005, 010, 015, etc.). The unique identifier for each Access/Observation or Response Site Strategy is found in the top header of each strategy sheet and corresponds to the locations on the Index Map, Division Maps, and Response Strategy Summary Matrix.

The site strategy numbering is independent of the segment numbering.

3.3 General Response Priorities

The following list provides the priority or order in which GRP strategies should be implemented after an oil spill into the Kern River:

- Safety is always the number one priority. Do not implement GRP strategies or take actions that will unduly jeopardize public, worker, or personal safety.
- Make appropriate notifications.
- Control and contain the source of the spill; mobilize resources to the spill location. Source control and containment are always a higher priority than the implementation of GRP strategies.
- Determine the order in which GRP strategies should be implemented based on the location of the spill or affected area.
- Generally, GRP strategies should be simultaneously deployed closer to the spill and downstream, well beyond the furthest extent of the spill, and then continued upstream towards the spill source.
- As response resources become increasingly available, implement the GRP strategies more broadly. As the response proceeds under an organized command structure, GRP strategies and priorities may be modified based on incident-specific conditions.

3.4 Response Strategy Summary Matrix

Table 3-1 lists the response strategy and access/observation sites for the Kern River GRP from upstream to downstream. Each site is color coded to represent response sites with full response capability, limited response capability, and manual response capability. Access/observation sites are color coded in blue and staging areas are denoted with a purple triangle. Each response strategy and access/observation site has a unique identifier as detailed in Section 3.2 above.

Response Strategy Number	Response Strategy Name and Location		Site Strategy Type	Minimum Boom Requirement (Feet)	Boat/Kayak/ Inflatable Raft Required To Access One or Both Shorelines?	Site Strategy Notes	Staging Area Notes	Site Hazards and Restrictions	Nearest Rail Milepost or Highway Postmile	Operational Division and Segment Map Page #	Response Strategy Detail Sheet Page #
KER-200	Kern Canyon Powerhouse	N35.44001 W-118.79576	Access/ Observation	N/A	N/A	Observation point only. No river access on river left. Limited access on river right through decomissioned PG&E hydroelectric facility.	N/A	Dangerous swift water. Steep cliffs with falling rocks. Heavy traffic on Highway 178. Rattlesnakes.	KER 13.591	47	49
KER-205	Rio Bravo Hydroelectric Plant Intake		Access/ Observation	N/A	Most likely too hazardous to deploy small water craft at this location.	Observation point only. Private property managed by Rio Bravo Ranch. Gated access.	N/A	Dangerous swift water, intake canal. Rattlesnakes. Site is accessed through a gate. Contact Rio Bravo Ranch to open.	KER 13.256	47	51
<u>KER-210</u>	Rio Bravo Turnout	N35.43389 W-118.81162	Access/ Observation	N/A	Depending on river conditions a boat/kayak/ infatable raft may not be advisable.	Observation point only. Private property managed by Rio Bravo Ranch. Gated access.	N/A	Dangerous swift water, slippery when icy or wet. Rattlesnakes. Site is accessed through a gate. Contact Rio Bravo Ranch to open.	N/A	47	<u>53</u>
KER-215	Rio Bravo Boat Launch Rio Bravo Ranch off Highway 178, Bakersfield	N35.42919 W-118.82551	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.		Possible to deploy small skiff from river left. Small boat launch on private property at river right.	Private property belonging to Rio Bravo Ranch. Must follow dirt ranch road to site strategy location. May be a hinderance for large vehicles if muddy. 4X4 may be required. Access on river right limited due to private residence.	Limited space for staging on river left. No restrooms or electricity. More ideal staging area available at Rio Bravo Ranch Headquarters off Highway 178.	Potential for dangerous swift water, slippery when wet. Rattlesnakes. Site is accessed through a gate. Contact Rio Bravo Ranch to open. Narrow dirt road to river access. Steep slopes and falling rocks on river right.	KER 12.048	47	55
KER-220_	Rancheria Road Recreational Access	N35.42611 W-118.83045	Access/ Observation	N/A	Possible to deploy small skiff from river left.	Access and observation site. Boat launch for light watercraft.	Large space for staging. One portable restroom available with limited capacity.	Potential for dangerous swift water, slippery when icy or wet. Site is accessed through a gate which is locked after hours. Contact Rio Bravo Ranch to open. Potential for public use. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	47	<u>59</u>
KER-225	Rio Bravo Water Intake #1 Rio Bravo Equestrian Center off Rancheria Road, Bakersfield	N35.42617 W-118.83627	Deflection boom to protect water intake. Oil collection may be possible depending on flow.	600	Possible to deploy small skiff from river left.	Rio Bravo Ranch agricultural intake location. Located at a private equestrian center. Must follow dirt ranch road to site strategy location. Site suitable to launch small skiff.	Good staging area with restrooms and limited electricity. Would need permission from Rio Bravo Ranch. More ideal staging area available at Rio Bravo Ranch Headquarters off Highway 178.	Site is accessed through a gate which is locked after hours. Contact Rio Bravo Ranch to open. Horses on property, ranch roads. Potential for dangerous swift water. Rattlesnakes.	KER R10.963	47	<u>61</u>
<u>КЕR-230</u>	Rio Bravo Ranch House Rio Bravo Equestrian Center off Rancheria Road, Bakersfield	N35.42642 W-118.84045	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	600	Possible to deploy small skiff from river left.	Located at private ranch house. Must follow dirt ranch road to site strategy location. Some shoreline access.	Good staging area with restrooms and electricity. Would need permission from Rio Bravo Ranch. More ideal staging area available at Rio Bravo Ranch Headquarters off Highway 178.	Site is accessed through a gate which is locked after hours. Contact Rio Bravo Ranch to open. Potential for dangerous swift water. Rattlesnakes.	KER R10.963	<u>47</u>	<u>65</u>

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<u>KER-235</u>	Rio Bravo Water Intake #2 Rio Bravo Equestrian Center off Rancheria Road, Bakersfield	N35.42645 W-118.84369	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	400	Possible to deploy small skiff upstream at Rio Bravo Ranch House.	Rio Bravo Ranch agricultural intake at this site. Must follow dirt ranch road to site strategy location.	Any large equipment not in use should be staged at the Rio Bravo Equestrian Center or Rio Bravo Ranch Headquarters. Restrooms and limited electricity.	Site is accessed through a gate which is locked after hours. Contact Rio Bravo Ranch to open. Limited turnaround space. Potential for dangerous swift water. Rattlesnakes.	KER R10.963	<u>47</u>	<u>69</u>
KER-240	Lake Ming Overflow Parking Lake Ming Road, Bakersfield	N35.43815 W-118.85291	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	500	Possible to deploy small skiff from river left.	Some shoreline access. Property belonging to Kern County Parks and Recreation. Access to river right is limited due to thick vegetation.	Large space for staging. Contact Kern County Parks and Rec for use of facilities. No restrooms or electricity.	High public use during spring and summer months. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks and dangerous swift water. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>47</u>	<u>73</u>
KER-245	Rio Bravo Raft Removal Site Rio Bravo Ranch off Indian Rock Road behind locked gate, Bakersfield	N35.44345 W-118.85157	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	300	Possible to deploy small skiff from river right.	Site used by River's End Rafting Company for raft removal. Must follow dirt ranch road to site strategy location. Keep gate to shoreline closed to contain cattle.	Space for some staging, but not ideal location due to limited space, potential for muddy conditions, and presence of cattle. No restrooms or electricity.	Site is accessed through a gate which is locked after hours. Contact Rio Bravo Ranch to open. Potential 4X4 needed if roads are muddy. Stinging nettle, rattlesnakes, and cattle possibly present.	KER R10.963	77	<u>79</u>
KER-250	Lake Ming Campground Off River Road near Lake Ming, Bakersfield	N35.43726 W-118.87588	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	400	small skiff on river	Location at county campground. Some shoreline access possible with small beach area. Private property located on river right.	Site ideal for staging; contact Kern County Parks and Rec for use of facilities. Electricity and restrooms available. Adequate space for decon.	No access restrictions. Heavy public use. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	77	83
KER-255	Camp Okihi Behind locked gate off Round Mountain Road, Bakersfield	N35.43723 W-118.89365	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	400	Removal Site. Could launch small skiff on river right	Location at county campground. Some shoreline access possible. Access to river left is possible on the bike	Site ideal for staging; contact Kern County Parks and Rec for use of facilities. Electricity and portable restrooms	Access limited by locked gate. Contact Kern County Parks and Rec to open. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks and dangerous swift flows. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	77	87
KER-260	Kern County Soccer Park Off Alfred Harrel Highway behind locked gate, Bakersfield	N35.43821 W-118.89702	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	300	small water craft from both sides of	There is a locked gate within the soccer fields that is just across from the small water tank at the site. Access to river right is possible by turning right off of the road across from 13146 Round Mountain Road	· · · ·	Access limited by locked gate through soccer fields or along bike path. Contact Kern County Soccer Park to access through soccer fields. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks and dangerous swift flows. Rattlesnakes. Heavy public use.	N/A		<u>91</u>

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KER-265	Round Mountain Clearing Off Round Mountain Road on north side of Kern River, Bakersfield	N35.44124 W-118.90022	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	300	Location would require a combination of on foot survey and survey by boat/kayak/ inflatable raft. Potential to launch small water craft from both sides of shoreline.	Multiple dirt access roads that reach the river right. Roads are narrow, dirt roads with trash often dumped in the vicinity. Vehicles are often parked along the edge of the river and public use is heavy at times. Recreational gold panning occurs at this location occasionally. Access to river left would be possible via the bike path but limited due to thick vegetation.	Contact Kern County Parks and Rec. Space for some staging, but not ideal location due to limited space. Potential for muddy conditions. No restrooms or electricity. Thick vegetation on river left.	Uneven dirt access roads to river right. Heavy public use. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	77	<u>95</u>
KER-270	Round Mountain Road Off Round Mountain Road on north side of Kern River, Bakersfield	N35.45080 W-118.90506	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	300	foot survey and survey by boat/kayak/ inflatable raft. Potential to launch small water craft	public use is heavy at times. Recreational gold panning occurs at this location occasionally. Access to river left would be possible at Hart	and Rec. Space for some staging, but not ideal location due to limited space. Potential for muddy conditions. No	Uneven dirt access roads to river right. Heavy public use. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Heavy public use. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	77	<u>99</u>
KER-275	Hart Park Staging Area Hart Park off River Road, Bakersfield	N35.45088 W-118.90689	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	300	foot survey and survey by boat/kayak/ inflatable raft.	the river's edge (river left). A small vaccum truck might be	Site ideal for staging; contact Kern County Parks and Rec for use of facilities. Electricity and portable restrooms available within the park. Adequate space for decon.	Uneven dirt access road to river left. Heavy public use. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Heavy public use. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>77</u>	<u>103</u>
<u>KER-280</u>	Hart Park Bridge Crossing	N35.44658 W-118.92263	Access/ Observation	N/A	foot survey and survey by boat/kayak/ inflatable raft. Potential to launch	gate.	N/A	Steep bank. Access to river right limited through gate on bridge crossing. Private property river right. Heavy public use. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	77	<u>107</u>

Response Strategy Number	Response Strategy Name and Location		Site Strategy Type	Minimum Boom Requirement (Feet)	Boat/Kayak/ Inflatable Raft Required To Access One or Both Shorelines?	Site Strategy Notes	Staging Area Notes	Site Hazards and Restrictions	Nearest Rail Milepost or Highway Postmile	Division and	Response Strategy Detail Sheet Page #
KER-285	Delamater Boat Launch On gated private residence off Adolphus Avenue, Bakersfield	N35.43100 W-118.94457	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	400	this location. Small water craft	Access and permission would	space for decontamination.	Access limited through locked gate. Need to contact property owner to access gate. Steep banks on river right. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	77	<u>109</u>
KER-290	Beardsley Weir Access through Gate 27 at Chevron Kern River Oil Field off China Grade Loop, Bakersfield	N35.42556 W-118.96042	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	600	Small water craft access possible downriver of Beardsley Weir. Shoreline is covered in thick vegetation. Possible to access some parts of	on the left side of the road. Follow the road east to river's edge (river left). Chevron security would need to be	Limited space for staging. Larger space for staging available along lease road just south of Round Mountain Road. No electricity and no restrooms onsite.	Access limited through locked gate. Would need to contact Chevron Security prior to access. Active oil field operations, watch for equipment operators and vehicles; flame resistant clothing recommended. Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Weir with multiple canal gates. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>113</u>	<u>115</u>
KER-295	China Grade Loop Bridge Access through Gate 25 at Chevron Kern River Oil Field Off China Grade Loop, Bakersfield	N35.42640 W-118.97011	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	600	access possible at this location on both sides of river. Shoreline covered in thick vegetation. Possible to access some parts of	China Grade Loop south over	Larger space for staging available along west side of China Grade Loop. No electricity and no restrooms	Access limited through locked gate. Would need to contact Chevron Security prior to access. Active oil field operations, watch for equipment operators and vehicles; flame resistant clothing recommended. Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Weir with multiple canal gates. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>113</u>	<u>119</u>

Response Strategy Number	Response Strategy Name and Location	Coordinates Latitude/ Longitude	Site Strategy Type	Minimum Boom Requirement (Feet)	Boat/Kayak/ Inflatable Raft Required To Access One or Both Shorelines?	Site Strategy Notes	Staging Area Notes	Site Hazards and Restrictions	Nearest Rail Milepost or Highway Postmile	Operational Division and Segment Map Page #	Response Strategy Detail Sheet Page #
KER-300		N35.41801 W- 118.97760	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	200	Shorelines accessible by foot.	This site is located within the Kern River Oil Field (Chevron North American Exploration and Production Company). Access to canal right is off Oilfield Service Road. Chevron security would need to be contacted to enter property.	Limited space for staging. Larger space for staging available along lease roads. No electricity and no restrooms onsite.	Access limited through locked gate. Would need to contact Chevron Security prior to access. Active oil field operations, watch for equipment operators and vehicles; flame resistant clothing recommended. Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Weir with multiple canal gates. Bike and equestrian trail southeast of site. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	113	123
KER-305	Rocky Point Weir Access through Gate 25 at Chevron Kern River Oil Field off China Grade Loop,		Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	1200	Small water craft should only be used here for response strategy deployment, not shoreline surveys. High hazard area due to presence of multiple weirs and canals. Boat launch possible at	This site is located within the Kern River Oil Field (Chevron North American Exploration and Production Company). To access river left, take China Grade Loop south over the river and enter Gate 25. Chevron security would need to	Limited space for staging. Larger space for staging available along lease roads.	Access limited through locked gate. Would need to contact Chevron Security prior to access. Active oil field operations, watch for equipment operators and vehicles; flame resistant clothing recommended. Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Rattlesnakes. Weir with multiple canal gates. Bike and equestrian trail southeast of site.	N/A	113	127
KER-310	Carrier Canal Weir/Panorama Vista Preserve Intake Access through Gate 25 at Chevron Kern River Oil Field off China Grade Loop,		Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	200	Small water craft should only be used here for response strategy deployment, not shoreline surveys. High hazard area	This site is located within the Panorama Vista Preserve, which is adjacent to the Kern River Oil Field (Chevron North American Exploration and Production Company). Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. Access to canal left is by taking China Grade	Limited room for staging. Larger room for staging available along lease roads between bike path and river	Access limited through locked gate. Would need to contact Chevron Security prior to access. Active oil field operations, watch for equipment operators and vehicles; flame resistant clothing recommended. Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Rattlesnakes. Weir with multiple canal gates. Bike and equestrian trails.	N/A	<u>113</u> ERN RIVER GRP Jun	131

Response Strategy Number	Response Strategy Name and Location	Coordinates Latitude/ Longitude	Site Strategy Type	Minimum Boom Requirement (Feet)	Boat/Kayak/ Inflatable Raft Required To Access One or Both Shorelines?	Site Strategy Notes	Staging Area Notes	Site Hazards and Restrictions	Nearest Rail Milepost or Highway Postmile	Operational Division and Segment Map Page #	
<u>KER-315</u>	Carrier Canal Outflow Access through Gate 25 at Chevron Kern River Oil Field off China Grade Loop, Bakersfield	N35.41120 W-118.99183	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	450	Shorelines accessible by foot. Small skiff from	left is by taking China Grade	Limited space for staging. Larger space for staging available along lease roads between bike path and river left. No electricity and no restrooms onsite.	Access limited through locked gate. Would need to contact Chevron Security prior to access. Active oil field operations, watch for equipment operators and vehicles; flame resistant clothing recommended. Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Rattlesnakes. Weir with multiple canal gates. Bike and equestrian trails.	N/A	<u>113</u>	135
KER-320	Manor Street Bridge Manor Street and Ferguson Avenue, adjacent to Tricor Refinery, Bakersfield	N35.41596 W-119.01250	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	200	Shorelines		3 ()	Access limited through locked gate. Concrete lined channel, slippery when wet. Pedestrian and vehicle traffic on Manor Street. Active refinery adjacent to site; flame resistant clothing recommended. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>113</u>	<u>139</u>
KER-325	Rancho Rio Equestrian Center Peacock Park Lane and Manor Street, Bakersfield	N35.40809 W-119.00865	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.		Small water craft access possible here at both sides of the river. On- foot access also possible depending on river conditions. Thick vegetation on	and then right onto Angus Lane into the Robertson Stables. Follow dirt road south to the	restrooms and electricity	Access limited through locked gate. Steep banks heavily vegetated. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Horseback riding along and in river. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>113</u>	<u>143</u>

Response Strategy Number	Response Strategy Name and Location		Site Strategy Type	Minimum Boom Requirement (Feet)	Boat/Kayak/ Inflatable Raft Required To Access One or Both Shorelines?	Site Strategy Notes	Staging Area Notes	Site Hazards and Restrictions	Nearest Rail Milepost or Highway Postmile	Operational Division and Segment Map Page #	Response Strategy Detail Sheet Page #
KER-330	Carrier Canal Endpoint Access by Kern River Parkway Bike Path off Manor Street and Peacock Park Lane, Bakersfield	N35.40065 W-119.00638	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	200	Shorelines accessible by foot.	This site is located where the Carrier Canal branches and the southern canals become the East Side Canal and Kern Island Canal. Carrier Canal heads north and then turns west. Multiple gates are present along the canals access roads. The City of Bakersfield Water Resources would need to be contacted to access the site.	Limited space for staging. Larger space for staging available at bike path parking lot on west side of Manor Street. No electricity and no restrooms onsite.	Access limited through locked gate. Would need to contact City of Bakersfield Water Resources to gain access. Weir with multiple gates. Multiplex residential dwelling adjacent to site. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>113</u>	<u>147</u>
KER-335	Calloway Weir Access through Riverview Park off Willow Drive, Bakersfield	N35.39987 W-119.02690	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	1100	foot access also possible depending on river conditions. Thick vegetation on	This site is located just south of the Riverview Park. Access to the site is through the parking lot to the river's edge or through a gate on the maintenance road off Oildale Drive. Homeless encampments exist in the park and river area. Horse stables are present and equestrian trails are along the river right. Access river left from the bike trail on southbound Chester Ave and follow west to site.		Access limited through locked gate. Steep banks. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Equestrian and bike trails. Weirs with multiple canal gates. Homeless encampments exist in the area. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>151</u>	<u>153</u>
KER-340	UP Rail Kern River Crossing Access from Chester Ave and enter bike path	N35.39742 W-119.02964	Access/ Observation	N/A	foot access also possible	Access and observation point. This is a high risk location due to Union Pacific Railroad crossing over the Kern River. It is also a high public use area due to its location near public parks, residential areas, and the Kern River Parkway Bike Trail. Multiple user created trails parallel the river, but serious caution should be taken if performing surveys along the shorelines for safety reasons.	N/A	Swift water during winter and spring flows. Access on bike path, watch for pedestrians and bikes. Railroad crossing on bridge. Homeless encampments often present under bridge. Rattlesnakes.	UPRR 310.35	<u>151</u>	<u>157</u>

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KER-345	Highway 204 Crossing Access from Riverview Park	N35.39742 W-119.02964	Access/ Observation	N/A	access possible here at both sides of the river. On- foot access also possible	Access and observation point. Union Pacific Railroad crossing over the Kern River just east of site. It is also a high public use area due to its location near public parks, residential areas, and the Kern River Parkway Bike Trail. Multiple user created trails parallel the river, but serious caution should be taken if performing surveys along the shorelines for safety reasons.		Swift water during winter and spring flows. Bike path along river left. Watch for pedestrians and bikes. Highway 204 crossing on bridge. Homeless encampments often present under bridge. Rattlesnakes.	KER 5.752	<u>151</u>	<u>159</u>
<u>KER-350</u>	Oak Street Access Point	N35.38221 W-119.03966	Access/ Observation	N/A	Shorelines accessible by foot.	The Oak Street Access Point is up-river of the Highway 178 river crossing, and across the river from the EZ-8 Motel. The Kern River Parkway Bike Trail provides easy access to the river's edge. A site strategy has been identified across the river at the Riverside Drive location.		Swift water during winter and spring flows. Bike path along river left. Watch for pedestrians and bikes. Homeless encampments often present under bridge. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>151</u>	161
KER-355	Riverside Drive Cul-de-sac at the end of Riverside Drive, off Buck Owens Boulevard	N35.38283 W-119.04022	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	500	access possible from bank at river right. Weir dam and canals located	This site is located just south of the Starlite Motel (EZ-8). Access to river left is possible by taking Highway 178 East to Oak Street (North) and accessing the bike path at the end of the cul-de-sac. Homeless encampments exist at this location on both sides of the river.	Site ideal for staging. Space on cul-de-sac for staging equipment. Motel could serve as a command center with restrooms and electricity.	Swift water during winter and spring flows. Bike path along river left. Watch for pedestrians and bikes. Homeless encampments often present under bridge. Rattlesnakes.	KER 0.09	<u>151</u>	<u>163</u>
KER-360	Beach Park 21st Street and Beach Park Loop, Bakersfield	N35.38105 W-119.04104	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	700	Shorelines accessible by foot. Small skiff from bank at river left.	This site is located adjacent to the Beach Park, which is managed by the City of Bakersfield Recreation and Parks Department. Access on river right obtained by taking dirt access road at Riverside Drive and following south under Highway 178 overpass.	Site ideal for staging with restrooms and electricity available at the park. Paved parking lot for staging equipment. Would need permission from City of Bakersfield.	Swift water during winter and spring flows. Bike path along river left. Watch for pedestrians and bikes. Homeless encampments often present under bridge. Heavy public use. Rattlesnakes.	KER 0.16	<u>151</u>	<u>167</u>

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<u>KER-365</u>		N35.37893 W-119.04556	Access/ Observation	N/A	Shorelines accessible by foot.	Access and Observation Point. Provides vehicle access to the north side of the Kern River (river-right) between Highway 99 and the BNSF Railroad crossing. Vehicle access ends just before the BNSF Railroad crossing, approximately 1 mile downriver of the River Run RV Access Point gate. Responders must contact River Run RV Park staff to open gate for access to the riverbank. A site strategy has been identified across the river at Beach Park.	N/A	Access limited through locked gate. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Potential for stinging nettle on riverbanks. Homeless encampments often present under bridge. Heavy public use. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>151</u>	<u>171</u>
KER-370		N35.37818 W-119.04520	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	700	Possible to deploy small skiff from river left.	This site is located by accessing the bike path at Yokuts Park, which is managed by the City of Bakersfield Recreation and Parks Department. Access to the river right is achieved through the River Run RV Park, located off Burr Street.	restrooms and electricity available at the park. Paved parking lot for staging equipment. Would need	Swift water during winter and spring flows. Bike path along river left. Watch for pedestrians and bikes. Heavy public use. Highway 99 overpass just east of site. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>151</u>	<u>173</u>
KER-375	-	N35.37364 W-119.05689	Access/ Observation	N/A	Shorelines accessible by foot.	This access location and observation point is located river right. Vehicle access under the railroad bridge is restricted as the trail is too narrow and the bridge is too low. Access to the downriver side of the railroad on river right is possible through a gate located on Mohawk Street (see Kern River Bridge Crossing Access/Observation Site page).	N/A	Swift water during winter and spring flows. Active wells just north of location. Highway 178 and Highway 99 crossing upriver. Potential for homeless encampments. Rattlesnakes.	BNSF 889.6	<u>151</u>	177
KER-380	BNSF Rail Crossing (River Left)	N35.37269 W-119.05661	Access/ Observation	N/A	Shorelines accessible by foot.	This observation point is located river left and is located adjacent to the Kern River Parkway Bike Path. Use caution when driving along bike path and while surveying due to multiple potential hazards.	N/A	Swift water during winter and spring flows. Private oil leases. Highway 99 upriver, Westside Parkway and Mohawk Street Crossing downriver. The BNSF Railroad crosses the river at this location as well. Bike path along river left. Watch for pedestrians and bikes. Rattlesnakes.	BNSF 889.6	151	179

Response Strategy Number	Response Strategy Name and Location	Coordinates Latitude/ Longitude	Site Strategy Type	Minimum Boom Requirement (Feet)	Boat/Kayak/ Inflatable Raft Required To Access One or Both Shorelines?	Site Strategy Notes	Staging Area Notes	Site Hazards and Restrictions	Nearest Rail Milepost or Highway Postmile	Operational Division and Segment Map Page #	Response Strategy Detail Sheet Page #
KER-385		N35.36870 W-119.06211	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.		Possible to deploy small skiff from river left.	This site is adjacent to Truxtun Ave. Access river right by taking Mohawk Street north and taking a right onto a canal access road just north of the river. City of Bakersfield Water Resources would need to be contacted to unlock gate.	Site ideal for staging with paved parking lot for staging heavy equipment. Would need permission from City of Bakersfield. No restrooms or electricity onsite.	Swift water during winter and spring flows. Bike path along river left. Watch for pedestrians and bikes. Heavy public use. BNSF rail crossing just east of site. Several active wells just northeast of site. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>151</u>	<u>181</u>
KER-390		N35.36887 W-119.06639	Access/ Observation		Shorelines accessible by foot.	This location provides access to river right between the BNSF Railroad Crossing and the Friant/Kern Canal just before Coffee Road. This section of the river can only be accessed through locked gates off Mohawk Street. If access is necessary, contact the Kern County Sheriff's Department, or the phone number on the sign posted on gates.	N/A	Access limited through locked gate. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Mohawk Street overpass adjacent to site. Kern River Parkway Park across river. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	151	185
KER-395	-	N35.36333 W-119.09084	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.		Possible to deploy small skiff from river left.	This site is located just east of Coffee Road where multiple canals channel water from Kern River. Site access is through a locked gate. The City of Bakersfield Water Resources would need to be contacted to obtain access.	Limited space for staging. Larger space for staging available at the Kern River Parkway Park's parking lot. No restrooms or electricity onsite.		N/A	151	<u>187</u>
KER-400	Bellevue Weir Access through Aera Park off Jewetta Avenue, Bakersfield	N35.35309 W-119.12943	Deflection boom only. Site not ideal for collection.		Possible to deploy small skiff from river left or river right.	This site is located just south of the Aera Park sports park. Entrance is through the park's equestrian parking lot and along a canal dirt access road. Site access is through a locked gate. The City of Bakersfield Water Resources would need to be contacted to obtain access. This location is not ideal for oil collection due to limited space and braiding of the river with vegetated sand bars. Access to river left is through the Park at River Walk at 11298 Stockdale Highway.	Limited space for staging. Not ideal for oil collection. Deflect oil and protect water intakes from oiling. Deploy boom and allow for oil collection on river right, if feasible. Larger staging location is at the equestrian parking lot between Aera Park and the river.	Access limited through locked gate. Must enter through parking lot in Aera Park. Bike path on river left. Watch for pedestrians and bikes. Multiple canal gates. Heavy public use. Swift water during winter and spring flows. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	<u>151</u>	<u>191</u>

Response Strategy Number	Response Strategy Name and Location		Site Strategy Type	Minimum Boom Requirement (Feet)	Boat/Kayak/ Inflatable Raft Required To Access One or Both Shorelines?	Site Strategy Notes	Staging Area Notes	Site Hazards and Restrictions	Milepost or Highway	Operational Division and Segment Map Page #	0,
KER-405	Allen Road	N35.34583 W-119.14590	Access/ Observation	N/A	Shorelines accessible by foot.	This location is ideal for observation and survey access to the shoreline, and is the last access point to the Kern River before the beginning of the Kern Water Bank. There is limited vehicle access downriver of this location, however the Kern River Parkway Bike Path parallels the river's edge continuously until it ends at Highway 43 (Enos Lane).	N/A	Swift water during winter and spring flows. Bike path on river left. Watch for pedestrians and bikes. Heavy vehicle traffic on Allen Road. Waterfowl present in high numbers when waterbanks have water. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	189	191
KER-410	McClung Weir	N35.33218 W-119.18399	Access/ Observation	N/A	Shorelines accessible by foot.	The McClung Weir bridge provides vehicle access to the north bank of the Kern River (river right), and flow can be diverted by the city at this location depending on the flow of the river. This section of the river is surrounded by the Kern Water Bank, and provides essential habitat for many riparian species, including overwintering birds.	N/A	Swift water during winter and spring flows. Weirs with multiple gates. Bike path on river left. Watch for pedestrians and bikes. Waterfowl present in high numbers when waterbanks have water. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	189	193
KER-415	San Joaquin Valley Railroad Crossing	N35.32584	Access/ Observation	N/A	Shorelines accessible by foot.	SJV Railroad line crosses the Kern River at this location and serves as both an access and observation site; however vegetation along the river is very thick. The rail does carry crude oil, and vehicle access is limited here. The first site strategy located downriver of this site is at the Kern Water Bank Headworks near the end of the bike path and Highway	N/A	Swift water during winter and spring flows. Heavy traffic on Allen Road. Bike path on river left. Watch for pedestrians and bikes. Waterfowl present in high numbers when waterbanks have water. Rattlesnakes.	SJVR 329.2	189	195
KER-420	Diversion Weir Highway 43 and the end of the Kern River Parkway Bike	N35.30479 W-119.24684	Deflection boom and collection. Only effective during medium to low flow.	700	Possible to deploy small skiff from river left or river right.	This site is located just east of the Kern River Parkway Bike Path parking lot. Access is through the parking lot and onto the bike path. Would need to contact Kern Water Bank for	Limited room for staging.	Access limited through locked gate. Multiple water inlets are present. Bike path present. Watch for pedestrians and bikes. Multiple canal gates. Heavy public use. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	189	197

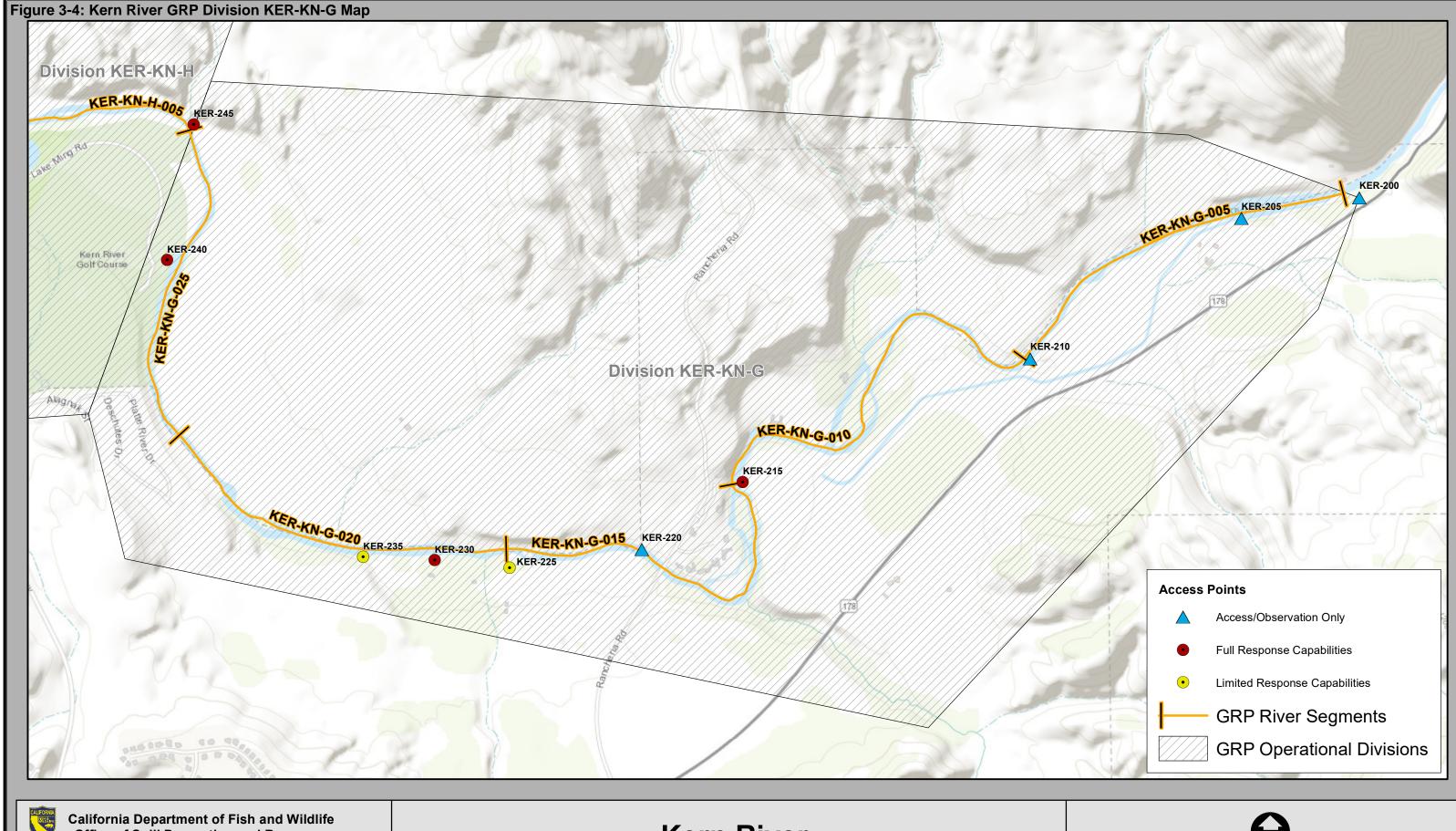
Response Strategy Number	Response Strategy Name and Location		Site Strategy Type	Minimum Boom Requirement (Feet)	Boat/Kayak/ Inflatable Raft Required To Access One or Both Shorelines?	Site Strategy Notes	Staging Area Notes	Site Hazards and Restrictions	Nearest Rail Milepost or Highway Postmile	Operational Division and Segment Map Page #	0,
KER-425_	Kern River Measuring Point	N35.30328 W-119.25165	Access/ Observation	N/A		This location is suitable for observation only. There is access to the river bank on either side of the bridge, but the bridge itself is above the high water mark. The bridge is managed by the City of Bakersfield Water Resources, and was historically used to measure the flow of the Kern River. It is out of commission now, but the City of Bakersfield should be contacted for direct access to the bridge.	N/A	Swift water during winter and spring flows. Heavy traffic on Highway 43. High public use area due to bike path and user- created trails. Rattlesnakes.	KER 2.587	195	207
KER-430	Old Main Canal	N35.30228 W-119.25952	Access/ Observation		Shorelines accessible by foot. Due to thick vegetation and steep slopes, small	This location is suitable for observation only. Access is restricted to a locked gate on the west side of Highway 43, managed by the Kern Water Bank. The Old Main Canal connects the Kern Water Bank to the Kern River, but the canal can be isolated from the river if necessary by Kern Water Bank staff.		Swift water during winter and spring flows. Access limited through locked gate. Heavy vehicle traffic on Highway 43. Rattlesnakes.	KER 2.604	209	211
KER-435	Kern River Pipe Crossing Access through South Coles Levee Compressor Plant at Tupman Road and		Deflection boom and collection.		Possible to deploy small skiff from river left or river right.	This site is located upstream of the South Coles Levee Compressor plant, which is operated by California Resources Corporation. This area is part of the Coles Levee Ecological Preserve. Propane trucks are frequently entering and exiting the road. Multiple water intakes are 1.3 miles downstream. Access to river left is over a narrow bridge crossing approximately 0.8 miles downstream from the site.		Access through active gas plant. Must call California Resources Corporation dispatch to access site. Propane trucks entering and exiting plant. Multiple pipeline crossings. Flame resistant clothing and hard hats may be required. Sensitive habitat, drive slow on roads.	N/A	_209	213

Response Strategy Number	Response Strategy Name and Location		Site Strategy Type	Minimum Boom Requirement (Feet)	Boat/Kayak/ Inflatable Raft Required To Access One or Both Shorelines?	Site Strategy Notes	Staging Area Notes	Site Hazards and Restrictions	Nearest Rail Milepost or Highway Postmile	Operational Division and Segment Map Page #	
KER-440	Inter-tie Basin Access through South Coles Levee Compressor Plant at Tupman Road and Arco Road.	N35.27327 W-119.30626	Deflection boom and collection.		Possible to deploy small skiff from river left or river right.	This site is located just south of the South Coles Levee Compressor plant, which is operated by California Resources Corporation. This area is part of the Coles Levee Ecological Preserve. Propane trucks are frequently entering and exiting the road. Multiple water intakes are 1/3 mile downstream. Access to river left is over a narrow bridge crossing just upstream from the site.	Limited space for staging on river right. Larger staging location would need to be closer to the gas plant at an equipment staging lot. No restrooms or electricity onsite.	Access through active gas plant. Must call California Resources Corporation dispatch to access site. Propane trucks entering and exiting plant. Multiple pipeline crossings. Flame resistant clothing and hard hats may be required. Sensitive habitat, drive slow on roads. Multiple canal gates. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	209	217
KER-445	Canal Flood Gate Access through South Coles Levee Compressor Plant at Tupman Road and Arco Road.	N35.26892 W-119.30886	Deflection boom and collection.		Possible to deploy small skiff from river left or river right.	This site is located at the Kern River terminus. Access to the site is through the South Coles Levee Compressor plant, which is operated by California Resources Corporation. This area is part of the Coles Levee Ecological Preserve. Critical habitat for the Buena Vista Lake ornate shrew is just north of this intake. Access to river left is off an access road just east of the California Aqueduct.	Limited space for staging on river right. Larger staging location would need to be closer to the gas plant at an equipment staging lot. No restrooms or electricity onsite.	Access through active gas plant. Must call California Resources Corporation dispatch to access site. Propane trucks entering and exiting plant. Multiple pipeline crossings. Flame resistant clothing and hard hats may be required. Sensitive habitat, drive slow on roads. Multiple canal gates. Water intakes to the California Aqueduct are just south of the site. Rattlesnakes.	N/A	209	221

Table Legend						
RED	Full Response Capabilites	Access to site for large equipment and full deployment.				
YELLOW	Limited Response	Access to site may be limited; have to cross railroad tracks, etc., may not get large equipment to site.				
BLUE	Access/ Observation	Site provides access to the shoreline or edge of waterbody and/or provides an observation site. Observation site may not be at the waters edge. Both may provide locations for SCAT teams or NRDA to deploy/survey for oil.				
PURPLE TRIANGLE	Staging Areas	Response Strategy and Access/Observation Sites with a potential staging area are denoted with a purple triangle.				

3.5 Response Strategy Detail Sheets

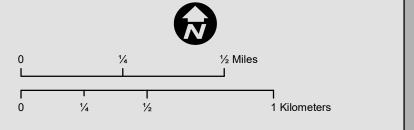
Section 3.5 contains the color-coded full response strategy (red), limited response strategy (yellow), manual response strategy (green) and access/observation site (blue) detail sheets with corresponding unique identifier and site name listed in the header. Before each grouping of detail sheets, the operational division map will show the location of each site and any staging areas.

