

TITLE 14. Fish and Game Commission Notice of Proposed Changes in Regulations

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Fish and Game Commission (Commission), pursuant to the authority vested by sections 200, 205, 265, 270, 315, 316.5, 399 and 2084 of the Fish and Game Code and to implement, interpret or make specific sections 200, 205, 265, 270, 316.5 and 2084 of said Code, proposes to adopt subsection (b)(91.2) of Section 7.50, Title 14, California Code of Regulations, relating to upper Klamath-Trinity spring Chinook salmon sport fishing.

Informative Digest/Policy Statement Overview

Unless otherwise specified, all section references in this document are to Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations.

Background

The Klamath River Basin spring-run Chinook Salmon (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*) in-river sport fishery is managed by the Commission via general basin seasons, daily bag limit, and possession limit regulations. Regular creel surveys and tag returns from anglers provide information on the status of spring-run Chinook Salmon in the Klamath River Basin. (Spring Chinook salmon may also be referred to as upper Klamath-Trinity spring Chinook Salmon - UKTSCS, Klamath River Spring Chinook -KRSC, "Klamath Spring Chinook," "Trinity Spring Chinook," or simply "spring-run Chinook".)

In February 2019, the Commission accepted a petition to list UKTSCS, which confers candidacy status. Under the California Endangered Species Act (CESA), take prohibition measures apply (Fish and Game Code Section 2085). The Commission adopted emergency regulations in February 2019 for certain portions of the Klamath and Trinity Rivers to prohibit take and help protect UKTSCS by minimizing confusion by sport anglers who may not have been aware of the CESA candidacy protections. The Commission also received testimony and letters from the public, as well as the Del Norte County and Siskiyou County boards of supervisors that a complete prohibition on take of spring-run Chinook Salmon would create economic harm to businesses. The public requested that the Commission consider shortening the closed periods, or otherwise allow some sport fish take during the spring Chinook Salmon fishing season.

The California Department of Fish and Wildlife (Department) assessed the ability under Section 2084 of the Fish and Game Code to allow for some level of sport fishing take by hook and line, while still providing protective spring-run Chinook Salmon regulatory measures. On April 17, 2019, the Commission adopted emergency regulations to mitigate the potential adverse economic and fiscal impacts of a complete prohibition of take. The emergency regulations, which went into effect June 26, 2019, allow limited sport fishing take of spring-run Chinook Salmon on the Klamath River downstream of the Highway 96 bridge at Weitchpec between July 1 and August 14, and the Trinity River from the Old Lewiston Bridge to the mouth of the South Fork Trinity River, and the New River main stem downstream of the confluence of the East Fork to the confluence with the Trinity River between July 1 and August 31.

Regulatory Proposal

This proposed rulemaking will make permanent the June 2019 emergency regulations allowing limited sport fish take of UKTSCS in most of the same reaches. The proposed regulation would allow continued limited sport fishing take of UKTSCS on the Klamath River downstream of the Highway 96 bridge at Weitchpec between July 1 and August 14, and the Trinity River from the Old Lewiston Bridge to the mouth of the South Fork Trinity River between July 1 and August 31, with a bag limit of one Chinook Salmon and a possession limit of two Chinook Salmon, after which fall season regulations under subsection (b)(91.1) of Section 7.50 will apply. This proposed rulemaking does not make permanent the language for the New River reach (main stem downstream of the confluence of the East Fork to the confluence with the Trinity River between July 1 and August 31).

Benefits of the Proposed Regulations

Compared to the full closure under CESA, the proposed regulations provide increased recreational fishing opportunity for a July 1 start during the peak of the season, and through August 14 (Klamath River – six weeks) or August 31 (Trinity River – eight weeks). The July 1 opening date in the lower Klamath River protects the majority of wild-origin UKTSCS which enter and migrate through the lower Klamath River by reducing the spring Chinook Salmon fishing season by six months (opening July 1 instead of January 1). These wild salmon are destined for spawning in the upper Salmon River and upper South Fork Trinity River. Similarly, the July 1 opening date on the upper Trinity River protects wild UKTSCS by reducing the fishing season by six months.

Making permanent this six to eight-week window reduces potential economic impacts and helps mitigate the risk of hardship to local businesses and communities from a full closure to fishing under CESA, while protecting UKTSCS during its migratory and spawning phases. Allowing limited take at the end of the traditional spring season for sport fish by hook and line of UKTSCS is consistent with Fish and Game Code Section 2084.

Consistency and Compatibility with Existing Regulations

Article IV, Section 20 of the State Constitution specifies that the Legislature may delegate to the Commission such powers relating to the protection and propagation of fish and game as the Legislature sees fit. The Legislature has delegated authority to the Commission to authorize the taking of any fish by hook and line for sport that is listed as an endangered, threatened, or candidate species (Section 2084, Fish and Game Code). The Commission has reviewed its own regulations and finds that the proposed regulations are neither inconsistent nor incompatible with existing State regulations. Commission staff has searched the California Code of Regulations and has found no other State regulations related to spring Chinook Salmon sport fishing in the Klamath River Basin.

Scheduled Hearings

NOTICE IS GIVEN that any person interested may present statements, orally or in writing, relevant to this action at a hearing to be held in the Natural Resources Building Auditorium, 1416 Ninth Street, Sacramento, California, 95814, on Friday, February 21, 2020, at 8:30 a.m., or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard.

NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN that any person interested may present statements, orally or in writing, relevant to this action at a hearing to be held in the Natural Resources Building Auditorium, 1416 Ninth Street, Sacramento, California, 95814, on Thursday, April 16, 2020, at 8:30 a.m., or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard. It is requested, but not required, that written comments be submitted on or before on April 2, 2020, at the address given below, or by email to FGC@fgc.ca.gov. Written comments mailed, or emailed to the Commission office, must be received before 12:00 noon on April 10, 2020. All comments must be received no later than April 16, 2020, at the hearing in Sacramento, California. If you would like copies of any modifications to this proposal, please include your name and mailing address. Mailed comments should be addressed to Fish and Game Commission, PO Box 944209, Sacramento, CA 94244-2090.

Availability of Documents

Copies of the Notice of Proposed Action, the Initial Statement of Reasons, and the text of the regulation in underline and strikethrough format can be accessed through the Commission website at www.fgc.ca.gov. The regulations as well as all related documents upon which the proposal is based (rulemaking file), are on file and available for public review from the agency representative, Melissa Miller-Henson, Executive Director, Fish and Game Commission, 1416 Ninth Street, PO Box 944209, Sacramento, California 94244-2090, phone (916) 653-4899. Please direct requests for the above-mentioned documents and inquiries concerning the regulatory process to Melissa Miller-Henson or Sherrie Fonbuena at the preceding address or phone number. **Wade Sinnen, Senior Environmental Scientist, Department of Fish and Wildlife, (707) 822-5119 or Wade.Sinnen@wildlife.ca.gov, has been designated to respond to questions on the substance of the proposed regulations.**

Availability of Modified Text

If the regulations adopted by the Commission differ from but are sufficiently related to the action proposed, they will be available to the public for at least 15 days prior to the date of adoption. Circumstances beyond the control of the Commission (e.g., timing of Federal regulation adoption, timing of resource data collection, timelines do not allow, etc.) or changes made to be responsive to public recommendation and comments during the regulatory process may preclude full compliance with the 15-day comment period, and the Commission will exercise its powers under Section 265 of the Fish and Game Code. Regulations adopted pursuant to this section are not subject to the time periods for adoption, amendment or repeal of regulations prescribed in Sections 11343.4, 11346.4, 11346.8 and 11347.1 of the Government Code. Any person interested may obtain a copy of said regulations prior to the date of adoption by contacting the agency representative named herein.

If the regulatory proposal is adopted, the final statement of reasons may be obtained from the address above when it has been received from the agency program staff.

Impact of Regulatory Action/Results of the Economic Impact Assessment

The potential for significant statewide adverse economic impacts that might result from the proposed regulatory action has been assessed, and the following initial determinations relative to the required statutory categories have been made:

(a) Significant Statewide Adverse Economic Impact Directly Affecting Business, Including the Ability of California Businesses to Compete with Businesses in Other States:

The proposed action will not have a significant statewide adverse economic impact directly affecting business, including the ability of California businesses to compete with businesses in other states. Making permanent the June 2019 emergency regulations via the certificate of compliance process would both create permanent incentives for more tourists to travel to coastal northern California, and help stimulate the local economies in Del Norte, Siskiyou, Trinity and neighboring counties.

(b) Impact on the Creation or Elimination of Jobs Within the State, the Creation of New Businesses or the Elimination of Existing Businesses, or the Expansion of Businesses in California; Benefits of the Regulation to the Health and Welfare of California Residents, Worker Safety, and the State's Environment:

The Commission does not anticipate any significant impact on the creation or elimination of jobs, the creation of new business, the elimination of existing businesses, or the expansion of businesses in California. This is due to the re-opening of limited sport fishing take during the peak of the season, starting July 1, and through August 14 (Klamath River) or August 31 (Trinity River). Compared to the full closure under CESA, the proposed regulation provides increased recreational fishing opportunity for the six to eight-week window between July and August in the Klamath River Basin.

The Commission anticipates benefits to the health and welfare of California residents through the activity of fishing for salmon. The Commission does not anticipate any benefits to worker safety because the proposed regulation will not affect existing working conditions. The Commission anticipates a neutral impact to the state's environment, as the majority of fish present in the river reaches during the limited six- or eight-week windows are believed to be of hatchery origin.

(c) Cost Impacts on a Representative Private Person or Business:

The Commission is not aware of any cost impacts that a representative private person or business would necessarily incur in reasonable compliance with the proposed action.

(d) Costs or Savings to State Agencies or Costs/Savings in Federal Funding to the State: None.

(e) Nondiscretionary Costs/Savings to Local Agencies: None.

(f) Programs Mandated on Local Agencies or School Districts: None.

(g) Costs Imposed on any Local Agency or School District that is Required to be Reimbursed Under Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4, Government Code: None.

(h) Effect on Housing Costs: None.

Effect on Small Business

It has been determined that the adoption of these regulations may affect small business. The

Commission has drafted the regulations in Plain English pursuant to Government Code Sections 11342.580 and 11346.2(a)(1).

Consideration of Alternatives

The Commission must determine that no reasonable alternative considered by the Commission, or that has otherwise been identified and brought to the attention of the Commission, would be more effective in carrying out the purpose for which the action is proposed, would be as effective and less burdensome to affected private persons than the proposed action, or would be more cost effective to affected private persons and equally effective in implementing the statutory policy or other provision of law.

FISH AND GAME COMMISSION

Dated: December 31, 2019

Melissa Miller-Henson
Executive Director