

## STAFF SUMMARY FOR DECEMBER 11-12, 2019

**10B. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT – LEGISLATIVE REPORT****Today's Item**Information Action 

Review and discuss legislation of interest and provide staff direction on potential actions.

**Summary of Previous/Future Actions (N/A)****Background**

FGC staff has prepared a list of state and federal legislation that may affect FGC's resources and workload or be of interest (below). DFW has provided a report on state bills it has identified as being of interest, including the current status of each (Exhibit 1).

Today is an opportunity for FGC to provide direction to staff concerning proposed legislation and regulatory actions. At any meeting, FGC may direct staff to provide information to or share concerns with bill authors or regulatory agencies. FGC members may also take positions on bills at the same meeting an update is provided.

**State Legislation***Legislative Calendar Highlights for 2019-2020*

- |   |              |
|---|--------------|
| • Last day for any bill to pass. Interim recess began upon adjournment.   | Sep 13, 2019 |
| • Last day for Governor to sign or veto bills passed by the legislature on or before Sep 13 and in the Governor's possession after Sep 13 | Oct 13, 2019 |
| • Statutes take effect  | Jan 1, 2020  |
| • Legislature reconvenes  | Jan 6, 2020  |
| • Last day for bills to be introduced   | Feb 21, 2020 |

*Bills Introduced during the 2019-2020 Session*

A number of the state bills identified in DFW's report (Exhibit 1) may affect FGC's resources and workload or are potentially of interest; listed below are those assembly bills (AB) or senate bills (SB) that were vetoed or chaptered in the first year of this legislative session.

- AB 44 (Friedman) Fur products: prohibition (Chaptered)
- AB 273 (Gonzalez) Fur-bearing and nongame mammals: recreational and commercial fur trapping: prohibition (Chaptered)
- AB 454 (Kalra) Migratory birds: California Migratory Bird Protection Act (Chaptered)
- AB 834 (Quirk) Freshwater and Estuarine Harmful Algal Bloom Program (Chaptered)
- AB 1254 (Kamlager-Dove) Bobcats: take prohibition: hunting season: management plan (Chaptered)
- AB 1260 (Maienschein) Endangered wildlife (Chaptered)
- SB 1 (Atkins) California Environmental, Public Health, and Workers Defense Act of 2019 (Vetoed)

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- SB 62 (Dodd) Endangered species: accidental take associated with routine and ongoing agricultural activities: state safe harbor agreements (Chaptered)
- SB 262 (McGuire) Commercial fishing: landing fees: sea cucumbers (Chaptered)
- SB 307 (Roth) Water conveyance: use of facility with unused capacity (Chaptered)
- SB 395 (Archuleta) Wild game mammals: accidental taking and possession of wildlife: collision with a vehicle: wildlife salvage permits (Chaptered)

**Federal Legislation**

- *H.R. 30 (SAVES Act)*: Rep. Louie Gohmert (TX-1). Status: House – 02/05/2019. Committee on Natural Resources. Referred to the Subcommittee on Water, Oceans, and Wildlife.

Summary: Limits the protection of endangered and threatened species to species that are native to the United States, thus removing protection given to non-native species in the United States that are listed as threatened or endangered.

- *H.R. 548 (FISH Act)*: Rep. Ken Calvert (CA-42). Status: House – 02/04/2019. Committee on Natural Resources. Referred to the Subcommittee on Water, Oceans, and Wildlife.

Summary: Amends the Endangered Species Act of 1973 to vest in the Secretary of the Interior functions under that Act with respect to species of fish that spawn in fresh or estuarine waters and migrate to ocean waters, and species of fish that spawn in ocean waters and migrate to fresh waters.

- *H.R. 3399 (To amend the Nutria Eradication and Control Act of 2003 to include California in the program, and for other purposes)*: Rep. Josh Harder (CA-10). Status: House – 09/24/2019. House Natural Resources Subcommittee on Water, Oceans, and Wildlife. Subcommittee hearings held.

Summary: Amends the Nutria Eradication and Control Act of 2003 to include California in the list of states enrolled in the program, and allocates \$7,000,000 to California for each of the fiscal years 2020 through 2025 for the purposes of the program. These funds will be used in California to implement measures to eradicate nutria, and restore marshland, public and private wetlands, and agricultural lands damaged by nutria.

- *H.R. 1240 (Young Fishermen's Development Act of 2019)*: Rep. Don Young (AK-At Large). Status: House – 05/08/2019. House Natural Resources Subcommittee on Water, Oceans, and Wildlife. Subcommittee hearings held.

Summary: Effort to preserve United States fishing heritage through a national program dedicated to training and assisting the next generation of commercial fishermen.

- *H.R. 3742 (Recovering America's Wildlife Act (RAWA))*: Rep. Debbie Dingell (MI-12). Status: House – 10/17/19. House Natural Resources Subcommittee on Water, Oceans, and Wildlife. Subcommittee hearings held.

Summary: Amends the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act to make supplemental funds available for management of fish and wildlife species of greatest conservation need as determined by State fish and wildlife agencies, and for other

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education and enforcement related purposes. The Secretary of the Treasury shall annually transfer \$1.3 billion to a fund established for the management and implementation of wildlife and habitat conservation and restoration programs.

- *S. 2092 (Modernizing the Pittman-Robertson Fund for Tomorrow's Needs Act)*: Senator Jim Risch (ID). Status: Senate – 07/11/2019. Read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

Summary: Provides flexibility to state agencies to use Pittman-Robertson funds for the recruitment, retention, and reactivation of hunters and recreational shooters. The bill does not increase taxes or existing user fees, but would allow state fish and wildlife agencies to use existing revenues in new ways. This legislation is identical to H.R. 877 that was introduced earlier this year by Representatives Austin Scott (GA), Mark Veasey (TX), Debbie Dingell (MI), and Richard Hudson (NC).

### Significant Public Comments

A request made at the Oct 2019 FGC meeting during public comment requested that FGC write a letter regarding HR 3399, to support including California in the federal nutria eradication program.

### Recommendation

**FGC staff:** Authorize the executive director to work with President Sklar to draft and send a comment letter to the coauthors of HR 3399 expressing support for including California in the federal nutria eradication program.

### Exhibits

1. [DFW legislative report, dated Nov 25, 2019](#)
2. [HR 3399 as introduced in the House of Representatives, dated Jun 21, 2019](#)

### Motion/Direction

Moved by \_\_\_\_\_ and seconded by \_\_\_\_\_ that the Commission approves delegating authority to its executive director to work with President Sklar to draft and send a comment letter to the coauthors of HR 3399 based on themes discussed today regarding support for including California in the federal nutria eradication program.



# Department of Fish & Wildlife End-of-Year Legislative Report

## November 2019

### AB 44

#### **(Friedman D) Fur products: prohibition.**

**Introduced:** 12/3/2018

**Last Amend:** 9/6/2019

**Status:** 10/12/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 764, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/12/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would make it unlawful to sell, offer for sale, display for sale, trade, or otherwise distribute for monetary or nonmonetary consideration a fur product, as defined, in the state. The bill would also make it unlawful to manufacture a fur product in the state for sale. The bill would exempt from these prohibitions used fur products, as defined, fur products used for specified purposes, and any activity expressly authorized by federal law. The bill would require a person that sells or trades any fur product exempt from this prohibition to maintain records of each sale or trade of an exempt fur product for at least one year, except as provided.

### AB 202

#### **(Mathis R) Endangered species: conservation: California State Safe Harbor Agreement Program Act.**

**Introduced:** 1/14/2019

**Last Amend:** 2/26/2019

**Status:** 7/10/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 4/24/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 7/10/2019-S. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would delete the January 1, 2020, repeal date of the California State Safe Harbor Agreement Program Act, thereby extending the operation of the act indefinitely. Because submission of false, inaccurate, or misleading information on an application for a state safe harbor agreement under the act would be a crime, this bill would extend the application of a crime, thus imposing a state-mandated local program.

### AB 231

#### **(Mathis R) California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: recycled water.**

**Introduced:** 1/17/2019

**Status:** 5/9/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 2/7/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)(Recorded 4/26/2019)

**Location:** 2/7/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would exempt from CEQA a project to construct or expand a recycled water pipeline for the purpose of mitigating drought conditions for which a state of emergency was proclaimed by the Governor if the project meets specified criteria. Because a lead agency would be required to determine if a project qualifies for this exemption, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would also exempt from CEQA the development and approval of building standards by state agencies for recycled water systems.