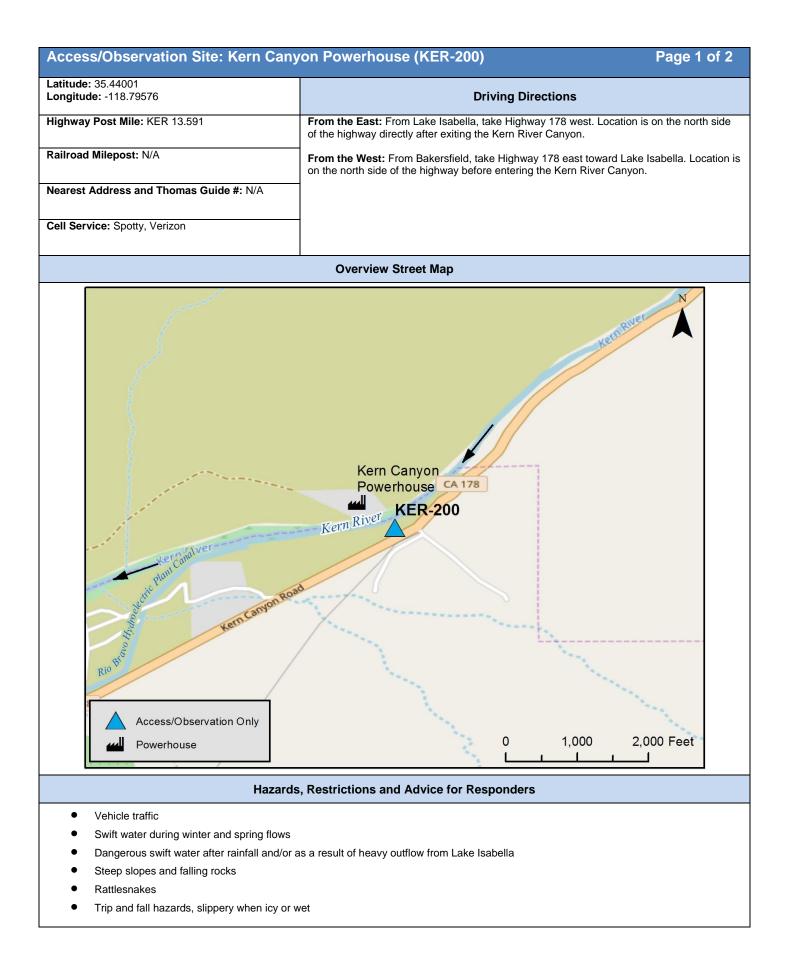


California Department of Fish and Wildlife **Office of Spill Prevention and Response**

Data Source: CDFW-OSPR Requestor: Central FRT Author: S. Paine Date Created: 06/12/2019

Kern River Geographic Response Plan Division KER-KN-G





Access/Observation Site: Kern Canyon Powerhouse (KER-200)

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-G-005

Best observation site is located at the lookout point on the north side of Highway 178 (river left). No river access and steep cliffs, but an ideal observation point above the waterway. Restricted access on river right at the PG&E hydroelectric plant, but for emergency entry call the Kern County Sherriff's Department. Hydroelectric plant no longer in use.

Site Contact/s: Kern County Sherriff (661) 861-3110, City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716





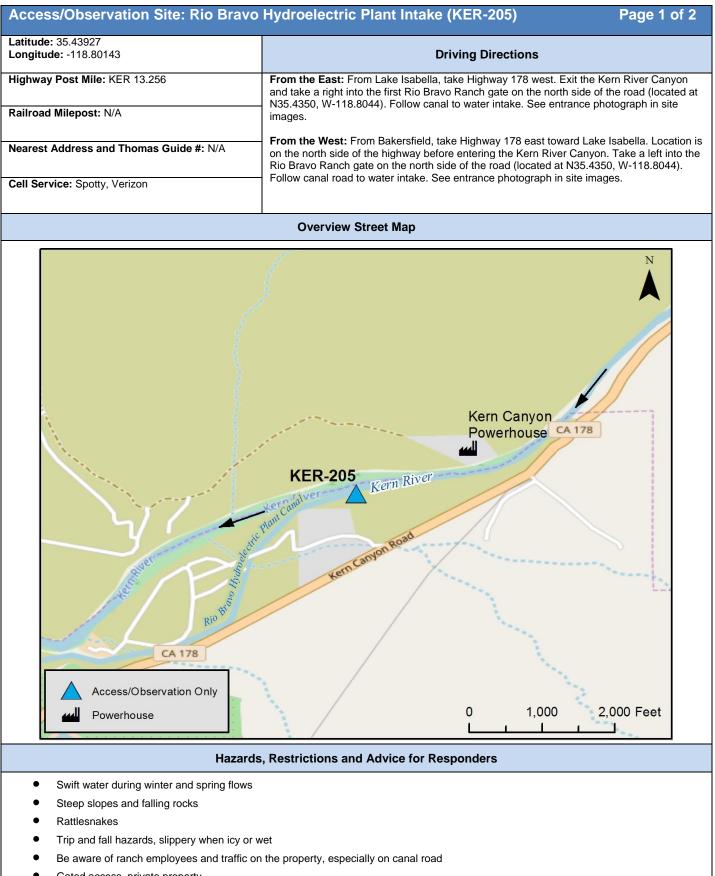


Downstream



Photo Date: 02/09/2018





Access/Observation Site: Rio Bravo Hydroelectric Plant Intake (KER-205)

Page 2 of 2

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-G-005

Use intake platform as lookout point. No river access and steep cliffs, but an ideal observation point above the waterway. Gated access to the water intake platform on river-left (call Rio Bravo Ranch Hydroelectric Facility for access, or Jeff Siemens with Rio Bravo Ranch). Restricted access on river-right through the PG&E hydroelectric facility, but for emergency entry call the Kern County Sherriff's Department.

Site Contact/s: Rio Bravo Ranch Hydroelectric Facility Main Line (661) 872-4487; Rio Bravo Ranch, Jeff Siemens (661) 364-3010; Kern County Sherriff (661) 861-3110, City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716



Upstream



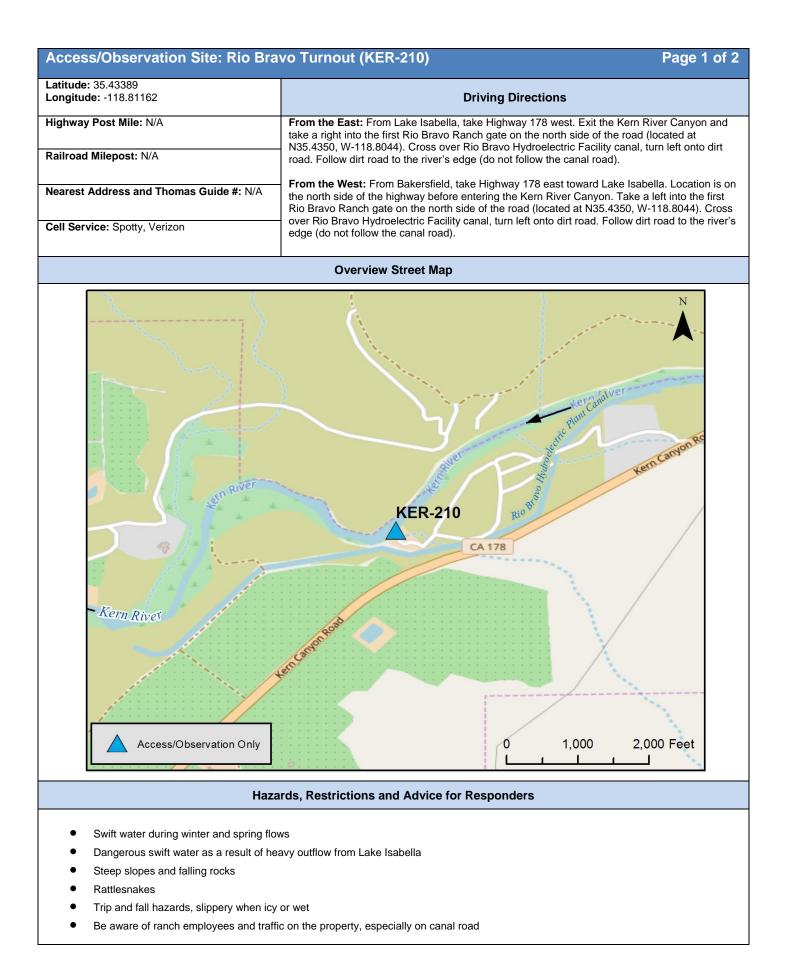
Downstream



Entrance

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date 03/01/2018



Access/Observation Site: Rio Bravo Turnout (KER-210)

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-G-010

Observation point only on river's edge. Limited access on both banks, not suitable for staging.

Site Contact/s: Rio Bravo Ranch, Jeff Siemens (661) 364-3010; Kern County Sherriff (661) 861-3110; City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716

Site Images



Upstream



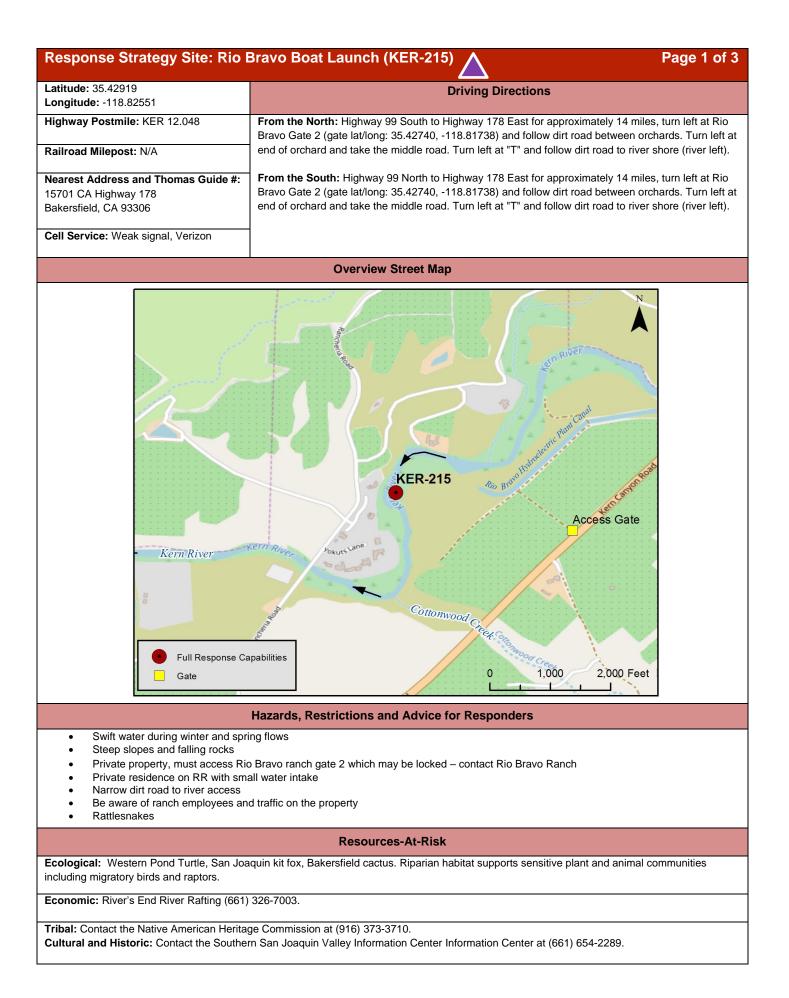
Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 02/07/2018



Response Strategy Site: Rio Bravo Boat Launch (KER-215)

Site Description and Field Notes						
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-G-015					
50 meters (164 feet)	Located on Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC property. There is a gate to access the river that might be locked.					
Gradient: Low	Limited room to stage vehicles and equipment. A larger staging area is available at the Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC headquarters located at 15701 Highway 178 Bakersfield, CA 93306.					
Site Contact/s:	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, small trailers, small vacuum truck					
Jeff Siemens, Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC	Recreational Use: Rafting, Human Contact					
Mobile: (661) 364-3010	Boat Launches: Direct river access, shallow boat launch for small skiff (river left). Private residence with river access/boat launch on river right.					
City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716	ESI Shoreline Type: 1A Exposed rocky bank/shore; 8F Vegetated, steeply-sloping bluffs; 9B Vegetated low banks					

Site Images



Upstream



Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 02/07/2018

Page 2 of 3

Response Strategy Site: Rio Bravo Boat Launch (KER-215)

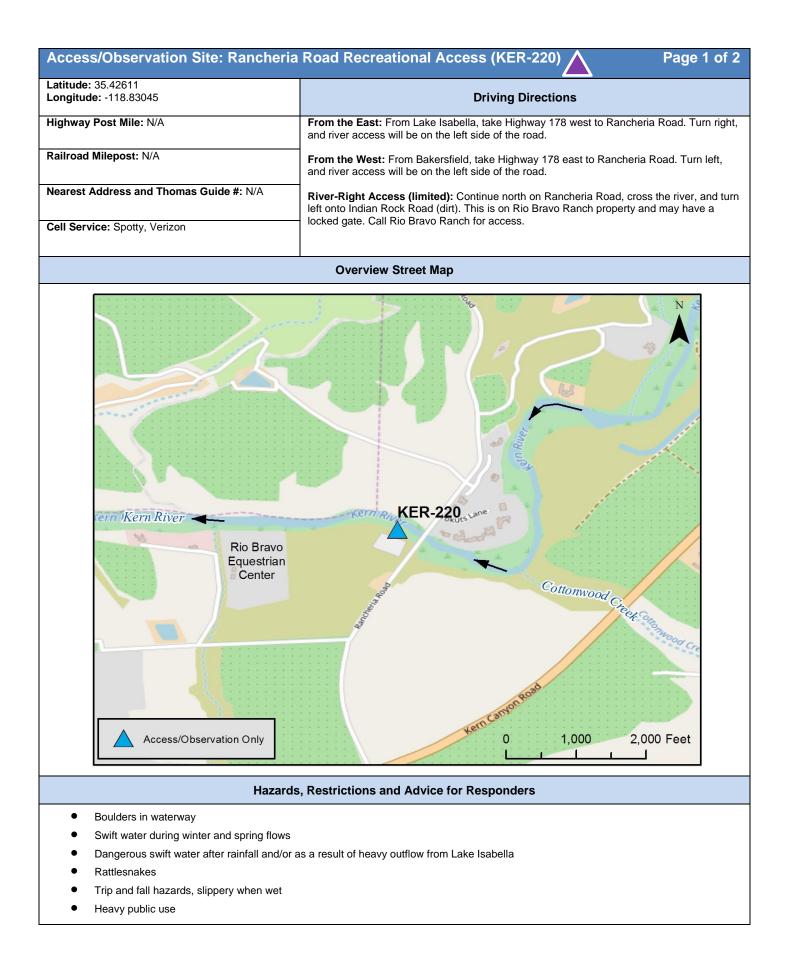
Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 400 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited staging on river left. Boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks could use the space, but it is limited. Access on river right limited due to private residence. Could access river right with a small skiff. Large staging location at Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC headquarters. No restrooms or electricity onsite.



Table of Response Resources					
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	400 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	400 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	1	Midstream anchoring.
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.



Access/Observation Site: Rancheria Road Recreational Access (KER-220)

Page 2 of 2

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-G-015

Small boat/skiff/raft access at this location. Public portable restrooms on site. Location suitable for limited staging, but location is gated between 5:00pm and 8:00am. Limited access to river-right through Rio Bravo Ranch property, Indian Rock Road. River width approximately 30 meters. Contact Rio Bravo Ranch for 24-hour access to the site.

Site Contact/s: Rio Bravo Ranch, Jeff Siemens (661) 872-5050; City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716

Site Images



Upstream



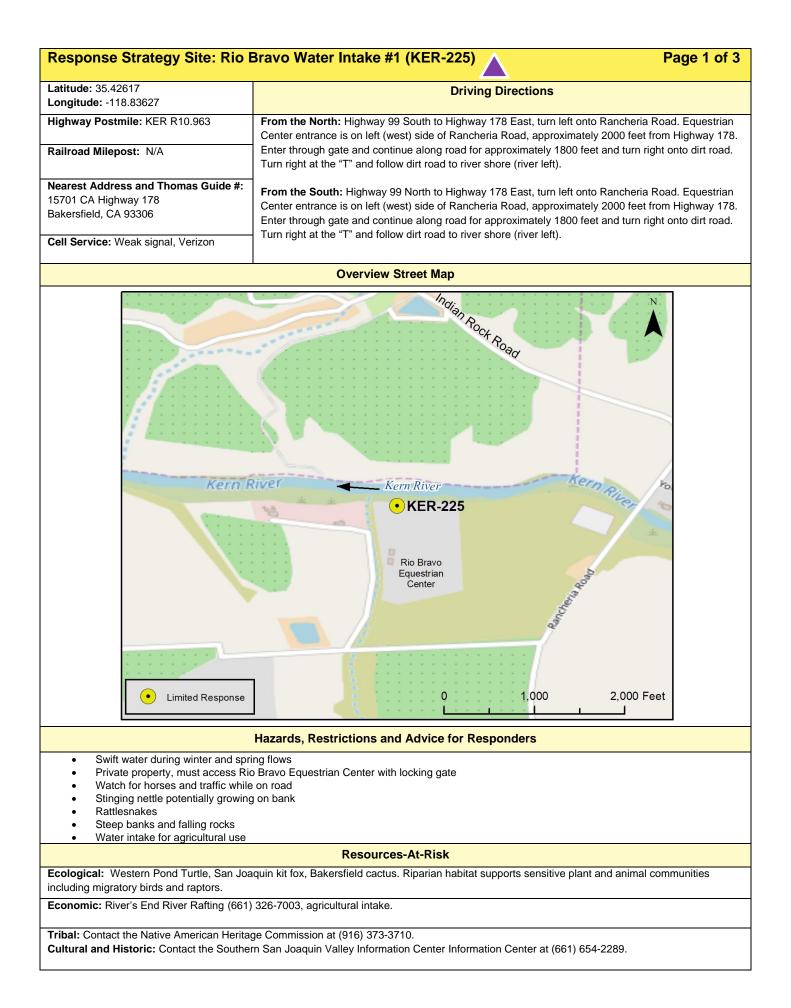
Downstream



Entrance

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 02/09/2018



Response Strategy	Site: Rio Bravo Water Intake #1 (KER-225) Page 2 of 3
	Site Description and Field Notes
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-G-020
60 meters (197 feet)	Located within the Rio Bravo Equestrian Center, which is managed by Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC. There
Gradient: Medium	is a gate to access the river that may be locked after 19:00 hours. Dirt lot for staging equipment available at the equestrian center or the Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC headquarters located at 15701 Highway 178
Site Contact/s:	Bakersfield, CA 93306. Steep bank on river right, accessible using a small skiff.
Jeff Siemens, Rio Bravo	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers
Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC Mobile: (661) 364-3010	Recreational Use: Rafting, human contact, tubing
City of Bakersfield Water	Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff only from bank at river left
Resources (661) 326-3716	ESI Shoreline Type: 1A Exposed rocky bank/shore; 8F Vegetated, steeply-sloping bluffs; 9B Vegetated low banks

Site Images

RE DETOT ADAS IT AS

Upstream



Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 02/07/2018

Response Strategy Site: Rio Bravo Water Intake #1 (KER-225)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Deploy boom and protect agricultural intake from oiling. Deploy boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil on river left.

Implementation: <u>Boom A</u>: Deploy 500 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. <u>Boom B</u>: Deploy 100 ft. of containment boom upstream from water intake to protect from oiling. Oil collection will be on river left.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Staging on river left. Boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks could use the space, but it is limited. Access on river right limited due to private residence. Limited electricity and restrooms at equestrian center. Room for decontamination on river left.

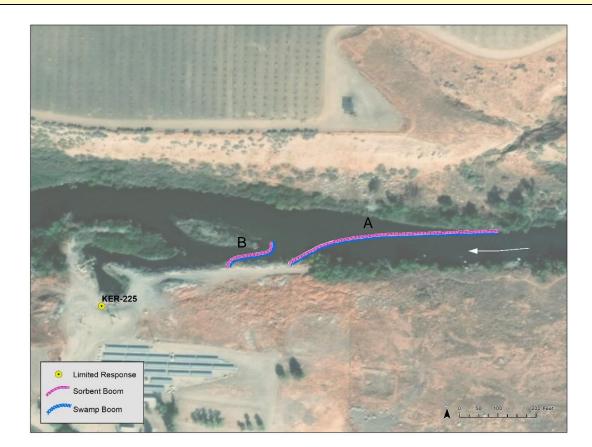


	Table of Response Resources						
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	600 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow. Boom A = 500-feet, Boom B = 100-feet.		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	600 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling. Boom A = 500-feet, Boom B = 100-feet.		
Stakes	Anchoring			12	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in its shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	1	Midstream anchoring for Boom A.		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		

Response Strategy Site: Rio Bravo Ranch House (KER-230) Page 1 of 3					
Latitude: 35.42642 Longitude: -118.84045	Driving Directions				
Highway Postmile: KER R10.963	From the North: Highway 99 South to Highway 178 East, turn left onto Center entrance is on left (west) side of Rancheria Road, approximately	•			
Railroad Milepost: N/A	Continue along road for approximately 1800 feet and turn right onto dir follow dirt road for approximately 1000 feet. Ranch house is on the righ				
Nearest Address and Thomas Guide #:					
15701 CA Highway 178	From the South: Highway 99 North to Highway 178 East, turn left onto	o Rancheria Road. Equestrian			
Bakersfield, CA 93306	Center entrance is on left (west) side of Rancheria Road, approximately Continue along road for approximately 1800 feet and turn right onto dir				
Cell Service: Spotty, Verizon	follow dirt road for approximately 1000 feet. Ranch house is on the righ	it at river shore (river left).			
	Overview Street Map				



Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders

- Swift water during winter and spring flows
- Private property, must access Rio Bravo Equestrian Center
- Watch for horses and traffic while on road
- Rattlesnakes
- Steep bank and falling rocks on river right
- Water intake 0.2 miles downstream of site

Resources-At-Risk

Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, San Joaquin kit fox, Bakersfield cactus. Riparian habitat supports sensitive plant and animal communities including migratory birds and raptors.

Economic: River's End River Rafting (661) 326-7003

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. **Cultural and Historic:** Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Rio Bravo Ranch House (KER-230)

Site Description and Field Notes						
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-G-020					
40 meters (131 feet)	Located just west of the Rio Bravo Equestrian Center, which is managed by Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC.					
Gradient: Medium	There is a gate to access the river that may be locked after 19:00 hours. Dirt lot for staging equipment available at the equestrian center or the Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC headquarters located at 15701 Highway 178					
Site Contact/s:	Bakersfield, CA 93306. Steep bank on river right, accessible via a small skiff.					
Jeff Siemens, Rio Bravo	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers					
Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC Mobile: (661) 364-3010	Recreational Use: Rafting, human contact, tubing, ranch house rental					
City of Bakersfield Water	Boat Launches: Direct river access, shallow boat launch for small skiff (river left)					
Resources (661) 326-3716	ESI Shoreline Type: 1A Exposed rocky bank/shore; 8F Vegetated, steeply-sloping bluffs; 9B Vegetated low banks					

Site Images



Upstream



Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 02/16/2018

Page 2 of 3

Response Strategy Site: Rio Bravo Ranch House (KER-230)

Page 3 of 3

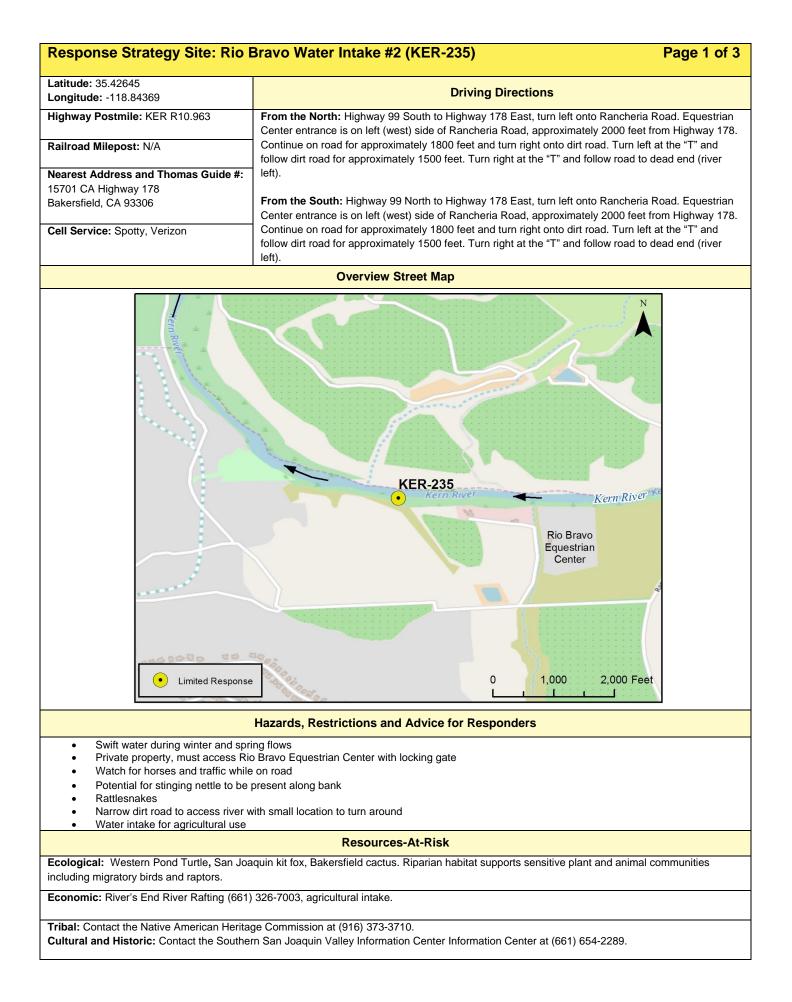
Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 600 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Boom trailers, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks could use the space, but it is limited. Electricity and restrooms are onsite. The ranch house could be used as a command post but would need special permission from Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickels Family LLC. Decontamination of equipment possible at site.



Table of Response Resources						
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments	
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	600 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow	
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	600 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling	
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.	
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.	
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.	
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.	
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.	



Response Strategy	Site: Rio Bravo Water Intake #2 (KER-235) Page 2 of 3
	Site Description and Field Notes
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-G-020
35 meters (115 feet)	Located west of the Rio Bravo Equestrian Center, which is managed by Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC. There
Gradient: Medium	is a gate to access the river that may be locked after 19:00 hours. Dirt lot for staging equipment available at the equestrian center or the Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC headquarters located at 15701 Highway 178
Site Contact/s:	Bakersfield, CA 93306. Thick vegetation on river right but could access through Rio Bravo orchards off Indian Rock Road.
Jeff Siemens, Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, small vacuum truck
Mobile: (661) 364-3010	Recreational Use: Rafting, tubing, human contact
City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716	Boat Launches: Direct river access, shallow boat launch (river left) for small skiff
	ESI Shoreline Type: 8F Vegetated, steeply-sloping bluffs; 9B Vegetated low banks
	Site Images





Upstream



Downstream



Pump Inlet

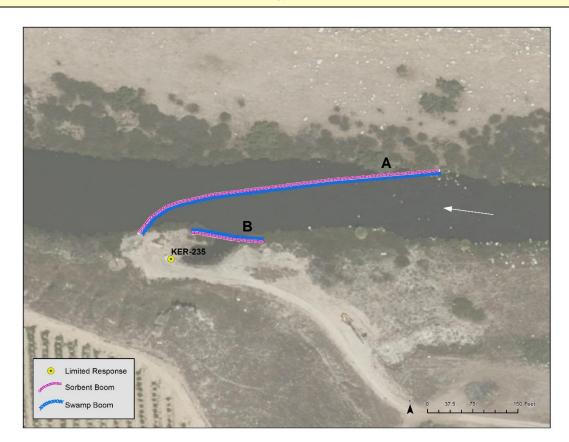
Photo Date: 05/03/2017

Response Strategy Site: Rio Bravo Water Intake #2 (KER-235)

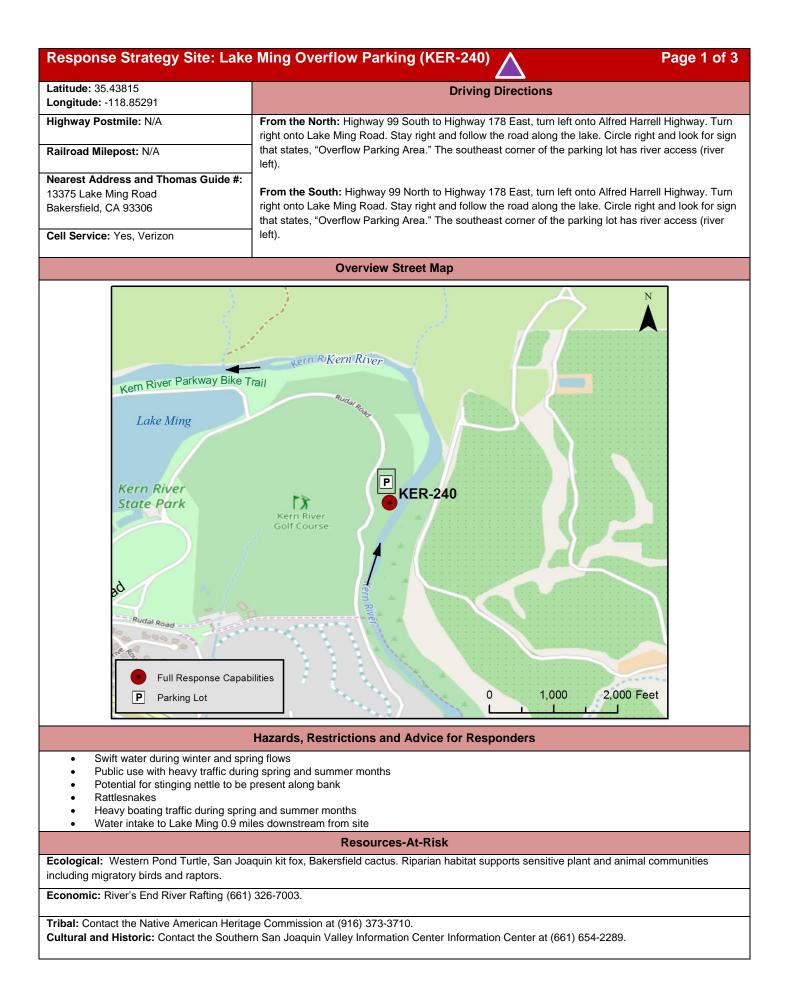
Site Objectives: Deploy boom and protect agricultural intake from oiling. Deploy boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil on river left.

Implementation: <u>Boom A</u>: Deploy 500 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. <u>Boom B</u>: Deploy 100 ft. of containment boom upstream from water intake to protect from oiling. Oil collection will be on river left.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Staging on river left. Truck with small trailer and small vacuum truck could access river's edge but staging of equipment and vehicles would need to be along the road or at Rancheria Equestrian Center. Limited electricity and restrooms at equestrian center.



Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	600 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow. Boom A = 500-feet, Boom B = 100-feet.		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	600 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling. Boom A = 500-feet, Boom B = 100-feet.		
Stakes	Anchoring			12	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring for Boom A		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		



Response Strategy Site: Lake Ming Overflow Parking (KER-240)

Site Description and Field Notes					
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-G-025				
35 meters (115 feet)					
Gradient: Medium	This site is located within the Lake Ming Overflow Parking area just north of the Pyles Boys Camp. During events at Lake Ming, this location may be limited for staging vehicles and equipment. Access				
Site Contact/s:	on river right is not ideal due to thick vegetation. Could access river right using a small skiff.				
City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers				
Kern County Parks and Recreation Primary: Carl Brewer, (661) 342-8339	Recreational Use: Rafting, fishing, tubing, human contact				
	Boat Launches: Direct river access, shallow boat launch (river left) for small skiff				
Secondary: Isaac Preston, (661) 432-6550	ESI Shoreline Type: 5 Mixed sand and gravel bars and gently sloping banks; 9B Vegetated low				
Secondary: Matt Howard, (661) 345-7175	banks.				
After hours contact Sheriff dispatch at (661) 861 - 3110					
	Site Images				





Upstream

Downstream



RR = River Right RL = River Left

Straight Across

Photo Date: 02/16/2018

Page 2 of 3

Response Strategy Site: Lake Ming Overflow Parking (KER-240)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil.

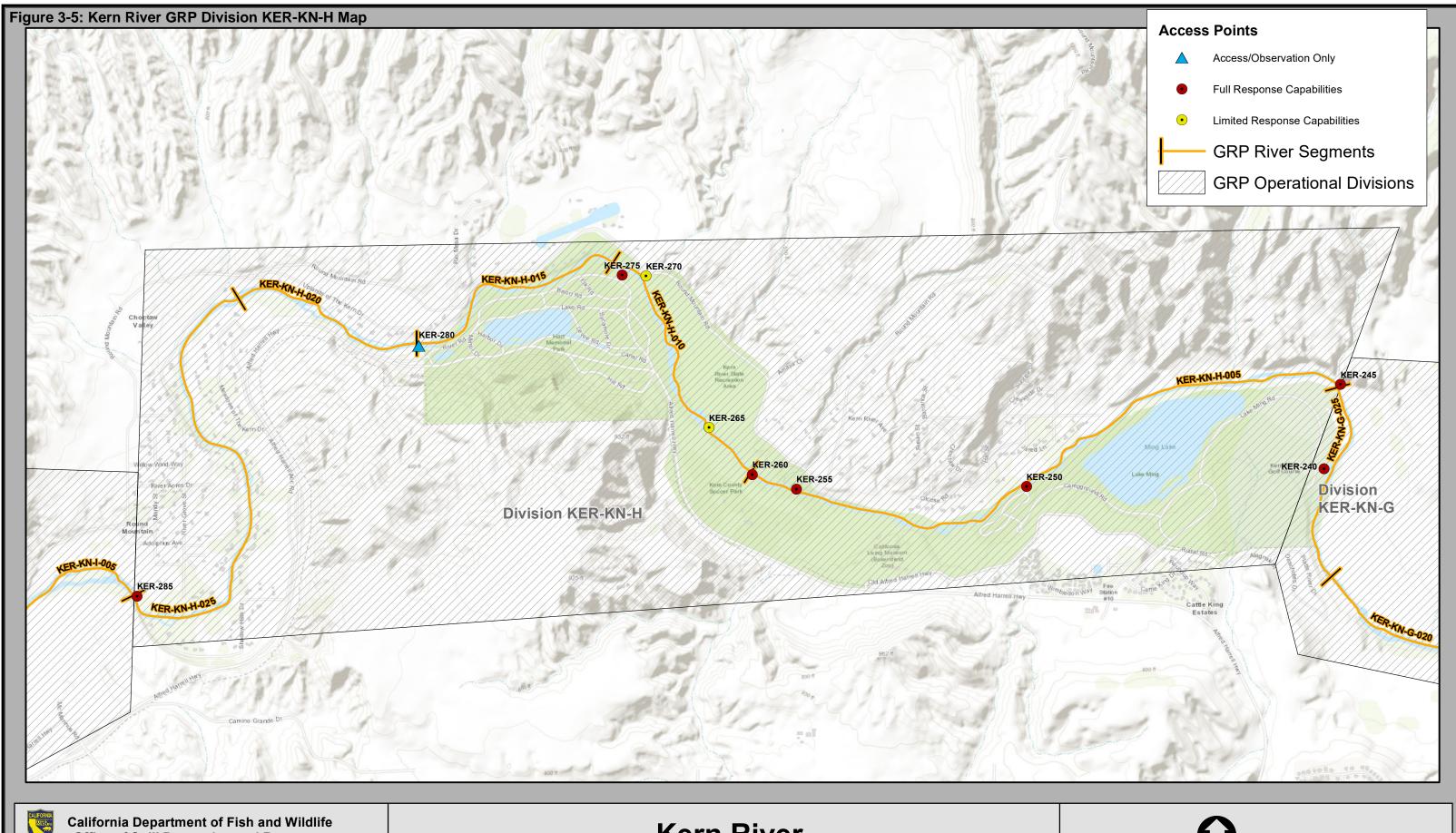
Implementation: Deploy 500 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment; utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Large dirt lot for parking and staging equipment. Boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks could use the space – would need county's permission. Room for decontamination. No electricity or bathrooms.



Table of Response Resources						
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments	
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	500 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow	
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	500 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling	
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.	
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.	
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.	
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.	
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.	



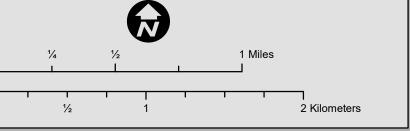


California Department of Fish and Wildlife Office of Spill Prevention and Response

Data Source: CDFW-OSPR Requestor: Central FRT Author: S. Paine Date Created: 06/12/2019

Kern River Geographic Response Plan Division KER-KN-H

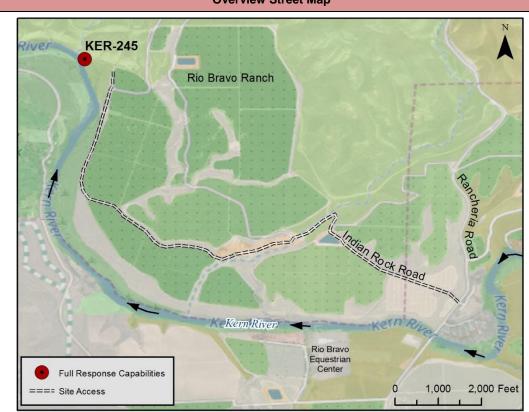
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KERN RIVER GRP June 2019

Response Strategy Site: Rio Bravo Raft Removal Site (KER-245)

Latitude: 35.44345 Longitude: -118.85157	Driving Directions
Highway Postmile: KER R10.963	From the North: Highway 99 South to Highway 178 East, turn left onto Rancheria Road for approximately 8/10s of a mile. Turn left onto Indian Rock Road (dirt) and follow road. Turn right at the
Railroad Milepost: N/A Nearest Address and Thomas Guide #:	agricultural pond and then a sharp left. Continue through equipment yard until you reach the western extent of the orchards. Follow along the western edge of the orchards in a northern direction until you reach a cattle gate on the left side of the road. Access through gate to river's edge (river right).
15701 CA Highway 178 Bakersfield, CA 93306	From the South: Highway 99 North to Highway 178 East, turn left onto Rancheria Road for approximately 8/10s of a mile. Turn left onto Indian Rock Road (dirt) and follow road. Turn right at the arrival used and then a sharp left. Continue through equipment used until you roads the western
Cell Service: Yes, Verizon	agricultural pond and then a sharp left. Continue through equipment yard until you reach the western extent of the orchards. Follow along the western edge of the orchards in a northern direction until you reach a cattle gate on the left side of the road. Access through gate to river's edge (river right).



Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders

- Swift water during winter and spring flows
- Private property, must access Rio Bravo property through locked gate
- Be aware of ranch employees and traffic on the property
- Cattle present
- During spring and summer months, rafting company removes rafts/rafters from this location
- Stinging nettle potentially growing on banks
- Rattlesnakes

Resources-At-Risk

Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, San Joaquin kit fox, Bakersfield cactus. Riparian habitat supports sensitive plant and animal communities including migratory birds and raptors.

Economic: River's End River Rafting (661) 326-7003

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. **Cultural and Historic:** Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Overview Street Map

Page 1 of 3

	Site: Rio Bravo Raft Removal Site (KER-245)					
	Site Description and Field Notes					
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-H-005					
70 meters (229 feet)	This location is where the River's End Rafting company unloads rafts and rafters during	spring and summer months.				
Gradient: Low	Access to the river right is along several dirt agricultural roads within the Rio Bravo Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC property. If gate is locked, site contact would need to unlock. Access to river left not ideal with thick vegetation.					
Site Contact/s:	Could access river left using a small skiff.					
Jeff Siemens, Rio Bravo	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers					
Ranch, Nickel Family, LLC Mobile: (661) 364-3010	Recreational Use: Rafting, tubing					
City of Bakersfield Water	Boat Launches: Direct river access, shallow boat launch for small skiff (river right)					
Resources (661) 326-3716	ESI Shoreline Type: 1A Exposed rocky bank/shore; 8F Vegetated, steeply-sloping blu	ffs; 9B Vegetated low banks				



Site Images



Upstream

Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 05/03/2017

Response Strategy Site: Rio Bravo Raft Removal Site (KER-245)

Page 3 of 3

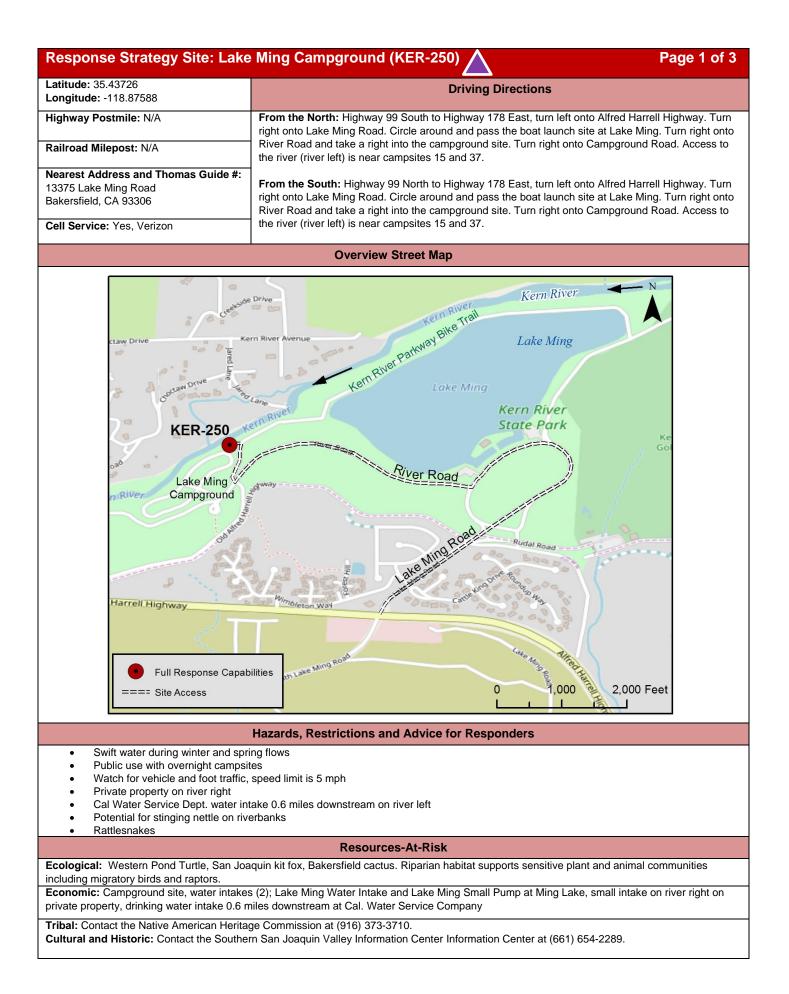
Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 400 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river right.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited staging on river right. Boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks could use the space, but it is limited. Access on river left by foot trail near Lake Ming overflow parking. Could access river right with a small skiff. Decontamination possible at site. No electricity or bathrooms available.