### AB 243

#### **(Kamlager-Dove D) Implicit bias training: peace officers.**

**Introduced:** 1/18/2019

**Last Amend:** 4/22/2019

**Status:** 8/30/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/12/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 8/30/2019-S. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law requires every peace officer to participate in expanded training prescribed by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training that includes and examines evidence-based patterns, practices, and protocols that make up racial and identity profiling, including implicit bias. Once basic training is completed, current law requires specified peace officers to complete a refresher course on racial and identity profiling at least every 5 years. This bill would require those peace officers currently required to take the refresher course every 5 years, and additional peace officers, as specified, to instead take refresher training on racial and identity profiling, including the understanding of implicit bias and the promotion of bias-reducing strategies, at least every 2 years.

**AB 255** **(Limón D) Coastal resources: oil spills: grants.**

**Introduced:** 1/23/2019

**Status:** 7/12/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 84, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 7/12/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** The Lempert-Keene-Seastrand Oil Spill Prevention and Response Act authorizes the administrator for oil spill response to offer grants to a local government with jurisdiction over or directly adjacent to waters of the state to provide oil spill response equipment to be deployed by a certified local spill response manager, as provided. This bill would provide that Native American tribes and other public entities are also eligible to receive those grants.

**AB 256** **(Aguilar-Curry D) Wildlife: California Winter Rice Habitat Incentive Program.**

**Introduced:** 1/23/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2019

**Status:** 10/2/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 420, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/2/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Current law requires the lessees of the rice lands to have the owners of record execute the contracts and defines “productive agricultural rice lands that are winter-flooded” for these purposes. Current law requires each contract to include, among other things, an agreement by the owner and any lessee to restore, enhance, and protect the waterfowl habitat character of the described land. This bill would no longer require the lessees of the rice lands to have the owners of record execute the contracts and would revise the definition of “productive agricultural rice lands that are winter-flooded.” The bill would revise that agreement to instead require an agreement by the owner or the lessee to restore, enhance, and protect the waterfowl habitat character of an established number of acres of described land that may be annually rotated provided that the minimum contracted acreage amount is achieved for each of the contracted winter flooding seasons.

**AB 273** **(Gonzalez D) Fur-bearing and nongame mammals: recreational and commercial fur trapping: prohibition.**

**Introduced:** 1/24/2019

**Last Amend:** 3/5/2019

**Status:** 9/4/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 216, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 9/4/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would prohibit the trapping of any fur-bearing mammal or nongame mammal for purposes of recreation or commerce in fur and would prohibit the sale of the raw fur of any fur-bearing mammal or nongame mammal otherwise lawfully taken pursuant to the Fish and Game Code or regulations adopted pursuant to that code. Because a violation of these provisions would

be a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would also make other conforming changes.

**AB 284** **(Frazier D) Junior hunting licenses: eligibility: age requirement.**

**Introduced:** 1/28/2019

**Status:** 5/17/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 4/3/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 5/17/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law requires the Department of Fish and Wildlife to issue various types of hunting licenses, including a discounted hunting license known as a junior hunting license, upon payment of a certain fee from an eligible applicant. Current law, until July 1, 2020, expands the eligibility for a junior hunting license from persons who are under 16 years of age on July 1 of the licensing year to persons who are under 18 years of age on July 1 of the licensing year, as specified, and makes conforming changes related to that expanded eligibility. This bill would extend, this expanded eligibility, for a junior hunting license indefinitely.

**AB 286** **(Bonta D) Taxation: cannabis.**

**Introduced:** 1/28/2019

**Last Amend:** 4/3/2019

**Status:** 5/16/2019-In committee: Held under submission.

**Location:** 5/1/2019-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Summary:** The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act imposes duties on the Bureau of Cannabis Control in the Department of Consumer Affairs, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Department of Public Health with respect to the creation, issuance, denial, suspension and revocation of commercial cannabis licenses, and imposes an excise tax commencing January 1, 2018, on the purchase of cannabis and cannabis products at the rate of 15% of the average market price of any retail sale by a cannabis retailer. Commencing January 1, 2018, AUMA also imposes a cultivation tax upon all cultivators on all harvested cannabis that enters the commercial market, at specified rates per dry-weight ounce of cannabis flowers and leaves. This bill would reduce that excise tax rate to 11% on and after the operative date of this bill until July 1, 2022, at which time the excise tax rate would revert back to 15%.

**AB 298** **(Mathis R) Housing: home purchase assistance program: first responders: Legislative Analyst: study and report.**

**Introduced:** 1/28/2019

**Status:** 5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 2/15/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 5/3/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would require the Legislative Analyst to conduct a study, and present the findings thereof to the Legislature, to inform the creation of a low-interest loan program for first responders. The bill would require the report to be submitted on or before January 1, 2024. The bill would require the report to include a recommendation as to which state department is best suited to administer the program, an estimation of the amount of funding that would be necessary to conduct the program, and recommendations for qualifications for participation in the program.

**AB 312** **(Cooley D) State government: administrative regulations: review.**

**Introduced:** 1/29/2019

**Status:** 5/17/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 4/3/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 5/17/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would require each state agency to, on or before January 1, 2022, review its regulations, identify any regulations that are duplicative, overlapping, inconsistent, or out of date, revise those identified regulations, as provided, and report its findings and actions taken to the

Legislature and Governor, as specified. The bill would repeal these provisions on January 1, 2023.

**AB 352** (**Garcia, Eduardo** D) **Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020.**

**Introduced:** 2/4/2019

**Last Amend:** 8/14/2019

**Status:** 8/14/2019-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on EQ.

**Location:** 8/14/2019-S. E.Q.

**Summary:** Would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$3,920,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program. The bill would provide for the submission of these provisions to the voters at the November 3, 2020, statewide general election. The bill would provide that its provisions are severable.

**AB 392** (**Weber** D) **Peace officers: deadly force.**

**Introduced:** 2/6/2019

**Last Amend:** 5/23/2019

**Status:** 8/19/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 170, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 8/19/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would redefine the circumstances under which a homicide by a peace officer is deemed justifiable to include when the officer reasonably believes, based on the totality of the circumstances, that deadly force is necessary to defend against an imminent threat of death or serious bodily injury to the officer or to another person, or to apprehend a fleeing person for a felony that threatened or resulted in death or serious bodily injury, if the officer reasonably believes that the person will cause death or serious bodily injury to another unless the person is immediately apprehended.

**AB 394** (**Obernolte** R) **California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: egress route projects: fire safety.**

**Introduced:** 2/6/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/6/2019

**Status:** 10/2/2019-Vetoed by Governor.

**Location:** 10/2/2019-A. VETOED

**Summary:** Would, until January 1, 2025, exempt from CEQA egress route projects undertaken by a public agency that are specifically recommended by the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection that improve the fire safety of an existing subdivision if certain conditions are met. The bill would require the lead agency to hold a noticed public meeting to hear and respond to public comments before determining that a project is exempt. The bill would require the lead agency, if it determines that a project is not subject to CEQA and approves or carries out that project, to file a notice of exemption with the Office of Planning and Research and with the clerk of the county in which the project will be located.

**AB 430** (**Gallagher** R) **Housing development: Camp Fire Housing Assistance Act of 2019.**

**Introduced:** 2/7/2019

**Last Amend:** 8/27/2019

**Status:** 10/11/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 745, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/11/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Current law authorizes a development proponent to submit an application for a

development permit that is subject to a streamlined, ministerial approval process and not subject to a conditional use permit if the development satisfies specified objective planning standards, including that the development is a multifamily housing development that contains 2 or more residential units. This bill would authorize a development proponent to submit an application for a residential development, or mixed-use development that includes residential units with a specified percentage of space designated for residential use, within the territorial boundaries or a specialized residential planning area identified in the general plan of, and adjacent to existing urban development within, specified cities that is subject to a similar streamlined, ministerial approval process and not subject to a conditional use permit if the development satisfies specified objective planning standards.