Table of Response Resources					
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	400 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	400 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.



Response Strategy Site: Lake Ming Campground (KER-250)

Page 2 of 3

Site Description and Field Notes					
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-H-005				
42 meters (137 feet)	This site is located within the Lake Ming Campground that is managed by Kern County Parks and Recreation. Access to the river is near campsites 15 and 37. A small beach area is present where a small skiff could be launched. Private property is on the river right.				
Gradient: Low					
Site Contact/s: City of Bakersfield Water Resources	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers				
(661) 326-3716	Recreational Use: Tubing, human contact, recreational fishing, camping				
Kern County Parks and Recreation	Boat Launches: Direct river access, shallow boat launch (river left) for small skiff				
Primary: Carl Brewer, (661) 342-8339	ESI Shoreline Type: 9B Vegetated low banks				
Secondary: Isaac Preston, (661) 432-6550					
Secondary: Matt Howard, (661) 345-7175					
After hours contact Sheriff dispatch at (661) 861 - 3110					

Site Images





Upstream

Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 02/09/2018

Response Strategy Site: Lake Ming Campground (KER-250)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil

Implementation: Deploy 400 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Staging on river left. Boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks could use the space – would need county's permission. Room for decontamination, electricity and bathrooms also available.

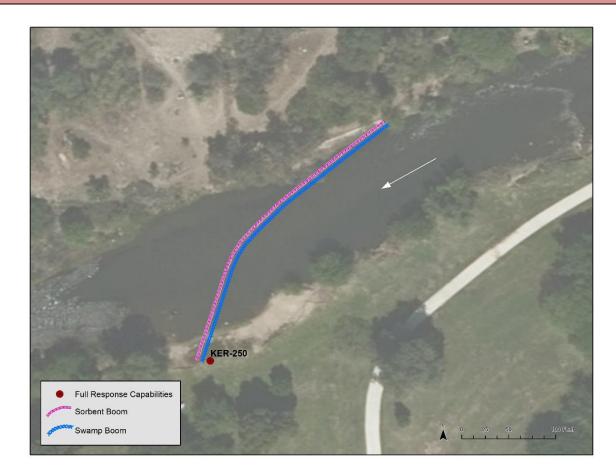
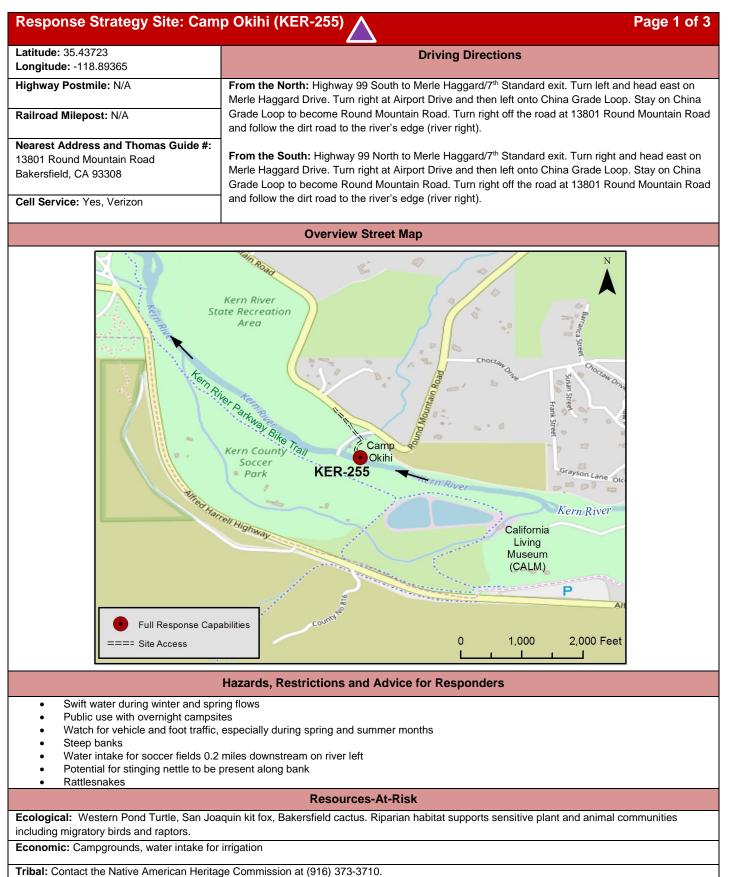


Table of Response Resources					
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	400 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	400 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in its shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.



Cultural and Historic: Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Camp Okihi (KER-255)

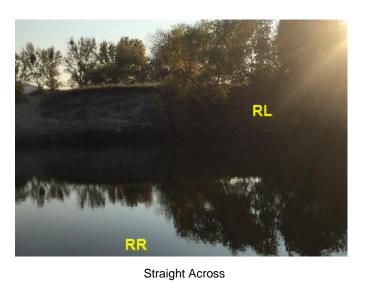
Site Description and Field Notes				
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-H-005			
31 meters (101 feet)	This site is located at the Camp Okihi campgrounds, which are managed by Kern County Parks and			
Gradient: Low	Recreation. Access to river left is possible on the bike path at the CALM Zoo parking lot and following behind the soccer fields. Banks are slightly steep on both sides with limited access on river left. Follow walking trail off the bike path to access river left.			
Site Contact/s:				
City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers			
Kern County Parks and Recreation	Recreational Use: Human contact, recreational fishing, camping, tubing			
Primary: Carl Brewer, (661) 342-8339	Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff only from bank at river right			
Secondary: Isaac Preston, (661) 432-6550	ESI Shoreline Type: 1A Exposed rocky bank/shore; 8F Vegetated, steeply-sloping bluffs; 9B			
Secondary: Matt Howard, (661) 345-7175	Vegetated low banks			
After hours contact Sheriff dispatch at (661) 861 - 3110				
Site Images				



RL

Downstream

Upstream



RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 11/30/2017

Response Strategy Site: Camp Okihi (KER-255)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 400 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river right.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Staging for boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks – would need the county's permission. Room for decontamination. Electricity and portable restrooms onsite.

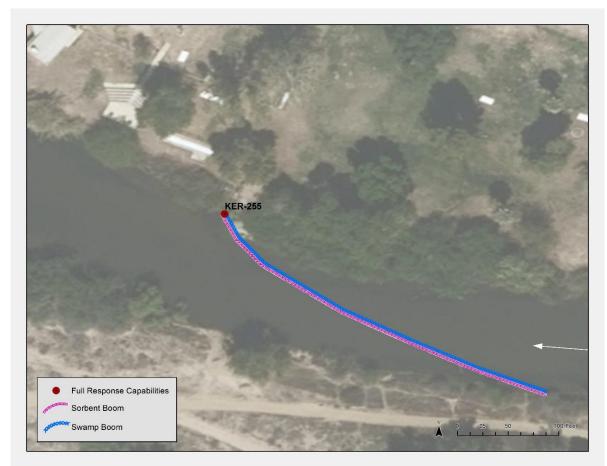
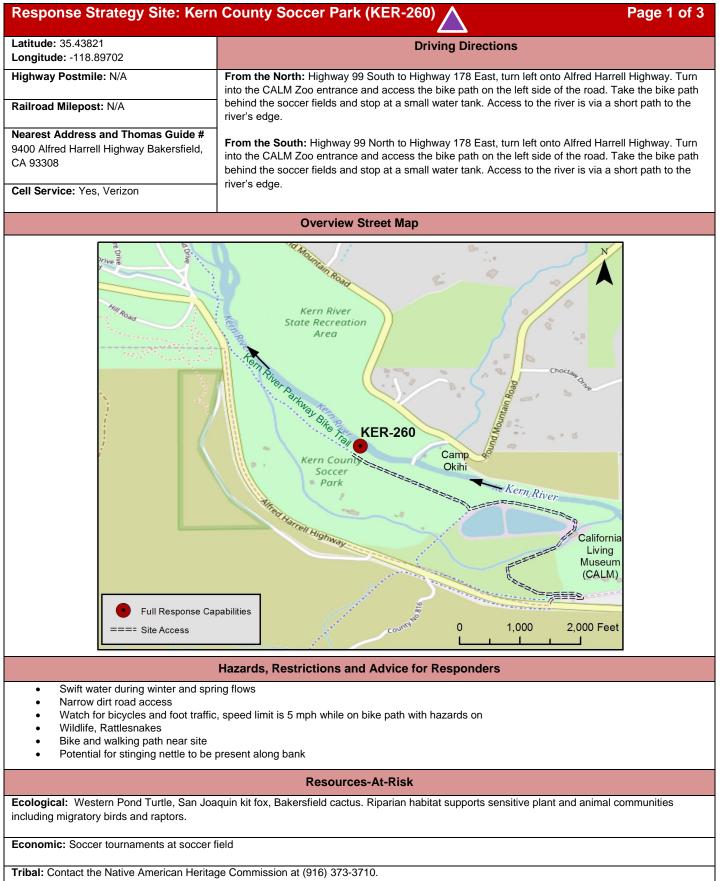


Table of Response Resources					
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	400 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	400 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.



Cultural and Historic: Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Kern County Soccer Park (KER-260)

Site Description and Field Notes					
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-H-010				
27 meters (90 feet)					
Gradient: Medium	This location is just north of the Kern County Soccer Park. The site is accessible via either the bike path or a small dirt access road adjacent to the bike path. There is also a locked gate within the				
Site Contact/s:	soccer fields that is just across from the small water tank at the site. Access to river right is possible by turning right off of the road across from 13146 Round Mountain Road and driving to the river's edge.				
City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers				
Kern County Parks and Recreation Primary: Carl Brewer, (661) 342-8339	Recreational Use: Tubing, human contact, gold panning on river right				
Secondary: Isaac Preston, (661) 432-6550	Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff only from bank at river left				
Secondary: Matt Howard, (661) 345-7175	ESI Shoreline Type: 4 Sandy bars and gently sloping banks; 9B Vegetated low banks				
After hours contact Sheriff dispatch at (661) 861 - 3110					
Site Images					



RL

Downstream

Upstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 11/8/2017

Response Strategy Site: Kern County Soccer Park (KER-260)

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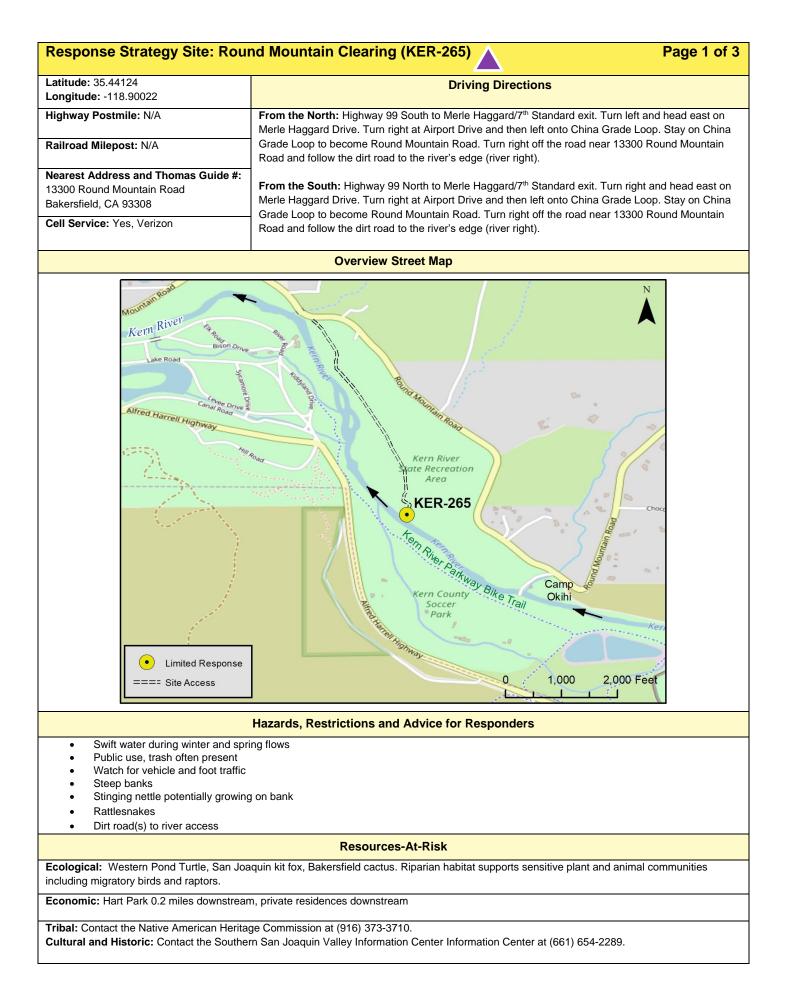
Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil

Implementation: Deploy 300 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited room for staging boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks at the river's edge – would need the county's permission. Electricity, restrooms, PA system, possible command center (headquarters building) available at the Soccer Park with more room for staging and decontamination of equipment. Would need permission from the Kern County Soccer Foundation 661-871-7711.



Table of Response Resources							
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	300 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	300 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling		
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in i shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optima for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		



Response Strategy Site: Round Mountain Clearing (KER-265)

Site Description and Field Notes River Width: Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-H-010 38 meters (125 feet) This location has multiple dirt access roads that reach the river's edge (river right). The roads are Gradient: Low narrow, dirt roads with trash often dumped in the vicinity. Vehicles are often parked along the edge of the river and public use is heavy at times. Recreational gold panning occurs at this location Site Contact/s: occasionally. Access to river left would be possible via the bike path but vegetation is thick on river City of Bakersfield Water Resources left. (661) 326-3716 Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers Kern County Parks and Recreation Primary: Carl Brewer, (661) 342-8339 Recreational Use: Human contact, recreational fishing, tubing, gold panning Secondary: Isaac Preston, (661) 432-6550 Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff only from bank at river right Secondary: Matt Howard, (661) 345-7175 ESI Shoreline Type: 1A Exposed rocky banks; 4 Sandy bars and gently sloping banks; 9B Vegetated low banks After hours contact Sheriff dispatch at (661) 861 - 3110

Site Images

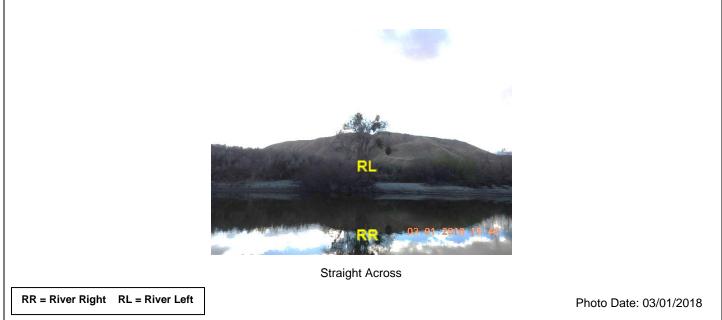


Upstream



Page 2 of 3

Downstream



96

Response Strategy Site: Round Mountain Road Clearing (KER-265)

Page 3 of 3

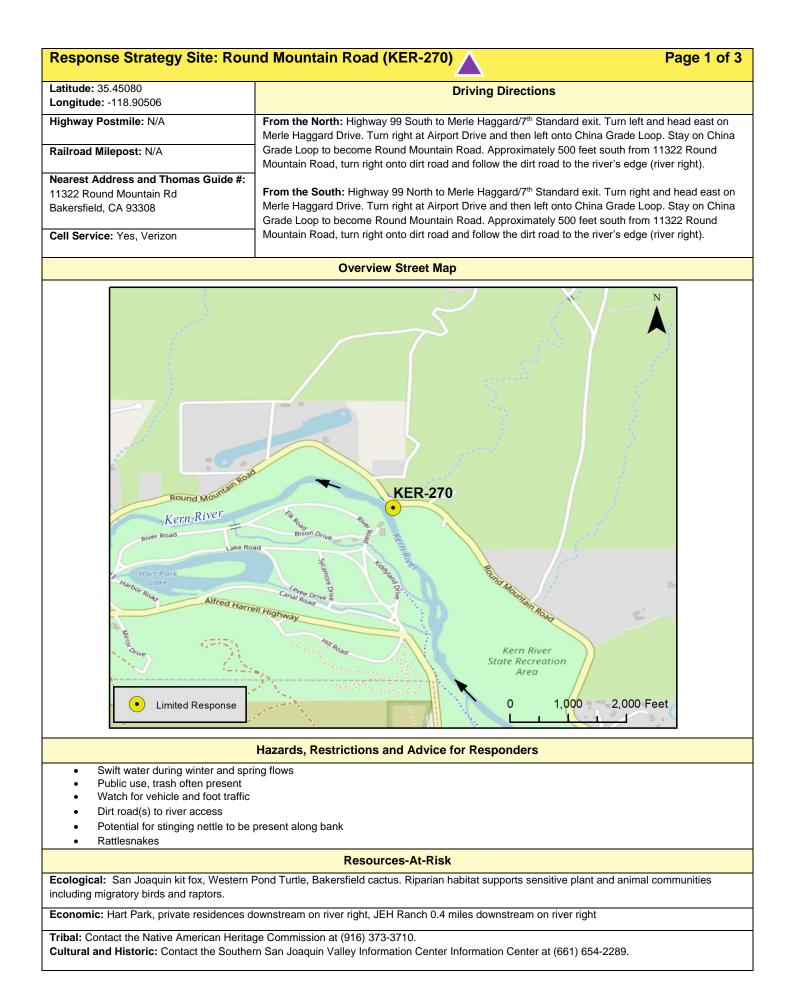
Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil

Implementation: Deploy 300 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river right.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Staging on river right. Boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks could use the space – would need county's permission. Room for decontamination. No electricity or bathrooms present.



	Table of Response Resources							
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments			
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	300 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow			
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	300 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling			
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in its shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.			
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	1	Midstream anchoring for Boom A			
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.			
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.			
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.			



Response Strategy Site: Round Mountain Road (KER-270)

Site Description and Field Notes							
River Width: 50 meters (164 feet)	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-H-010						
Gradient: Low	This location has multiple dirt access roads that reach the river's edge (river right). The roads are narrow, dirt roads with trash often dumped in the vicinity. Vehicles are often parked along the edge of						
Site Contact/s:	the river and public use is heavy at times. Recreational gold panning occurs at this location						
City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716	occasionally. Access to river left is at Hart Park off River Road.						
	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers						
Kern County Parks and Recreation							
Primary: Carl Brewer, (661) 342-8339	Recreational Use: Tubing, human contact, gold panning, recreational fishing						
Secondary: Isaac Preston, (661) 432-6550	Boat Launches: Direct river access, shallow boat launch (river right) for small skiff						
Secondary: Matt Howard, (661) 345-7175	ESI Shoreline Type: 8F vegetated, steeply-sloping bluffs; 9B vegetated low banks						
After hours contact Sheriff dispatch at (661) 861 - 3110							

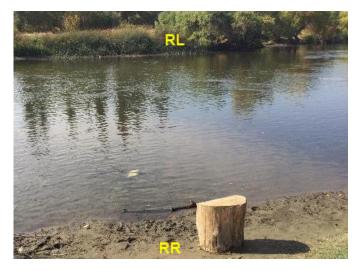
Site Images





Upstream

Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 11/15/2017

Page 2 of 3

Response Strategy Site: Round Mountain Road (KER-270)

Page 3 of 3

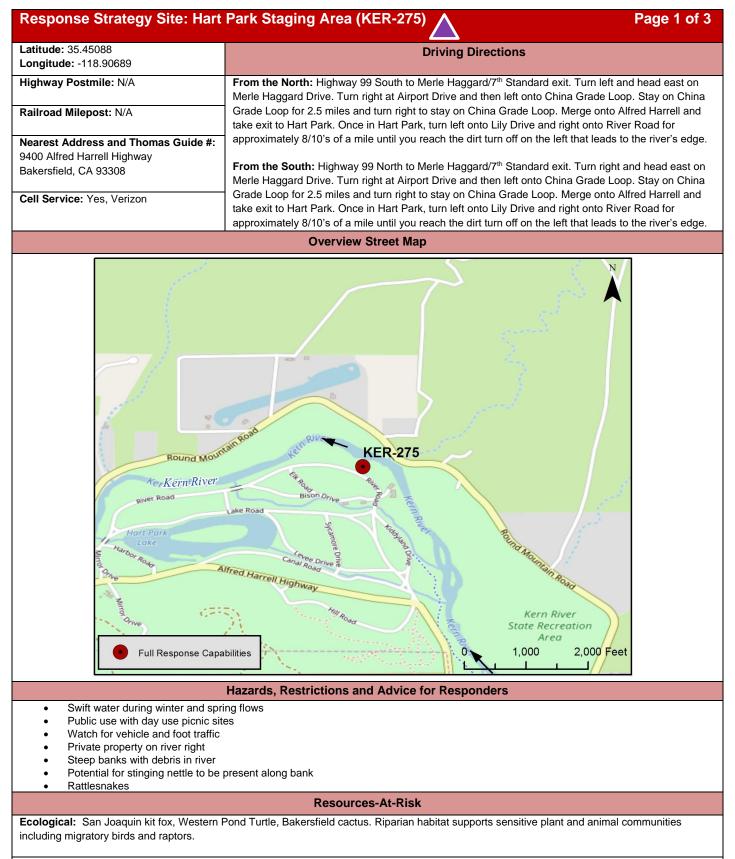
Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil

Implementation: Deploy 300 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river right.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Staging on river right. Boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks could use the space – would need county's permission. Room for decontamination. No electricity or bathrooms present.



Table of Response Resources							
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12		300 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8		300 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling		
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in its shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	1	Midstream anchoring.		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		



Economic: Fishing Derby at small lake within Hart Park, private residences downstream on river right, JEH Ranch downstream on river right

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. Cultural and Historic: Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Hart Park Staging Area (KER-275)

Site Description and Field Notes						
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-H-010					
45 meters (147 feet)						
Gradient: Medium	This site is located within Hart Park. There is a dirt access road off River Road that leads down to the river's edge (river left). A small vacuum truck might be able to access the river on this road. If not, oil					
Site Contact/s:	collection would occur from the dirt parking lot just south of this site. Equipment staging is possible at the dirt parking lot or along the side of the road.					
City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers					
Kern County Parks and Recreation Primary: Carl Brewer, (661) 342-8339	Recreational Use: Horseback riding, tubing, human contact, park day use, fishing					
Secondary: Isaac Preston, (661) 432-6550	Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff only from bank at river right					
Secondary: Matt Howard, (661) 345-7175	ESI Shoreline Type: 3B Exposed, eroding banks in unconsolidated sediments; 4 Sandy bars and gently sloping banks; 5 Mixed sand and gravel bars and gently sloping banks; 8F Vegetated, steeply-					
After hours contact Sheriff dispatch at (661) 861 - 3110	sloping bluffs; 9B Vegetated low banks					
	Site Images					



RR

Upstream

Downstream



RR = River Right RL = River Left

Straight Across

Photo Date: 01/29/2018

Page 2 of 3

Response Strategy Site: Hart Park Staging Area (KER-275)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil

Implementation: Deploy 300 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Staging for boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks – would need the county's permission. Room for decontamination. Electricity and portable restrooms onsite.

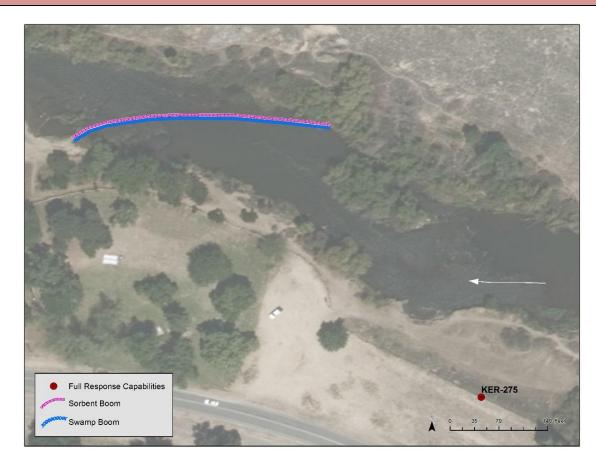
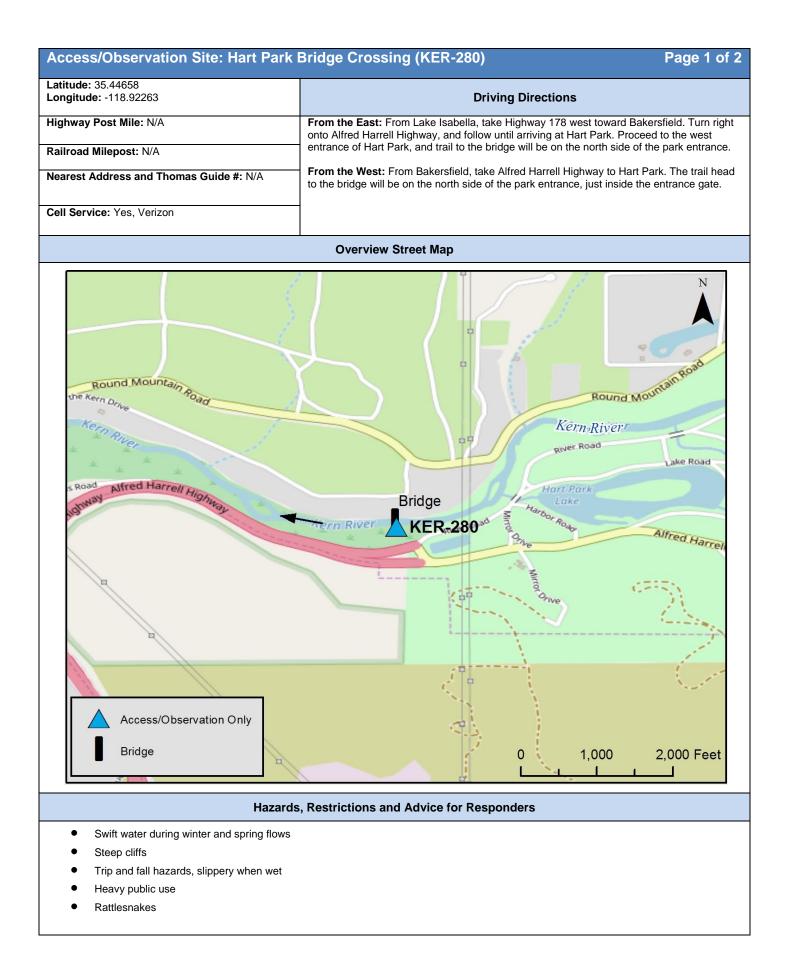


Table of Response Resources							
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	300 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	300 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling		
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	1	Midstream anchoring.		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		



Access/Observation Site: Hart Park Bridge Crossing (KER-280)

Page 2 of 2

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-H-020

Should only be used as an observation site. Limited access to shoreline on upstream side of bridge, river left. Private residences border river on river right.

Site Contact/s: Kern County Parks and Recreation Primary: Carl Brewer, (661) 342-8339, Secondary: Isaac Preston, (661) 432-6550, Secondary: Matt Howard, (661) 345-7175; Kern County Sheriff for after-hours notifications: (661) 861-3110; City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716.

Site Images



Upstream

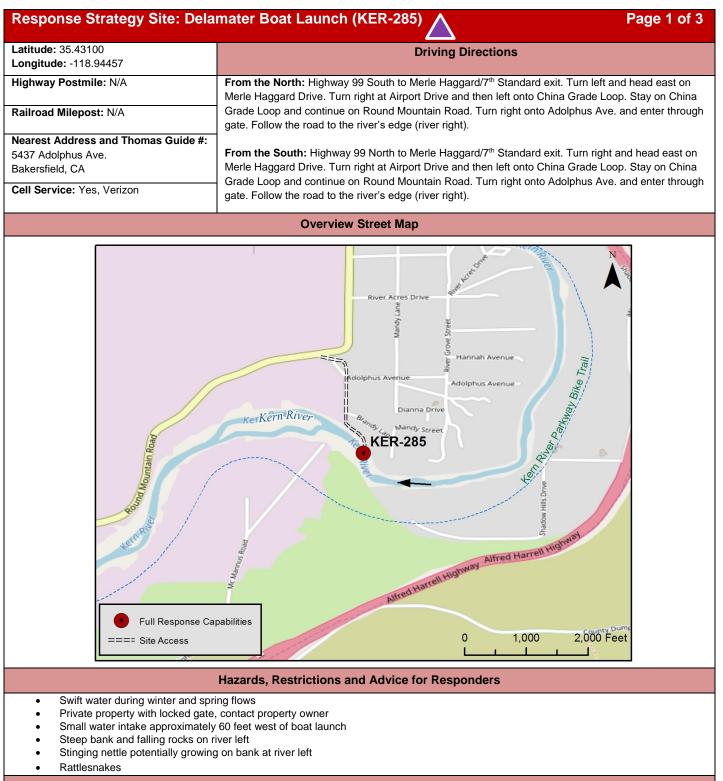
Downstream



Entrance

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 02/16/2018



Resources-At-Risk

Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, San Joaquin kit fox, Bakersfield cactus. Riparian habitat supports sensitive plant and animal communities including migratory birds and raptors.

Economic: Private events at Delamater Ranch, Beardsley Weir 1.2 miles downstream

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. Cultural and Historic: Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Delamater Boat Launch (KER-285)

Site Description and Field Notes							
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-I-005						
45 meters (147 feet)							
Gradient: Low	This site is located on a private property within a locked gate. Access and permission would need to be obtained from the property owner. River left has a steep bank and only accessible via a small skiff from the concrete, small						
Site Contact/s:	boat launch onsite (river right). There is a large gravel parking lot for staging. Property owner mentioned building a recreational center for hosting weddings onsite in the future.						
Terry Delamater							
(661) 205-9859	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers						
City of Bakersfield Water	Recreational Use: Private boat launch, private events						
Resources (661) 326-3716	Boat Launches: Small concrete boat launch on river right						
	ESI Shoreline Type: 4 Sandy bars and gently sloping banks; 8F Vegetated, steeply-sloping bluffs						

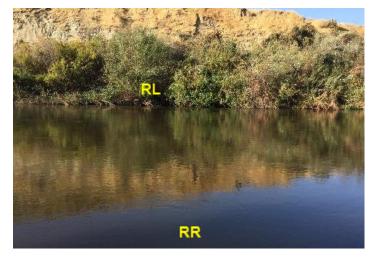
Site Images





Upstream

Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 10/25/2017

Page 2 of 3

Response Strategy Site: Delamater Boat Launch (KER-285)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil

Implementation: Deploy 400 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river right.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Small boat launch and gravel lot for staging boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks – would need the property owner's permission. Room for decontamination. No electricity and no restrooms onsite.



Table of Response Resources							
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	400 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	400 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling		
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in i shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		



Author: S. Paine Date Created: 06/12/2019

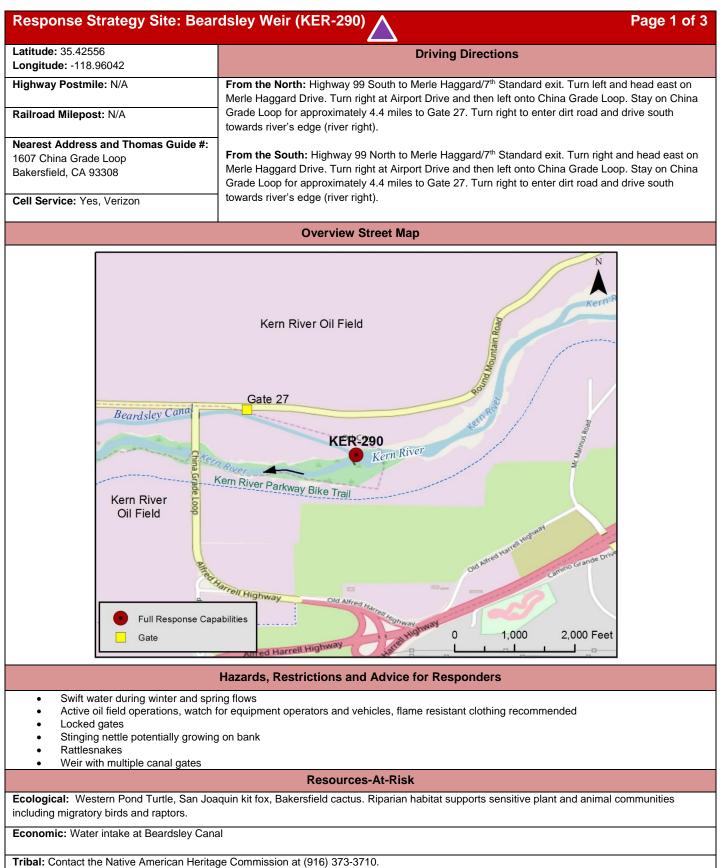
Division KER-KN-I

2 Kilometers

1⁄2

0

KERN RIVER GRP June 2019



Cultural and Historic: Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy	Site: Beardsley Weir (KER-290) Page 2 of 3
	Site Description and Field Notes
River Width: 130 meters (426 feet)	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-I-010
Gradient: Low	This site is located within Chevron North American Exploration and Production Company's active oil field within the Kern River Oil Field. Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. Access to
Site Contact/s:	river left is by taking China Grade Loop south over the river and entering Gate 8 on the left side of the road. Follow the road east to river's edge (river left). Chevron security would need to be contacted to enter property.
Chevron Security (661) 392-2425	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers
City of Bakersfield Water	Recreational Use: N/A
Resources (661) 326-3716	Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff on river left or river right ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures; 3B Exposed, eroding banks in unconsolidated sediments; 6B Riprap; 8F Vegetated, steeply-sloping bluffs; 9B Vegetated low banks

Site Images



Upstream

Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 06/07/2017

Response Strategy Site: Beardsley Weir (KER-290)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent oil from entering Beardsley Canal and Weir and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 600 ft. of containment boom upstream from the Beardsley Weir at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Direct river access for small skiff on river left or right. Limited room for staging boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks. Room for decontamination. Larger staging location available along lease road just south of Round Mountain Road. No electricity and no restrooms onsite.

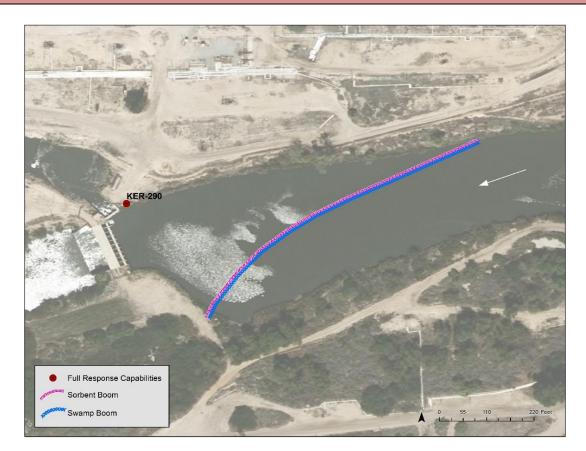
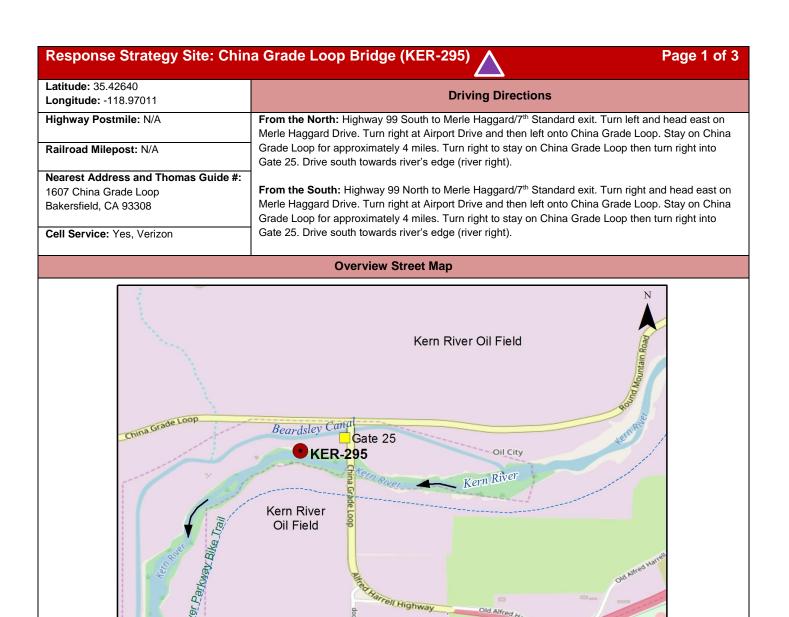


Table of Response Resources							
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	600 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	600 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling		
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in i shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		



Swift water during winter and spring flows Active oil field operations, watch for equipment operators and vehicles, flame resistant clothing recommended

Full Response Capabilities

- Locked gates
- Stinging nettle potentially growing on bank

Gate

- Rattlesnakes
- Weir with multiple canal gates
- Multiple pipe crossings 0.3 miles upstream

Resources-At-Risk

Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders

Ifred Harrell H

1,000

Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, San Joaquin kit fox, Bakersfield cactus, Panorama Vista Preserve. Riparian habitat supports sensitive plant and animal communities including migratory birds and raptors.

Economic: Rocky Point Weir water intake and Carrier Canal water intake 0.8 miles downstream

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. **Cultural and Historic:** Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

China

2,000 Feet

Response Strategy Site: China Grade Loop Bridge (KER-295)

	Site Description and Field Notes							
River Width: 85 meters (279 feet)	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-I-010							
Gradient: Medium	This site is located within Chevron North American Exploration and Production Company's active oil field within the							
	Kern River Oil Field. Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. Access river left by taking China Grade Loop south over the river and enter Gate 10. Continue west until you reach access road							
Site Contact/s:	on the right to reach river's edge (river left). Chevron security would need to be contacted to enter property.							
Chevron Security (661) 392-2425	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers							
	Recreational Use: N/A							
City of Bakersfield Water Resources	Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff on river left or river right							
(661) 326-3716	ESI Shoreline Type: 3B Exposed, eroding banks in unconsolidated sediments; 6B Riprap; 8F Vegetated, steeply- sloping bluffs; 9B Vegetated low banks							

Site Images



Upstream



Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 06/07/2017

Page 2 of 3

Response Strategy Site: China Grade Loop Bridge (KER-295)

Page 3 of 3

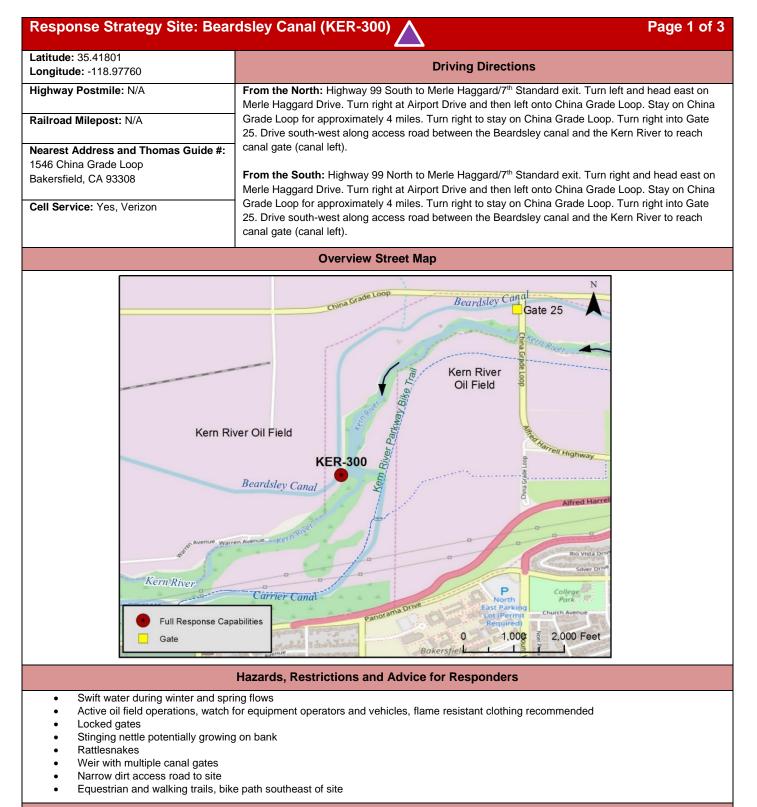
Site Objectives: Boom to prevent oil from entering Rocky Point Weir and Carrier Canal and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 600 ft. of containment boom at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river right upstream from the deployment boom.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Direct river access for small skiff on river left or right. Limited room for staging boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks. Room for decontamination. Larger staging locations along west side of China Grade Loop.