**AB 431** **(Gallagher R) California Environmental Quality Act: exemptions: projects in Town of Paradise and Butte County.**

**Introduced:** 2/7/2019

**Last Amend:** 3/19/2019

**Status:** 4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 2/15/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 4/26/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would exempt from CEQA projects or activities related to the provision of sewer treatment or water service to the Town of Paradise or related to the improvement of evacuation routes in the Town of Paradise. The bill would also exempt from CEQA projects or activities undertaken by the Paradise Irrigation District related to the provision of water service.

**AB 441** **(Eggman D) Water: underground storage.**

**Introduced:** 2/11/2019

**Last Amend:** 3/27/2019

**Status:** 5/17/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 4/24/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 5/17/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Under current law, the right to water or to the use of water is limited to that amount of water that may be reasonably required for the beneficial use to be served. Current law provides for the reversion of water rights to which a person is entitled when the person fails to beneficially use the water for a period of 5 years. Current law declares that the storing of water underground, and related diversions for that purpose, constitute a beneficial use of water if the stored water is thereafter applied to the beneficial purposes for which the appropriation for storage was made. This bill would instead provide that any diversion of water to underground storage constitutes a diversion of water for beneficial use for which an appropriation may be made if the diverted water is put to beneficial use, as specified.

**AB 448** **(Garcia, Eduardo D) Water rights: stockponds.**

**Introduced:** 2/11/2019

**Last Amend:** 4/3/2019

**Status:** 5/17/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 4/24/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 5/17/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would provide that the owner of a stockpond built prior to January 1, 2019, that does not have a capacity greater than 10 acre-feet may obtain a right to appropriate water for the principal purpose of watering livestock if that person files a claim for a water right with the State Water Resources Control Board accompanied by a fee not later than December 31, 2021, with certain exceptions. Upon the issuance of a certificate by the board for an appropriation of water obtained under the bill's provisions, the bill would require the board to provide in writing conditions to which the appropriation is subject.



- [AB 454](#)** **([Kalra D](#)) Migratory birds: California Migratory Bird Protection Act.**  
**Introduced:** 2/11/2019  
**Last Amend:** 5/16/2019  
**Status:** 9/27/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 349, Statutes of 2019.  
**Location:** 9/27/2019-A. CHAPTERED  
**Summary:** Current federal law, the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, provides for the protection of migratory birds, as specified. The federal act also authorizes states and territories of the United States to make and enforce laws or regulations that give further protection to migratory birds, their nests, and eggs. Current state law makes unlawful the taking or possession of any migratory nongame bird, or part of any migratory nongame bird, as designated in the federal act, except as provided by rules and regulations adopted by the United States Secretary of the Interior under provisions of the federal act. This bill, the California Migratory Bird Protection Act, would instead, until January 20, 2025, make unlawful the taking or possession of any migratory nongame bird designated in the federal act before January 1, 2017, any additional migratory nongame bird that may be designated in the federal act after that date, or any part of those migratory nongame birds, except as provided by rules and regulations adopted by the United States Secretary of the Interior under the federal act before January 1, 2017, or subsequent rules or regulations adopted pursuant to the federal act, unless those rules or regulations are inconsistent with the Fish and Game Code.
- [AB 467](#)** **([Boerner Horvath D](#)) Competitions on state property: prize compensation: gender equity.**  
**Introduced:** 2/11/2019  
**Last Amend:** 6/14/2019  
**Status:** 9/9/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 276, Statutes of 2019.  
**Location:** 9/9/2019-A. CHAPTERED  
**Summary:** Would require the Department of Parks and Recreation, the State Lands Commission and the California Coastal Commission to include in permit or lease conditions, for a competition event to be held on land under the jurisdiction of the entity, as described, and that awards prize compensation, as defined, to competitors in gendered categories, a requirement that the prize compensation be identical between the gendered categories at each participant level.
- [AB 527](#)** **([Voepel R](#)) Importation, possession, or sale of endangered wildlife.**  
**Introduced:** 2/13/2019  
**Last Amend:** 4/22/2019  
**Status:** 6/4/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(8). (Last location was APPR. on 4/23/2019)  
**Location:** 6/4/2019-A. 2 YEAR  
**Summary:** Would delay the commencement of the prohibition on importing into the state for commercial purposes, possessing with intent to sell, or selling within the state, the dead body, or a part or product thereof, of a crocodile or alligator until January 1, 2030. The bill would also require a specified disclosure on all products sold in the state prior to January 1, 2030, failure to do so being punishable as a misdemeanor. By creating a new crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.
- [AB 559](#)** **([Arambula D](#)) Millerton Lake State Recreation Area: acquisition of land.**  
**Introduced:** 2/13/2019  
**Status:** 4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was W.,P. & W. on 2/25/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)  
**Location:** 4/26/2019-A. 2 YEAR  
**Summary:** Would require the Department of Parks and Recreation to effectively manage lands currently within its jurisdiction in the Millerton Lake State Recreation Area adjacent to the San Joaquin River, and would authorize the department to enter into an agreement with the

conservancy to manage lands acquired by the conservancy adjacent to the state recreation area, as specified.

**AB 584** **(Gallagher R) Sport fishing licenses.**

**Introduced:** 2/14/2019

**Status:** 5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/14/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 5/3/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law requires every person 16 years of age or older who takes any fish, reptile, or amphibian for any purpose other than profit to first obtain a sport fishing license for that purpose, with specified exceptions, and to have that license on their person or in their immediate possession when engaged in carrying out any activity authorized by the license. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to this provision.

**AB 658** **(Arambula D) Water rights: water management.**

**Introduced:** 2/15/2019

**Last Amend:** 7/11/2019

**Status:** 10/9/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 678, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/9/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would authorize a groundwater sustainability agency or local agency to apply for, and the board to issue, a conditional temporary permit for diversion of surface water to underground storage for beneficial use that advances the sustainability goal of a groundwater basin, as specified.

**AB 719** **(Rubio, Blanca D) Endangered wildlife: crocodiles and alligators.**

**Introduced:** 2/19/2019

**Last Amend:** 8/13/2019

**Status:** 8/30/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/19/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 8/30/2019-S. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law makes it a misdemeanor to import into the state for commercial purposes, to possess with intent to sell, or to sell within the state, the dead body, or a part or product thereof, of a polar bear, leopard, ocelot, tiger, cheetah, jaguar, sable antelope, wolf, zebra, whale, cobra, python, sea turtle, colobus monkey, kangaroo, vicuna, sea otter, free-roaming feral horse, dolphin, porpoise, Spanish lynx, or elephant. This bill would require manufacturers of products that use the hides of crocodiles or alligators, after consultation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife, to submit to the Director of Fish and Wildlife proposals for technologies or processes that allow for the tracking or tracing of the source of origin of crocodile or alligator hides used to manufacture products sold in this state and require humane treatment of farmed crocodiles and alligators, as well as humane slaughtering techniques. The bill would require the director, on or before March 30, 2021, to approve technologies or processes that meet those requirements.

**AB 782** **(Berman D) California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: public agencies: land transfers.**

**Introduced:** 2/19/2019

**Last Amend:** 5/28/2019

**Status:** 8/30/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 181, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 8/30/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** CEQA requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. This bill would exempt from CEQA the

acquisition, sale, or other transfer of interest in land by a public agency for certain purposes, or the granting or acceptance of funding by a public agency for those purposes.

**AB 834** **(Quirk D) Freshwater and Estuarine Harmful Algal Bloom Program.**

**Introduced:** 2/20/2019

**Last Amend:** 8/30/2019

**Status:** 9/27/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 354, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 9/27/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would require the State Water Resources Control Board to establish a Freshwater and Estuarine Harmful Algal Bloom Program to protect water quality and public health from harmful algal blooms. The bill would require the state board, in consultation with specified entities, among other things, to coordinate immediate and long-term algal bloom event incident response, as provided, and conduct and support algal bloom field assessment and ambient monitoring at the state, regional, watershed, and site-specific waterbody scales.

**AB 855** **(McCarty D) Department of Justice: law enforcement policies on the use of deadly force.**

**Introduced:** 2/20/2019

**Last Amend:** 3/19/2019

**Status:** 4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 3/18/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 4/26/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would require the Attorney General to convene a task force, as specified, to study the use of deadly force by law enforcement officers and to develop recommendations, including a model written policy, for law enforcement agencies.