Table of Response Resources							
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	600 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	600 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling		
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in i shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optima for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		



Resources-At-Risk

Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, San Joaquin kit fox, Bakersfield cactus, Panorama Vista Preserve. Riparian habitat supports sensitive plant and animal communities including migratory birds and raptors.

Economic: Beardsley Canal Water Intake

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. **Cultural and Historic:** Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy	Site: Beardsley Canal (KER-300) Page 2 of 3				
Site Description and Field Notes					
River Width: 10 meters (30 feet) Gradient: High	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-I-015 This canal response site, adjacent to the Kern River, is located within Chevron North American Exploration and Description				
Site Contact/s: Chevron Security (661) 392-2425	Production Company's active oil field within the Kern River Oil Field. Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. Access to canal right is off Oilfield Service Road. Take Oilfield Service Road south from China Grade Loop and enter Gate 3. Continue south, then turn left to reach the west bank of the canal. Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers Recreational Use: N/A Boat Launches: N/A				
City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716					
	ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures				
Site Images					
*					





Upstream

Downstream



Straight Across

CR = Canal Right CL = Canal Left

Photo Date: 06/07/2017

Response Strategy Site: Beardsley Canal (KER-300)

Page 3 of 3

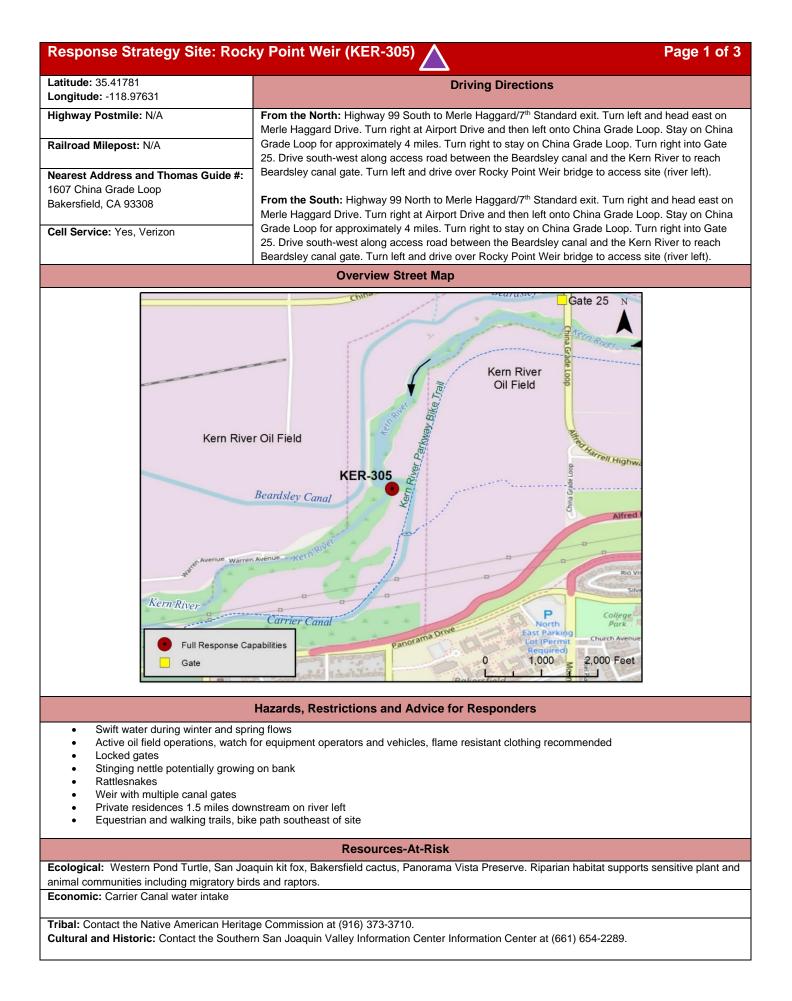
Site Objectives: Boom to prevent oil from entering Beardsley Weir and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 200 ft. of containment boom upstream from Beardsley Weir at an angle to prevent entrainment, using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on canal right. Rope for boom can be carried across weir bridge to canal left.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Room for staging boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks on dirt lot near canal right. Room for decontamination. Additional staging available along lease roads. No electricity and no restrooms onsite.



Table of Response Resources							
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	200 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	200 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling		
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	1	Midstream anchoring.		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		



Response Strategy Site: Rocky Point Weir (KER-305)

Site Description and Field Notes							
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-I-015						
110 meters (360 feet)							
Gradient: Medium	This site is located within Chevron North American Exploration and Production Company's active oil field within the Kern River Oil Field. Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. The most						
Site Contact/s:	feasible location for boom deployment and oil collection is on river left, north of Carrier Canal entrance. To access this location, take China Grade Loop south over the river. Turn right to enter Gate 10 in 0.4 miles. Continue west for						
Chevron Security (661) 392-2425	0.3 miles and turn left onto dirt access road. Follow road to river's edge (river left).						
City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers						
	Recreational Use: Equestrian and walking trails, bike path southeast of site						
Panorama Vista Preserve (661) 872-3569	Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff on river left or river right						
(001) 012 0000	ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures; 3B Exposed, eroding banks in unconsolidated						
	sediments; 8F Vegetated, steeply sloping bluffs; 9B Vegetated low banks						

Site Images



Page 2 of 3

Upstream





Response Strategy Site: Rocky Point Weir (KER-305)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent oil from entering Carrier Canal and Rocky Point Weir and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: <u>Boom A</u>: Deploy 600 ft. of containment boom upstream from Rocky Point Weir at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left. <u>Boom B</u>: Deploy 400 ft. of containment boom as secondary containment to protect Rocky Point Weir. <u>Boom C</u>: Deploy 200 ft. of containment boom across entrance to Carrier Canal to prevent oil from entering the canal.

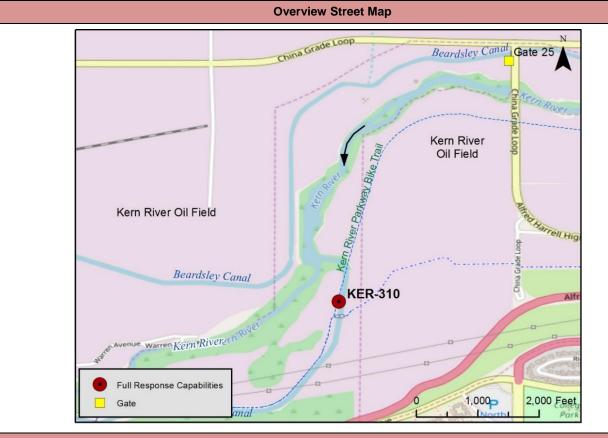
Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Direct river access for small skiff on river left or right. Limited room for staging boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks on river left. Room for decontamination. Larger staging location available along lease roads. No electricity and no restrooms onsite.



Table of Response Resources						
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments	
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	1200 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow. Boom A = 600-feet, Boom B = 400-feet, Boom C = 200-feet.	
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	1200 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling. Boom A = 600-feet, Boom B = 400-feet, Boom C = 200-feet.	
Stakes	Anchoring			18	3 stakes for each end of boom. Any boom with a "J" in its shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.	
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	4	Midstream anchoring for Boom A, B and C	
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.	
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optima for launching a skiff to deploy boom.	
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.	

Response Strategy Site: Carrier Canal Weir/Panorama Vista Preserve Intake (KER-310) Page 1 of 3

Latitude: 35.41627	Driving Directions
Longitude: -118.97562	
Highway Postmile: N/A	From the North: Highway 99 South to Merle Haggard/7 th Standard exit. Turn left and head east on Merle Haggard Drive. Turn right at Airport Drive and then left onto China Grade Loop. Stay on China
Railroad Milepost: N/A	Grade Loop for approximately 4 miles. Turn right to stay on China Grade Loop and then turn right into Gate 25. Drive south-west along access roads between the Beardsley canal and the Kern River and turn left to drive over Rocky Point Weir. Turn right and follow road along canal to site (canal right).
Nearest Address and Thomas Guide #:	
1607 China Grade Loop	From the South: Highway 99 North to Airport Drive exit. Turn right at Roberts Lane. Stay on Roberts
Bakersfield, CA 93308	Lane for approximately 1.5 miles to Manor Street; turn left to head north on Manor Street. Continue along Manor Street to China Grade Loop and turn right. Drive approximately 2.5 miles on China
Cell Service: Yes, Verizon	Grade Loop. Turn right to stay on China Grade Loop and then turn right into Gate 25. Drive south- west along access roads between the Beardsley canal and the Kern River and turn left to drive over Rocky Point Weir. Turn right and follow road along canal to site (canal right).



Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders

- Swift water during winter and spring flows
- Active oil field operations, watch for equipment operators and vehicles, flame resistant clothing recommended
- Locked gates
- Stinging nettle potentially growing on bank
- Rattlesnakes
- Weir with multiple canal gates
- Canal Outflow back into Kern River 1.1 miles downstream
- Equestrian and walking trails, bike path crosses canal immediately downstream of site

Resources-At-Risk

Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, San Joaquin kit fox, Bakersfield cactus. Panorama Vista Preserve. Riparian habitat supports sensitive plant and animal communities including migratory birds and raptors.

Economic: Water Intake for Panorama Vista Preserve

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. Cultural and Historic: Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy S	Site: Carrier Canal Weir/Panorama Vista Preserve Intake (KER-310) Page 2 of 3
	Δ
	Site Description and Field Notes
River Width: 30 meters (98 feet)	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-I-015
Gradient: Medium	This canal response site, adjacent to the Kern River, is located within the Panorama Vista Preserve, which is adjacent to the Chevron North American Exploration and Production Company's active oil field within the Kern River
Site Contact/s: Chevron Security (661) 392-2425 City of Bakersfield Water	Oil Field. Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. Access to canal left is by taking China Grade Loop south over the river. Turn right to enter Gate 10 in 0.4 miles. Continue west for 0.3 miles and turn left onto dirt access road. Follow road to river's edge (river left). Continue southwest along access road that parallels canal for approximately 1.3 miles to site (canal left).
Resources (661) 326-3716	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers
Panorama Vista Preserve (661) 872-3569	Recreational Use: Bike trail, equestrian and walking trails
(,	Boat Launches: Direct canal access, small skiff on canal left or canal right ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures; 3B Exposed, eroding banks in unconsolidated
	sediments; 8F Vegetated, steeply sloping bluffs; 9B Vegetated low banks





Upstream

Downstream



CR = Canal Right, CL = Canal Left

Intake Gate

Photo Date: 02/16/2018

Response Strategy Site: Carrier Canal Weir/Panorama Vista Preserve Intake (KER-310) Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent oil from entering Carrier Canal Weir and Panorama Vista Preserve Intake and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 200 ft. of containment boom upstream from Carrier Canal Weir and Panorama Vista Preserve intake at an angle to prevent entrainment, using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on canal right.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited room for staging boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks. Room for decontamination. Additional staging available along dirt access roads between bike path and river left. No electricity and no restrooms onsite.

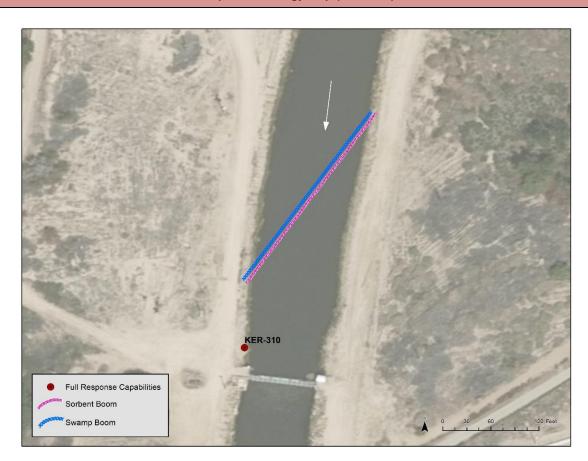
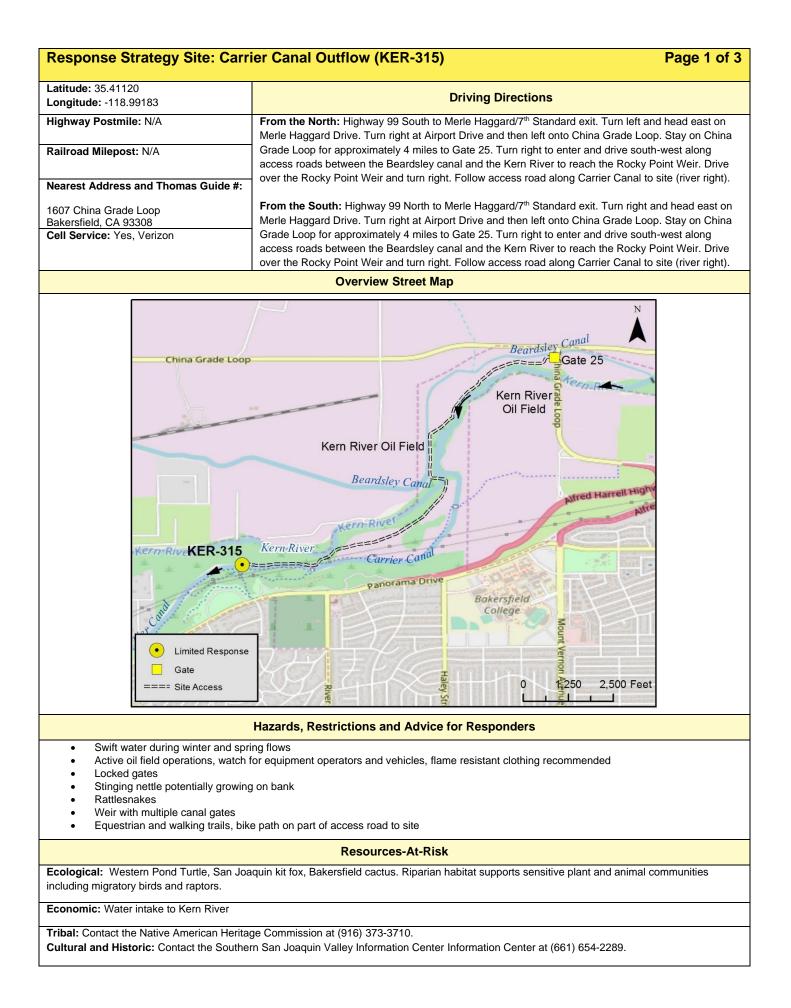


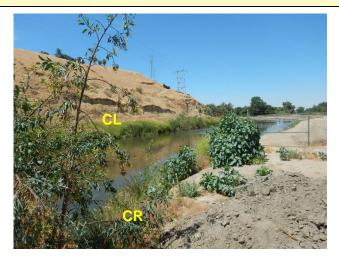
Table of Response Resources						
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments	
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	200 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow	
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	200 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling	
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in i shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.	
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	1	Midstream anchoring.	
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.	
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optima for launching a skiff to deploy boom.	
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.	



Response Strategy Site: Carrier Canal Outflow (KER-315) Page 2 of						
Site Description and Field Notes						
River Width: 30 meters (90 feet)	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-I-015					
Gradient: Medium	This canal response site, adjacent to the Kern River, is located within the Panorama Vista Preserve, which is adjacent to the Chevron North American Exploration and Production Company's active oil field within the Kern Rive					
Site Contact/s: Chevron Security (661) 392-2425	Oil Field. Multiple dirt access roads are present and often wind around active pumping units. Access to canal left is by taking China Grade Loop south over the river. Turn right to enter Gate 10 in 0.4 miles. Continue west for 0.3 mil and turn left onto dirt access road. Follow road to river's edge (river left). Continue south along access road to follow canal left to site (canal left).					
City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers. Site considered "Limited Response," due to narrow roads and access constraints.					
Panorama Vista Preserve (661) 872-3569	Recreational Use: Bike trail, equestrian and walking trails Boat Launches: Direct canal access, small skiff only from bank at canal right					
	ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures; 8F Vegetated, steeply sloping bluffs; 9B Vegetated low banks					

Site Images





Upstream

Downstream



Straight Across

Photo Date: 06/07/2017

Response Strategy Site: Carrier Canal Outflow (KER-315)

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent oil from entering Carrier Canal outflow and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: <u>Boom A</u>: Deploy 250 ft. of containment boom upstream from Carrier Canal outflow at an angle to prevent entrainment, using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on canal right. <u>Boom B</u>: Deploy 200 ft. of containment boom across the outflow to prevent from oiling.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited room for staging boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks. Room for decontamination. Additional staging available along dirt access roads between bike path and river left. No electricity and no restrooms onsite.

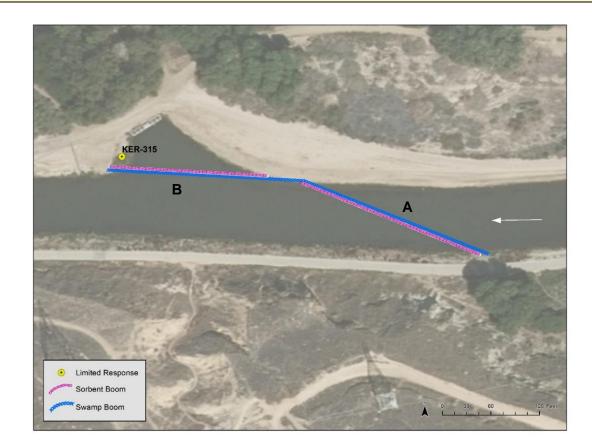
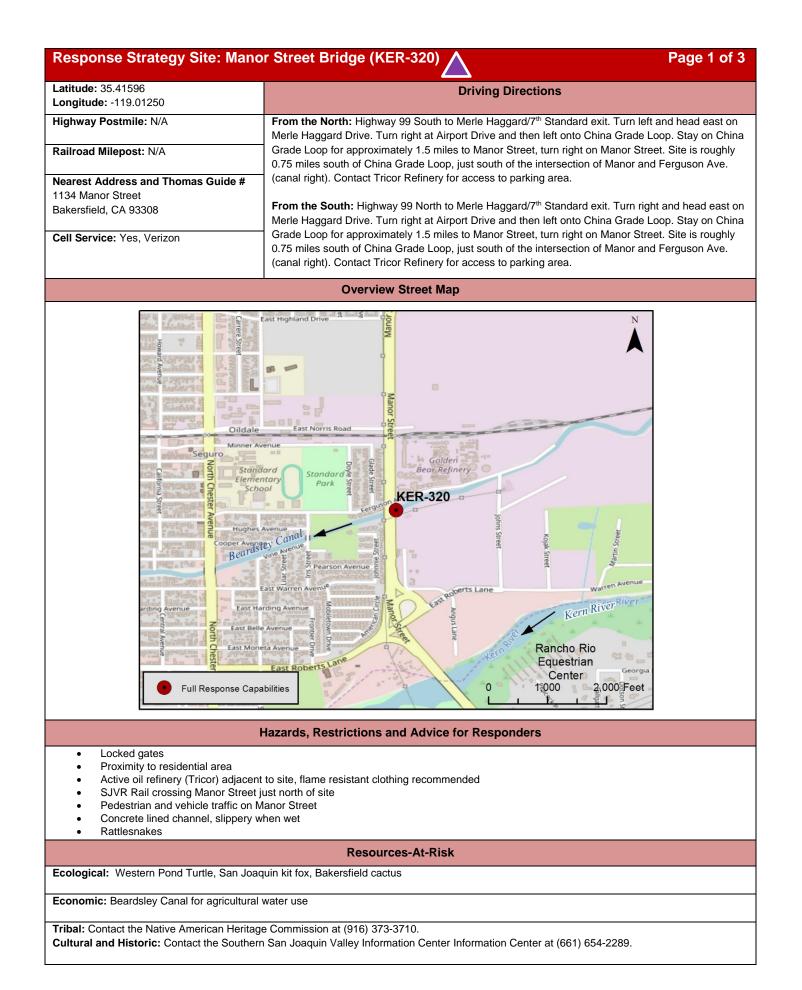


	Table of Response Resources					
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments	
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	450 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow. Boom A = 250-feet, Boom B = 200-feet	
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	450 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling. Boom A = 250-feet, Boom B = 200-feet	
Stakes	Anchoring			12	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in its shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.	
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring for Boom A and Boom B.	
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.	
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.	
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.	



Response Strategy Site: Manor Street Bridge (KER-320) Page 2 of						
Site Description and Field Notes						
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-I-020					
10 meters (30 feet)						
Gradient: Low	This canal response site, adjacent to the Kern River, is located just east of Manor Street and south of Tricor Refinery. Access to the site is through a locked gate just south of the refinery employee parking lot. City of					
Site Contact/s:	Bakersfield Water Resources would need to be contacted, as well as the refinery, prior to access. Watch traffic while turning into refinery or the dirt access road, use vehicle hazard lights.					
Chevron Security						
(661) 392-2425	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers					
City of Bakersfield Water Resources	Recreational Use: N/A					
(661) 326-3716	Boat Launches: N/A					
Tricor Refinery (661) 393-7110	ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures					

Site Images





Upstream

Downstream



CR = Canal Right CL = Canal Left

Straight Across

Photo Date: 06/08/2017

Response Strategy Site: Manor Street Bridge (KER-320)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent oil from continuing downstream of canal and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 200 ft. of containment boom upstream from oil collection point at an angle to prevent entrainment, using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on canal right.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited room for staging boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks. Room for decontamination. Additional staging available at Tricor Refining (Golden Bear) employee parking facility adjacent to site. No electricity and no restrooms onsite.

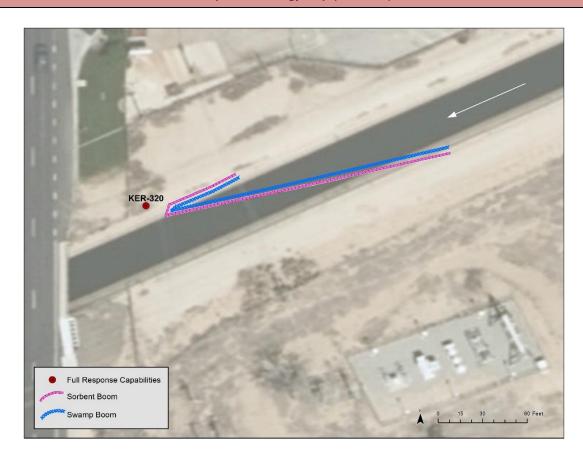
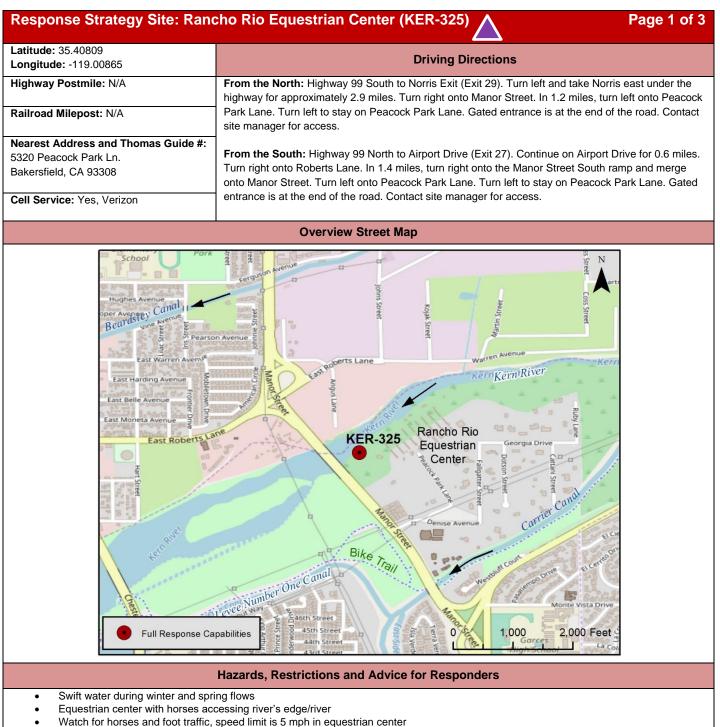


Table of Response Resources					
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	200 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	200 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in its shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	1	Midstream anchoring.
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.



- Steep banks heavily vegetated
- Stinging nettle potentially growing on bank
- Rattlesnakes
- Manor Street overpass just west of site

Resources-At-Risk

Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, San Joaquin kit fox, Bakersfield cactus. Riparian habitat supports sensitive plant and animal communities including migratory birds and raptors.

Economic: Equestrian center with stables for boarding horses

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. **Cultural and Historic:** Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Rancho Rio Equestrian Center (KER-325)

Site Description and Field Notes					
Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-I-020					
This site is located within the Rancho Rio Equestrian Center. There is a gate to the entrance with keypad access. Contact the site manager for gate code. Access to river right is possible by driving north on Manor Street and taking					
East Roberts Lane. Turn left at the stop sign and then right onto Angus Lane into the Robertson Stables. Follow dirt road south to the river. Water flow at this location can vary seasonally from high to no flow.					
Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers					
Recreational Use: Horseback riding, human contact					
Boat Launches: Direct river access. Small skiff at either river left or river right, river right is less steep					
ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures; 4 Sandy bars and gently sloping banks; 8F Vegetated, steeply-sloping bluffs; 9B Vegetated low banks					

Site Images



Upstream



Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 11/15/2017

Page 2 of 3

Response Strategy Site: Rancho Rio Equestrian Center (KER-325)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 400 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing trees as existing anchor points or using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left. Shallow boat launch location on river right.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Staging on river left. Room for boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks. Restrooms and electricity available at the Rancho Rio Equestrian Center, would need to get property owner's permission.



Table of Response Resources						
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments	
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	400 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow	
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	400 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling	
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in i shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.	
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.	
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.	
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.	
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.	

Response Strategy Site: Carrier Canal Endpoint (KER-330)

Page 1 of 3

Latitude: 35.40065 Longitude: -119.00638	Driving Directions				
Highway Postmile: N/A Railroad Milepost: N/A Nearest Address and Thomas Guide #: 121 Manor Street Bakersfield, CA 93308 Cell Service: Yes, Verizon	 From the North: Highway 99 South to Merle Haggard/7th Standard exit. Turn left and head east on Merle Haggard Drive. Turn right at Airport Drive and then left onto China Grade Loop. Stay on China Grade Loop for approximately 1.5 miles to Manor Street, turn right on Manor St. Continue driving south on Manor Street and turn right at Peacock Park Lane to enter a parking lot for the Kern River Parkway Bike Trail. Drive southeast along the bike trail until you reach the levee road, use that road to access canal right and canal left. From the South: Highway 99 North to Airport Drive exit. Continue straight on Airport Drive, turn right on to Roberts Lane. Turn right onto the Manor Street South ramp. Continue driving south on Manor Street and turn right at Peacock Park Lane to enter a parking lot for the Kern River rail. Drive southeast along the bike trail on the levee road, use that road to access canal right at Peacock Park Lane to enter a parking lot for the Kern River rail. Drive southeast along the bike trail on the Manor Street South ramp. Continue driving south on Manor Street and turn right at Peacock Park Lane to enter a parking lot for the Kern River Parkway Bike Trail. Drive southeast along the bike trail until you reach the levee road, use that road to access canal right and canal left. 				
	Overview Street Map				
Ren Ball	0 1,000 2;000 Feet				
Swift water during winter and spr	Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders ing flows				
 Locked gates Weir with multiple canal gates Multiplex residential dwelling adjated 					

- Multiplex residential dwelling adjacent to site
- Bicycles and pedestrians on bike path
- Rattlesnakes
- Steep canal banks

Resources-At-Risk

Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, San Joaquin kit fox. Riparian habitat supports sensitive plant and animal communities including migratory birds and raptors.

Economic: Water intakes for East Side Canal, Kern Island Canal and Carrier Canal.

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. Cultural and Historic: Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Carrier Canal Endpoint (KER-330) Page 2						
	Site Description and Field Notes					
River Width: 30 meters (98 feet)	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-I-025					
Gradient: Medium	This site is located where the Carrier Canal branches and the southern canals become the East Side Canal and Kern Island Canal. Carrier Canal heads north and then turns west. Multiple gates are present along the canals					
Site Contact/s:	access roads. The City of Bakersfield Water Resources would need to be contacted to access the site.					
City of Bakersfield Water Resources	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers					
(661) 326-3716	Recreational Use: Bike and pedestrian trail					
	Boat Launches: N/A					
	ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures					

Site Images





Upstream

Downstream



Straight Across

CR = Canal Right CL = Canal Left

Photo Date: 06/08/2017

Response Strategy Site: Carrier Canal Endpoint (KER-330)

Page 3 of 3

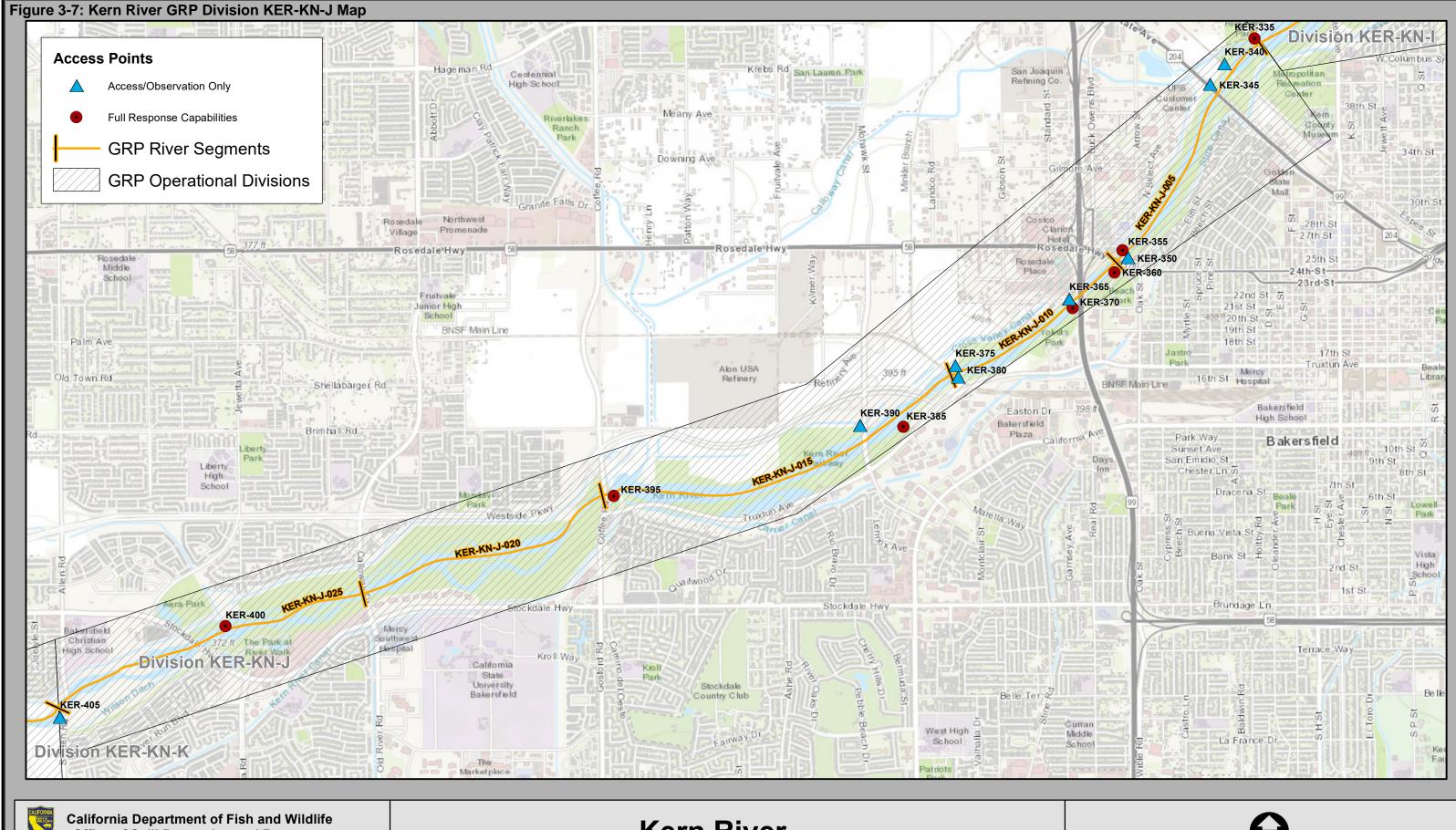
Site Objectives: Boom to prevent oil from continuing downstream of canal and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 200 ft. of containment boom upstream from oil collection point at an angle to prevent entrainment, using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on canal left.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited room for staging boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks. Room for decontamination. Additional staging available at bike path parking lot on west side of Manor Street. No restrooms or electricity onsite.



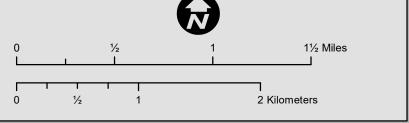
Table of Response Resources					
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	200 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	200 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	1	Midstream anchoring for Boom A
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.



California Department of Fish and Wildlife **Office of Spill Prevention and Response**

Data Source: CDFW-OSPR Requestor: Central FRT Author: S. Paine Date Created: 06/18/2019

Kern River Geographic Response Plan Division KER-KN-J



KERN RIVER GRP June 2019

Response Strategy Site: Calloway Weir (KER-335)

Response Strategy Site: Call	bway weir (KER-335)			
Latitude: 35.39987 Longitude: -119.02690	Driving Directions			
Highway Postmile: N/A	From the North: Highway 99 South to Merle Haggard/7 th Standard exit. Turn left and head east on Merle Haggard Drive. Turn right at Airport Drive and head south to Roberts Lane. Turn left on Roberts			
Railroad Milepost: N/A	Lane. Head east on Roberts Lane, turn right on Oildale Drive. Head south on Oildale Drive, turn left a Willow Drive to access Riverview Park. Alternatively, continue south on Oildale Drive to the maintenance road along the north bank of the Calloway canal (river right). Access river left by crossin			
Nearest Address and Thomas Guide #: 401 Willow Drive Bakersfield, CA 93308	the weirs and driving along the bike path. City of Bakersfield Water Resources would need to be contacted to unlock gate (661) 326-3716.			
Cell Service: Yes, Verizon	From the South: Highway 99 North to Airport Drive exit. Continue straight on Airport Drive, turn right on to Roberts Lane. Head east on Roberts Lane, turn right on Oildale Drive. Head south on Oildale Drive, turn left at Willow Drive to access Riverview Park. Alternatively, continue south on Oildale Drive to the maintenance road along the north bank of the Calloway canal (river right). Access river left by crossing the weirs and driving along the bike path. City of Bakersfield Water Resources would need to be contacted to unlock gate (661) 326-3716.			
	Overview Street Map			
Rings Lane August State Nature August State Nature State N	Huskey Drive Beartsbury Averue Willow Drive Scanore Drive Scanore Drive Nutrive Rate Carbon Conter Carbon Conter C			
	Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders			
 Swift water during winter and spr Locked gates Weirs with multiple canal gates Bicycles and pedestrians on bike Rattlesnakes Steep sandy banks Homeless encampments in the a Equestrian riding with stables in t UP rail crossing immediately dow 	rea the area			
	Resources-At-Risk			

Λ

Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, Bakersfield Legless Lizard, San Joaquin kit fox, Bakersfield cactus. Riparian habitat supports sensitive plant and animal communities including migratory birds and raptors.

Economic: Water intakes for Calloway Canal and Weir for Kern River, sporting events at Riverview Park.

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710.

Cultural and Historic: Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Calloway Weir (KER-335) Page 2 of 3 Site Description and Field Notes						
Gradient: Low	This site is located just south of the Riverview Park. Access to the site is through the parking lot to the river's edge or through a gate on the maintenance road off Oildale Drive. Homeless encampments exist in the park and river areas.					
Site Contact/s:	Horse stables are present and equestrian trails are along the river right. Access river left from the bike trail on southbound Chester Ave and follow west to site. Water flow at this location can vary seasonally from high to no flow.					
City of Bakersfield Water Resources	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers					
(661) 326-3716	Recreational Use: Bike and pedestrian trail, equestrian trail, baseball field at park					
	Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff at either river left or river right					
	ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures; 3B Exposed, eroding banks in unconsolidated sediments; 4 Sandy bars and gently sloping banks; 9B Vegetated low banks					

Site Images



RI

Upstream





Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 06/08/2017

Response Strategy Site: Calloway Weir (KER-335)

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent oil from entering Calloway Weir and Kern River Weir and allow for collection of oil.

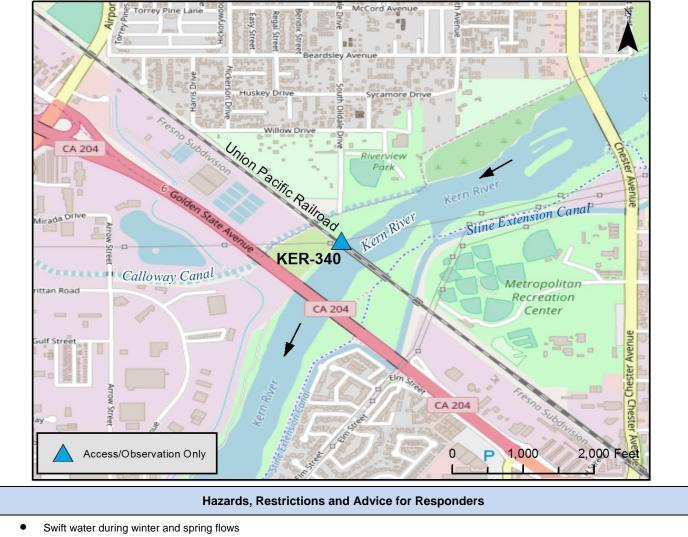
Implementation: <u>Boom A</u>: Deploy 400 ft. of containment boom upstream from Calloway Weir at an angle to prevent entrainment, using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be between Calloway Weir and Kern River Weir. <u>Boom B</u>: Deploy 700 ft. of containment boom to protect Kern River Weir and Carrier Canal Weir at an angle to prevent entrainment, using anchoring stakes.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited staging on river right. A small vacuum truck and small trucks could use the space, but it is limited. Larger staging location is at the Riverview Park parking lot. Electricity and restrooms are available at the park. Room for decontamination.



Table of Response Resources					
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	1100 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow. Boom A = 400-feet, Boom B = 700-feet.
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	400 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling. Boom A = 400-feet
Stakes	Anchoring			12	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in its shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	3	Midstream anchoring.
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.

Access/Observation Site: UP Rail Kern River Crossing (KER-340) Page 1 of 2 Latitude: 35.39742 **Driving Directions** Longitude: -119.02964 Highway Post Mile: N/A From the North: Take Highway 99 South to Olive Drive. Exit Olive Drive and turn left. Turn right on Roberts Lane, then right onto Chester Avenue. Turn right onto the Kern River Parkway Bike Path (after river crossing on right hand side). Follow the bike path until the Railroad Milepost: UPRR 310.35 first river crossing (dirt road). Turn right and cross the first bridge, then take an immediate left. Follow this dirt path to the railroad crossing. Nearest Address and Thomas Guide #: N/A From the South: Take Highway 99 North to Airport Drive. Exit Airport Drive toward Oildale, then turn right onto Roberts Lane. Turn right onto Chester Avenue, and turn right onto the Kern River Parkway Bike Path (after river crossing on right hand side). Follow the bike path Cell Service: Yes, Verizon until the first river crossing (dirt road). Turn right and cross the first bridge, then take an immediate left. Follow this dirt path to the railroad crossing. River Right Access: Refer to above directions, but instead of crossing the river at the dirt road, continue along the bike path to the railroad crossing. **Overview Street Map**



- Railroad bridge crosses river
- Trip and fall hazards, slippery when wet
- Homeless encampment under railroad crossing and adjacent freeway overpass
- Biological hazards (e.g., poison oak, rattlesnakes)

Access/Observation Site: UP Rail Kern River Crossing (KER-340)

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-J-005

This is a high-risk location due to Union Pacific Railroad crossing over the Kern River. It is also a high public use area due to its location near public parks, residential areas, and the Kern River Parkway Bike Trail. Multiple user created trails parallel the river, but serious caution should be taken if performing surveys along the shorelines for safety reasons.

Site Images

Site Contact/s: City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716, UPPR 1-888-UPRRCOP (877-7267)





Upstream

Downstream

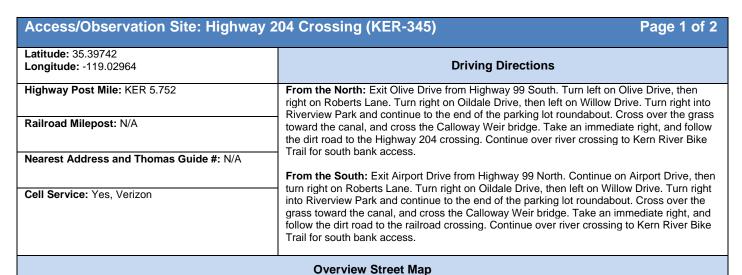


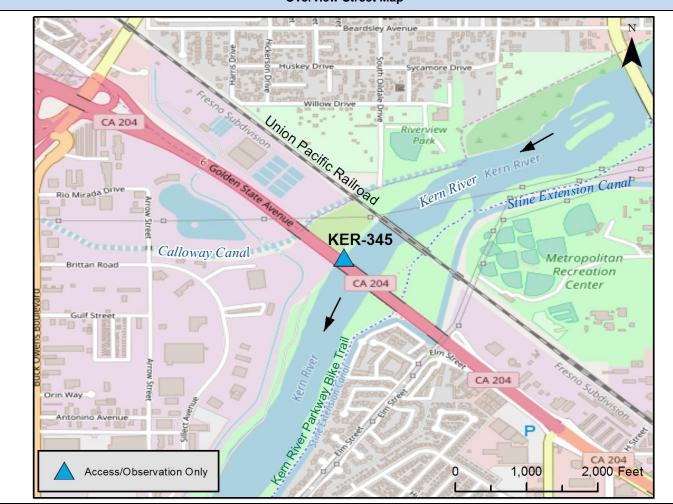
Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 07/11/2017

Page 2 of 2





Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders

- Swift water during winter and spring flows
- UP railroad bridge crossing upriver
- Trip and fall hazards, slippery when wet
- Homeless encampment under railroad crossing and adjacent freeway overpass
- Biological hazards (e.g., poison oak, rattlesnakes)

Access/Observation Site: Highway 204 Crossing (KER-345)

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-J-005

This is a high risk location due to upriver UP railroad crossing and Highway 204 crossing. It is also a high public use area due to its location near public parks, residential areas, and the Kern River Parkway Bike Trail. Multiple user-created trails parallel the river, but serious caution should be taken if performing surveys along the shorelines for safety reasons.

Site Contact/s: City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716, UPPR 1-888-UPRRCOP (877-7267)



Upstream Photo Date: 03/01/2018



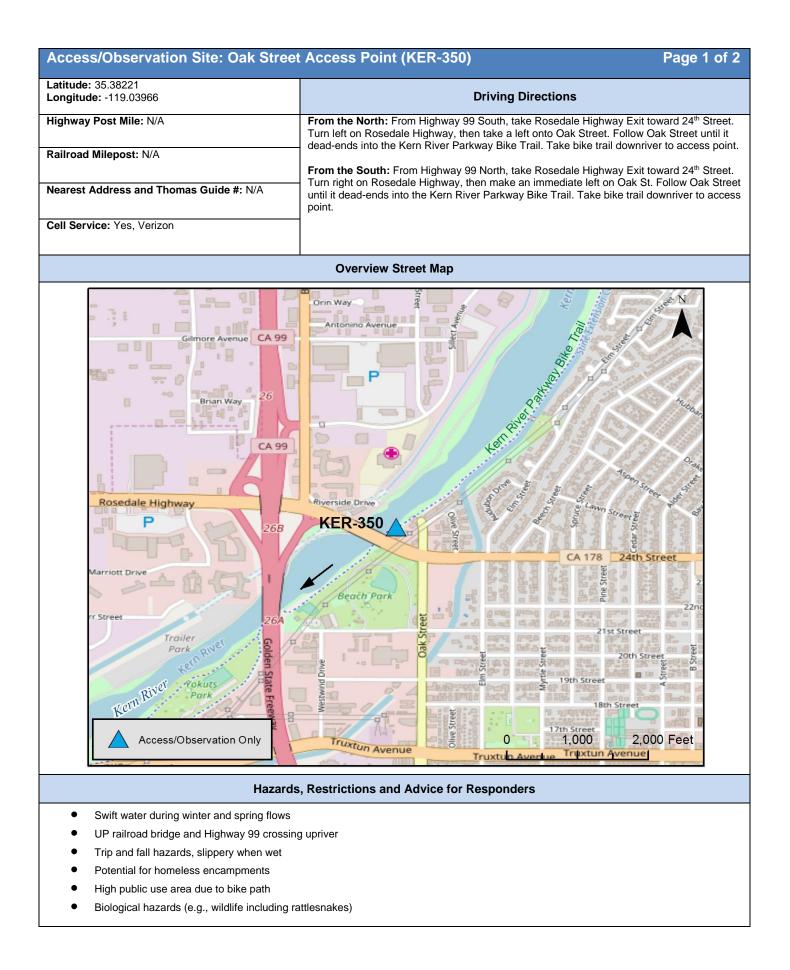
Downstream Photo Date: 03/01/2018



Straight Across Photo Date: 07/11/2017

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Page 2 of 2



Access/Observation Site: Oak Street Access Point (KER-350)

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-J-005

The Oak Street Access Point is up-river of the Highway 178 river crossing, and across the river from the EZ-8 Motel. The Kern River Parkway Bike Trail provides easy access to the river's edge. A site strategy has been identified across the river at the Riverside Drive location. Multiple user-created trails parallel the river, but serious caution should be taken if performing surveys along the shorelines for safety reasons.

Site Contact/s: City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716, Kern County Sherriff (661) 861-3110



Upstream

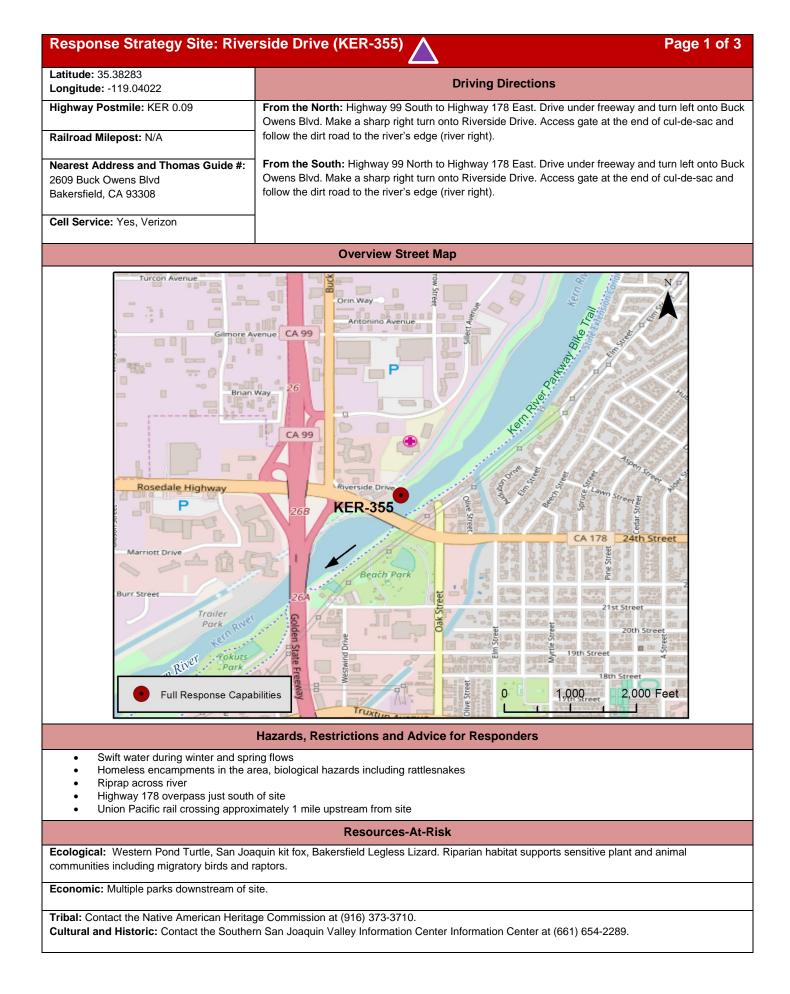
Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 03/01/2018



Response Strategy	Site: Riverside Drive (KER-355	Page 2 of 3			
	Site Description	and Field Notes			
River Width: 76 meters	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-J-005				
(249 feet) Gradient: Low Site Contact/s:	This site is located just south of the Starlite Motel. Access to river left is possible by taking Highway 178 East to Oak Street (North) and accessing the bike path at the end of the cul-de-sac. Homeless encampments exist in this location				
Site Contact's: City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716 Kern County Sherriff (661) 861-3110	 on both sides of the river. Water flow at this location can vary seasonally from high to no flow. Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers Recreational Use: human contact Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff only from bank at river right ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures; 4 Sandy bars and gently sloping banks; 5 Mixed sand and gravel bars and gently sloping banks; 6B Riprap; 8F Vegetated, steeply-sloping bluffs; 9B Vegetated low 				
	banks				
	Site I	nages			
RR	09.07.2017.07.17				
Upstream		Downstream			



RR = River Right RL = River Left

Straight Across

Photo Date: 09/07/2017

Response Strategy Site: Riverside Drive (KER-355)

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil

Implementation: Deploy 500 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river right.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Staging for boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks at cul-de-sac. Room for decontamination. Starlite motel could serve as a command center with restrooms and electricity.

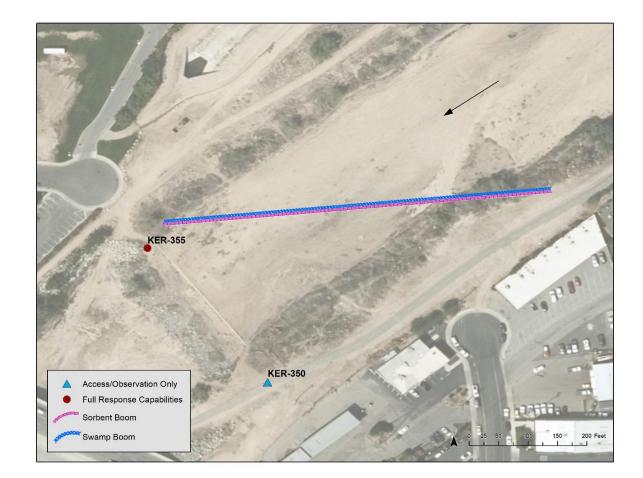
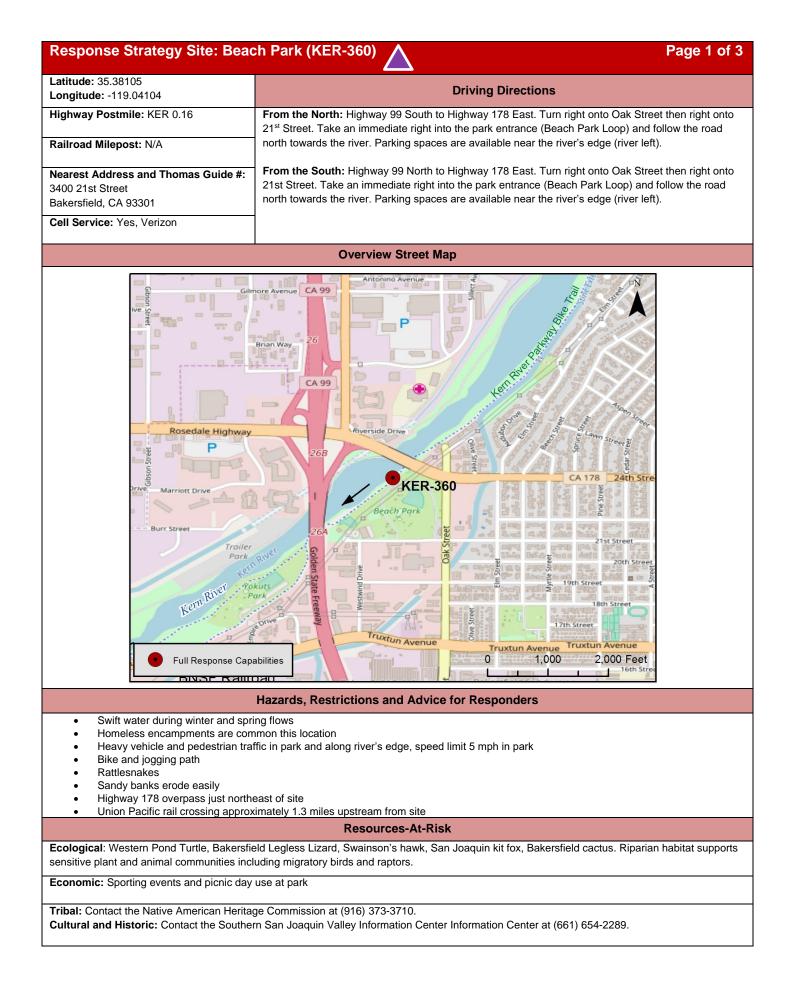


			Table of	Response Res	sources
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	500 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	500 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.



Response Strategy Site: Beach Park (KER-360)

Site Description and Field Notes Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-J-010 River Width: 91 meters (298 feet) Gradient: Low This site is located adjacent to the Beach Park, which is managed by the City of Bakersfield Site Contact/s: Recreation and Parks Department. Access on river right obtained by taking dirt access road at Riverside Drive and following south under Highway 178 overpass. Heavy vehicle and Kern County Parks and Recreation pedestrian traffic are present. A bike path is also located between the parking lot and the river. Water flow at this location can vary seasonally from high to no flow. Primary: Carl Brewer, (661) 342-8339 Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers Secondary: Isaac Preston, (661) 432-6550 Recreational Use: Human contact, sports and picnicking at park, bike path along river Secondary: Matt Howard, Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff only from bank at river left (661) 345-7175 ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures; 4 Sandy bars and gently sloping banks; 9B Vegetated low banks City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716

Site Images





Upstream





RR = River Right RL = River Left

Straight Across

Photo Date: 07/11/2017

Page 2 of 3

Response Strategy Site: Beach Park (KER-360)

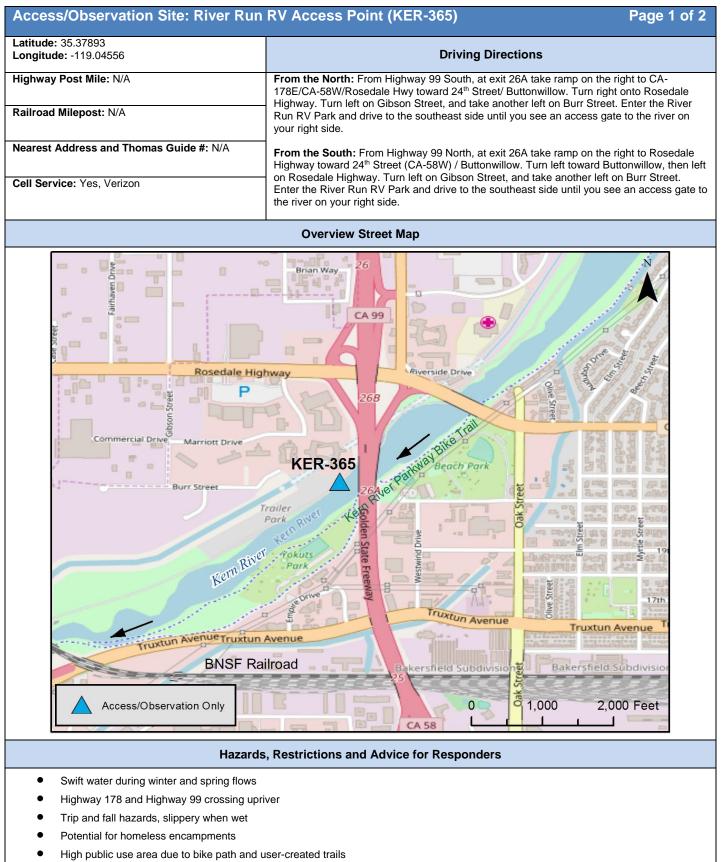
Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 700 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left along bike path.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Beach Park has staging for boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks – would need the city's permission. Room for decontamination. Electricity and restrooms onsite.



Table of Response Resources							
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	700 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	700 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling		
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in i shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optima for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		



• Biological hazards (e.g., wildlife including rattlesnakes)

Access/Observation Site: River Run RV Access Point (KER-365)

Page 2 of 2

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-J-010

Provides vehicle access to the north side of the Kern River (river right) between Highway 99 and the BNSF Railroad crossing. Vehicle access ends just before the BNSF Railroad crossing, approximately 1 mile down-river of the River Run RV Access Point gate. Responders must contact River Run RV Park staff to open gate for access to the riverbank, however in the event of an emergency call the Kern County Sherriff's Department for emergency access.

Site Contact/s: River Run RV Park (661) 377-3600, City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716





Upstream

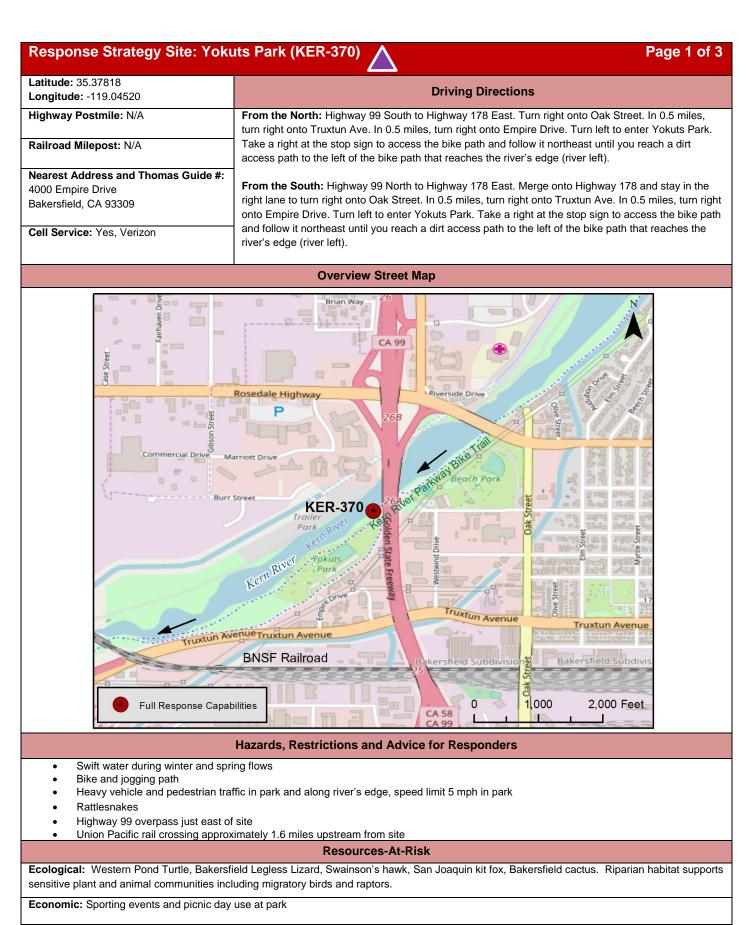
Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 09/07/2017



Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. Cultural and Historic: Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Yokuts Park (KER-370)

Site Description and Field Notes **River Width:** Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-J-010 67 meters (220 feet) This site is located by accessing the bike path at Yokuts Park, which is managed by the City Gradient: Low of Bakersfield Recreation and Parks Department. Access to the river right is achieved Site Contact/s: through the River Run RV Park, located off Burr Street. Water flow at this location can vary Kern County Parks and Recreation seasonally from high to no flow. Primary: Carl Brewer, (661) 342-8339 Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers Secondary: Isaac Preston, Recreational Use: Human contact, sports and picnicking at park, bike path along river (661) 432-6550 Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff from bank at river left Secondary: Matt Howard, (661) 345-7175 ESI Shoreline Type: 1A Exposed rocky banks; 4 Sandy bars and gently sloping banks; 9B Vegetated low banks City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716

Site Images





Upstream





RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 07/11/2017

Page 2 of 3

Response Strategy Site: Yokuts Park (KER-370)

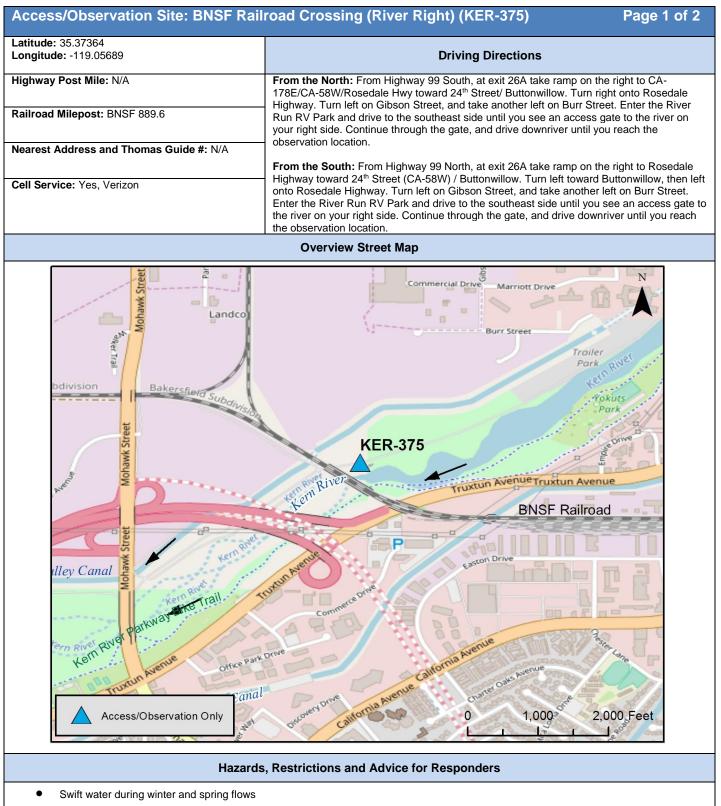
Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 700 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left along river's edge.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Yokuts Park has staging for boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks – would need the city's permission. Room for decontamination. Electricity and restrooms onsite.



Table of Response Resources							
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	700 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	700 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling		
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in i shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optima for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		



- Highway 178 and Highway 99 crossing upriver
- Trip and fall hazards, slippery when wet
- Potential for homeless encampments
- High public use area due to bike path and user-created trails
- Biological hazards (e.g., wildlife including rattlesnakes)

Access/Observation Site: BNSF Railroad Crossing (River Right) (KER-375)

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-J-010

This access location and observation point is located river right. Vehicle access under the railroad bridge is restricted as the trail is too narrow and the bridge is too low. Access to the down-river side of the railroad on river right is possible through a gate located on Mohawk Street (see Mohawk Street Access/Observation Site page). This location is ideal for observation and access for SCAT teams.

Site Images

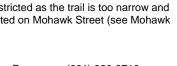
Site Contact/s: BNSF Railway 1-(800) 832-5452; River Run RV Park (661) 377-3600; City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716

Upstream

Downstream

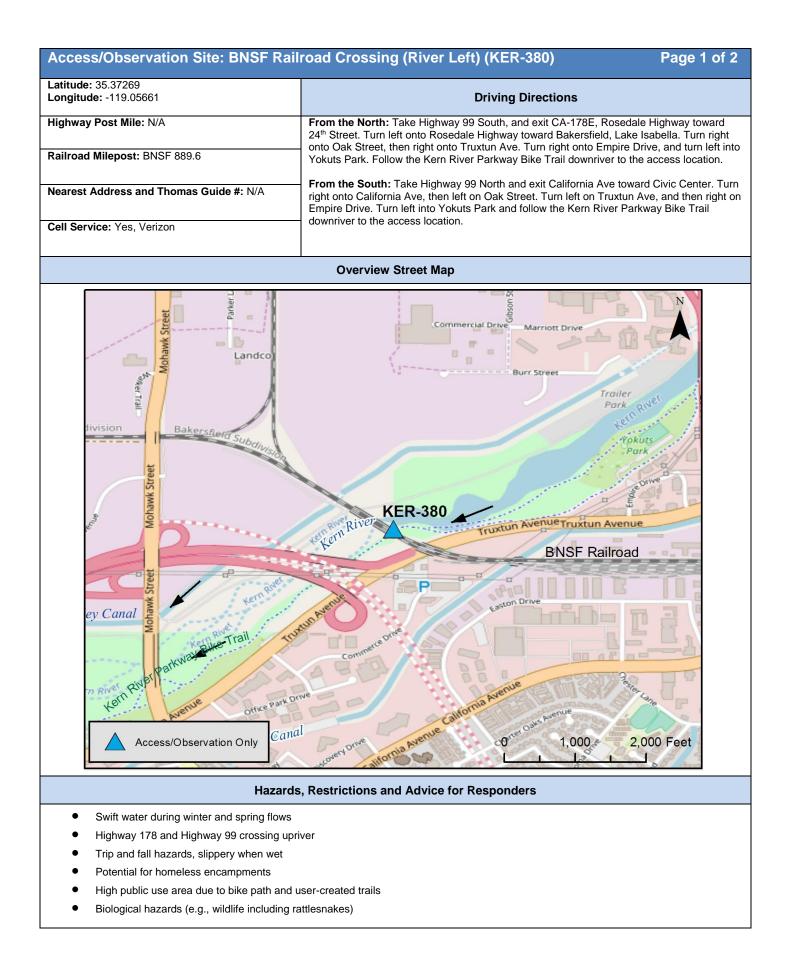








Page 2 of 2



Access/Observation Site: BNSF Railroad Crossing (River Left) (KER-380)

Page 2 of 2

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-J-010

This observation point is located river left and is located adjacent to the Kern River Parkway Bike Path. There are multiple hazards located in the immediate vicinity, including private oil leases, Highway 99 upriver, and Westside Parkway and Mohawk Street Crossing downriver. The BNSF Railroad crosses the river at this location as well. Use caution when driving along bike path and while surveying due to multiple potential hazards.

Site Contact/s: BNSF Railway (800) 832-5452; City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716



Upstream



Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 07/11/2017

Response Strategy Site: Kern	River Parkway Park (KER-385)	Page 1 of 3
Latitude: 35.36870	Driving Directions	
Longitude: -119.06211		
Highway Postmile: N/A	From the North: Highway 99 South to California Ave. toward Civic Center California Ave and continue for approximately 1 mile. Turn right onto Moha	wk Street and then right
Railroad Milepost: N/A	onto Truxtun Ave. In approximately 0.4 miles, enter left turn lane to access parking lot, turn right onto dirt access road, crossing bike path, to river's edu	
Nearest Address and Thomas Guide #:		
1500 Commercial Way	From the South: Highway 99 North to California Ave. toward Civic Center	
Bakersfield, CA 93309	California Ave and continue for approximately 1 mile. Turn right onto Mohar onto Truxtun Ave. In approximately 0.4 miles, enter left turn lane to access	-
Cell Service: Yes, Verizon	parking lot, turn right onto dirt access road, crossing bike path, to river's ed	
	Overview Street Map	
	Particular land of the part Drive of the part Dr	N Avenue Bi Drive Drive Drive
	Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders	
 Swift water during winter and spri Bike and jogging path 	ing flows	
,	ffic in park and along river's edge, speed limit 5 mph in park	
Rattlesnakes		
Highway 99 overpass 1.3 miles u		
 BNSF rail crossing approximately Bakarefield refinent (idle) 0.5 mile 		
 Bakersfield refinery (idle) 0.5 mile Several oil well pads just northeast 		
	Resources-At-Risk	
Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, Bakersfi sensitive plant and animal communities incl	eld Legless Lizard, Swainson's Hawk, San Joaquin kit fox, Bakersfield cactus uding migratory birds and raptors.	s. Riparian habitat supports
Economic: Picnic day use at park		
Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritag		

Cultural and Historic: Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Kern River Parkway Park (KER-385)

ation/Segment: KER-KN-J-015
ia adiagant ta Tuuntun Aug. Tha Mastaida Daduunu ia instananth af tha aita. Agagan muna right
is a discout to Truntum Area. The Westeride Deducer is just next hof the site. Assess river right
is adjacent to Truxtun Ave. The Westside Parkway is just north of the site. Access river right Mohawk Street north and taking a right onto a canal access road just north of the river. City
field Water Resources would need to be contacted to unlock gate. Water flow at this an vary seasonally from high to no flow.
r Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers
onal Use: Human contact, picnicking at park, bike path along river
Inches: Direct river access, small skiff only from bank at river left
eline Type: 3B Exposed, eroding banks in unconsolidated sediments; 4 Sandy bars and ping banks; 6B Riprap; 9B Vegetated low banks

Site Images





Upstream

Downstream

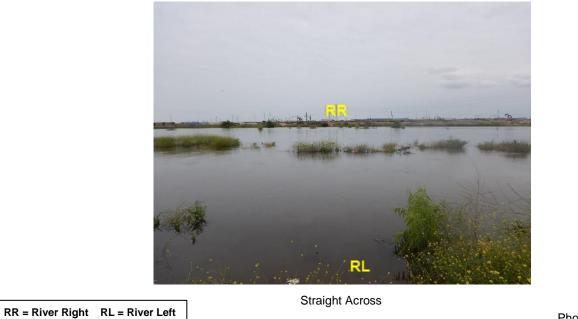


Photo Date: 05/28/2019

Response Strategy Site: Kern River Parkway Park (KER-385)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil.

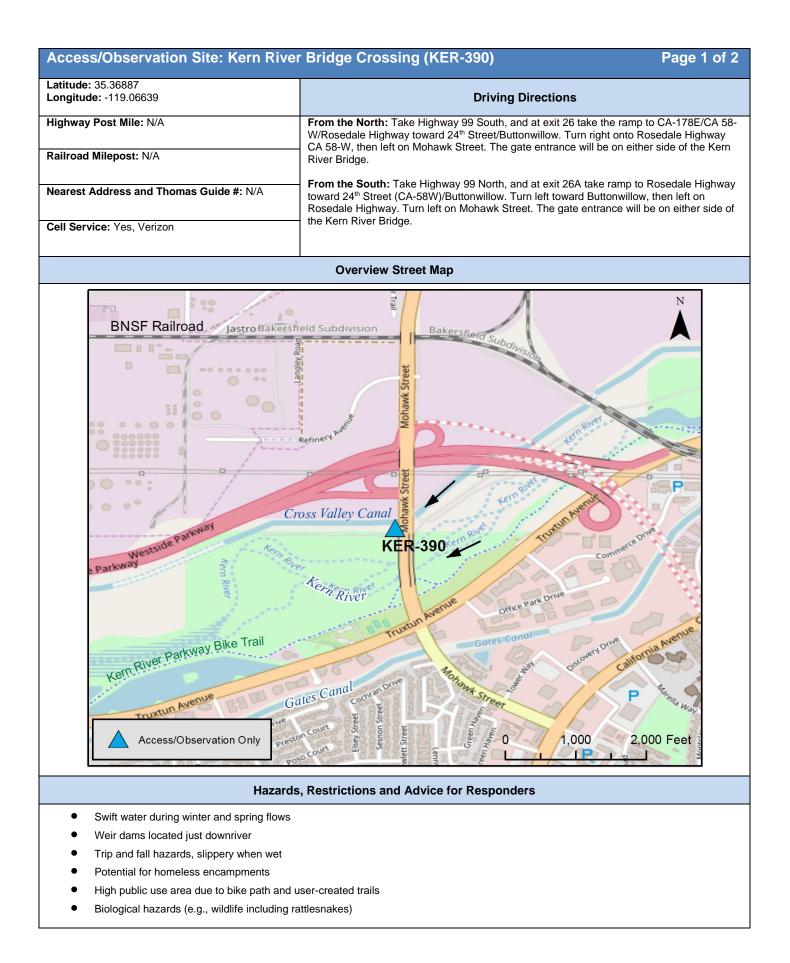
Implementation: Deploy 800 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left along bike path.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Kern River Parkway Park has staging for boom trucks, trailer, vacuum trucks and temporary storage tanks – would need the city's permission. Room for decontamination. No restrooms or electricity onsite.



Table of Response Resource	Tab	le of	Respon	se Res	ources
----------------------------	-----	-------	--------	--------	--------

Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	800 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow.
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in its shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring.
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.



Access/Observation Site: Kern River Bridge Crossing (KER-390)

Page 2 of 2

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-J-015

This location provides access to the north side of the river (river right) between the BNSF Railroad Crossing and the Friant/Kern Canal just before Coffee Road. This section of the river can only be accessed through locked gates off Mohawk Street. If access is necessary, contact the Kern County Sherriff's Department, or the phone number on the sign posted on gates.

Site Contact/s: Kern County Sherriff (661) 861-3110; City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716



Upstream

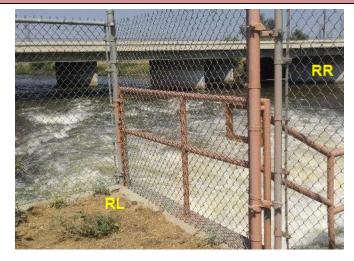
Downstream



Latitude: 35.36333		
	Driving Directions	
.ongitude: -119.09084	Driving Directions	
lighway Postmile: N/A Railroad Milepost: N/A	From the North: Highway 99 South to CA-178E/CA 58-W/Rosedale H Street/Buttonwillow (Exit 26). Turn right onto Rosedale Highway CA 58 turn left onto Coffee Road. In approximately 2.4 miles turn left onto Tru	3-W. In approximately 2.6 miles
Cantoau Milepost. N/A	gate on the north side of Truxtun Ave., approximately 1/10 of a mile ea	ast of Coffee Road. If gate is
learest Address and Thomas Guide #:	_ locked, contact City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716.	
00 Coffee Road Bakersfield, CA 93309	From the South: Highway 99 North, to Rosedale Highway toward 24 th Turn left toward Buttonwillow (Exit 26A), then left on Rosedale Highwa turn left onto Coffee Road. In approximately 2.4 miles turn left onto Tru gate on the north side of Truxtun Ave., approximately 1/10 of a mile ea	ay. In approximately 2.6 miles, uxtun Ave. Look for a chain link
Cell Service: Yes, Verizon	locked, contact City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716.	
	Overview Street Map	
Brimhall Road	Road Offee Road - Westeide Parkway	West
Fox Run Driv Fox Run Driv Fox Creek Court Sand Fox Court	KER-395 KER-395 Kern River Parkway Bik Gates Cahal New Hull Road Deg Job Charles Cahal Deg Job Charles Cahal Deg Job Charles Cahal New Hull Road Deg Job Charles Cahal Deg Job Charles	te Trail verue
Full Response C		,000 Feet
Full Response C	Jale Highway Stockdale Highway	,000 Feet
	Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders	,000 Feet
 Swift water during winter and sp Bike and jogging path Locked gate with dirt access roa Rattlesnakes Coffee Road overpass just west Multiple canal gates at this locat BNSF rail crossing approximatel Heavy traffic on Truxtun Avenue 	Jale Highway Stockdale Highway T Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders ring flows ad to river's edge of site ion by 2 miles upstream from site by 2 miles	,000 Feet
 Swift water during winter and sp Bike and jogging path Locked gate with dirt access roa Rattlesnakes Coffee Road overpass just west Multiple canal gates at this locat BNSF rail crossing approximatel Heavy traffic on Truxtun Avenue 	Jale Highway Stockdale Highway T Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders ring flows ad to river's edge of site tion ly 2 miles upstream from site	.000 Feet
 Swift water during winter and sp Bike and jogging path Locked gate with dirt access roa Rattlesnakes Coffee Road overpass just west Multiple canal gates at this locat BNSF rail crossing approximatel Heavy traffic on Truxtun Avenue Multiple pipelines crossing imme 	Jale Highway Stockdale Highway I Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders ring flows ad to river's edge ad to river's edge of site ad to river's edge ad to river's edge of site ad to river's edge ad to river's edge ion by 2 miles upstream from site ad to river's edge ediately upstream and downstream from site Resources-At-Risk afield Legless Lizard, San Joaquin kit fox, Bakersfield cactus. Riparian hat	
 Swift water during winter and sp Bike and jogging path Locked gate with dirt access roa Rattlesnakes Coffee Road overpass just west Multiple canal gates at this locat BNSF rail crossing approximate Heavy traffic on Truxtun Avenue Multiple pipelines crossing immediate 	Jale Highway Stockdale Highway I Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders aring flows ad to river's edge ad to river's edge cof site ion ly 2 miles upstream from site addiately upstream and downstream from site Resources-At-Risk addiately cactus. Riparian hat addiately cactus. Riparian hat addiately cactus. Riparian hat	

Response Strategy Site: Kern River Canal (KER-395) Page 2								
	Site Description and Field Notes							
River Width: 182 meters (597 feet)	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-J-015							
Gradient: Low	This site is located just east of Coffee Road where multiple canals channel water from Kern River. Site access is through a locked gate. The City of Bakersfield Water Resources would need to be contacted (661) 326-3716 to							
Site Contact/s:	obtain access. There is limited space for equipment and staging. Access to river right is limited but could be reached using a small skiff. Water flow at this location can vary seasonally from high to no flow.							
City of Bakersfield Water								
Resources (661) 326-3716	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, small trailers, small vacuum truck							
	Recreational Use: Bike path runs adjacent to the river (river left)							
	Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff from river's edge (river left)							
	ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures; 4 Sandy bars and gently sloping banks; 9B Vegetated low banks							
	Site Images							





Upstream

Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 07/11/2017

Response Strategy Site: Kern River Canal (KER-395)

Site Objectives: Prevent oil from entering Friant-Kern Canal and Kern River Weir, deploy boom for oil collection on river left.

Implementation: <u>Boom A</u> and <u>Boom B</u>: Deploy two 700 ft. of cascading containment booms upstream from Friant-Kern Canal and Kern River Weir intakes at an angle to prevent entrainment, using anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left. <u>Boom C</u>: Deploy 200 ft. of containment boom across entrance to Friant-Kern and Kern River Weir as secondary containment.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Staging on river left. Truck with small trailer and small vacuum truck could access river's edge but staging of equipment and vehicles would need to be 1.8 miles east at the Kern River Parkway Park on Truxtun Ave. Room for decontamination but no electricity or bathrooms onsite.

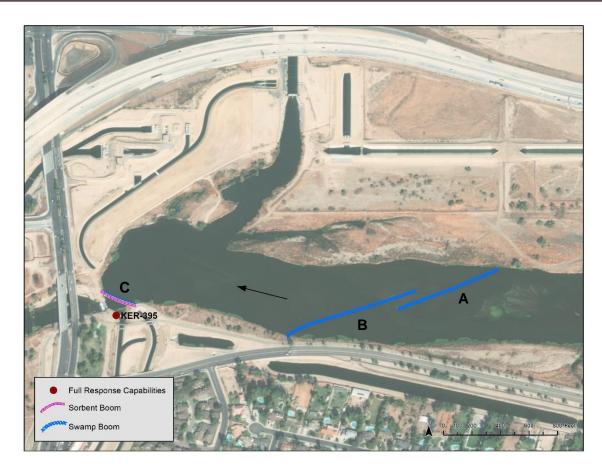
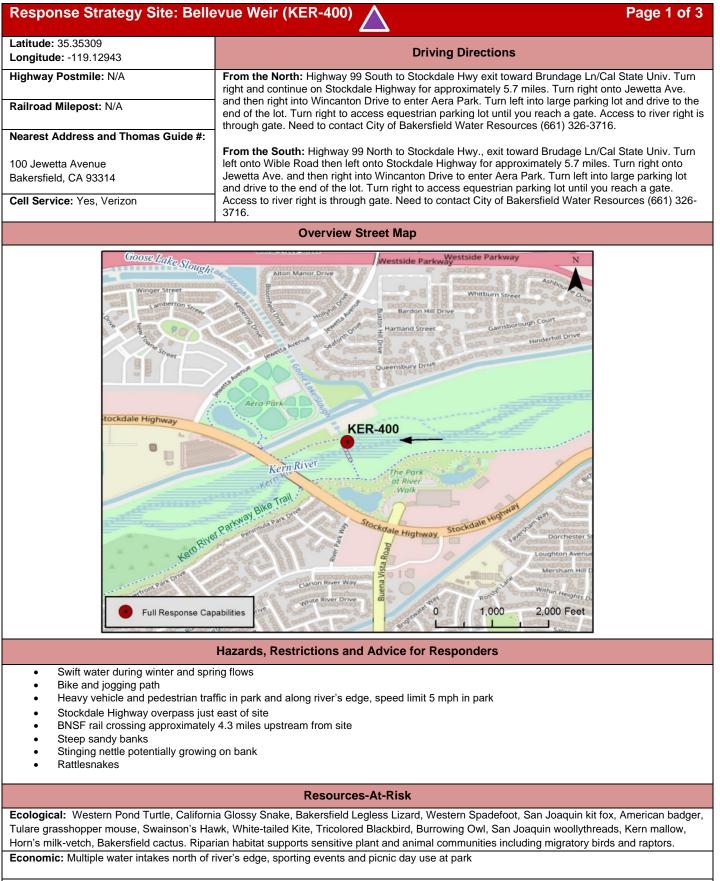


Table of Response Resources							
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	1600 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow. Boom A = 700-feet, Boom B = 700-feet. Boom C = 200-feet.		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	200 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling. Boom C = 200-feet.		
Stakes	Anchoring			12	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring for Boom A and Boom B.		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		



Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. Cultural and Historic: Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Bellevue Weir (KER-400)

Site Description and Field Notes River Width: 105 meters (345 feet) Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-J-025 Gradient: Low This site is located just south of the Aera Park sports park. Entrance is through the park's equestrian parking lot and along a canal dirt access road. This location is not ideal for oil Site Contact/s: collection due to limited space and braiding of the river with vegetated sand bars. Access to river left is through the Park at River Walk at 11298 Stockdale Highway. Water flow at this Kern County Parks and Recreation location can vary seasonally from high to no flow. Primary: Carl Brewer, (661) 342-8339 Secondary: Isaac Preston, (661) 432-6550 Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, small trailers, small vacuum truck Secondary: Matt Howard, (661) 345-7175 Recreational Use: Human contact, bike path runs adjacent to the river (river left), Sporting events and picnic day use at park, horseback riding Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff at either river left or river right City of Bakersfield Water Resources ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures; 4 Sandy bars and gently (661) 326-3716 sloping banks; 8B Sheltered, solid man-made structures; 8C Sheltered riprap; 9B Vegetated low banks

Site Images



Downstream

Page 2 of 3

Upstream



 RR

 Straight Across

 RR = River Right
 RL = River Left

 Photo Date: 09/07/2017



Response Strategy Site: Bellevue Weir (KER-400)

Site Objectives: Not ideal for oil collection. Deflect oil and protect water intakes from oiling. Deploy boom and allow for oil collection on river right, if feasible.