**AB 883** **(Dahle R) Fish and wildlife: catastrophic wildfires: report.**

**Introduced:** 2/20/2019

**Status:** 5/17/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 4/24/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 5/17/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would require the Department of Fish and Wildlife, in consultation with the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, on or before December 31, 2020, and by December 31 each year thereafter, to study, investigate, and report to the Legislature on the impacts on wildlife and wildlife habitat resulting from any catastrophic wildfire, as defined, that occurred during that calendar year, including specified information on a catastrophic wildfire's impact on ecosystems, biodiversity, and protected species in the state.

**AB 889** **(Maienschein D) Animal research.**

**Introduced:** 2/20/2019

**Last Amend:** 4/1/2019

**Status:** 4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was HEALTH on 3/4/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 4/26/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law prohibits the keeping or use of animals for diagnostic purposes, education, or research without approval by the State Department of Public Health. Current law authorizes the department to prescribe rules under which persons who wish to keep or use animals for those purposes may obtain approval from the department, and to promulgate regulations governing the use of animals for those purposes. Current law exempts certain persons from those requirements, including persons who use or keep animals for animal training and animal cosmetics, among other things. This bill would define "animal" for purposes of these provisions as any live vertebrate nonhuman animal used for diagnostic purposes, education, or research, as specified.

**AB 935** (**Rivas, Robert D**) **Oil and gas: facilities and operations: monitoring and reporting.**  
**Introduced:** 2/20/2019  
**Last Amend:** 3/21/2019  
**Status:** 4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/21/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)  
**Location:** 4/26/2019-A. 2 YEAR  
**Summary:** Under current law, the Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources in the Department of Conservation regulates the drilling, operation, maintenance, and abandonment of oil and gas wells in the state. Current law defines various terms for those purposes, including "production facility. This bill "Would define the term "sensitive production facility" for those purposes to mean a production facility that is located within certain areas, including, among others, an area containing a building intended for human occupancy that is located within 2,500 feet of the production facility.

**AB 936** (**Rivas, Robert D**) **Oil spills: response and contingency planning.**  
**Introduced:** 2/20/2019  
**Last Amend:** 9/6/2019  
**Status:** 10/12/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 770, Statutes of 2019.  
**Location:** 10/12/2019-A. CHAPTERED  
**Summary:** Would define "nonfloating oil" for purposes of the Lempert-Keene-Seastrand Oil Spill Prevention and Response Act. The bill would require the administrator to hold, on or before January 1, 2022, a technology workshop that shall include the topic of technology for addressing nonfloating oil spills, and, in fulfilling specified duties, to consider information gained from technology workshops, as well as available scientific and technical literature concerning nonfloating oil spill response technology. The bill would require the administrator to include in the revision to the California oil spill contingency plan due on or before January 1, 2023, provisions addressing nonfloating oil.

**AB 948** (**Kalra D**) **Coyote Valley Conservation Program.**  
**Introduced:** 2/20/2019  
**Last Amend:** 8/12/2019  
**Status:** 9/27/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 356, Statutes of 2019.  
**Location:** 9/27/2019-A. CHAPTERED  
**Summary:** Current law creates the Santa Clara Valley Open-Space Authority, and prescribes the jurisdiction and functions and duties of the authority. Current law authorizes the authority, among other things, to acquire, hold, and dispose of real and personal property, within the authority's jurisdiction, necessary to the full exercise of its powers. This bill would authorize the authority to establish and administer the Coyote Valley Conservation Program to address resource and recreational goals of the Coyote Valley, as defined. The bill would authorize the authority to collaborate with state, regional, and local partners to help achieve specified goals of the program. The bill would authorize the authority to, among other things, acquire and dispose of interests and options in real property.

**AB 1013** (**Obernolte R**) **State agencies: grant applications.**  
**Introduced:** 2/21/2019  
**Last Amend:** 8/20/2019  
**Status:** 10/3/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 498, Statutes of 2019.  
**Location:** 10/3/2019-A. CHAPTERED  
**Summary:** Current law authorizes various state agencies to award grant money for various purposes. This bill would prohibit a state agency from permitting an evaluator to review a discretionary grant application submitted by an organization or a person for which the evaluator

was a representative, voting member, or staff member within the 2-year period preceding receipt of that application.

**AB 1040** **(Muratsuchi D) Protection of cetaceans: unlawful activities.**

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Status:** 4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was W.,P. & W. on 3/7/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 4/26/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law makes it unlawful to hold in captivity an orca, whether wild caught or captive bred, for any purpose, including for display, performance, or entertainment purposes; to breed or impregnate an orca held in captivity; to export, collect, or import the semen, other gametes, or embryos of an orca held in captivity for the purpose of artificial insemination; or to export, transport, move, or sell an orca located in the state to another state or country. Current law creates certain exceptions to these provisions, including an exception that authorizes an orca located in the state on January 1, 2017, to continue to be held in captivity for its current purpose and, after June 1, 2017, to continue to be used for educational presentations. This bill would expand these provisions to include cetaceans, which the bill would define to mean a whale, dolphin, and porpoise in the order Cetacea.

**AB 1117** **(Grayson D) Peace officers: peer support.**

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/6/2019

**Status:** 10/8/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 621, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/8/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** The California Emergency Services Act also authorizes the governing body of a city, county, city and county, or an official designated by ordinance adopted by that governing body, to proclaim a local emergency, as defined. This bill would enact the Law Enforcement Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Program. The bill would authorize a local or regional law enforcement agency to establish a peer support and crisis referral program to provide an agencywide network of peer representatives available to aid fellow employees on emotional or professional issues. The bill would, for purposes of the act, define a "peer support team" as a team composed of law enforcement personnel, as defined, who have completed a peer support training course, as specified.

**AB 1149** **(Fong R) California Environmental Quality Act: record of proceedings.**

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 4/23/2019

**Status:** 4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/25/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 4/26/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** CEQA requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. In an action or proceeding alleging the lead agency violated the act, the act requires the lead agency to prepare and certify the record of proceedings and requires the parties to pay any reasonable costs or fees imposed for the preparation of the record of proceedings, as specified.

**AB 1160** **(Dahle R) Forestry: timber operations: sustained yield plans.**

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 4/11/2019

**Status:** 7/12/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 108, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 7/12/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** The Z'berg-Nejedly Forest Practice Act of 1973 prohibits a person from conducting timber operations, as defined, unless a timber harvesting plan prepared by a registered professional forester has been submitted to, and approved by, the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection. The act requires the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection to adopt district forest practice rules and regulations, as provided, and requires a sustained yield plan that is prepared and approved in accordance with these rules and regulations to be effective for a period of no more than 10 years. This bill would instead require the sustained yield plan to be effective for a period of no more than 20 years.

**AB 1184** **(Gloria D) Public records: writing transmitted by electronic mail: retention.**

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 8/30/2019

**Status:** 10/13/2019-Vetoed by Governor.

**Location:** 10/13/2019-A. VETOED

**Summary:** Would, unless a longer retention period is required by statute or regulation, or established by the Secretary of State pursuant to the State Records Management Act, require a public agency, for purposes of the California Public Records Act, to retain and preserve for at least 2 years every public record, as defined, that is transmitted by electronic mail.

**AB 1190** **(Irwin D) Unmanned aircraft: state and local regulation: limitations.**

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 5/1/2019

**Status:** 6/19/2019-Referred to Com. on RLS.

**Location:** 5/24/2019-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Would, among other things, prohibit a state or local agency from adopting any law or regulation that bans the operation of an unmanned aircraft system. The bill would also authorize a local agency to adopt regulations to enforce FAA regulations regarding the operation of unmanned aircraft systems and would authorize local agencies to regulate the operation of unmanned aircraft and unmanned aircraft systems within their jurisdictions, as specified. The bill would also authorize a local agency to require an unmanned aircraft operator to provide proof of federal, state, or local registration to licensing or enforcement officials.

**AB 1197** **(Santiago D) California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: City of Los Angeles: supportive housing and emergency shelters.**

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/6/2019

**Status:** 9/26/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 340, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 9/26/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of an environmental impact report on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. This bill would, until January 1, 2025, exempt from the requirements of CEQA certain activities approved or carried out by the City of Los Angeles and other eligible public agencies, as defined, related to supportive housing and emergency shelters, as defined.