Implementation: <u>Boom A</u>: Deploy 700 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river right along river's edge. <u>Boom B</u>: Deploy 350 ft. of containment boom across entrance to inlet to protect water intakes. <u>Boom C</u>: Deploy 100 ft. of containment boom across northern outflow from Kern River to protect habitat.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited staging on river right. A small vacuum truck and small trucks could use the space, but it is limited. Larger staging location is at the equestrian parking lot between Aera Park and the river. Electricity and restrooms are available at Aera Park. Access on river right is through the Park at River Walk.

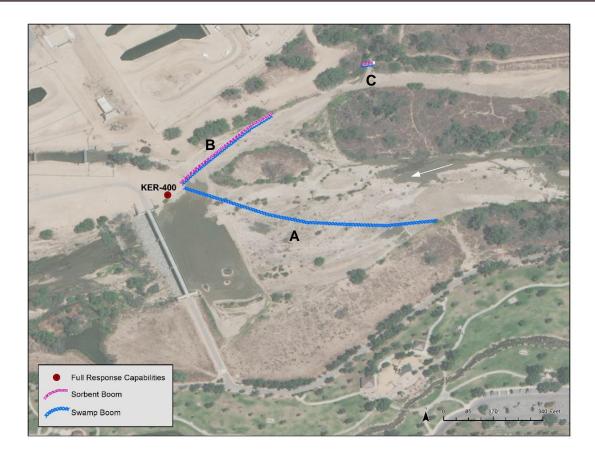
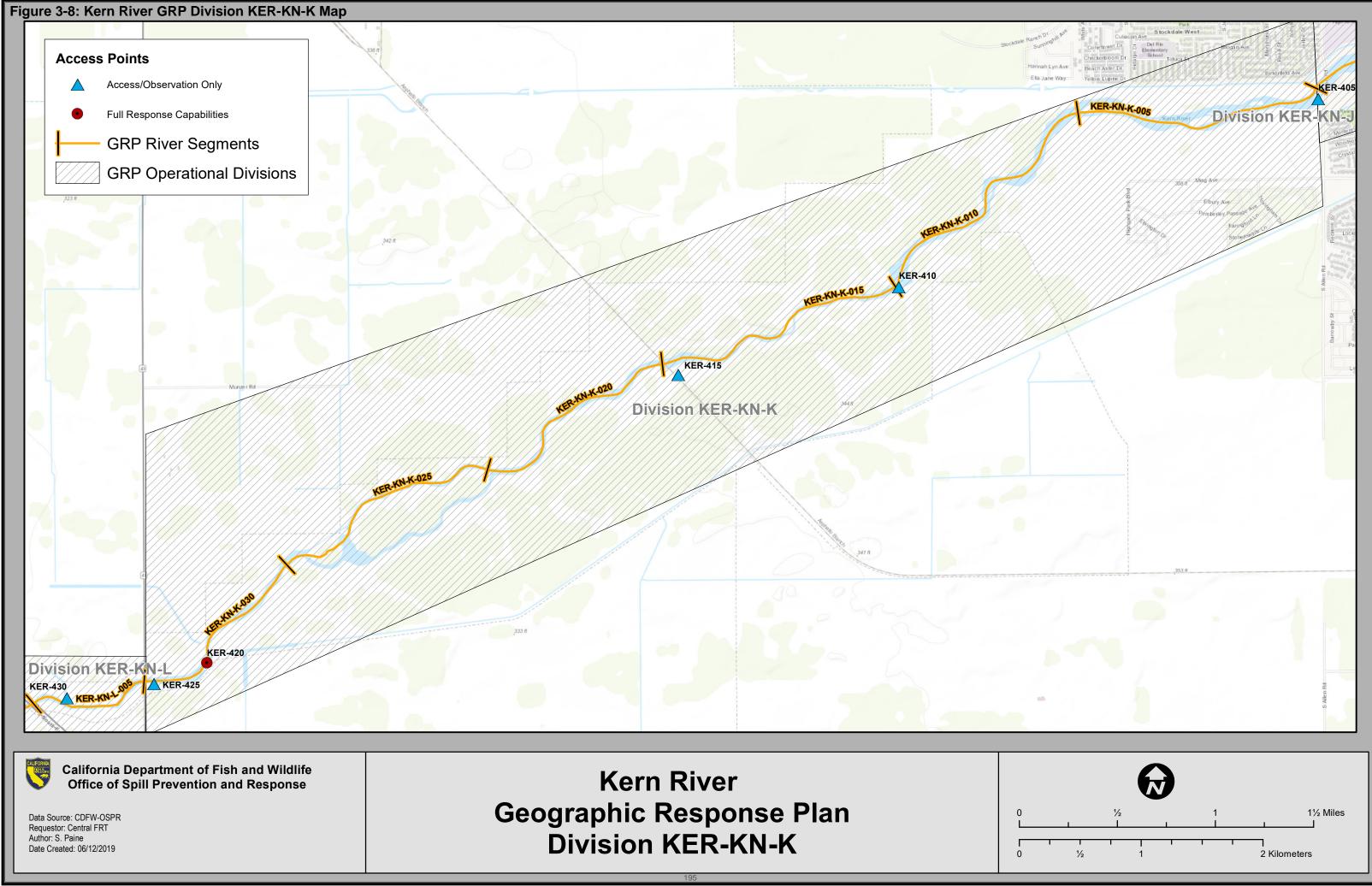
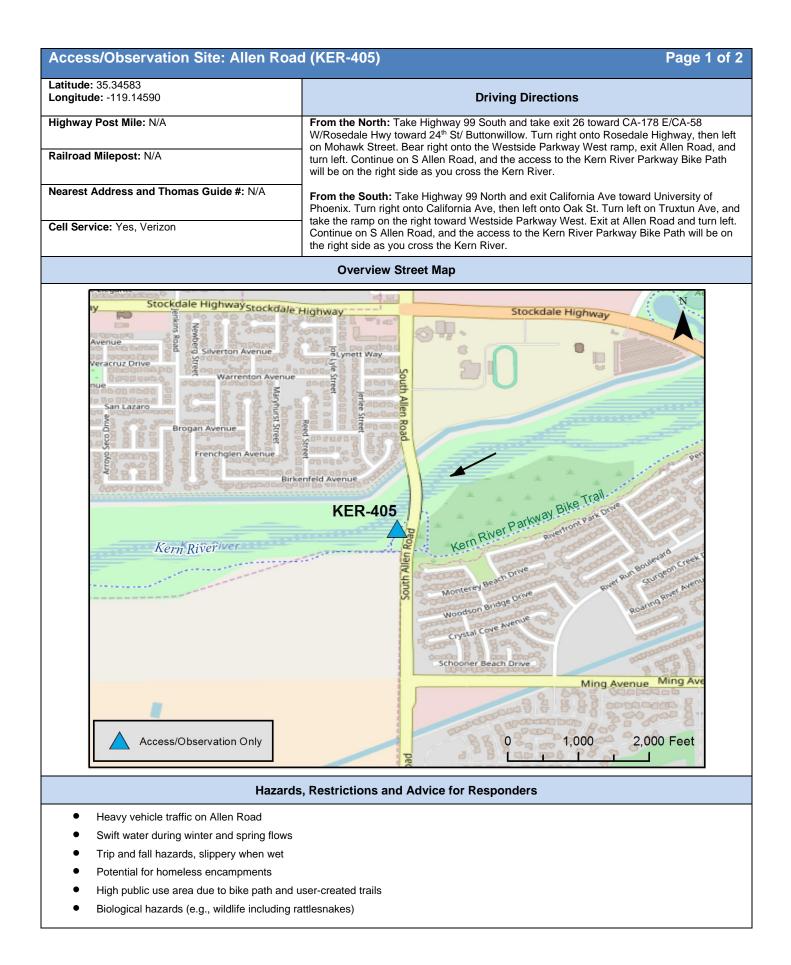


			Table of	Response Res	ources
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	1150 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow. Boom A = 700-feet, Boom B = 350-feet, Boom C = 100-feet.
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	450 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling. Boom B = 350 -feet, Boom C = 100 -feet.
Stakes	Anchoring			18	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in i shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring for Boom A.
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optima for launching a skiff to deploy boom.
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.



KERN RIVER GRP June 2019



Access/Observation Site: Allen Road (KER-405)

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-K-005

This location is ideal for observation and survey access to the shoreline and is the last access point to the Kern River before the beginning of the Kern Water Bank. There is limited vehicle access downriver of this location, however the Kern River Parkway Bike Path parallels the river's edge continuously until it ends at Highway 43 (Enos Lane).

Site Images

Site Contact/s: City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716; Kern Water Bank, Nick Torres (661) 440-4668







Downstream

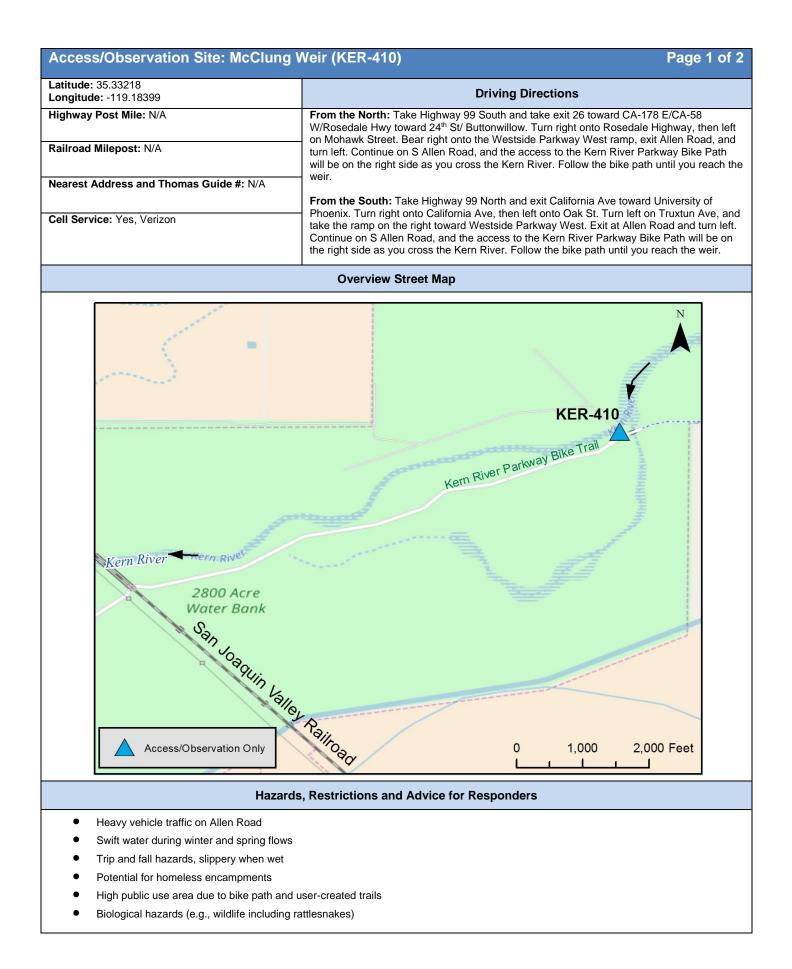


Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 07/11/2017

Page 1 of 2



Access/Observation Site: McClung Weir (KER-410)

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-K-015

There are two weir dams (McClung Weir and Basin 2 Turnout Weir) located at this observation point, both controlled by the City of Bakersfield Water Resources (see below for contact information). The McClung Weir bridge provides vehicle access to the north bank of the Kern River (river right), and flow can be diverted by the city at this location depending on the flow of the river. This section of the river is surrounded by the Kern Water Bank, and provides essential habitat for many riparian species, including overwintering birds.

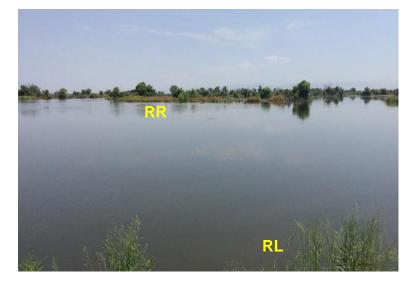
Site Contact/s: City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716; Kern Water Bank, Nick Torres (661) 440-4668







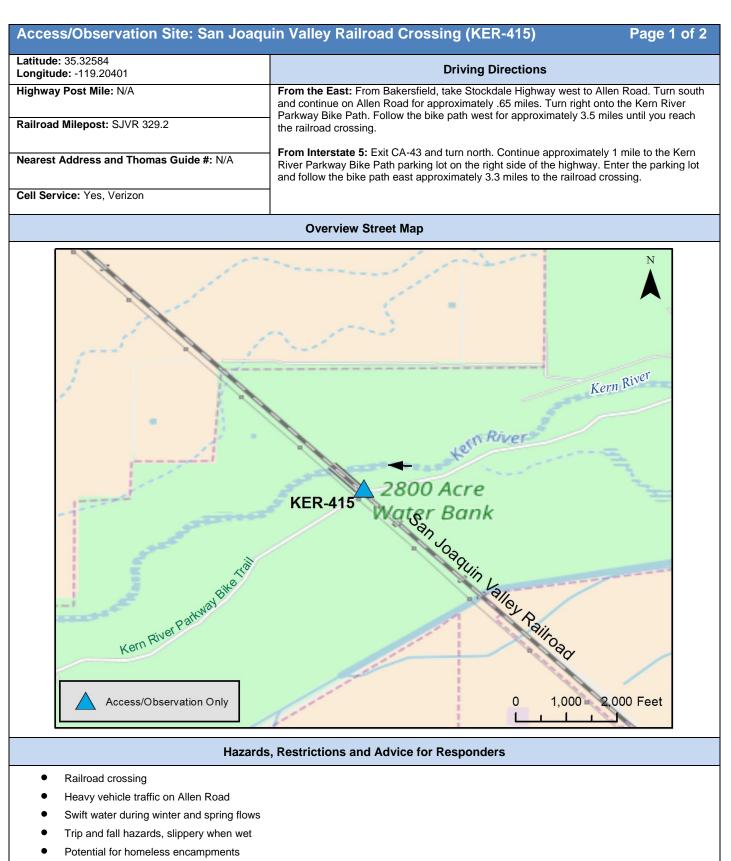
Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 07/11/2017



- High public use area due to bike path and user-created trails
- Biological hazards (e.g., wildlife including rattlesnakes, stinging nettle)

Access/Observation Site: San Joaquin Valley Railroad Crossing (KER-415)

Page 2 of 2

Site Description and Field Notes

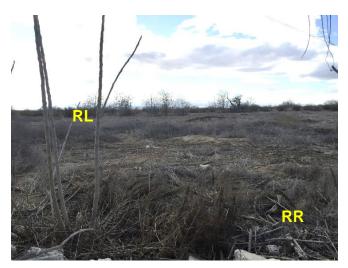
Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-K-015

The San Joaquin Valley Railroad line crosses the Kern River at this location and serves as both an access and observation site; however, vegetation along the river is very thick. The rail does carry crude oil, and vehicle access is limited here. The flow of the river varies from no flow to high flow at this location, depending on the season. The first site strategy located downriver of this site is at the Kern Water Bank Headworks near the end of the bike path and Highway 43 (Enos Lane).

Site Contact/s: Kern Water Bank, Nick Torres (661) 440-4668; City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716; San Joaquin Valley Railroad 1(800) 800-3490



Upstream Photo Date: 03/01/2018

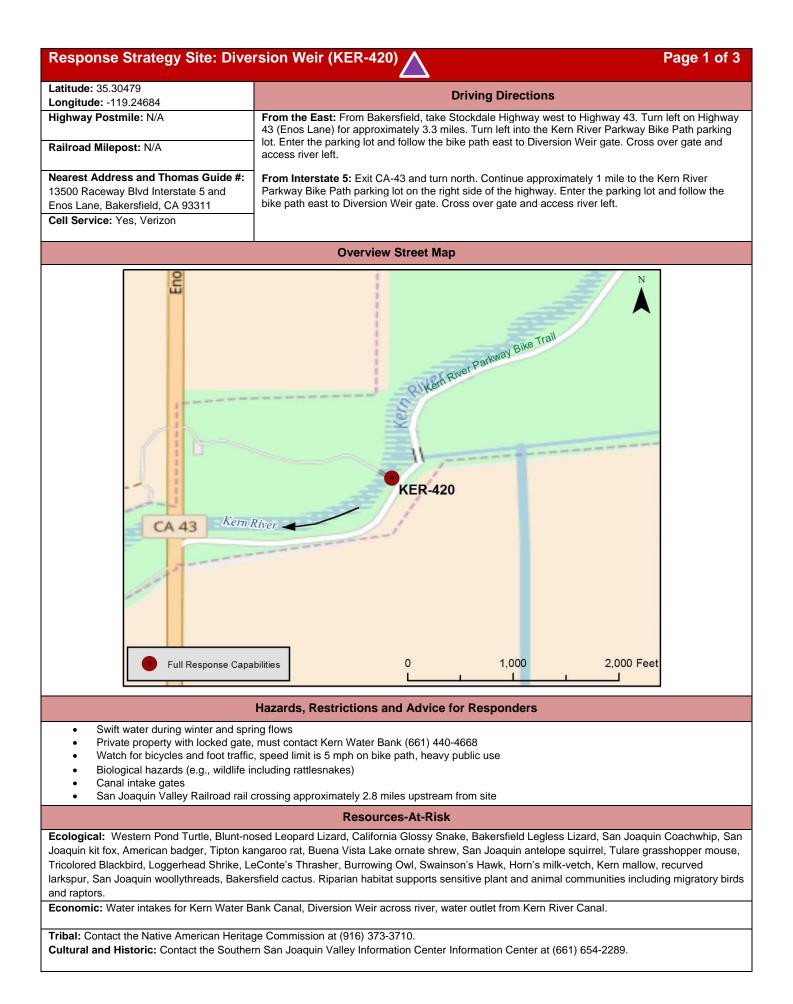


Downstream Photo Date: 03/01/2018



Straight Across Photo Date: 07/11/2017

RR = River Right RL = River Left



Response Strategy Site: Diversion Weir (KER-420)

Site Description and Field Notes						
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-K-030					
86 meters (282 feet)						
Gradient: Low	This site is located just east of the Kern River Parkway Bike Path parking lot. Access is through the parking lot and onto the bike path. River left and river right can be accessed on this bike path. Multiple water inlets are present.					
Site Contact/s:	Space is limited and driving the bike path would be limited to one-direction travel. Dirt access roads are present for vehicle parking and staging. Water flow at this location can vary seasonally from high to no flow.					
Kern Water Bank: Nick						
Torres (661) 440-4668	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, small trailers, small vacuum truck					
City of Bakersfield Water	Recreational Use: Human contact, bike path runs adjacent to the river (river left and river right)					
Resources (661) 326-3716	Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff on river left or river right					
Russe Viste MCD: Andrew	ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures; 9B Vegetated low banks					
Buena Vista WSD: Andrew						
Bell (661) 204-1379						

Site Images

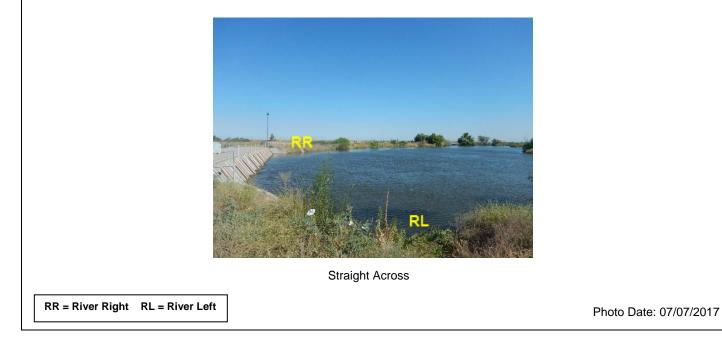




Page 2 of 3

Upstream

Downstream



Response Strategy Site: Diversion Weir (KER-420)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Deflect oil and protect water intakes from oiling. Deploy boom and allow for oil collection on river left.

Implementation: <u>Boom A</u>: Deploy 350 ft. of containment boom upstream of the Kern Water Bank Canal gate at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river left along river's edge. <u>Boom B</u>: Deploy 250 ft. of containment boom in front of the Kern River Weir to protect water intake. <u>Boom C</u>: Deploy 100 ft. of containment boom across Kern River Terminus to protect gate.

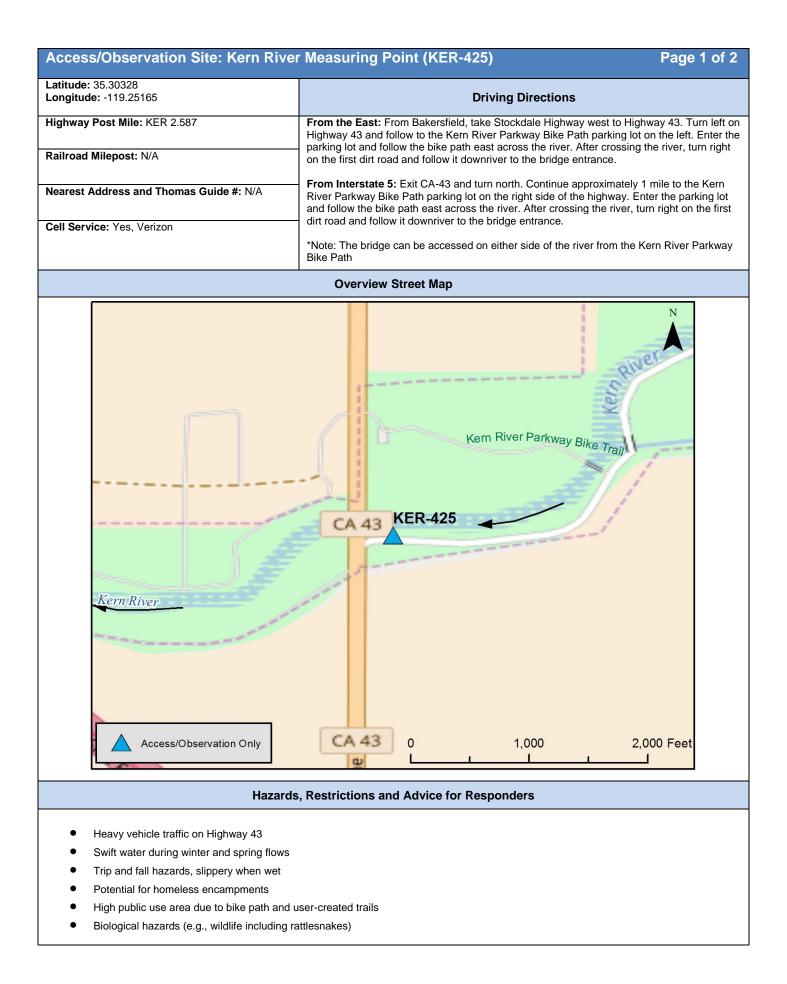
Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited staging on river left. A small vacuum truck and small trucks could use the space, but it is limited. Larger staging location is at the Kern River Parkway Bike Path parking lot. No restrooms or electricity onsite.

Response Strategy Map (overview)



Table of Response Resources						
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments	
Boom	Swamp	12	inch	700 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow. Boom A = 350-feet, Boom B = 250-feet, Boom C = 100-feet	
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	inch	350 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling. Boom B = 250-feet, Boom C = 100-feet	
Stakes	Anchoring			18	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.	
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring for Boom A and Boom B.	
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.	
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.	
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.	

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Access/Observation Site: Kern River Measuring Point (KER-425)

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-K-030

This location is suitable for observation only. There is access to the river bank on either side of the bridge, but the bridge itself is above the highwater mark. The bridge is managed by the City of Bakersfield Water Resources and was historically used to measure the flow of the Kern River. It is out of commission now, but the City of Bakersfield should be contacted for direct access to the bridge.

Site Contact/s: Kern Water Bank, Nick Torres (661) 440-4668; City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716

Site Images



Upstream



Downstream

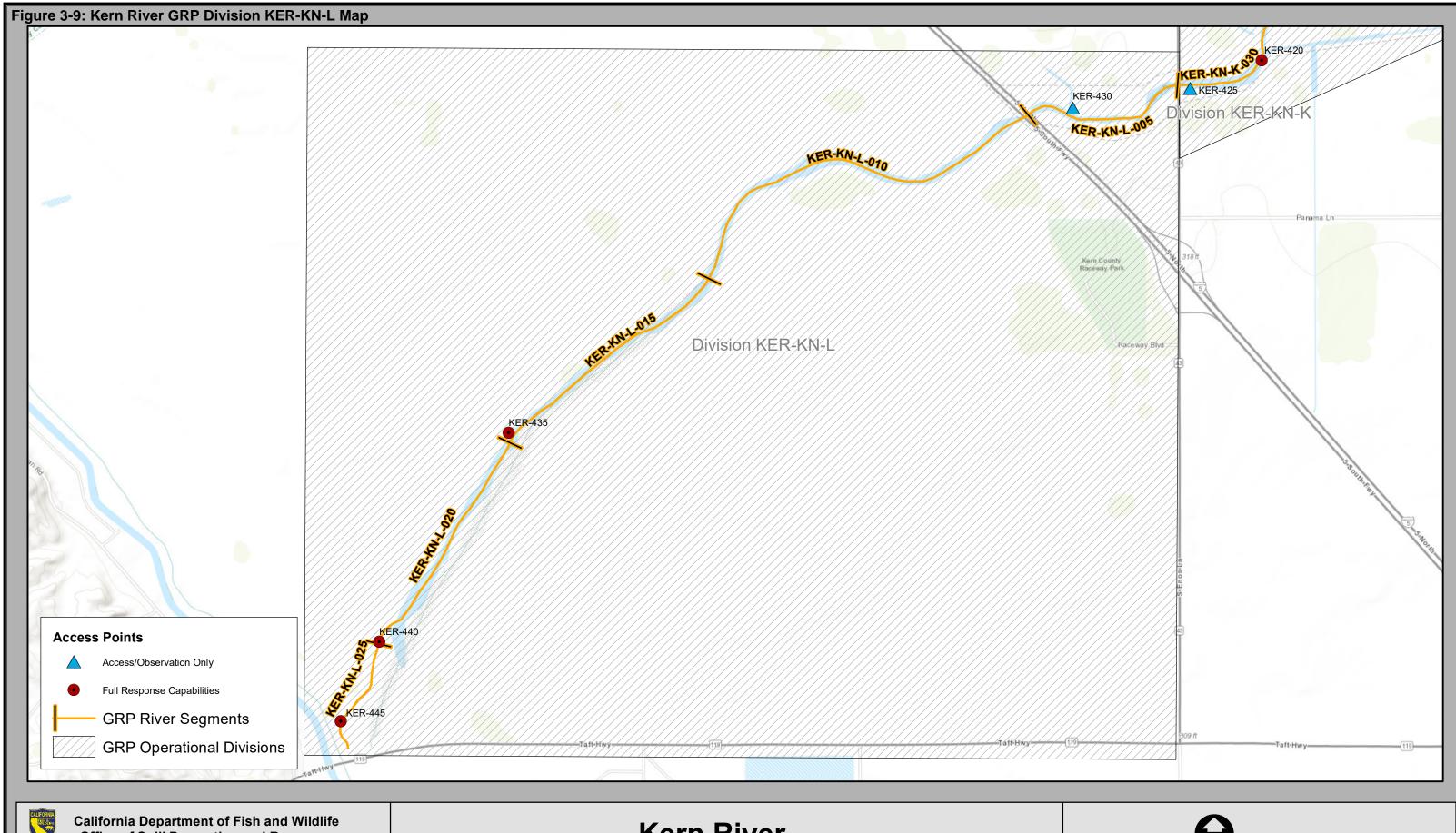


Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 07/07/2017

Page 2 of 2

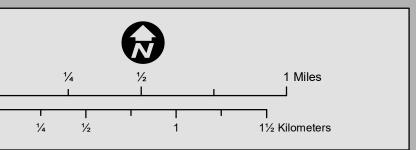


Office of Spill Prevention and Response

Data Source: CDFW-OSPR Requestor: Central FRT Author: S. Paine Date Created: 6/12/2019

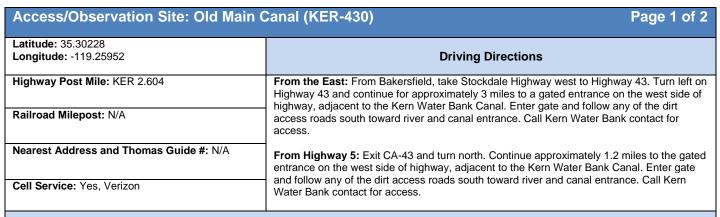
Kern River Geographic Response Plan Division KER-KN-L

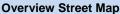
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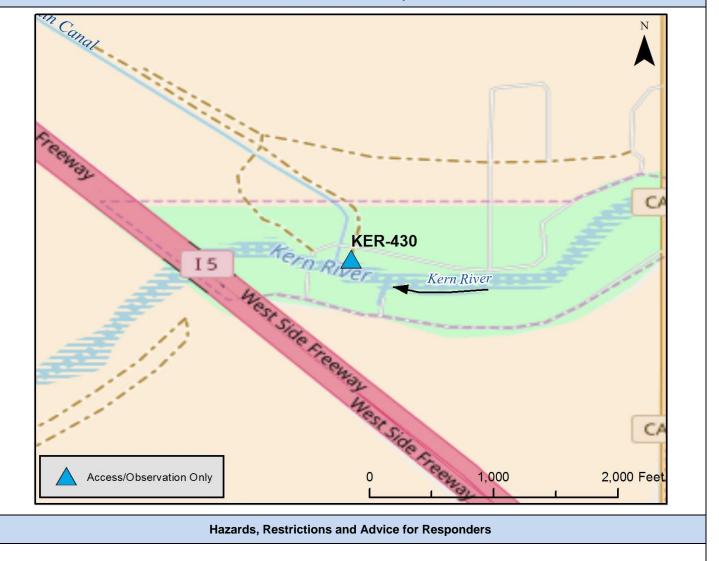


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KERN RIVER GRP June 2019







- Private property, locked gate
- Heavy vehicle traffic on Highway 43
- Swift water during winter and spring flows
- Trip and fall hazards, slippery when wet
- Potential for homeless encampments
- Biological hazards (e.g., wildlife including rattlesnakes)

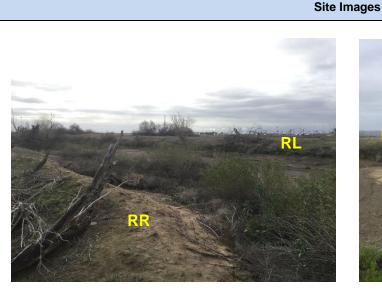
Access/Observation Site: Old Main Canal (KER-430)

Site Description and Field Notes

Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-L-005

This location is suitable for observation only. Access is restricted to a locked gate on the west side of Highway 43, managed by the Kern Water Bank. The Old Main Canal connects the Kern Water Bank to the Kern River, but the canal can be isolated from the river if necessary by Kern Water Bank staff.

Site Contact/s: Kern Water Bank, Nick Torres (661) 440-4668; City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716



Upstream



Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

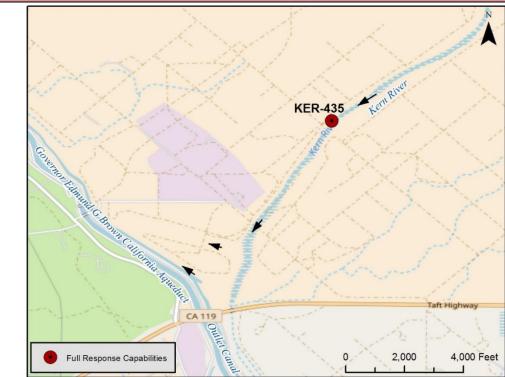
Photo Date: 03/23/2018

Response Strategy Site: Kern River Pipe Crossing (KER-435) Page 1 of 3 Latitude: 35.28468 Driving Directions Longitude: -119.29749 From the East: From Bakersfield, take Highway 119 west towards Taft. Turn right onto Tupman Road. In approximately 9/10ths of a mile, turn right onto Arco Road to access the South Coles Levee Compressor plant. Call CRC dispatch prior to entering gas plant (661) 763-6363. Continue on Arco Railroad Milepost: N/A Compressor plant. Call CRC dispatch prior to entering gas plant (661) 763-6363. Continue on Arco

Nearest Address and Thomas Guide #:	Road and take a right at the "T" to access river's edge (river right). Near the edge of the river, turn left on the dirt road for approximately 0.3 miles. Turn left and then a quick right onto the dirt access road. Follow dirt access road for 0.5 miles to river's edge (river right).
25761 Highway 119 Tupman, CA 93276	From Interstate 5: Exit CA-43 South (Exit 246) and continue to Highway 119. Turn right onto Highway 119 towards Taft. In approximately 3.3 miles, turn right onto Tupman Road. In approximately 9/10ths of a mile, turn right onto Arco Road to access the South Coles Levee Compressor plant. Call
Cell Service: Yes, Verizon	CRC dispatch prior to entering gas plant (661) 763-6363. Continue on Arco Road and take a right at the "T" to access river's edge (river right). Near the edge of the river, turn left on the dirt road for approximately 0.3 miles. Turn left and then a quick right onto the dirt access road. Follow dirt access

Overview Street Map

road for 0.5 miles to river's edge (river right).



Hazards, Restrictions and Advice for Responders

Swift water during winter and spring flows

• Private property (gas compressor plant), call CRC dispatch prior to entering gas plant (661) 763-6363

- Watch for propane trucks while accessing compressor plant, speed limit is 5 mph
- Flame resistant clothing and hard hats may be required
- Biological hazards (e.g., wildlife including rattlesnakes)
- San Joaquin Valley Railroad rail crossing approximately 7 miles upstream from site
- Multiple pipeline crossings

Resources-At-Risk

Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, Blunt-nosed Leopard Lizard, California Glossy Snake, Bakersfield Legless Lizard, San Joaquin Coachwhip, San Joaquin kit fox, American badger, Tipton kangaroo rat, Buena Vista Lake ornate shrew, San Joaquin antelope squirrel, Tulare grasshopper mouse, Tricolored Blackbird, Loggerhead Shrike, LeConte's Thrasher, Burrowing Owl, Swainson's Hawk, Horn's milk-vetch, Kern mallow, recurved larkspur, San Joaquin woollythreads, Bakersfield cactus. Riparian habitat supports sensitive plant and animal communities including migratory birds and raptors.

Economic: Multiple water intakes downstream, inlet to California Aqueduct approximately 1.5 miles downstream

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710.

Cultural and Historic: Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

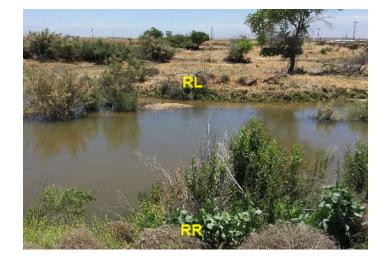
Response Strategy	Response Strategy Site: Kern River Pipe Crossing (KER-435) Page 2 of 3							
	Site Description and Field Notes							
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-L-015							
29 meters (95 feet)								
Gradient: Low	This site is located upstream of the South Coles Levee Compressor plant, which is operated by California Resources Corporation. This area is part of the Coles Levee Ecological Preserve. Propane trucks are frequently entering and							
Site Contact/s:	exiting the road. Multiple water intakes are 1.3 miles downstream. Access to river left is over a narrow bridge crossing approximately 0.8 miles downstream from the site. Water flow at this location can vary seasonally from high							
CRC Dispatch	to no flow.							
661-763-6363								
	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers							
City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716	Descentional lines NI/A							
	Boat Launches: Direct river access, shallow boat launch (river left or river right)							
	ESI Shoreline Type: 4 Sandy bars and gently sloping banks; 9B Vegetated low banks							
	Site Images							



Upstream



Downstream



Straight Across

RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 06/09/2017

Response Strategy Site: Kern River Pipe Crossing (KER-435)

Site Objectives: Boom to prevent further movement of oil and allow for collection of oil.

Implementation: Deploy 200 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river right.

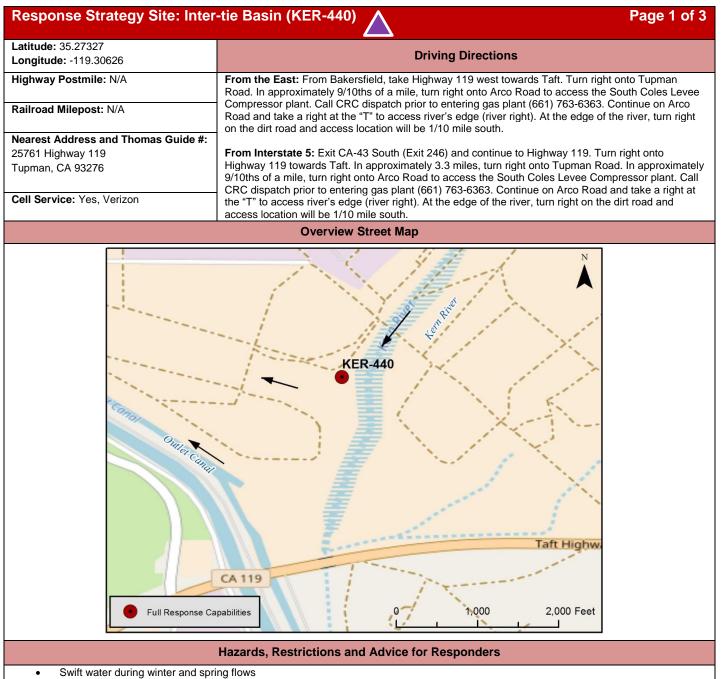
Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited staging on river right. A small vacuum truck and small trucks could use the space, but it is limited. Larger staging location would need to be closer to the gas plant at an equipment staging lot. Restrooms and electricity onsite at the plant office.

Response Strategy Map (overview)



Table of Response Resources						
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments	
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	200 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow.	
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	200 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling.	
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.	
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	1	Midstream anchoring.	
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.	
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.	
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.	

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- Private property (gas compressor plant), call CRC dispatch prior to entering gas plant (661) 763-6363
- Watch for propane trucks while accessing compressor plant, speed limit is 5 mph
- Flame resistant clothing and hard hats may be required
- Biological hazards (e.g., wildlife including rattlesnakes)
- San Joaquin Valley Railroad rail crossing approximately 8 miles upstream from site
- Multiple pipeline crossings

Resources-At-Risk

Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, Blunt-nosed Leopard Lizard, California Glossy Snake, Bakersfield Legless Lizard, San Joaquin Coachwhip, San Joaquin kit fox, American badger, Tipton kangaroo rat, Buena Vista Lake ornate shrew, San Joaquin antelope squirrel, Tulare grasshopper mouse, Tricolored Blackbird, Loggerhead Shrike, LeConte's Thrasher, Burrowing Owl, Swainson's Hawk, Horn's milk-vetch, Kern mallow, recurved larkspur, San Joaquin woollythreads, Bakersfield cactus. Riparian habitat supports sensitive plant and animal communities including migratory birds and raptors.

Economic: Multiple water intakes downstream, inlet to California Aqueduct approximately 500 feet downstream.

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. **Cultural and Historic:** Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Inter-tie Basin (KER-440) A Page 2 of 3									
	Site Description and Field Notes								
River Width: 165 meters (542 feet)	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-L-025								
Gradient: Low	This site is located just south of the South Coles Levee Compressor plant, which is operated by California Resources Corporation. This area is part of the Coles Levee Ecological Preserve. Propane trucks are frequently								
Site Contact/s:	entering and exiting the road. Multiple water intakes are 500 feet downstream. Access to river left is over a narrow bridge crossing just upstream from the site. Water flow at this location can vary seasonally from high to no flow.								
CRC Dispatch 661-763-6363	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, vacuum trucks, trailers								
City of Bakersfield Water	Recreational Use: N/A								
Resources (661) 326-3716	Boat Launches: Direct river access, shallow boat launch for small skiff (river left or river right)								
	ESI Shoreline Type: 9B Vegetated low banks								





RL

Upstream





RR = River Right RL = River Left

Photo Date: 06/09/2017

Response Strategy Site: Inter-tie Basin (KER-440)

Site Objectives: Deploy boom and allow for oil collection on river right.

Implementation: Deploy between 100 - 700 ft. of containment boom (based on site conditions since width of water in river varies) upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river right along river's edge.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited staging on river right. A small vacuum truck and small trucks could use the space, but it is limited. Larger staging location would need to be closer to the gas plant at an equipment staging lot. Restrooms and electricity onsite at the plant office.

Response Strategy Map (overview)

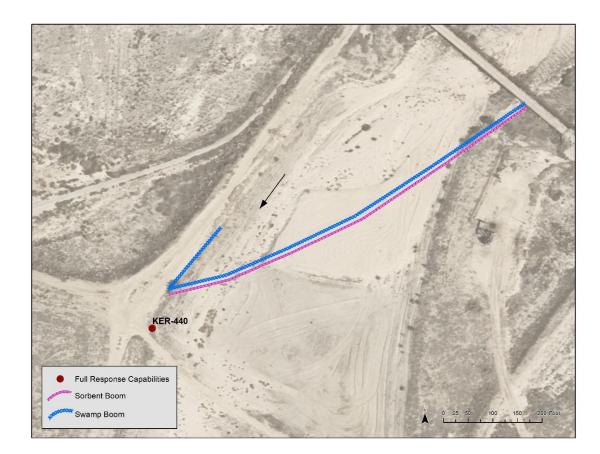
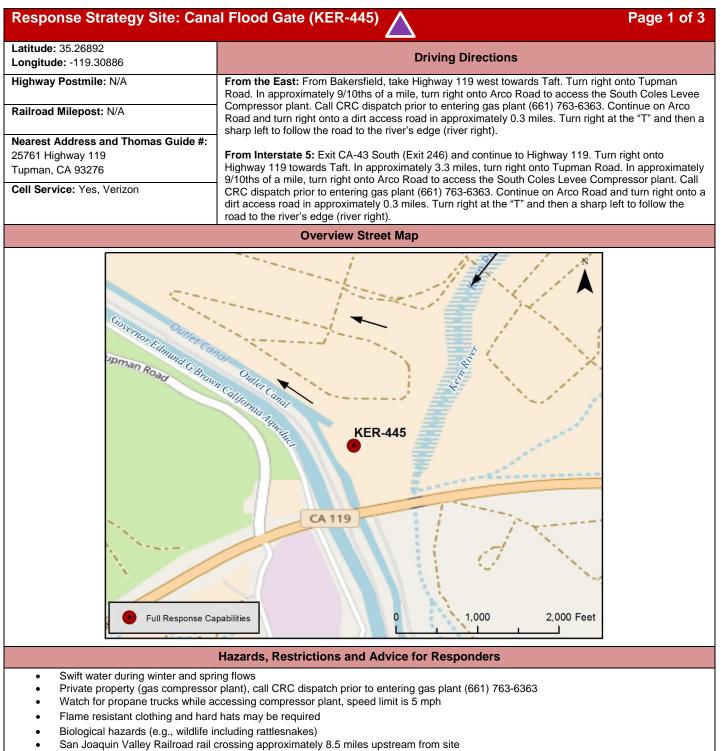


Table of Response Resources						
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments	
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	700 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow	
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	700 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling	
Stakes	Anchoring			6	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in it shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angle iron beams.	
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	1-2	Midstream anchoring.	
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.	
Boat	Small Skiff			1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.	
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.	

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Multiple pipeline crossings upstream

Resources-At-Risk

Ecological: Western Pond Turtle, Blunt-nosed Leopard Lizard, California Glossy Snake, Bakersfield Legless Lizard, San Joaquin Coachwhip, San Joaquin kit fox, American badger, Tipton kangaroo rat, short-nosed kangaroo rat, Tulare grasshopper mouse, San Joaquin antelope squirrel, Buena Vista Lake ornate shrew, Le Conte's Thrasher, Tricolored Blackbird, Loggerhead Shrike, Burrowing Owl, Swainson's Hawk, Horn's milk-vetch, Lost Hills crownscale, Kern mallow, recurved larkspur, San Joaquin woollythreads, Bakersfield cactus. Buena Vista Lake ornate shrew Critical Habitat. Riparian habitat supports sensitive plant and animal communities including migratory birds and raptors.

Economic: Multiple water intakes.

Tribal: Contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916) 373-3710. **Cultural and Historic:** Contact the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Information Center at (661) 654-2289.

Response Strategy Site: Canal Flood Gate (KER 445) A Page 2 of								
	Site Description and Field Notes							
River Width:	Site Location/Segment: KER-KN-L-025							
250 meters (824 feet)								
Gradient: Low	This site is located at the Kern River terminus. Access to the site is through the South Coles Levee Compressor plant, which is operated by California Resources Corporation. This area is part of the Coles Levee Ecological							
Site Contact/s:	Preserve. Propane trucks are frequently entering and exiting the road. The Outlet Canal gates are present and critical habitat for the Buena Vista Lake ornate shrew are just north of this intake. Water intakes to the California							
CRC Dispatch 661-763-6363	Aqueduct are just south of the site. Access to river left is off an access road just east of the California Aqueduct.							
	Vehicular Access: Passenger vehicles, small trucks, small trailers, small vacuum truck.							
City of Bakersfield Water Resources (661) 326-3716	Recreational Use: N/A							
Buena Vista WSD: Andrew	Boat Launches: Direct river access, small skiff on river left or river right.							
Bell (661) 204-1379 ESI Shoreline Type: 1B Exposed, solid man-made structures; 9B Vegetated low banks								

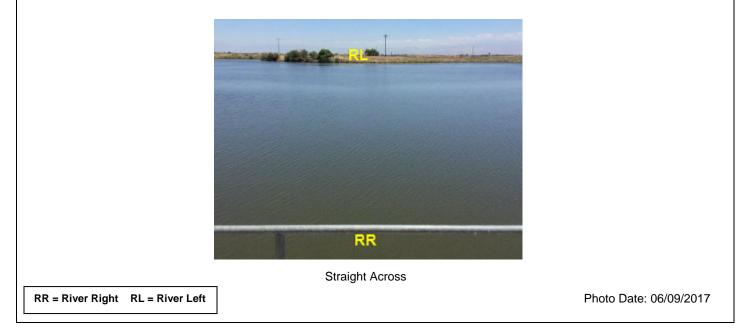






Upstream





Response Strategy Site: Canal Flood Gate (KER 445)

Page 3 of 3

Site Objectives: Deflect oil and protect water intakes from oiling. Deploy boom and allow for oil collection on river right.

Implementation: <u>Boom A</u>: Deploy 500 ft. of containment boom upstream at an angle to prevent entrainment, utilizing anchoring stakes. Oil collection will be on river right along river's edge. <u>Boom B</u>: Deploy 200 ft. of containment boom across entrance to northern outlet to protect water gates. <u>Boom C</u>: Deploy 300 ft. of containment boom across southern inlet to protect gates.

Staging Area Location and Capabilities/Amenities/Waste Management: Limited staging on river right. A small vacuum truck and small trucks could use the space, but it is limited. Larger staging location would need to be closer to the gas plant at an equipment staging lot. Restrooms and electricity onsite at the plant office.

Response Strategy Map (overview)



Table of Response Resources							
Туре	Sub-Type	Size	Unit	QTY - Unit	Special Equipment or Comments		
Boom	Swamp	12	Inch	1000 ft.	Booming strategy only effective during medium to low flow. Boom A = 500-feet, Boom B = 200-feet, Boom C = 300-feet.		
Boom	Sorbent	5 or 8	Inch	500 ft.	5 inches for light oiling, 8 inches for heavier oiling. Boom B = 200-feet, Boom C = 300-feet.		
Stakes	Anchoring			18	6 stakes per boom, 3 on either end. Any boom with a "J" in its shape would require an additional stake. Recommend angled iron beams.		
Anchors	Danforth	40	lb	2	Midstream anchoring for Boom A.		
Skimmer	Drum				Number will vary depending on response.		
Boat	Small Skiff		<u></u>	1	Only necessary if river currents and water levels are optimal for launching a skiff to deploy boom.		
Personnel				8	4 boat crew and 4 shoreside personnel.		

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Kern River Geographic Response Plan

Chapter 4 – Resources-At-Risk

4.0 Chapter Overview

This chapter provides information on the environmental, economic, and tribal, cultural and historic resources-at-risk in the Kern River GRP area. It provides a list of known sensitive fish, wildlife, plants, and habitats existing within the bounds of this GRP including seasonal concerns for species and protected lands in the area. Information about the Wildlife Response Plan (WRP) for Oil Spills in California, OWCN, and general information about oiled wildlife can be found in this chapter as well. It offers a list of economic resources that may be impacted by a spill including key contact information for those resources. Finally, this chapter provides information, as well as critical contacts, for tribal and cultural resources, historic properties, and tribal representatives.

The information provided in this chapter can be used for:

- Assisting the EU and Operations in developing additional response strategies beyond those found in Chapter 3.
- Providing resource-at-risk "context" to responders, cleanup workers, and others during the initial phase of a spill response in the GRP area.
- Briefing responders and incident command staff that may be unfamiliar with sensitive resource concerns in the GRP area.
- Providing background information for personnel involved in media presentations and public outreach during a spill incident.

4.1 Wildlife, Fisheries, Plants and Sensitive Habitat Matrix

Environmentally sensitive resources listed in this section include state and federally listed species; California species of special concern and fully protected species; California Native Plant Society (CNPS) listed 1A and 1B plants; U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) designated wetland habitats; commercial and recreational fisheries; and protected lands. Table 4-1 below is a comprehensive list of the known species, habitats, and protected lands that exist within the boundaries of the Kern River GRP as well as seasonal and special considerations including nesting and spawning seasons, seasonal migration, large species concentrations, rookeries and blooming periods for special plant species. The CDFW California Wildlife Habitat Relationship (CWHR) system is a state-of-the-art information system for California's wildlife and is the primary resource for the information provided in Table 4-1 below. Information on the species and habitats listed in Table 4-1 were developed using the best information available at the time of preparation; over time, new species occurrences may be added to reference databases (e.g. CWHR), the status of species may change including becoming listed by the State or federal fish and wildlife agencies, or new information may become available regarding nesting locations and seasons. During a spill incident, the Environmental Unit under the Planning Section will utilize reference databases to ensure that the most up-to-date and accurate information on potential species and habitats in the area are addressed and protections put in place.

<u>Wetlands</u>

Table 4-1 includes a list of USFWS Designated Wetlands that have been mapped in the area of the GRP boundary utilizing https://www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/mapper.html. The USFWS defines wetlands as:

"Wetlands are lands transitional between terrestrial and aquatic systems where the water table is usually at or near the surface or the land is covered by shallow water. For purposes of this classification, wetlands must have one or more of the following three attributes: (1) at least periodically, the land supports hydrophytes, (2) the substrate is predominantly undrained hydric soil; and (3) the substrate is non-soil and is saturated with water or covered by shallow water at some time during the growing season of each year." (Cowardin, 1979, Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States)

The USFWS definition includes: swamps; freshwater, brackish water, and saltwater marshes; bogs; vernal pools; periodically inundated saltflats; intertidal mudflats; wet meadows; wet pastures; springs and seeps; portions of lakes, ponds, rivers and streams; and all other areas which are periodically or permanently covered by shallow water, or dominated by hydrophytic vegetation, or in which the soils are predominantly hydric in nature. (Adapted from Cowardin, Carter, Golet and LaRoe (1979) Wetlands Subcommittee Federal Geographic Data Committee, August 2013; and http://resources.ca.gov/wetlands/introduction/defining_wetlands.html).

Other types of defined/delineated wetlands may be present within the GRP boundary and will be determined by the EU in the Planning Section during an incident.

Table 4-1: Resources-At-Risk Matrix – Species, Plants, Habitats, Protected Lands

Common Name	Scientific Name	Status^	CHWR (General Habitat Description) and USFWS (Critical Habitat Designated) *	Micro Habitat Description				
Birds								
Burrowing Owl	Athene cunicularia	State: SSC Fed:	CWHR: Frequents open grasslands and shrublands with perches and burrows. USFWS: N/A	A yearlong resident of open, dry grassland and desert habitats, and in grass, forb and open shrub stages of pinyon-juniper and ponderosa pine habitats. Uses rodent or other burrow for roosting and nesting cover. Moves perch to thermoregulate; perches in open sunlight in early morning, and moves to shade, or to burrow, when hot.				
Le Conte's Thrasher	Toxostoma lecontei	State: SSC Fed:	CWHR: Occurs primarily in open desert wash, desert scrub, alkali desert scrub, and desert succulent habitats; also occurs in Joshua tree habitat with scattered shrubs. USFWS: N/A	Frequents desert washes and flats with scattered shrubs and large areas of open, sandy, or alkaline terrain in desert wash, desert scrub, alkali desert scrub, and desert succulent shrub habitats.				
Swainson's Hawk	Buteo swainsoni	State: T Fed:	CWHR: Open desert, grassland, or cropland containing scattered, large trees or small groves. USFWS: N/A	Breeds in stands with few trees in juniper-sage flats, riparian areas, and in oak savannah in the Central Valley. Forages in adjacent grasslands or suitable grain or alfalfa fields, or livestock pastures.				
Tricolored Blackbird	Agelaius tricolor	State: CE/SSC Fed:	CWHR: Frequents fresh emergent wetlands. USFWS: N/A	Breeds near fresh water, preferably in emergent wetland with tall, dense cattails or tules, but also in thickets of willow, blackberry, wild rose, tall herbs. Feeds in grassland and cropland habitats.				
White-tailed Kite	Elanus leucurus	State: FP Fed:	CWHR: Inhabits herbaceous and open stages of most habitats mostly in cismontane California. USFWS: N/A	Uses trees with dense canopy for cover. Forages in undisturbed, open grasslands, meadows, farmlands and emergent wetlands.				

Loggerhead Shrike	Lanius Iudovicianus	State: SSC Fed:	CWHR: Open habitats with scattered shrubs, trees, posts, fences, utility lines, or other perches. USFWS: N/A	Frequents open habitats with sparse shrubs and trees, other suitable perches, bare ground, and low or sparse cover.					
	Mammals								
American badger	Taxidea taxus	State: SSC Fed:	CWHR: Most abundant in drier open stages of most shrub, forest, and herbaceous habitats, with friable soils. USFWS: N/A	Suitable habitat for badgers is characterized by herbaceous, shrub, and open stages of most habitats with dry, friable soils. Badgers dig burrows in friable soils for cover. Help control small mammal populations.					
Buena Vista Lake ornate shrew	Sorex ornatus relictus	State: SSC Fed: E	CWHR: Most abundant in riparian habitat. USFWS: Designated 2013, within the boundary of the Kern River GRP	Prefers moist microhabitats with low, dense vegetation for protection from the elements. Uses stumps, logs, and litter for cover.					
San Joaquin kit fox	Vulpes macrotis mutica	State: T Fed: E	CWHR: Lives in annual grasslands or grassy open stages of vegetation dominated by scattered brush, shrubs, and scrub. USFWS: N/A	Open, level areas with loose-textured soils supporting scattered, shrubby vegetation with little human disturbance represent suitable habitat for kit foxes. Kit foxes can also be found in the urban environment.					
San Joaquin antelope squirrel (Nelson's antelope squirrel)	Ammospermophilus nelsoni	State: T Fed:	CWHR: Dry, sparsely vegetated, loam soils. USFWS: N/A	Frequent areas with sandy loam soils, widely spaced alkali scrub vegetation, and dry washes. This species digs burrows or uses kangaroo rat burrows.					
Short-nosed kangaroo rat (subspecies of San Joaquin kangaroo rat)	Dipodomys nitratoides brevinasus	State: SSC Fed:	CWHR: Western side of San Joaquin Valley in grassland and desert shrub associations, especially Atriplex. USFWS: N/A	Needs soft friable soils on flat or gently rolling terrain in grassland and desert-shrub vegetation. Digs burrows in elevated soil mounds at bases of shrubs.					
Tipton kangaroo rat (subspecies of San Joaquin kangaroo rat)	Dipodomys nitratoides nitratoides	State: E Fed: E	CWHR: Saltbrush scrub and sink scrub communities in the Tulare Lake Basin of the southern San Joaquin Valley. USFWS: N/A	Needs soft friable soils which escape seasonal flooding. Digs burrows in elevated soil mounds at bases of shrubs.					

Tulare grasshopper mouse	Onychomys torridus tularensis	State: SSC Fed:	CWHR: Alkali desert scrub and desert scrub habitats are preferred, with somewhat lower densities expected in other desert habitats, including succulent shrub, wash, and riparian areas. USFWS: N/A	Low to moderate shrub cover is preferred. Frequents desert areas, especially scrub habitats with friable soils for digging. Nests are constructed in burrows abandoned by other rodents or may be excavated.
			Fish	
N/A				
			Amphibians	
Western Spadefoot	Spea hammondii	State: SSC Fed:	CWHR: This species occurs primarily in grasslands, but occasional populations also occur in valley-foothill hardwood wetlands. Some populations persist for a few years in orchard or vineyard habitats. USFWS: N/A	Grasslands with shallow temporary pools are optimal habitats for the Western Spadefoot.
			Reptiles	
Bakersfield Legless Lizard	Anniella grinnelli	State: SSC Fed:	CWHR: Common in several habitats but especially in coastal dune, valley-foothill, chaparral, and coastal scrub types. USFWS: N/A	Sparsely vegetated areas with sandy or loose organic soils or where there is plenty of leaf litter.
Blunt-nosed Leopard Lizard	Gambelia sila	State: E/FP Fed: E	CWHR: Scarce resident of sparsely vegetated alkali and desert scrub habitats. USFWS: N/A	Suitable habitat for leopard lizards is characterized by sparsely vegetated scrub and grassland habitats in areas of low topographic relief. In areas of high relief, distribution is usually confined to broad sandy washes. Use small mammal burrows for cover.

California Glossy Snake	Arizona elegans occidentalis	State: SSC Fed:	CWHR: Most common in desert habitats but also occur in chaparral, sagebrush, valley- foothill hardwood, pine-juniper, and annual grass. USFWS: N/A	Prefer open sandy areas with scattered brush, but also found in rocky areas.
San Joaquin Coachwhip	Coluber flagellum ruddocki	State: SSC Fed:	CWHR: Coachwhips occur in open terrain and are most abundant in grass, desert, scrub, chaparral, and pasture habitats. USFWS: N/A	Coachwhips seek cover in rodent burrows, bushes, trees, and rock piles.
Western Pond Turtle	Emys marmorata	State: SSC Fed:	CWHR: Associated with permanent or nearly permanent water in a wide variety of habitat types. USFWS: N/A	Western Pond Turtles require basking sites such as partially submerged logs, rocks, mats of floating vegetation, or open mud banks.
			Invertebrates	
N/A				
			Plants	
Bakersfield cactus	Opuntia basilaris var. treleasei	State: E Fed: E Plant Rank: 1B.1	CWHR: N/A USFWS: N/A	Chenopod scrub, valley and foothill grassland, cismontane woodland. Sandy or gravelly soils.
Horn's milk-vetch	Astragalus hornii var. hornii	State: Fed: Plant Rank: 1B.1	CWHR: N/A USFWS: N/A	Meadows and seeps, playas. Alkaline sites.
Kern mallow	Eremalche parryi var. kernensis	State: Fed: E Plant Rank: 1B.2	CWHR: N/A USFWS: N/A	On dry, open sandy to clay soils; usually within valley saltbush scrub and foothill grasslands, on eroded hillsides and alkali flats.
Lost Hills crownscale	Atriplex coronata var. vallicola	State: Fed: Plant Rank: 1B.2	CWHR: N/A USFWS: N/A	Chenopod scrub, valley and foothill grassland, vernal pools. In powdery, alkaline solids that are vernally moist with <i>Frankenia</i> , <i>Atriplex</i> spp., and <i>Distichlis</i> .

rose-flowered larkspur	Delphinium purpusii	State: Fed: Plant Rank: 1B.3	CWHR: N/A USFWS: N/A	Chaparral, cismontane woodland, pinyon and juniper woodland. On shady rocky slopes, often on carbonates.
San Joaquin woollythreads	Monolopia congdonii	State: Fed: E Plant Rank: 1B.2	CWHR: N/A USFWS: N/A	Alkaline or loamy plains; sandy soils, often with grasses and within chenopod scrub.
Shevrock's golden-aster	Heterotheca shevockii	State: Fed: Plant Rank: 1B.3	CWHR: N/A USFWS: N/A	Chaparral, cismontane woodland. Ditches, crevices, shallow sand.
oil neststraw	Stylocline citroleum	State: Fed: Plant Rank: 1B.1	CWHR: N/A USFWS: N/A	Chenopod scrub, coastal scrub, valley and foothill grassland. Flats, clay soils in oil- producing areas.

^State and federal threatened and endangered species and California Species of Special Concern. Migratory birds w/o any other status were not included. T= Threatened, E = Endangered, C= Candidate, SSC= State Species of Concern, R = Rare, FP= Fully Protected

USFWS Critical Habitat Mapper - https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=2c2453ee613f47cdae9dbd0ed7939409

NOAA Fisheries West Coast Critical Habitat Mapper -

http://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/maps_data/endangered_species_act_critical_habitat.html

For plants: Primary Source = CDFW Native Plant Program; Secondary Source = Calflora and CNPS only

~Large concentrations, rookeries, spawning, breeding, etc. For plants include the blooming season (include months) and flower description (if applicable)

USFWS Designated Wetlands			
Wetland Type (Riverine assumed present)	Federal Wetland System Description	Federal Wetland Class Description	
Palustrine System: Emergent (aka Freshwater Emergent Wetland)	Includes all nontidal vegetated wetlands. It also includes wetlands lacking vegetation, but with all of the following four characteristics: (1) area less than 8 ha (20 acres); (2) active wave-formed or bedrock shoreline features lacking; (3) water depth in the deepest part of the basin less than 2.5m (8.2 ft) at low water, and (4) salinity due to ocean-derived salts less than 0.5ppt.	In this wetland class, emergent plants (i.e., erect, rooted, herbaceous hydrophytes, excluding mosses and lichens) are the tallest life form with at least 30% areal coverage. In areas with relatively stable climatic conditions, Emergent Wetlands maintain the same appearance year after year.	
Palustrine System: Scrub-shrub (aka Freshwater Scrub-shrub Wetland)	Includes all nontidal vegetated wetlands. It also includes wetlands lacking vegetation, but with all of the following four characteristics: (1) area less than 8 ha (20 acres); (2) active wave-formed or bedrock shoreline features lacking; (3) water depth in the deepest part of the basin less than 2.5m (8.2 ft) at low water, and (4) salinity due to ocean-derived salts less than 0.5ppt.	In Scrub-Shrub Wetlands, woody plants less than 6m (20ft) tall are the dominant life form - i.e., the tallest life form with at least 30% areal coverage. Scrub-Shrub Wetlands may represent a successional stage leading to Forested Wetland, or they may be relatively stable communities.	
Palustrine System: Forested (aka Freshwater Forested Wetland)	Includes all nontidal vegetated wetlands. It also includes wetlands lacking vegetation, but with all of the following four characteristics: (1) area less than 8 ha (20 acres); (2) active wave-formed or bedrock shoreline features lacking; (3) water depth in the deepest part of the basin less than 2.5m (8.2 ft) at low water, and (4) salinity due to ocean-derived salts less than 0.5ppt.	In Forested Wetlands, trees are the dominant life form - i.e., the tallest life form with at least 30% areal coverage. Trees are defined as woody plants at least 6m (20 ft) in height. Normally, Forested Wetlands possess an overstory of trees, an understory of young trees or shrubs, and an herbaceous layer.	
Palustrine System: Unconsolidated Bottom (aka Freshwater Pond)	Includes all nontidal vegetated wetlands. It also includes wetlands lacking vegetation, but with all of the following four characteristics: (1) area less than 8 ha (20 acres); (2) active wave-formed or bedrock shoreline features lacking; (3) water depth in the deepest part of the basin less than 2.5m (8.2 ft) at low water, and (4) salinity due to ocean-derived salts less than 0.5ppt.	Includes all wetlands and deepwater habitats with at least 25% cover of particles smaller than stones and a vegetative cover less than 30%. Unconsolidated Bottoms are characterized by the lack of large stable surfaces for plant and animal attachment. They are usually found in areas with lower energy than Rock Bottoms and may be very unstable.	

Palustrine System: Unconsolidated Shore (aka Freshwater Pond)	Includes all nontidal vegetated wetlands. It also includes wetlands lacking vegetation, but with all of the following four characteristics: (1) area less than 8 ha (20 acres); (2) active wave-formed or bedrock shoreline features lacking; (3) water depth in the deepest part of the basin less than 2.5m (8.2 ft) at low water, and (4) salinity due to ocean-derived salts less than 0.5ppt.	Unconsolidated Shore includes all wetland habitats having three characteristics: (1) unconsolidated substrates with less than 75% areal cover of stones, boulders, or bedrock; (2) less than 30% areal cover of vegetation other than pioneer plants; and (3) exposed or flooded on an irregular, regular, temporary, seasonal, or intermittent basis.
Lacustrine System: Limnetic unconsolidated bottom (aka Lake)	Includes wetlands and deepwater habitats with all of the following characteristics: (1) situated in a topographic depression or a dammed river channel; (2) lacking trees, shrubs, persistent emergents, emergent mosses or lichens with 30% or greater areal coverage; and (3) total area of at least 8 ha (20 acres). Limnetic subsystem includes all deepwater habitats (i.e., depth greater than 2.5m (8.2 ft) at low water.	Includes all wetlands and deepwater habitats with at least 25% cover of particles smaller than stones and a vegetative cover less than 30%. Unconsolidated Bottoms are characterized by the lack of large stable surfaces for plant and animal attachment. They are usually found in areas with lower energy than Rock Bottoms and may be very unstable.
Lacustrine System: Littoral unconsolidated bottom (aka Lake)	Includes wetlands and deepwater habitats with all of the following characteristics: (1) situated in a topographic depression or a dammed river channel; (2) lacking trees, shrubs, persistent emergents, emergent mosses or lichens with 30% or greater areal coverage; and (3) total area of at least 8 ha (20 acres). Littoral subsystem includes all wetlands from the shoreward boundary of the system to a depth of 2.5m (8.2 ft) below low water.	Includes all wetlands and deepwater habitats with at least 25% cover of particles smaller than stones and a vegetative cover less than 30%. Unconsolidated Bottoms are characterized by the lack of large stable surfaces for plant and animal attachment. They are usually found in areas with lower energy than Rock Bottoms and may be very unstable.
Lacustrine System: Littoral unconsolidated shore (aka Lake)	Includes wetlands and deepwater habitats with all of the following characteristics: (1) situated in a topographic depression or a dammed river channel; (2) lacking trees, shrubs, persistent emergents, emergent mosses or lichens with 30% or greater areal coverage; and (3) total area of at least 8 ha (20 acres). Littoral subsystem includes all wetlands from the shoreward boundary of the system to a depth of 2.5m (8.2 ft) below low water.	Unconsolidated Shore includes all wetland habitats having three characteristics: (1) unconsolidated substrates with less than 75% areal cover of stones, boulders, or bedrock; (2) less than 30% areal cover of vegetation other than pioneer plants; and (3) exposed or flooded on an irregular, regular, temporary, seasonal, or intermittent basis.

Source: Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the US

Source: https://www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/mapper.html

Commercial and Recreational Fisheries (Public Health, Fisheries Closure)				
Common Name	Scientific Name	Contact Information	Seasonal and Special Considerations, Notes	
rainbow trout	Oncorhynchus mykiss	San Joaquin/Kern River Hatchery; CDFW Region 4 fisheries	Open all year. Stocking at lakes: Ming, Hart Park, Truxtun, River Walk	
black bass	Micropterus spp.		open all year	
bullhead & catfish	Ictalurus spp. & Ameiurus spp.		open all year	
striped bass	Morone saxalis		open all year	
common carp	Cyprinus carpio		open all year	
sunfish & crappie	Lepomis spp. & Pomoxis spp.		open all year	

Designated or Protected Lands			
Area Name	Designation	Contact Information	Seasonal and Special Considerations, Notes
Panorama Vista Preserve	habitat conservation	Carolyn Belli (661) 872-3569	school tours
Cole's Levee	habitat conservation	Joe Cobb (661) 340-8378	conservation credits
Kern Water Bank	habitat conservation	Jonathan Parker (661) 398-4900	migratory birds
Bakersfield Cactus Ecological Reserve	ecological reserve	Erin Tennant (661) 477-9239	
Tule Elk State Natural Reserve	state natural reserve	Calif. Dept. of Parks and Rec. (661) 764-6881	public wildlife viewing, guided tours, geocaching, visitor center

4.2 Wildlife Response Plan

Wildlife are put at risk or injured when oil is spilled into the marine, inland waters of the state, or terrestrial environment. Both Federal and State statutes mandate protection, rescue, and rehabilitation of oiled wildlife.

The WRP for Oil Spills in California, OSPR 2016, details the purposes, goals, objectives, responsibilities, and structure of the Wildlife Branch within the ICS. The WRP describes procedures to be used, along with personnel and equipment needed, to meet wildlife protection responsibilities of federal and state governments during a spill. The current WRP can be found at: http://www.wildlife.ca.gov/OSPR/Preparedness/Wildlife-Response.

The primary goal of the Wildlife Branch within the Operations Section is to provide for coordinated, immediate, and effective protection, rescue, rehabilitation, and minimization of risk of injury to wildlife resources and habitat during oil spills. The principal objectives during a spill response are to:

- Minimize injuries to wildlife and habitats from the contamination and/or the response actions.
- Provide best achievable rescue and care for injured wildlife.
- Document adverse effects to wildlife that result from the spill and cleanup.

These objectives are achieved through a suite of methods that include: communication with/through the Planning Section to response teams in the field; hazing of wildlife; aerial, ground, and on-water wildlife reconnaissance; recovery, stabilization, and transportation of injured wildlife; care and processing of oiled wildlife; and eventual release of rehabilitated wildlife.

Oiled Wildlife

Attempting to capture oiled wildlife can be hazardous to both the animal and the person attempting to capture the animal. Response personnel should <u>NOT</u> approach or attempt to recover oiled wildlife. Responders should report their observations to the Wildlife Branch of the Operations Section via the OWCN Hotline (877) 823-OWCN (6926) so appropriate action can be taken. Information provided should include the location, date, and time of the sighting, and the estimated number and kind of animals observed. This Hotline is active 24/7 including early on in a response, before a UC is established.

Wildlife Avoidance Measures

Avoidance measures may be recommended by the WBD (Operations Section) or EU (Planning Section) for the purpose of minimizing disturbance that could result in injury to wildlife during an oil spill response. By keeping a safe distance from identified sensitive areas, field responders can minimize the risk of direct wildlife and habitat injury, prevent the accidental hazing of wildlife into oiled areas, avoid causing abandonment of nests or dens, and other unintentional injuries. Avoidance measures may include exclusion zones or placing limits on: ingress/egress routes, unnecessary disturbance of sensitive areas, low altitude flights, night operations, and other activities.

4.3 Oiled Wildlife Care Network

The OWCN is a cooperative system of specialized wildlife rehabilitation centers and organizations. The OWCN is administered by the Wildlife Health Center at UC Davis. The Wildlife Health Center has an MOU with OSPR for operation of the OWCN to establish and equip wildlife rescue and rehabilitation stations and provide services to rescue and rehabilitate oiled wildlife. During an oil spill, OSPR activates and directs activities of the OWCN within the Wildlife Branch. The OWCN maintains a corps of veterinarians, paid staff, and professionally trained volunteers. The OWCN enlists more than 40 rehabilitation, academic, and private non-profit organizations to actively participate during oil spill responses. This includes more than 10 permanent wildlife care facilities for use during a spill, the majority occurring along the California coast. If a particular wildlife care facility becomes overwhelmed, additional facilities and/or temporary tents can be utilized. For more information on the OWCN, see www.owcn.org.

4.4 Economic Resources at Risk

Economic resources listed in this chapter are facilities, businesses, infrastructure or locations that could be severely impacted if an oil spill were to occur. Economically sensitive resources are separated into six categories: water intakes, infrastructure, recreational, waterfront businesses, commercial fisheries, and any additional economic resources not already captured. Table 4-2 below lists the known economic resources that exist within the boundaries of the Kern River GRP as well as contact information for each resource.

Table 4-2: Resources-At-Risk Matrix – Economic Resources

Name	Agency/ Company	Contact Info.	Phone
	Drinking, Industrial, and Agri		
Rio Bravo Water Intake 1	Rio Bravo Ranch	Jeff Siemens	(661) 364-3010
Rio Bravo Water Intake 2	Rio Bravo Ranch	Jeff Siemens	(661) 364-3010
Rio Bravo Water Intake 3	Rio Bravo Ranch	Jeff Siemens	(661) 364-3010
Lake Ming Water Intake	Kern County Parks & Recreation		(661) 342-8339 (661) 432-6550 (661) 345-7175
Unknown Lake Ming Intake	Kern County Parks & Recreation		(661) 342-8339 (661) 432-6550 (661) 345-7175
Idle pump - Lake Ming	Kern County Parks & Recreation		(661) 342-8339 (661) 432-6550 (661) 345-7175
CA Water Service Co. Intake	CA Water Service Company		(661) 343-6705
Hart Lake Intake	CA Water Service Company		(661) 343-6705
Irrigation canal pump - Hart Lake	Kern County Parks & Recreation		(661) 342-8339 (661) 432-6550 (661) 345-7175
Canal discharge to Kern River	Kern County Parks & Recreation		(661) 342-8339 (661) 432-6550 (661) 345-7175
Hart Park bridge discharge to Kern River	Kern County Parks & Recreation		(661) 342-8339 (661) 432-6550 (661) 345-7175
Little Hart Park Lake discharge to Kern River	Kern County Parks & Recreation		(661) 342-8339 (661) 432-6550 (661) 345-7175
Beardsley Canal	City of Bakersfield Water Resources		(661) 326-3716
Carrier Canal	City of Bakersfield Water Resources		(661) 326-3716
Panorama Vista Preserve Intake	Panorama Vista Preserve		(661) 872-3569 (661) 319-5805
Carrier Canal outflow to Kern River	City of Bakersfield Water Resources		(661) 326-3716
Carrier Canal endpoint	City of Bakersfield Water Resources		(661) 326-3716
Calloway Canal	City of Bakersfield Water Resources		(661) 326-3716
Kern River Canal	City of Bakersfield Water Resources		(661) 326-3716
Bellevue Weir	City of Bakersfield Water Resources		(661) 326-3716
McClung Weir	City of Bakersfield Water Resources		(661) 326-3716

D: :)// :	City of Bakersfield Water		(661) 326-3716
Diversion Weir	Resources, Kern Waterbank		(661) 440-4668
Old Main Canal	City of Bakersfield Water		(661) 326-3716
	Resources, Kern Waterbank		(661) 440-4668
Canal flood gate	City of Bakersfield Water Resources		(661) 326-3716
CA Aqueduct gate	City of Bakersfield Water Resources		(661) 326-3716
	Dams and Hydroelectric	Facilities	
Rio Bravo Hydroelectric Plant Intake	Rio Bravo Ranch		(661) 872-4487
Recreational - Park	s, Marinas, Boat Ramps, Fishing	Guide Service, Sporting	Goods Stores
Bob's Bait Bucket		2131 S. Chester Ave, Bakersfield, CA 93304	(661) 833-8657
Cope's Tackle and Rod Shop		1654 Calloway Dr, Bakersfield, CA 93312	(661) 679-6351
Kern River Bait		8011 Niles St, Bakersfield, CA 93306	(661) 366-7866
Quickdraw Tackle Bags		2205 Carol Place, Bakersfield, CA 93304	(661) 805-6489
Fishin Hole		3400 Buck Owens Blvd, Bakersfield, CA 93308	(661) 631-2248
Laka Mina		40075 Laka Mina Da	(661) 342-8339
Lake Ming	Kern County Parks & Recreation	13375 Lake Ming Rd., Bakersfield, CA 93306	(661) 432-6550 (661) 345-7175
			(661) 342-8339
Lake Ming Campground	Kern County Parks & Recreation	13375 Lake Ming Rd., Bakersfield, CA 93306	(661) 432-6550 (661) 345-7175
		13081 Round	(661) 342-8339
Camp Okihi	Kern County Parks & Recreation	Mountain Rd.,	(661) 432-6550
		Bakersfield, CA 93308 15701 CA-178,	(661) 345-7175
River's End Rafting		Bakersfield, CA 93306	(661) 326-7003
Kern County Soccer		9400 Alfred Harrell	
Park		Hwy, Bakersfield, CA 93308	(661) 871-7711
Pyles Boys Camp Picnic			(661) 868-7022
Area	Kern County Parks & Recreation	Lake Ming Road	(661) 205-4851
Yokuts Park	City of Bakersfield Recreation & Parks	4200 Empire Dr., Bakersfield, CA 93309	(661) 326-3866
Beach Park	City of Bakersfield Recreation & Parks	3400 21st St., Bakersfield, CA 93301	(661) 326-3866
Hart Park	Kern County Parks & Recreation	Alfred Harrell Hwy at Mirror Dr.	(661) 868-7022 (661) 205-4851
Kern River Parkway Park	City of Bakersfield Recreation & Parks	11200 Stockdale Hwy., Bakersfield, CA 93311	(661) 326-3866
Uplands of the Kern River Parkway	City of Bakersfield Recreation & Parks	4415 Chester Ave., Bakersfield, CA 93301	(661) 326-3866
Riverview Park	North of the River Recreation & Parks District	401 Willow Dr., Bakersfield, CA 93308	(661) 392-2000 ext. 1022
		Dareisiieiu, CA 33300	(661) 619-0481

		11200 Stockdale	
The Park at Riverwalk	City of Bakersfield Recreation & Parks	Hwy., Bakersfield, CA 93311	(661) 326-3866
Truxtun Lake	ktun Lake City of Bakersfield Water Resources Truxtun Ave between Mohawk St. and Coffee Rd.		(661) 326-3716
Hart Park Lake	Kern County Parks & Recreation	Alfred Harrell Hwy at Mirror Dr.	(661) 868-7022 (661) 205-4851
Little Hart Park Lake	Kern County Parks & Recreation	Alfred Harrell Hwy at Mirror Dr.	(661) 868-7022 (661) 205-4851
Riverwalk Park Lake	City of Bakersfield Water Resources	11200 Stockdale Hwy., Bakersfield, CA 93311	(661) 326-3716
Aera Park	City of Bakersfield Recreation & Parks	100 Jewetta Ave., Bakersfield, CA 93314	(661) 326-3866
River Oaks Park	City of Bakersfield Recreation & Parks	12608 Monterey Beach Dr., Bakersfield, CA 93311	(661) 326-3866
	River Dependent Waterfront/Neight (those that may be immediately or		
JEH Ranch	Meredith Carter	10421 Round Mountain Rd, Bakersfield, CA 93308	(661) 399-0588 business (661) 330-9261 cell
Delamater	Terry Delamater	Round Mountain Road & Adolphus Ave toward Brandy Lane	(661) 205-9859
Hinds River Ranch	Chris Hinds	717 E Roberts Lane, Bakersfield, CA 93308	(805) 234-7074
Kern River Golf Course		Rudal Road, off of Lake Ming Road	(661) 872-5128
California Living Museum		10500 Alfred Harrell Hwy, Bakersfield, CA 93306	(661) 872-2256
Rio Bravo Ranch	Rio Bravo Ranch House	Private road west off of Rancheria Rd; north side of CA-178 and south of Kern River	(661) 872-4487 (760) 549-3280
Kern County Parks & Recreation		1115 Truxtun Ave., 3rd Floor Bakersfield, CA 93301	(661) 868-7022 (661) 205-4851
City of Bakersfield Recreation & Parks		1600 Truxtun Ave, 3rd Floor Bakersfield, CA 93301	(661) 326-3866
North of the River Recreation & Parks District	Paul Anderson	3825 Riverlakes Dr., Bakersfield, CA 93312	(661) 392-2000 ext. 1022 (661) 619-0481

		15701 CA-178,				
River's End Rafting		Bakersfield, CA				
		93306	(661) 326-7003			
City of Bakarafield	City of Bakarafield Water	1000 Buena Vista				
City of Bakersfield Water Bank	City of Bakersfield Water Resources	Road, Bakersfield,				
	Resources	CA 93311	(661) 326-3716			
	Commercial Fishe	ries				
N/A						
Additional Economic Resources						
N/A						

4.5 Tribal and Cultural Resources and Historic Properties at Risk

Cultural and historic sensitive sites are present within this GRP area. Due to the nature of this information, details regarding the location and type of cultural resources present are not included in this document. However, in order to ensure that tactical response strategies do not inadvertently harm cultural and historic sensitive sites, the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center (Fresno, Kern, Kings, Madera, Tulare Counties) under the California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS), who can access this sensitive information, should be consulted before disturbing any soil or sediment during a response action. The USCG or USEPA may hire an Historic Properties Specialist to help identify the location of these sensitive resources and/or assign resources to monitor cleanup operations or provide a list of professional archeologists that can be contracted to monitor response activities. Table 4-3 lists contact information for the appropriate CHRIS Information Center for the GRP area.