**AB 1237** **(Aguiar-Curry D) Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: guidelines.**

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 8/13/2019

**Status:** 9/27/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 357, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 9/27/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Current law requires the Department of Finance to annually submit a report to the appropriate committees of the Legislature on the status of the projects funded with moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund. This bill, no later than January 1, 2021, would require an agency that receives an appropriation from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to post on the internet website of the agency's program from which moneys from the fund are being allocated the guidelines, as specified, for how moneys from the fund are allocated for competitive financing programs, as specified.

**AB 1244** **(Fong R) Environmental quality: judicial review: housing projects.**

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Status:** 5/3/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/11/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 5/3/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would, in an action or proceeding seeking judicial review under the California Environmental Quality Act, prohibit a court from staying or enjoining a housing project for which an environmental impact report has been certified, unless the court makes specified findings.

**AB 1254** **(Kamlager-Dove D) Bobcats: take prohibition: hunting season: management plan.**

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/5/2019

**Status:** 10/12/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 766, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/12/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Current law authorizes nongame mammals, among other specified species, that are found to be injuring growing crops or other property to be taken at any time or in any manner by specified persons in accordance with the Fish and Game Code and regulations adopted pursuant to that code. Current law authorizes the department to enter into cooperative agreements with any state or federal agency for the purpose of controlling harmful nongame mammals. Current law also authorizes the department to enter into cooperative contracts with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service for the control of nongame mammals. This bill would make it unlawful to hunt, trap, or otherwise take a bobcat, except under specified circumstances, including under a depredation permit. The bill, upon appropriation of funds by the Legislature for this purpose, commencing January 1, 2025, would authorize the commission to open a bobcat hunting season in any area determined by the commission to require a hunt, as specified.

**AB 1260** **(Maienschein D) Endangered wildlife.**

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 4/11/2019

**Status:** 10/12/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 767, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/12/2019-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would, commencing January 1, 2022, make it a misdemeanor to import into the state for commercial purposes, to possess with intent to sell, or to sell within the state, the dead body or other part or product of an iguana, skink, caiman, hippopotamus, or a Teju, Ring, or Nile lizard. By creating a new crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**AB 1305** **(Obernalte R) Junior hunting licenses: eligibility: age requirement.**

**Introduced:** 2/22/2019

**Last Amend:** 6/18/2019

**Status:** 6/19/2019-Withdrawn from committee. Re-referred to Com. on RLS.

**Location:** 6/19/2019-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Current law requires the Department of Fish and Wildlife to issue various types of hunting licenses, including a discounted hunting license known as a junior hunting license, upon payment of a certain fee from an eligible applicant. Current law provides that, until July 1, 2020, a person is eligible for a junior hunting license if the person is under 18 years of age on July 1 of the licensing year. Existing law provides that, on and after July 1, 2020, a person is eligible for a junior hunting license if the person is under 16 years of age on July 1 of the licensing year. Current law makes conforming changes to certain other types of hunting licenses as a result of the age change for a junior hunting license. This bill would extend the eligibility for a junior hunting license to a person who is under 18 years of age on July 1 of the licensing year until July 1, 2021.

**AB 1387 (Wood D) Sport fishing licenses: 12-consecutive-month licenses.**

**Introduced:** 2/22/2019

**Last Amend:** 5/20/2019

**Status:** 7/10/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 6/12/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 7/10/2019-S. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law requires a resident or a nonresident, 16 years of age or older, upon payment of a specified fee, to be issued a sport fishing license for the period of a calendar year, or, if issued after the beginning of the year, for the remainder thereof. Existing law also requires the issuance of shorter term licenses upon payment of a specified lesser fee. This bill, in addition to sport fishing licenses for the periods specified above, would require a sport fishing license to be issued to a resident or nonresident for the period of 12 consecutive months, upon payment of a fee that is equal to 130% of the fees for issuance of resident or nonresident calendar-year sport fishing licenses, as applicable.

**AB 1472 (Stone, Mark D) California Dungeness Crab Commission.**

**Introduced:** 2/22/2019

**Last Amend:** 6/19/2019

**Status:** 9/15/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/12/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 9/15/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would create the California Dungeness Crab Commission. The bill would specify the membership, powers, duties, and responsibilities of the commission. The commission would be authorized to approve the payment of a stipend to commission members, as specified. The commission also would be authorized to carry out programs of education, public information, promotion, marketing, and research relating to Dungeness crab. The bill would authorize the commission to levy an assessment, as specified, on Dungeness crab fishers, as defined, and would authorize the expenditure of those moneys for the purposes of carrying out the commission's powers, duties, and responsibilities, thereby making an appropriation.

**AB 1549 (O'Donnell D) Wildlife: deer: Santa Catalina Island: report.**

**Introduced:** 2/22/2019

**Last Amend:** 3/21/2019

**Status:** 5/17/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 4/24/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 5/17/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would require the Department of Fish and Wildlife to develop, by January 1, 2022, a report, in consultation with other relevant state agencies, local governments, federal agencies, nongovernmental organizations, landowners, and scientific entities, to inform and coordinate management decisions regarding deer on Santa Catalina Island that includes, among other things, estimates of the historic, current, and future deer population on the island and an assessment of the overall health of the deer population on the island.



- [AB 1561](#) (Rubio, Blanca D) Endangered wildlife: crocodiles and alligators.**  
**Introduced:** 2/22/2019  
**Last Amend:** 9/6/2019  
**Status:** 9/9/2019-Read second time. Ordered to third reading. Re-referred to Com. on RLS. pursuant to Senate Rule 29.10(c).  
**Location:** 9/9/2019-S. RLS.  
**Summary:** Would delay the commencement of the prohibition on importing into the state for commercial purposes, possessing with intent to sell, or selling within the state, the dead body, or a part or product thereof, of a crocodile or alligator until January 1, 2021. This bill contains other related provisions.
- [AB 1612](#) (Quirk D) Department of Fish and Wildlife: Invasive Species Response Fund.**  
**Introduced:** 2/22/2019  
**Last Amend:** 3/28/2019  
**Status:** 4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was W., P. & W. on 3/28/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)  
**Location:** 4/26/2019-A. 2 YEAR  
**Summary:** Would establish the Invasive Species Response Fund in the State Treasury and would continuously appropriate money deposited in the fund to the Department of Fish and Wildlife to respond to nonnative vertebrate species invasions in coordination with other relevant government agencies. The bill would require any money received by the department from the federal government for the purpose of controlling and eradicating nonnative vertebrate species to be deposited in the fund.
- [AB 1657](#) (Garcia, Eduardo D) Salton Sea: Office of the Salton Sea: Salton Sea Oversight Committee.**  
**Introduced:** 2/22/2019  
**Status:** 7/10/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 6/12/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)  
**Location:** 7/10/2019-S. 2 YEAR  
**Summary:** The Salton Sea Restoration Act requires the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency, in consultation and coordination with the Salton Sea Authority, to lead Salton Sea restoration efforts. This bill would establish an Office of the Salton Sea within the Natural Resources Agency. The bill would require the secretary to establish a Salton Sea Oversight Committee.
- [AB 1788](#) (Bloom D) Pesticides: use of anticoagulants.**  
**Introduced:** 2/22/2019  
**Last Amend:** 6/24/2019  
**Status:** 8/30/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. on 7/9/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)  
**Location:** 8/30/2019-S. 2 YEAR  
**Summary:** Current law prohibits the use of any pesticide that contains one or more of specified anticoagulants in wildlife habitat areas, as defined. Current law exempts from this prohibition the use of these pesticides for agricultural activities, as defined. Existing law requires the director, and each county agricultural commissioner under the direction and supervision of the director, to enforce the provisions regulating the use of pesticides. This bill would create the California Ecosystems Protection Act of 2019 and expand this prohibition against the use of a pesticide containing specified anticoagulants in wildlife habitat areas to the entire state.
- [AB 1798](#) (Levine D) California Racial Justice Act: death penalty.**  
**Introduced:** 2/22/2019  
**Last Amend:** 3/21/2019

**Status:** 5/17/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/1/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 5/17/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would prohibit a person from being executed pursuant to a judgment that was either sought or obtained on the basis of race if the court makes a finding that race was a significant factor in seeking or imposing the death penalty. The bill would provide that a finding that race was a significant factor would include statistical evidence or other evidence that death sentences were sought or imposed significantly more frequently upon persons of one race than upon persons of another race or that race was a significant factor in decisions to exercise preemptory challenges during jury selection.

**SB 1**

**(Atkins D) California Environmental, Public Health, and Workers Defense Act of 2019.**

**Introduced:** 12/3/2018

**Last Amend:** 9/10/2019

**Status:** 9/27/2019-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.

**Location:** 9/27/2019-S. VETOED

**Summary:** Current state law regulates the discharge of air pollutants into the atmosphere. The Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act regulates the discharge of pollutants into the waters of the state. The California Safe Drinking Water Act establishes standards for drinking water and regulates drinking water systems. The California Endangered Species Act requires the Fish and Game Commission to establish a list of endangered species and a list of threatened species, and generally prohibits the taking of those species. This bill would, until January 20, 2025, require specified agencies to take prescribed actions regarding certain federal requirements and standards pertaining to air, water, and protected species, as specified. By imposing new duties on local agencies, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**SB 4**

**(McGuire D) Housing.**

**Introduced:** 12/3/2018

**Last Amend:** 4/10/2019

**Status:** 4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was GOV. & F. on 4/2/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 4/26/2019-S. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would authorize a development proponent of a neighborhood multifamily project or eligible transit-oriented development (TOD) project located on an eligible parcel to submit an application for a streamlined, ministerial approval process that is not subject to a conditional use permit. The bill would define a "neighborhood multifamily project" to mean a project to construct a multifamily unit of up to 2 residential dwelling units in a nonurban community, as defined, or up to 4 residential dwelling units in an urban community, as defined, that meets local height, setback, and lot coverage zoning requirements as they existed on July 1, 2019.

**SB 19**

**(Dodd D) Water resources: stream gages.**

**Introduced:** 12/3/2018

**Last Amend:** 6/11/2019

**Status:** 9/27/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 361, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 9/27/2019-S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would require the Department of Water Resources and the State Water Resources Control Board, upon an appropriation of funds by the Legislature, to develop a plan to deploy a network of stream gages that includes a determination of funding needs and opportunities for modernizing and reactivating existing gages and deploying new gages, as specified. The bill would require the department and the board, in consultation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife, the Department of Conservation, the Central Valley Flood Protection Board, interested stakeholders, and, to the extent they wish to consult, local agencies, to develop the plan to

address significant gaps in information necessary for water management and the conservation of freshwater species.

**SB 45** **(Allen D) Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020.**

**Introduced:** 12/3/2018

**Last Amend:** 9/10/2019

**Status:** 9/10/2019-Senate Rule 29.3(b) suspended. (Ayes 29. Noes 8.) From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

**Location:** 4/25/2019-S. APPR.

**Summary:** Would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$4,189,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.

**SB 50** **(Wiener D) Planning and zoning: housing development: streamlined approval: incentives.**

**Introduced:** 12/3/2018

**Last Amend:** 6/4/2019

**Status:** 6/4/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/13/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 6/4/2019-S. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would authorize a development proponent of a neighborhood multifamily project located on an eligible parcel to submit an application for a streamlined, ministerial approval process that is not subject to a conditional use permit. The bill would define a "neighborhood multifamily project" to mean a project to construct a multifamily structure on vacant land, or to convert an existing structure that does not require substantial exterior alteration into a multifamily structure, consisting of up to 4 residential dwelling units and that meets local height, setback, and lot coverage zoning requirements as they existed on July 1, 2019.

**SB 62** **(Dodd D) Endangered species: accidental take associated with routine and ongoing agricultural activities: state safe harbor agreements.**

**Introduced:** 1/3/2019

**Last Amend:** 4/3/2019

**Status:** 7/30/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 137, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 7/30/2019-S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** The California Endangered Species Act requires the Department of Fish and Wildlife to adopt regulations for the issuance of incidental take permits. The act also provides, until January 1, 2020, that the accidental take of candidate, threatened, or endangered species resulting from an act that occurs on a farm or a ranch in the course of otherwise lawful routine and ongoing agricultural activities is not prohibited by the act. This bill would extend this exception to January 1, 2024, and would limit this exception to an act by a person acting as a farmer or rancher, a bona fide employee of a farmer or rancher, or an individual otherwise contracted by a farmer or rancher.

**SB 69** **(Wiener D) Ocean Resiliency Act of 2019.**

**Introduced:** 1/9/2019

**Last Amend:** 7/11/2019

**Status:** 8/30/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/21/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 8/30/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law requires the Fish and Game Commission to establish fish hatcheries for the purposes of stocking the waters of California with fish, and requires the Department of Fish

and Wildlife to maintain and operate those hatcheries. This bill would require the department to develop and implement a plan, in collaboration with specified scientists, experts, and representatives, as part of its fish hatchery operations for the improvement of the survival of hatchery-produced salmon, and the increased contribution of the hatchery program to commercial and recreational salmon fisheries.

- SB 85** (Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review) **Public resources: omnibus trailer bill.**  
**Introduced:** 1/10/2019  
**Last Amend:** 6/11/2019  
**Status:** 6/27/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 31, Statutes of 2019.  
**Location:** 6/27/2019-S. CHAPTERED  
**Summary:** Would require the Controller to continue to annually transfer \$30,000,000 from the General Fund, less any amount transferred to the Habitat Conservation Fund from specified accounts and funds, to the Habitat Conservation Fund until June 30, 2030, and would continuously appropriate that amount on an annual basis in the same proportions to the specified entities until July 1, 2030. The bill would also make conforming and nonsubstantive changes.
- SB 183** (**Borgeas R**) **Property: wild animals.**  
**Introduced:** 1/29/2019  
**Status:** 2/6/2019-Referred to Com. on RLS.  
**Location:** 1/29/2019-S. RLS.  
**Summary:** Current law provides that animals that are wild by nature may be the subject of ownership while those animals are living only in specified circumstances. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to that provision of law.
- SB 195** (**Nielsen R**) **Sierra Nevada Conservancy.**  
**Introduced:** 1/31/2019  
**Status:** 2/13/2019-Referred to Com. on RLS.  
**Location:** 1/31/2019-S. RLS.  
**Summary:** Current law establishes the Sierra Nevada Conservancy and prescribes the functions and duties of the conservancy with regard to the preservation of specified lands in the Sierra Nevada Region, as defined. Current law makes specified findings and declarations relating to the importance and significance of the Sierra Nevada Region and the need to protect, conserve, restore, and enhance lands within the region. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in those findings and declarations.
- SB 198** (**Bates R**) **California Environmental Quality Act: historical resources.**  
**Introduced:** 1/31/2019  
**Status:** 2/13/2019-Referred to Com. on RLS.  
**Location:** 1/31/2019-S. RLS.  
**Summary:** CEQA provides that a project may have a significant effect on the environment if the project may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in the provision relating to historical resources.
- SB 226** (**Nielsen R**) **Watershed restoration: wildfires: grant program.**  
**Introduced:** 2/7/2019  
**Last Amend:** 7/3/2019  
**Status:** 8/30/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/14/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)  
**Location:** 8/30/2019-A. 2 YEAR  
**Summary:** Would, upon appropriation by the Legislature, require the National Resources Agency to develop and implement a watershed restoration grant program, as provided, for purposes of awarding grants to eligible counties, as defined, to assist them with watershed restoration on

watersheds that have been affected by wildfire, as specified. The bill would require the agency to develop guidelines for the grant program, as provided. The bill would require an eligible county receiving funds pursuant to the grant program to submit annually to the agency a report regarding projects funded by the grant program, as provided.

**SB 230** **(Caballero D) Law enforcement: use of deadly force: training: policies.**

**Introduced:** 2/7/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2019

**Status:** 9/13/2019-Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 285, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 9/12/2019-S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would, by no later than January 1, 2021, require each law enforcement agency to maintain a policy that provides guidelines on the use of force, utilizing deescalation techniques and other alternatives to force when feasible, specific guidelines for the application of deadly force, and factors for evaluating and reviewing all use of force incidents, among other things. The bill would require each agency to make their use of force policy accessible to the public. By imposing additional duties on local agencies, this bill would create a state-mandated local program.