Tribal Notification

Oil spills which occur on or near federally recognized tribal land may have the potential to impact cultural resources on traditional ancestral lands. These ancestral lands may be of importance to several federally recognized and non-federally recognized tribes. The CA Public Resource Code (PRC) Section 21073 states "California Native American tribe means a Native American tribe located in California that is on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) for the purposes of Chapter 905 of the Statutes of 2004." When it is determined that an oil spill has the potential to impact cultural resources, the tribal representatives listed in Table 4-3, provided by NAHC, will be contacted and invited to participate in the response for the purpose of cultural resource protection. A notification call will also be placed to the NAHC.

Section 106 of the <u>National Historic Preservation Act of 1966</u> requires tribal consultation in all steps of the process when a federal agency project or effort may affect historic properties that are either located on tribal lands, or when any Native American tribe or Native Hawaiian organization attaches religious or cultural significance to the historic property, regardless of the property's location. When an oil spill response occurs on tribal land, the federal agency must notify appropriate Native American tribes of the undertaking and give those tribal groups the opportunity to consult, should they wish to do so.

In the event of an oil spill that may impact tribal resources, the federal agency is responsible for notifying appropriate Native American tribes. In the absence of an FOSC, the SOSC will ensure appropriate notification of and coordination with tribes.

After the UC is established, an Historic Properties Specialist will coordinate with the EU on cultural and historic resources-at-risk concerns. Procedures for managing the discovery of human skeletal remains and cultural and historic resources can be found in Section 9 of the GRP CM.

Agency/ Company	Contact Info.	Phone			
Historical a	nd Cultural Resources				
Southern San Joaquin Valley Information	on Center				
Celeste Thomson	ssjvic@csub.edu	(661) 654-2289			
Website	www.csub.edu/ssjvic				
Tribal Res	ources (State Agency)				
Native American Heritage Commission	1550 Harbor Blvd., Suite 100, West Sacramento, CA	(916) 373-3710			
Katy Sanchez	Katy Sanchez Katy.Sanchez@nahc.ca.gov (916) 3				
Steven Quinn	Steven.Quinn@nahc.ca.gov	(916) 373-3710			
CDFW Tribal Liaison					
Nathan Voegeli	nathan.voegeli@wildlife.ca.gov	(916) 651-7653			

Table 4-3: Resources-At-Risk Matrix – Tribal, Cultural and Historic Properties

Local Tribal Contact Information					
Leo Sisco, Chairperson, Santa Rosa					
Indian Community of the Santa Rosa					
Rancheria	P.O. Box 8, Lemoore, Ca 93245	(559) 924-1278			
Delia Dominguez, Chairperson					
Kitanemuk & Yowlumne Tejon Indians	115 Radio Street				
2deedominguez@gmail.com	Bakersfield, CA 93305	(626) 339-6785			
Octavio Escobedo III, Chairperson					
Tejon Indian Tribe	P.O. Box 640				
oescobedo@tejonindiantribe-nsn.gov	Arvin 93203	(661) 834-8566			
Colin Rambo, CRM Tech		(661) 834-8566			
Tejon Indian Tribe	P.O. Box 640	(484) 515-4790			
colin.rambo@tejonindiantribe-nsn.gov	Arvin 93203	Cell			
Robert L. Gomez Jr., Tribal Chairperson	P.O. Box 226				
Tubatulabals of Kern Valley	Lake Isabella, CA 93240	(760) 379-4590			
Neil Pevron, Chairperson		(700) 379-4390			
Tule River Indian Tribe	P.O. Box 589				
		(550) 701 4071			
neil.peyron@tulerivertribe-nsn.gov	Porterville, CA 93258	(559) 781-4271			
Julio Quair, Chairperson	700 Taylog Otro at				
Chumash Council of Bakersfield	729 Texas Street	(004) 000 0404			
chumashtribe@sbcglobal.net	Bakersfield, CA 93307	(661) 322-0121			
Julie Turner, Secretary	P.O. Box 1010				
Kern Valley Indian Community	Lake Isabella, CA 93240	(661) 340-0032			
Robert Robinson, Chairperson					
Kern Valley Indian Community	P.O. Box 1010				
bbutterbredt@gmail.com	Lake Isabella, CA 93240	(760) 378-2915			
Brandy Kendricks					
Kern Valley Indian Community	30741 Foxridge Court	(661) 821-1733			
krazykendricks@hotmail.com	Tehachapi 93561	(661) 972-0445			
Kenneth Woodrow, Chairperson					
Wuksache Indian Tribe/Eshom Valley					
Band	1179 Rock Haven Ct.				
kwood8934@aol.com	Salinas, CA 93906	(831) 443-9702			
James Rambeau, Sr., Chairperson	P.O. Box 700				
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	Big Pine, CA 93513				
j.rambeau@bigpinepaiute.org	D.O. D	(760) 938-2003			
Sally Manning, Environmental Director	P.O. Box 700				
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	Big Pine, CA 93513	(700) 020 2002			
s.manning@bigpinepaiute.org Danelle Gutierrez THPO	P.O. Box 700	(760) 938-2003			
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	Big Pine, CA 93513	(760) 020 2002			
d.gutierrez@bigpinepaiute.org	Big Fille, CA 95515	(760) 938-2003, ext. 228			
Jairo F. Avila, THPO	1019 Second St., Suite 1	υ λί. 220			
Fernandeno Tataviam Band of Mission	San Fernando 91340				
Indians, jairo.avila@tataviam-nsn.us		(818) 837-0794			
San Manuel Band of Mission Indians Jessica	26569 Community Center Drive				
Mauck, Director-CRM Dept.	Highland 92346				
jmauck@sanmanuel-nsn.gov		(909) 864-8933			
yak tityu tityu yak tiłhini - Northern Chumash	660 Camino Del Rey	(805) 489-1052			
Tribe	Arroyo Grande 93420	Home			
Mona Olivas Tucker, Chairwoman		(805) 748-2121			
olivas.mona@gmail.com		Cell			

Appendix A Kern River Geographic Response Plan – Original Contributors

The Kern River GRP was developed through a collaborative effort among the state, federal, and local government agencies listed below, as well as industry and oil spill response organization partners and tribal and environmental NGO representatives:

Federal Representatives

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9 and 10 U.S.D.A. Forest Service U.S. Department of the Interior

State Representatives

Calif. Environmental Protection Agency Calif. Office of Emergency Services CALFIRE State Fire Marshal's Office, Pipeline Safety Division Native American Heritage Commission

Local Representatives

Santa Barbara County Public Health Kern County Environmental Health Kern County Parks and Recreation Kern County Water Agency City of Bakersfield Water Resources Department Kern Water Bank Authority

Tribal Representatives

Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria

Industry and Response Contractors

Patriot Environmental Services Marine Spill Response Corporation Union Pacific Railroad Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad Kinder Morgan Pipeline Crimson Pipeline Shell Pipeline Company Shell Oil Company Chevron North American Exploration and Production Company Aera Energy

Environmental Non-Governmental Organizations

Trout Unlimited Panorama Vista Preserve

Other Organizations

Nickel Family LLC South Valley Biology Consulting LLC

Appendix B Site Description

1.0 Overview

This section provides a description of the physical features, hydrology, and climate in the area of the Kern River located in Kern County, California, and includes an overview of the oil spill risks in the region. This GRP only encompasses a section of the river, beginning at the mouth of the Kern River Canyon along Highway 178 and concluding at the California Aqueduct.

1.1 Physical Features

The Kern River is one of the primary river courses in the southern portion of the Central Valley of California. The Kern River in the Bakersfield area is supported by a large watershed (2,407 square miles above the city) that extends high into the Sierra Nevada Mountain Range, including Mt. Whitney (elevation 14,494 feet) at the watershed's northern end. The Kern River and its watershed are noted for their range of geographic and topographic conditions. The high elevations of the upper Kern River watershed typically collect a deep snowpack that supports Kern River flows (Kern River Flow and Municipal Water Program, DEIR, 2016). Where the Kern River enters the San Joaquin Valley, it is near its base level and erosion is replaced by deposition as the main process. Here the Kern River meanders within its floodplain depositing layers of sediment as alluvial fans at the canyon mouth, along the riverbed, and in natural levees (Burszytn).

The river has been heavily manipulated by human activity. Since the late 19th century, the Kern River has been almost entirely diverted for irrigation, recharging aquifers, and contributing to the California Aqueduct. Six weirs are in place in the river channel to safely control, divert, and measure water flow. These include the Beardsley Weir, Rocky Point Weir, Calloway Weir, River Canal Weir, Bellevue Weir, and McClung Weir (Kern River Flow and Municipal Water Program DEIR, 2016). There are numerous canals, including the Friant-Kern Canal, constructed as part of the Central Valley Project, which joins the river about 4 mi west of downtown Bakersfield.

Hydrology

The Kern River is within the South Valley Floor hydrologic unit of the Tulare Lake hydrologic basin. Receiving water bodies in the Kern Delta hydrologic area include the Kern River, Carrier Canal, Stine Canal, and Kern Island Canal (Centennial Corridor Project Final Environmental Impact Report/ Environmental Impact Statement and Section 4(f) Evaluation [Centennial Corridor EIR], Vol 1, 2015). The Southern San Joaquin Groundwater Basin underlies the Kern River. Average depth to groundwater is estimated at 80 to 120 feet below the ground surface. Variations in groundwater depth are due to seasonal groundwater fluctuations, weather conditions, surface runoff, and other factors (Centennial Corridor EIR, Vol 1, 2015). The Kern River also receives storm water through sheet flow and a number of drainage pipes, canals, retention basins, cross culverts, pump stations, and landscaped areas (Centennial Corridor EIR, Vol 1, 2015).

Diversions by, and on behalf of, various water districts and agricultural interests through a complex system of canals and diversion facilities severely impact hydrology of the Kern River (Kern River Flow and Municipal Water Program DEIR, 2016). Flow rates on the Kern River are managed by the mechanical manipulation of the above-mentioned weirs. The basic function of the weirs is to raise or maintain water surface elevation in the channel to allow gravity to divert flows to specified destinations. The weirs also regulate water velocity to reduce erosion and scouring of the channel bed and banks, and to allow for the settling of sediment for later removal.

Due to these diversions, weirs, and Isabella Dam, the Kern River's discharge changes considerably over its length. Below Isabella Dam, the Kern River flows southwest through a spectacular rugged canyon along the south edge of the Greenhorn Mountains, and this part of the river has remarkably swift flow even in the driest summers. The three stream gauge stations below Isabella Dam show a dramatically decreasing discharge. At the last gauge, near Bakersfield, the river's average flow is only 312 cubic feet/second (Surface-Water Data for the Nation, 2018) and is often dry through the city. When flowing, downstream from Bakersfield the river continues to be highly diverted and controlled. In an effort to provide a regular and more consistent flow of water in the Kern River channel, the city has been implementing the Kern River Flow and Municipal Water Program.

Climate and Winds

Bakersfield and Kern County are classified as desert or semiarid. They have a hot desert climate, with long, hot, dry summers, and brief, cool, slightly moist winters. The valley averages 3 to 7 inches of precipitation annually (Kern County Op Area HAZMAT Area Plan, 2017). The region is prone to seasonal drought conditions, as most of the precipitation falls as rain and snow between the months of November and April (U.S. Climate Data, 2018).

1.2 Risk Assessment

The Kern River is a critical hydrological resource in Kern County with natural, cultural, and historical resources, all at risk of injury from oil spills. Natural and beneficial uses of the Kern River and adjacent floodplain include fish and wildlife foraging, migration, and breeding; flood flow conveyance and storage; groundwater recharge; and recreational activities. Even with surrounding urbanization, the Kern River and adjacent floodplain have moderate wildlife habitat values (Centennial Corridor EIR, Vol 1, 2015). The man-made structures, like the Friant-Kern Canal, are also used for wildlife movement (Centennial Corridor EIR, Vol 1, 2015). Potential risks to these resources include rail transportation, oil production and storage, pipelines, vehicles and roads, recreational vessels, and other factors. Prevention of and preparation for oil spills impacting this river is paramount.

Oil Production, Refinement, and Storage

"As of 2015, Kern remains California's top oil producing county, with 78% of the state's 56,653 active oil wells. The county accounts for approximately 4% of overall U.S. oil production, and three of the five largest U.S. oil fields are in Kern County" (Kern County Op Area HAZMAT Area Plan, 2017). The Kern River Oil Field is adjacent to the Kern River on the north, just

before the river flows into Bakersfield. This field includes hundreds of oil derricks (the framework supporting a drilling apparatus in an oil rig) and their associated piping is often directly adjacent to or crosses over the Kern River. Additionally, numerous companies operate refineries and manage storage containers and terminal facilities in Kern County, many of which are within a ¼ mile of the river. Spills from the production, refinement, transport, and storage of crude oil or refined petroleum products occur regularly, but a large release can have a catastrophic and wide-ranging impact.

Oil Pipelines

In addition to the miles of facility piping associated with oil production and storage, Shell, Chevron, Plains All American, and other companies operate pipelines that transport oil throughout Kern County and Bakersfield. These pipelines often cross over or are adjacent to the Kern River, including the ditches and canals connected to it. Additional spill threats are from pipeline booster stations in Bakersfield, which are positioned throughout the length of the pipeline to adjust the pressure, pump the product along the line, and monitor flow and other information about the transmittal of the product. Pipeline and booster station leaks can result from aging or failed infrastructure, vehicular or rail accidents (some pipelines operate within a railroad right of way), man-made errors, and natural disasters. Even underground pipelines have the potential to significantly impact the river and other sensitive environmental resources through seepage in the soil, groundwater, and eventually into the river.

Rail Transportation

There are heavily utilized railways in Kern County. The Union Pacific, Burlington Northern Santa Fe, and San Joaquin Valley Railroad traverse through Kern County and employ mixed cargo trains that can carry hazardous materials, including crude oil. Locomotives by themselves typically hold several thousand gallons of diesel fuel plus large quantities of lube and motor oils. U.S. Department of Transportation has specifications for "DOT-111" tank cars, including the capacity of an individual tank car, which can be up to 30,000 gallons (Railway Supply Institute). Trains can carry up to 3,000,000 gallons of oil in a unit train of 100 tank cars, at 42 gallons per barrel that equates to 71,428 barrels.

Road Systems

Roadways that run adjacent to or cross over the river, and/or have storm drains that feed into it pose an oil spill risk. Several of the state's main highway routes also pass through Kern County, including Interstate 5 and State Highway 99. The two highways branch off in the southern end of the County, where I-5 becomes the State's principal north-south route, and Highway 99 parallels it to the east (Kern County Op Area HAZMAT Area Plan, 2017). Highway 99 is particularly dangerous due to fog and precipitation during the winter months, heavy commercial truck usage, and accidents involving drunk drivers. This highway had the most fatal accidents per 100 miles of any highway in the nation and was second for fatal drunk driving accidents for every 100 miles between the years of 2011 and 2015 (Fatality Analysis Reporting System, 2018). Commercial trucks that can contain hundreds to thousands of

gallons of fuel and oil utilize these roadways daily. An accident on these roadways, especially with these commercial trucks, can and has resulted in spilled oil reaching the river.

Recreational Boating

Accidents involving recreational watercrafts and/or fuel docks have the potential to result in spills of anywhere from a few gallons of gasoline up to hundreds of gallons of diesel fuel. Lake Ming is the only location where vessels are allowed to operate within this GRP. The water from Lake Ming can be released into the river, and therefore vessels do pose a small oil spill risk. Examples of such accidents include collisions, vessel groundings, and mechanical failures. These types of accidents, as well as problems with bilge discharges and refueling operations, are the most typical types of spills to occur.

Other Spill Risks

Other potential spill risks in the area include road run-off during rain events, construction activities where heavy equipment is being operated, and hydro-electric facilities and power lines. Kern County has some hydro-electric facilities upstream from the GRP that could release hydraulic oil and power lines that could (and have) released mineral oil into the river from downed transformers.

Appendix B References:

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U.S. Climate Data, Bakersfield. Retrieved (2018) from https://www.usclimatedata.com/climate/bakersfield/california/united-states/usca0062U.S.G.S.

Appendix C Comments, Corrections, or Suggestions

GRPs are living documents and can be revised at any time based on new information from comments and lessons learned from drills and spills. These changes are typically reflected as interim updates on the website for each GRP until they are fully incorporated into the plan during a future update. OSPR values stakeholder input and welcomes suggestions about how the plan might be improved. If you have any questions or comments, suggestions for improvement, or find errors in this document please submit comments to the following address:

California Department of Fish and Wildlife Office of Spill Prevention and Response 1010 Riverside Parkway West Sacramento, Ca 95605 *Attn: Geographic Response Plans*

The form below can be used to submit comments by mail. Contact information is requested so that we can give you a call if more information or comment clarification is needed. Additional information on Geographic Response Plans is available at <u>http://www.wildlife.ca.gov/OSPR/Contingency</u>.

GRP Comment Form

Today's Date:			
Your Name:	Title:		
Company/Agency:			
	State/Province:		
Email:		Ph:	
GRP Page Number:	Section	or Paragraph:	
Comment(s)			

Appendix D Record of Changes

Date	Change Number	Summary of Changes	Name of Person Making Changes
09/28/2020	1	First annual contacts update: Contact Sheet, Chpt. 2 tables, Chpt. 3 strategy sheets, Chpt. 4 Econ and Tribal matrices	A. Burkholder

Appendix E Other Relevant Emergency Response Plans

Region V Local Emergency Planning Committee Hazardous Materials Emergency Plan

There are six California Governor's Office of Emergency Services (CalOES) mutual aid regions in California which have the same boundaries as the Local Emergency Planning Committees (LEPCs). The LEPCs are designated as emergency planning districts to prepare Hazardous Materials Emergency Plans pursuant to the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA), Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know) found in Title 42, United States Code §110003(a). The Region V LEPC district is comprised of the seven inland central California counties of Fresno, Kern, Kings, Madera, Mariposa, Merced and Tulare.

This Hazardous Materials Emergency Plan builds on the Hazardous Materials Area Plans of local government and facility Hazardous Materials Business Plans located within the emergency planning district. It is a regional planning tool that describes the identity, location, and emergency contacts for facilities that handle above threshold quantities of extremely hazardous substances, procedures for immediate response to a chemical release, ways to notify the public about actions they must take if a release occurs, emergency coordinators at the county government level, and plans for exercising the Hazardous Materials Emergency Plan.

Kern County Operational Area Hazardous Materials Area Plan

The **Area Plan program** was established in 1986 as a planning tool for local government agencies to respond to and minimize the impacts from a release or threatened release of a hazardous material. It requires local implementing agencies, called <u>Unified Program Agencies (UPA)</u>, to create an Area Plan that: 1) identifies the hazardous materials which pose a threat to the community, 2) develops procedures and protocols for emergency response, 3) provides for notification and coordination of emergency response personnel, 4) provides for public safety including notification and evacuation, 5) establishes training for emergency response personnel, 6) identifies emergency response supplies and equipment, and 7) provides for the critique and follow-up after a major incident. UPAs use information collected from the Hazardous Materials Business Plan (HMBP) and <u>California Accidental Release Prevention (CalARP)</u> programs to identify hazardous materials in their communities. This information provides the basis for the Area Plan and is used to determine the appropriate level of emergency planning necessary to respond to a release.

The Kern County Operational Area Hazardous Materials Area Plan identifies the use, storage, and transportation of hazardous materials and the generation and transportation of hazardous wastes as issues of increasing importance in the protection of life, the environment, and property in the Kern County Operational Area (OA). It designates Kern County (OA) as the primary agency for coordination and communication between the cities and special districts within the County's boundaries at the time of a significant emergency, with the Kern County Office of Emergency Services providing oversight and administrative support. It also identifies local, state, and federal responsibilities during incidents involving the release or threatened release of hazardous substances.

Chevron North America Exploration & Production (CNAEP) Company, San Joaquin Valley Business Unit, Tactical Oil Spill Response Plan- Kern River

This tactical plan is a guide for Chevron personnel and business partners for oil spill response specific to the Kern River, the Beardsley Canal, and Carrier Canal by the Kern River Oil Field. This document incorporates the key elements for emergency response from the Kern River Initial Responder's Guide (IRG), and procedures developed by contracted clean-up companies into a comprehensible, useable format.

Eight response sites have been defined in the plan based on accessibility for both response teams and equipment. On each page, there is a description of the response zone, how to access the boom deployment location, specific emergency equipment that is to be used for response, a set of response procedures, and a GIS map of the response zone with boom location setup. Its primary use is to be utilized as a comprehensive response guide by the on-scene response team.

California State Oil Spill Contingency Plan

The California State Oil Spill Contingency Plan is an independent document generally describing the state's response to discharges of oil to all marine or inland surface waterways of California. This version of the Plan supersedes all previous California state oil spill plans (whether statewide or marine specific). Where an incident may involve oil and a chemical release, an assessment will need to be made whether to prepare for and respond to the incident primarily as an oil spill or primarily as a chemical release.

Oil spill incidents often involve a response from multiple agencies having different jurisdictional authorities, capabilities, and functions. In some circumstances, the jurisdictional mandates of several agencies may overlap. Use of the Standardized Emergency Management System (SEMS) and the National Incident Management System (NIMS) to organize spill response ensures that inter-agency responsibilities are collectively addressed.

Incident management generally includes the development of objectives, strategies and tactics, the ordering and release of resources, and coordination with other appropriate response agencies to ensure that all resources are properly utilized and that this coordinating function is performed in a manner designated to minimize risk to other persons and to the environment.

Federal Region 9 Regional Contingency Plan

The Federal Region 9 Regional Contingency Plan (RCP) is intended for use by Local, Tribal, State, and Federal emergency response personnel as a tool for obtaining resources to respond to an oil or hazardous materials incident. It outlines the response mechanisms that would be activated among the various levels of the response community in the event of an emergency situation. It is not intended to displace Local emergency response plans, but rather it is intended to coordinate with Local plans and build on the mechanisms set forth in State emergency response plans.

The objective of the RCP is to describe response protocols and assist in providing a coordinated response capability in the event of a release or threat of release endangering human health and welfare or the environment. The RCP expands upon the planning and response requirements set forth in the NCP, augments coordination with State and Tribal authorities, and integrates existing Tribal, State and Federal plans for Federal Region 9. The RCP incorporates both coastal and inland areas.

Appendix F Local/Regional Asset Resources

- Table F-1: Local/Regional Asset Resources Table
- Figure F-1: Cal OES Statewide Certified HazMat Material Teams Map
- Table F-2: Cal OES Statewide List of Certified California HazMat Teams by Type
- ICP Facility Assessment Check Sheet

Table F-1: Local/Regional Response Assets

Resource	Home Base/Owner	Contact Information and Comments
Water Supplies for Firefigh	ting	
Lake Ming	Kern County Parks and Recreation Department	(661) 868-7000
Foaming Operations		
	Bakersfield City Fire Department	(661) 326-3911
	Kern County Fire Department	(661) 324-6551
Air Monitoring Equipment		
HazMat/Chemical Monitoring	Kern County Environmental Health	(661) 549-9927
	Bakersfield City Fire Department	(661) 326-3911
	Kern County Fire Department	(661) 324-6551
Communication Equipmen	t: Portable Radio/Mobile Repeaters	
HazMat Teams		
Туре 1	Bakersfield City Fire Department	(661) 326-3911
	Kern County Fire Department ES Certified Hazardous Material Team Table F-2 for a list of statewide Certif	
Swift Water Rescue Teams		
Kern County Sheriffs Dept. Search and Rescue – Kern Valley Unit	Kern County Sheriffs Dept.	(323) 957-4121
Bakersfield Fire Dept. Swift Water Rescue Team	Bakersfield City Fire Department	(661) 326-3911
Kern County Fire Dept.	Kern County Fire Dispatch	(661) 861-2521 (661) 324-6551

Figure F-1: Cal OES Statewide Certified HazMat Material Teams Map



	CERTIF	ED CAL	IFORNIA	A HAZMAT TEAMS, BY TYPE <mark>(Items high</mark> l	lighted is new da	ata since	e last update)	– <mark>4/30/18</mark>	
	Orig. Req. #	Orig. Insp. #	Recent Pass #	AGENCY	Operational and Local Identifier	Region	Unit Designation	Most Recent Attained	Zip Code
	46	41	28	Anaheim Fire	XOR-ANA	1	HM-8	1/13/2017	92807
	14	13	32	Burbank City Flre	XLC-BRK	1	HM-12	6/08/2017	91505
	10 7	10 7	9	Glendale City Fire	XLC-GLN	1	HM-24	7/06/2017	91208
	18	17	5up 30	Long Beach Fire Dept. Los Angeles County Fire	XLF-LOB XLB-LAC	1	HM-24 HM-150	10/06/2016 12/15/2010	90802 91351
	51	46	37	Orange Co Fire Authority	XOR-ORC	1	HM-4	8/15/2017	92612
	49	44	26	Orange Co Fire Auth. (formerly Santa Ana hm-9)	XOR-ORC	1	HM-79	8/15/2017	92705
	45 26	40 25	23 15	Ventura County Fire Vernon City Fire	XVE-VNC XLE-VER	1	HM-50 HM-151	6/07/2017 7/15/2017	93010 90058
	55	58	47	Santa Fe Springs Fire	XLE-SFS	1	HM # 851	4/20/2018	90670
	54	48	48	Santa Monica Fire	XLA-SMA	1	HM-4	10/27/2016	90404
	6	6	11	Alameda County Fire	XAL-ACF	2	HM-12	5/23/2017	94546
	5 33	5 31	7up 17up	Contra Costa County JPA Marin County Fire Haz-Mat JPA	XCC-CCH XMR-MRN	2	HM-1 HM-1	10/20/2016 8/02/2016	94553 94960
	43	62	52	Oakland City Fire	XAL-OKL	2	HM # 2599	8/23/2013	94607
	61	60	50up	Salinas City Fire – Monterey County JPA	XMY-SLS	2	HM-2	6/14/2017	93901
	22 24	50 23	31 19	San Jose City Fire Santa Clara County Fire	XSC-SJS XSC-CNT	2	HM-29 HM-72	4/05/2017 3/14/2017	95134 95014
TYPE	50	45	38up	Solano County O.E.S. (Fairfield City FD)	XSO-FRF	2	HM-1	7/18/2017	94533
1	1	1	1	Roseville City Fire	XPL-RSV	4	HM-1	5/17/2016	95678
	2	2	2	Sacramento City Fire	XSA-SCR	4	HMRT-7	12/01/2016	95823
	3	3	3	Sacramento City Fire Sacramento Metro F.P.D.	XSA-SCR XSA-SAC	4	HMRT-30 HM-109	12/01/2016 11/17/2017	95835 95608
	4	37	4 25up	Bakersfield Fire. Dept	XKE-BKF	5	HM-103	3/16/2017	93314
	27	26	13	Clovis City Fire	XFR-CLV	5	HM-40	12/21/2016	93611
	17	16	12	Fresno City Fire	XFR-FRN	5	HM-1	4/26/2018	93703
	16 11	15 11	6 14up	Fresno City Fire Merced County F.D.	XFR-FRN XMD-MRD	5 5	HM-16 HM-62	4/26/2018 3/13/2013	93722 95301
	32	30	41	Visalia Fire	XTU-VSA	5	HM-55	7/16/2017	93291
	67	73	62	Ontario City Fire	XBO-OTO	6	HM-133	8/7/2015	91761
	57	55	44u	Riverside City Fire	XRI-RIV	6	HM-2	4/7/2014	92503
	68 9	66 69	55 56	San Bernardino County Fire San Diego City Fire	XBO-BDC XSD-SND	6 6	HM-74 HM-1	4/7/2014 5/30/2014	92335 92126
	48	70	57	San Diego City Fire	XSD-SND	6	HM-2	5/30/2014	92126
	71	72	61up	San Manuel Fire Dept.	XBO-SMI	6	HM-241	4/25/2017	92346 92055
	15 14 7 U.S. Marine Corp Camp Pendleton XSD-MCP 6 HM-1 8/25/2017								
				TYPE 1 TOTAL:			36		
	59	67	59	Santa Barbara City	XSB-STB	1	HM-1	11/03/2014	93101
	66	65	53	Santa Barbara County	XSB-SBC	1	HM-31	10/07/2013	93427
	72	74	63	San Luis Obispo County / CAL Fire	XSL-SLU	1	HM-1	1/05/2016	93446
	63	71	58	Belmont City Fire	XSM-BEL	2	HM-14	7/03/2014	94002
	41	35	33	Fremont City Fire	XAL-FRE	2	HM-57	4/04/2018	94538
	31	29	22	Humboldt Bay Fire Dept	XHU-EUR	2	HM-8190	2/26/2018	95501
	53	51	48	Livermore-Pleasanton	XAL-LAP	2	HM-92	1/18/2018	94588
	20	49	36up	Mt. View Fire	XSC-MTV	2	HM-5	3/08/2017	94043
	35	32	29	Napa County Fire	XNA-NPA	2	HM-27	10/24/2010	94558
	73	75	64	Presidio of Monterey	XMY-POM	2	H2MT61	9/20/2017	93955
	44	39	35	San City Francisco Fire	XSF-SFR	2	HM-1	4/05/2011	94102
	28	27	16	San Ramon Fire Prot. Dist	XCC-SRM	2	HM-35	2/01/2017	94506
TYPE	23	52	45	Santa Clara City Fire	XSC-SNC	2	HM-9	6/19/2012	95051
2	58	56	46up	Santa Rosa City Fire	XSN-SRS	2	HM-1	2/16/2018	95404
_	8	8	18	Sonoma County Fire	XSN-SSR	2	HM-2936	3/07/2017	95403
	25	24	24	Sunnyvale Dept. Public Safety	XSC-SNY	2	HM-2	11/30/2016	94085
	36	33	20	Butte County Fire	XBU-BUT	3	HM-5	2/02/2017	95928
	12	54	42	Shasta-Cascade HM JPA (Redding Fire)	XSH-SHS	3	HM-24	2/17/2012	96002
	69	68	60	Placer Co. Fire (CDF)	XPL-PCF	4	HM-10	2/01/2015	95603
	13	12	10up	Truckee Fire Prot. District	XTB-TRK	4	HM-1	4/11/2018	96161
	47	42	40	Kern County Fire	XKE-KRN	5	HM-66	3/16/2017	93308
	60	59	49up	Corona City Fire	XRI-COR	6	HM-4	4/05/2013	92879
	56	57	49up 43up	Hemet City Fire	XRI-COK XRI-HMT	6	HM-4	6/05/2013	92545
	64	63	450p 51	Riverside County Fire	XRI-RRU	6	HM-34	5/14/2013	92596
	65	64	54	Riverside County Fire	XRI-RRU	6	HM-81	10/15/2013	92211
		TYPE 2 TOTAL: 24							
				TYPE 2 TOTAL:					
ТҮРЕ	21	20	27		XSC-DAF	2			04304
TYPE 3	21	20	27	Palo Alto Fire Dept.	XSC-PAF	2	HM-2	8/02/2010	94304
	21				XSC-PAF	2		8/02/2010	94304

Figure F-2: Cal OES Statewide List of Certified California HazMat Teams by Type

NOTES: Changes to HM Unit status:

- 1. Salinas City Fire HM-2 Upgraded from a Type 2 to a Type 1 and passed Re-Certification on 6/24/2017
- 2. Solano County OES HM-1 Upgraded from a Type 2 to a Type 1 and passed Re-Certification on 7/18/2017
- 3. San Manuel Fire Dept. HM-241 Upgraded from a Type 2 to a Type 1 on 4/25/2017
- 4. Mt. View Fire HM-5 Upgraded from a Type 3 to a Type 2 and passed Re-Certification on 3/08/2017
- Santa Rosa City Fire HM-1 Upgraded from a Type 3 to a Type 2 and passed Re-Certification on 5. 2/16/2018 Presidio of Monterey H2MT61 Entered into the Team Typing program as a Type 2 Team on
- 6. 9/20/2017
- 7. Riverside Co. Fire, HM-81 disc ontinued and Removed their Type 3 HazMat Team from the program
- Burbank City Fire HM-12 Passed Re-Certification on 6/08/2017 8.
- Glendale City Fire HM-24 Passed Re-Certification on 7/06/2017 9. 10.
- Orange Co. Fire Authority HM-4 Passed Re-Certification on 8/15/2017 11.
- Orange Co. Fire Authority HM-79 Passed Re-Certification on 8/15/2017 Ventura Co. Fire HM-50 Passed Re-Certification on 6/07/2017 12.
- Vernon City Fire HM-151 Passed Re-Certification on 7/15/2017 13.
- 14. Santa Fe Springs Fire HM-851 Passed Re-Certification on 4/20/2018
- 15. Alameda Co. Fire HM-12 Passed Re-Certification on 5/23/2017 San Jose City Fire HM-29 Passed Re-Certification on 4/05/2017
- 16. Santa Clara Co. Fire HM-72 Passed Re-Certification on 3/14/2017 17.
- 18. Sacramento Metro Fire HM-109 Passed Re-Certification on 11/17/2017
- Bakersfield City FireHM-15 Passed Re-Certification on 3/16/2017 Fresno City Fire HM-1 Passed Re-Certification on 4/26/2018 19.
- 20.
- 21. Fresno City Fire HM-16 Passed Re-Certification on 4/26/2018
- 22.
- Visalia City Fire HM-55 Passed Re-Certification on 7/16/2017 USMC Camp Pendleton Fire HM-1 Passed Re-Certification on 8/25/2017 Fremont City Fire HM-57 Passed Re-Certification on 4/04/2018 23.
- 24.
- 25. Humboldt Bay Fire HM-8190 Passed Re-Certification on 2/26/2018
- San Ramon Fire Prot. Dist. HM-35 Passed Re-Certification on 2/01/2017 Sonoma Co. Fire HM-2936 Passed Re-Certification on 3/07/2017 26.
- 27.
- Butte Co. Fire HM-5 Passed Re-Certification on 2/02/2017 28.
- 29. Truckee Fire HM-1 Passed Re-Certification on 4/11/2018 30. Kern Co. Fire HM-66 Pass Re-Certification on 3//16/2017

Changes to Chart Statistics:

- 1. The total number of TYPE 1 HM teams boosted to at 36.
- The total number of TYPE 2 HM teams decreased to 24. The total number of TYPE 3 HM teams decreases to 1. 2.
- 3.
- The total number of typed Metropolitan HM Teams stayed the same at 61. 4.

Above changes issued 4/26/2018 and posted on web page.

ICP Facility Assessment Checksheet					
Facility Name:	Facility Address/phone number:				
Rental/lease cost:	Maximum Occupancy:				
General Impressions:	· · · ·				
Limitations/Constraints:					
Proximity to services		Approvimate			
Type/Name		Approximate Distances			
Interstates-					
State Routes-					
Restaurants-					
Hotels-					
Airport-					
Emergency Services-					
Copy Centers (i.e. Kinko's)-					
Other-					
Cell phone coverage		• •			
Nearest cell tower:					
Signal strength within the ICP (on your cell phone/list	t provider):				
Parking	Site Security				
Adequate?	Public access controls:				
Secure?					
Number of spaces:	On-site security:				
Comments:	Security needs/comments:				

ICP physical characteristics

Facility floor plan available? (Attach to checksheet/scan to ICP e-folder)

Photo documentation? (Photograph each room and attach to checksheet/save to ICP e-folder)

Number of rooms available:

Square foot per room				
	Main space:	Meeting room:	Multi-purpose room:	Other:
Wall space per room				
	Main space:	Meeting room:	Multi-purpose room:	Other:
Tables				
Chairs				
Telephone outlets				
Telephones				
Power outlets				
Internet outlets				
Con the feetlite energy	una data a UC9			

Can the facility accommodate a JIC?

Overall Impressions (comment on placement of Command/General Staff work locations/spaces, placement of Situation and Resource unit displays, capability/capacity of location, and other impressions):

Appendix G ACRONYMS

<u>A</u>

ACP Area Contingency Plan ADC Accredited Disaster Council API American Petroleum Institute ART Applied Response Technologies AST Above-Ground Storage Tank

<u>B</u>

BLM Bureau of Land Management **BOR** Bureau of Reclamation

<u>C</u>

CA California

CalARP California Accidental Release Prevention Program

CalOES California Office of Emergency Services

CalEPA California Environmental Protection Agency

CalOSHA California Occupational Safety and Health Administration

CalTrans California Department of Transportation

CCR California Code of Regulations

CDF/CalFire California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection

CDFW California Department of Fish and Wildlife

CERT Community Emergency Response Team

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CFS Cubic Feet per Second

CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emergency Center

CHP California Highway Patrol CHMIRS California Hazardous Materials Incident Reporting System CHRIS California Historical Resources Information Center CLEMARS California Law Enforcement Mutual Aid Radio System CLERS California Law Enforcement Radio System CNPS California Native Plant Society COTP Captain of the Port (USCG) CUPA Certified Unified Program Agency CWA Clean Water Act

CWHR California Wildlife Habitats Relationship (System)

<u>D</u>

DOGGR Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (Department of Conservation)

DOI Department of the Interior

DOT Department of Transportation

DPH Department of Public Health

DPR California Department of Pesticide Regulation

DSW Disaster Service Worker

DSWVP Disaster Service Worker Volunteer Program

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

DWR California Department of Water Resources

<u>E</u>

EOC Emergency Operations Center

USEPA Environmental Protection Agency

ERG Emergency Response Guidebook

ESI Environmental Sensitivity Index

EU Environmental Unit

EUL Environmental Unit Leader

<u>F</u>

FGC Fish & Game Code

FOSC Federal On-Scene Coordinator

<u>G</u>

GC Government Code

GRP Geographic Response Plan

<u>H</u>

HAZWOPER Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response

Ī

- IAP Incident Action Plan
- IC Incident Commander
- ICP Incident Command Post
- ICS Incident Command System

IH Industrial Hygienist

- **IMH** Incident Management Handbook
- **IMT** Incident Management Team
- **ISB** In-Situ Burning

<u>J</u>

JIC Joint Information Center

L

LEPC Local Emergency Planning Committee LGOSC Local Government On-Scene Coordinator

M

MMAA Master Mutual Aid Agreement **MOU** Memorandum of Understanding

<u>N</u>

NAHC Native American Heritage Commission
NALEMARS National Law Enforcement Mutual Aid Radio System
NCP National Contingency Plan
NEBA Net Environmental Benefit Analysis
NGO Non-Governmental Organization
NIMS National Incident Management System
NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
NRC National Response Center
NRDA Natural Resource Damage Assessment
NWVP Non-Wildlife Volunteer Program

<u>o</u>

OEHHA Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment OPA 90 Oil Pollution Act of 1990 OSC On-Scene Coordinator OSCA Oil Spill Clean Up Agent OSLTF Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund OSPR Office of Spill Prevention and Response OWCN Oiled Wildlife Care Network <u>P</u>

PA Participating AgencyPPE Personal Protective Equipment

PRC Public Resources Code

<u>R</u>

RCP Regional Contingency Plan
RGS Reconnaissance Group Supervisor
RP Responsible Party
RRT Regional Response Team
RWQCB Regional Water Quality Control Board

<u>S</u>

SCAT Shoreline Clean-Up and Assessment Technique SEMS Standardized Emergency Management System SHPO State Historic Preservation Officer SIMA Spill Impact Mitigation Assessment SMARS Statewide Mutual Aid Radio System SOFR Safety Officer SOP Standard Operating Procedures SOSC State On-Scene Coordinator SPCC Spill Prevention Containment and Countermeasures SRT Self-Regulated Tide (gate) SWA Surface Washing Agent SWRCB State Water Resources Control Board

<u>T</u>

TSD Treatment, Storage, and Disposal

<u>U</u>

UC Unified Command USCG United States Coast Guard USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency USFWS United States Fish & Wildlife Service USGS United States Geologic Survey UST Underground Storage Tank

<u>v</u>

VC Volunteer Coordinator
VHF Very High Frequency
VU Volunteer Unit
VUL Volunteer Unit Leader

<u>W</u>

WISER Wireless Information System for Emergency RespondersWRGS Wildlife Recovery Group SupervisorWRP Wildlife Response Plan

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