**SB 243** **(Borgeas R) San Joaquin River Conservancy.**

**Introduced:** 2/11/2019

**Status:** 2/21/2019-Referred to Com. on RLS.

**Location:** 2/11/2019-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Current law establishes the San Joaquin River Conservancy and prescribes the functions and responsibilities of the conservancy with regard to the protection and conservation of public lands in the San Joaquin River Parkway, as described. Current law requires the conservancy to administer any funds appropriated to it and any revenue generated by member agencies of the conservancy for the parkway and contributed to the conservancy, and authorizes the conservancy to expend those funds for capital improvements, land acquisitions, or support of the conservancy's operations. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change in that provision requiring the conservancy to administer those funds.

**SB 247** **(Dodd D) Wildland fire prevention: vegetation management.**

**Introduced:** 2/11/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2019

**Status:** 10/2/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 406, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/2/2019-S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would require an electrical corporation, within one month of the completion of each substantial portion of the vegetation management requirements in its wildfire mitigation plan, to notify the Wildfire Safety Division of the completion. The bill would require the division to audit the completed work and would require the audit to specify any failure of the electrical corporation to fully comply with the vegetation management requirements. The bill would require the division to provide the audit to the electrical corporation and to provide the electrical corporation a reasonable time period to correct and eliminate deficiencies specified in the audit.

**SB 262** **(McGuire D) Marine resources: commercial fishing and aquaculture: regulation of operations.**

**Introduced:** 2/12/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2019

**Status:** 10/2/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 472, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/2/2019-S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Current law regulating commercial fishing imposes, or authorizes the imposition of, various license, permit, and registration fees. Current law requires specified persons to pay

landing fees relating to the sale of fish quarterly to the Department of Fish and Wildlife, based on a rate schedule applicable to listed aquatic species. Current law authorizes the department to assess a fee on persons growing aquaculture products on public lands and in public waters based on the price per pound of the products sold, not to exceed the rates provided in the rate schedule applicable to wild-caught aquatic species. This bill would make that landing fee rate schedule applicable to the 2020 calendar year, and require that the schedule be adjusted annually thereafter pursuant to that specified federal index.

**SB 307** **(Roth D) Water conveyance: use of facility with unused capacity.**

**Introduced:** 2/15/2019

**Last Amend:** 4/30/2019

**Status:** 7/31/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 169, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 7/31/2019-S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Current law prohibits the state or a regional or local public agency from denying a bona fide transferor of water from using a water conveyance facility that has unused capacity for the period of time for which that capacity is available, if fair compensation is paid for that use and other requirements are met. This bill would, notwithstanding that provision, prohibit a transferor of water from using a water conveyance facility that has unused capacity to transfer water from a groundwater basin underlying desert lands, as defined, that is in the vicinity of specified federal lands or state lands to outside of the groundwater basin unless the State Lands Commission, in consultation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife and the Department of Water Resources, finds that the transfer of the water will not adversely affect the natural or cultural resources of those federal or state lands, as provided.

**SB 313** **(Hueso D) Animals: prohibition on use in circuses.**

**Introduced:** 2/15/2019

**Last Amend:** 8/12/2019

**Status:** 10/12/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 768, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/12/2019-S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would prohibit a person from sponsoring, conducting, or operating a circus, as defined, in this state that uses any animal other than a domestic dog, domestic cat, or domesticated horse. The bill would prohibit a person from exhibiting or using any animal other than a domestic dog, domestic cat, or domesticated horse in a circus in this state. The bill would authorize a civil penalty against a person who violates these prohibitions pursuant to an action brought by the Attorney General, the Department of Fish and Wildlife, the Department of Food and Agriculture, a district attorney, a city attorney, or a city prosecutor.

**SB 395** **(Archuleta D) Wild game mammals: accidental taking and possession of wildlife: collision with a vehicle: wildlife salvage permits.**

**Introduced:** 2/20/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/6/2019

**Status:** 10/13/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 869, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/13/2019-S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would, upon appropriation by the Legislature, authorize the Fish and Game Commission to establish, in consultation with specified public agencies and stakeholders, a pilot program no later than January 1, 2022, for the issuance of wildlife salvage permits through a user-friendly and cell-phone-friendly web-based portal developed by the Department of Fish and Wildlife to persons desiring to recover, possess, use, or transport, for purposes of salvaging wild game meat for human consumption of, any deer, elk, pronghorn antelope, or wild pig that has been accidentally killed as a result of a vehicle collision on a roadway within California.

- [SB 402](#)** (**[Borgeas R](#)**) **Vehicles: off-highway vehicle recreation: County of Inyo.**  
**Introduced:** 2/20/2019  
**Last Amend:** 5/13/2019  
**Status:** 8/30/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 211, Statutes of 2019.  
**Location:** 8/30/2019-S. CHAPTERED  
**Summary:** Current law, until January 1, 2020, authorizes the County of Inyo to establish a pilot project that would exempt specified combined-use highways in the unincorporated area in the County of Inyo from this prohibition to link together existing roads in the unincorporated portion of the county to existing trails and trailheads on federal Bureau of Land Management or United States Forest Service lands in order to provide a unified linkage of trail systems for off-highway motor vehicles, as prescribed. Current law requires the County of Inyo, in consultation with the Department of the California Highway Patrol, the Department of Transportation, and the Department of Parks and Recreation, to prepare and submit to the Legislature a report evaluating the effectiveness of the pilot project by January 1, 2019, as specified. This bill would extend the operation of that pilot project until January 1, 2025, and would require the County of Inyo, in consultation with the above-mentioned entities, to submit an additional evaluation report to the Legislature by January 1, 2024.
- [SB 410](#)** (**[Nielsen R](#)**) **Hunting and fishing guides.**  
**Introduced:** 2/20/2019  
**Status:** 4/26/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 2/28/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)  
**Location:** 4/26/2019-S. 2 YEAR  
**Summary:** Current law requires a person who engages in the business of guiding or packing, or who acts as a guide for any consideration or compensation, to first obtain a guide license from the Department of Fish and Wildlife before engaging in those activities. Current law requires an application for a guide license to contain specified information and requires an applicant to submit proof of having obtained a surety bond in the amount of not less than \$1,000 as a condition of receiving a license. Under current law, a guide license is valid from February 1 to January 31 of the succeeding year or, if issued after February 1, for the remainder of the license year. This bill would change the valid period of a guide license to the period of a calendar year, as provided, and would make related conforming changes.
- [SB 416](#)** (**[Hueso D](#)**) **Employment: workers' compensation.**  
**Introduced:** 2/20/2019  
**Last Amend:** 9/5/2019  
**Status:** 9/15/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was DESK on 9/13/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)  
**Location:** 9/15/2019-A. 2 YEAR  
**Summary:** Current law establishes a workers' compensation system to compensate employees for injuries sustained arising out of and in the course of their employment. Existing law designates illnesses and conditions that constitute a compensable injury for various employees, such as members of the Department of the California Highway Patrol, firefighters, and certain peace officers. These injuries include, but are not limited to, hernia, pneumonia, heart trouble, cancer, meningitis, and exposure to biochemical substances, when the illness or condition develops or manifests itself during a period when the officer or employee is in service of the employer, as specified. Would expand the coverage of the above provisions relating to compensable injuries to include all persons defined as peace officers under certain provisions of law, except as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.
- [SB 474](#)** (**[Stern D](#)**) **The California Wildlife Protection Act of 1990: Habitat Conservation Fund.**  
**Introduced:** 2/21/2019  
**Last Amend:** 5/21/2019

**Status:** 7/10/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was W.,P. & W. on 6/6/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 7/10/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would establish the Wildlife Protection Subaccount in the Habitat Conservation Fund and would require the Controller, if an appropriation is made for this purpose in any fiscal year, to transfer \$30,000,000 from the General Fund to the subaccount, less any amount transferred from specified accounts and funds, to be expended by the board for the acquisition, enhancement, or restoration of wildlife habitat.

**SB 518** (**Wieckowski D**) **Civil actions: settlement offers.**

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 6/20/2019

**Status:** 10/12/2019-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.

**Location:** 10/12/2019-S. VETOED

**Summary:** Current law, in a civil action to be resolved by trial or arbitration, authorizes a party to serve an offer in writing on any other party to the action to allow judgment to be taken or an award to be entered in accordance with the terms and conditions stated at the time. Existing law shifts specified postoffer costs to a plaintiff who does not accept a defendant's offer if the plaintiff fails to obtain a more favorable judgment or award. Current law also authorizes a court or arbitrator to order a party who does not accept the opposing party's offer and fails to obtain a more favorable judgment or award to cover the postoffer costs for the services of expert witnesses, as specified. Current law exempts certain actions from those provisions, including any labor arbitration filed pursuant to a memorandum of understanding under the Ralph C. Dills Act. This bill would also exempt from those provisions any action to enforce the California Public Records Act.

**SB 542** (**Stern D**) **Workers' compensation.**

**Introduced:** 2/22/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/6/2019

**Status:** 10/1/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 390, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/1/2019-S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Under current law, a person injured in the course of employment is generally entitled to receive workers' compensation on account of that injury. Current law provides that, in the case of certain state and local firefighting personnel and peace officers, the term "injury" includes various medical conditions that are developed or manifested during a period while the member is in the service of the department or unit, and establishes a disputable presumption in this regard. This bill would provide, only until January 1, 2025, that in the case of certain state and local firefighting personnel and peace officers, the term "injury" also includes post-traumatic stress that develops or manifests itself during a period in which the injured person is in the service of the department or unit. The bill would apply to injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2020.

**SB 566** (**Borgeas R**) **Fish and Game Commission.**

**Introduced:** 2/22/2019

**Status:** 3/7/2019-Referred to Com. on RLS.

**Location:** 2/22/2019-S. RLS.

**Summary:** The California Constitution establishes the 5-member Fish and Game Commission, with members appointed by the Governor and approved by the Senate. Current statutory law states the intent of the Legislature to encourage the Governor and the Senate Committee on Rules to consider certain minimum qualifications in selecting, appointing, and confirming commissioners to serve on the commission. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to this provision.



- [SB 587](#)** (**[Monning](#)** D) **California Sea Otter Fund.**  
**Introduced:** 2/22/2019  
**Last Amend:** 8/12/2019  
**Status:** 8/12/2019-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on RLS.  
**Location:** 2/22/2019-S. RLS.  
**Summary:** Current law, until January 1, 2021, establishes the California Sea Otter Fund and allows individuals to designate on their personal income tax returns that a specified amount in excess of their tax liability be transferred to the fund. Current law requires money in that fund, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to be allocated to the Department of Fish and Wildlife for the purposes of establishing a sea otter fund to be used for sea otter conservation, and to the State Coastal Conservancy for competitive grants and contracts for research, projects, and programs related to the Federal Sea Otter Recovery Plan or improving the nearshore ocean ecosystem. This bill would extend the operation of these provisions to January 1, 2026.
- [SB 632](#)** (**[Galgiani](#)** D) **California Environmental Quality Act: State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection: vegetation treatment program: final program environmental impact report.**  
**Introduced:** 2/22/2019  
**Last Amend:** 7/11/2019  
**Status:** 10/2/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 411, Statutes of 2019.  
**Location:** 10/2/2019-S. CHAPTERED  
**Summary:** Current law establishes the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection and vests the board with authority over wildland forest resources. This bill would require the board, as soon as practicably feasible, but by no later than February 1, 2020, to complete its environmental review under CEQA and certify a specific final program environmental impact report for a vegetation treatment program. The bill would repeal these provisions on January 1, 2021.
- [SB 744](#)** (**[Caballero](#)** D) **Planning and zoning: California Environmental Quality Act: permanent supportive housing.**  
**Introduced:** 2/22/2019  
**Last Amend:** 7/11/2019  
**Status:** 9/26/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 346, Statutes of 2019.  
**Location:** 9/26/2019-S. CHAPTERED  
**Summary:** CEQA requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. Current law authorizes the court, upon the motion of a party, to award attorney's fees to a prevailing party in an action that has resulted in the enforcement of an important right affecting the public interest if 3 conditions are met. This bill would specify that a decision of a public agency to seek funding from, or the department's awarding of funds pursuant to, the No Place Like Home Program is not a project for purposes of CEQA.
- [SB 757](#)** (**[Allen](#)** D) **Fish and Game Code: name change.**  
**Introduced:** 2/22/2019  
**Status:** 3/14/2019-Referred to Com. on RLS.  
**Location:** 2/22/2019-S. RLS.  
**Summary:** Current law establishes the Fish and Game Code. This bill would rename the Fish and Game Code as the Fish and Wildlife Code and would require that any reference to the Fish and Game Code in that code or any other code means the Fish and Wildlife Code.

**SB 761** **(Jones R) Forestry: exemptions: emergency notices: reporting.**

**Introduced:** 2/22/2019

**Status:** 3/14/2019-Referred to Com. on RLS.

**Location:** 2/22/2019-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Current law authorizes a registered professional forester in an emergency to file, on behalf of a timber owner or operator, a specified emergency notice with the department that allows for the immediate commencement of timber operations. Current law requires the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection and State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection, in consultation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife and the State Water Resources Control Board, commencing December 31, 2019, and annually thereafter, to review and submit a report to the Legislature on the trends in the use of, compliance with, and effectiveness of, these exemptions and emergency notice provisions, as specified. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in that reporting requirement.

**SB 785** **(Committee on Natural Resources and Water) Public resources: parklands, freshwater resources, and coastal resources: off-highway motor vehicles: public lands.**

**Introduced:** 3/11/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2019

**Status:** 10/2/2019-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 469, Statutes of 2019.

**Location:** 10/2/2019-S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Current law, until January 1, 2020, generally prohibits a person from possessing, importing, shipping, or transporting in the state, or from placing, planting, or causing to be placed or planted in any water within the state, dreissenid mussels, and authorizes the Director of Fish and Wildlife or the director's designee to engage in various enforcement activities with regard to dreissenid mussels. Among those activities, current law authorizes the director to conduct inspections of waters of the state and facilities located within waters of the state that may contain dreissenid mussels and, if those mussels are detected or may be present, order the closure of the affected waters or facilities to conveyances or otherwise restrict access to the affected waters or facilities, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency. This bill would extend to January 1, 2030, the repeal date of those provisions.

For more information call:

Clark Blanchard, CDFW Acting Deputy Director at (916) 651-7824

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116TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 3399

To amend the Nutria Eradication and Control Act of 2003 to include California in the program, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 21, 2019

Mr. HARDER of California (for himself, Mr. COSTA, Mr. COX of California, and Mr. GARAMENDI) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources

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## A BILL

To amend the Nutria Eradication and Control Act of 2003 to include California in the program, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. NUTRIA ERADICATION IN CALIFORNIA.**

4 The Nutria Eradication and Control Act of 2003  
5 (Public Law 108–16) is amended—

6 (1) in section 2—

7 (A) in subsection (a)—

8 (i) in paragraph (2), by striking  
9 “Maryland and Louisiana” and inserting

1 “Maryland, Louisiana, and California”;  
2 and

3 (ii) in paragraph (3), by striking  
4 “Louisiana. Consequently, marsh loss is  
5 accelerating.” and inserting “Louisiana  
6 and California. Consequently, marsh loss,  
7 loss of public and private wetlands, and  
8 loss of agricultural lands are accel-  
9 erating.”; and

10 (B) in subsection (b), by striking “the  
11 State of Maryland and the State of Louisiana”  
12 and inserting “Maryland, Louisiana, and Cali-  
13 fornia”; and

14 (2) in section 3—

15 (A) by amending subsection (a) to read as  
16 follows:

17 “(a) GRANT AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the Inte-  
18 rior (referred to in this Act as the ‘Secretary’), subject  
19 to the availability of appropriations, may provide financial  
20 assistance to Maryland, Louisiana, and California for a  
21 program to implement measures to eradicate or control  
22 nutria and restore marshland, public and private wetlands,  
23 and agricultural lands damaged by nutria.”;

24 (B) by amending subsection (b) to read as  
25 follows:

1 “(b) GOALS.—The goals of the program shall be to—

2 “(1) eradicate nutria in Maryland and Cali-  
3 fornia;

4 “(2) eradicate or control nutria in Louisiana;  
5 and

6 “(3) restore marshland, public and private wet-  
7 lands, and agricultural lands damaged by nutria.”;

8 and

9 (C) in subsection (f), by striking “State of  
10 Maryland” and all that follows and inserting  
11 “Maryland program, \$2,000,000 for the Lou-  
12 isiana program, and \$7,000,000 for the Cali-  
13 fornia program for each of fiscal years 2020  
14 through 2025.”

○