California Department of Fish and Wildlife Initial Assessment of Marine Life Entanglement Risk and Preliminary Management Recommendation

Date: October 22, 2021

CDFW will prepare a Final Assessment and Management Recommendation after review of the Working Group Recommendation and any other relevant information.

This initial assessment and preliminary recommendation have been developed by California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Marine Region staff based on the most recently available data for consideration by the California Dungeness Crab Fishing Gear Working Group for the Risk Assessment Mitigation Program (RAMP; Section 132.8, Title 14, California Code of Regulations) regarding Management Actions to address marine life entanglement risk in the commercial Dungeness crab fishery. These data will also facilitate discussion regarding potential management actions the Director may take pursuant to Section 29.80, Title 14, CCR to address marine life entanglement risk in the recreational Dungeness crab fishery.

A. Recommended Management Actions

Recreational Fishery:

Fleet Advisory: Fishing Zones 1, 2, 5 and 6
Crab Trap Prohibition: Fishing Zones 3 and 4

Commercial Fishery:

Fleet Advisory: Fishing Zone 5 and 6
Season Delay: Fishing Zones 3 and 4
Zones 1 and 2 were not evaluated

Fleet Advisories

Regarding Fleet Advisories, CDFW Marine Region staff's preliminary recommendation is for the Director to issue a Fleet Advisory for Fishing Zones 5 and 6 for the commercial Dungeness crab fishery and Fishing Zones 1, 2, 5, and 6 for the recreational Dungeness crab fisheries. The recreational fishery is scheduled to open on November 6, 2021, in Zones 1, 2, 5 and 6. The commercial Fishery is scheduled to open on November 15, 2021, in Zones 5 and 6. Based on available data, no RAMP triggers have been reached in Fishing Zones 2 or 5 that would require additional protective measures. However, CDFW aerial surveys indicated small concentrations of Humpback whales in Zones 2 and 5 and both fleets should use additional precaution when setting gear in those Zones by adhering to the Fleet Advisory. For Zones 1 and 6, both commercial and recreational regulations require the Director to implement a Management Action when data are unavailable. Based on known migration patterns and adjacent Zone data, CDFW staff's preliminary recommendation for the recreational fishery is a Fleet Advisory.

Similarly, based on known migration patterns and adjacent Zone data, CDFW staff recommend that the Director issue a Fleet Advisory for the commercial fishery in Zones 5 and 6. The Fishing Grounds in these Zones have few commercially permitted vessels and based on historic landings data, only minor landings are made in these port areas. Both the commercial and recreational fishing fleet should remain vigilant and move or avoid setting gear in areas where whales are transiting or foraging to further minimize risk of entanglement. As a reminder, the commercial fishery opener in Zone 1 and 2 will be further evaluated at the next risk assessment (expected to occur on or before November 22, 2021).

Season Delay/Crab Trap Prohibition

Regarding the commercial season delay and recreational crab trap prohibition, CDFW Marine Region staff's preliminary recommendation is for the Director to delay the commercial fisheries in Zones 3 and 4 and prohibit the use of recreational crab traps until the next risk assessment. This recommendation is based on exceedance of Marine Life Concentration data triggers for Humpback whales and Leatherback sea turtles in Zones 3 and 4. CDFW aerial surveys indicated large aggregations of Humpback whales in Zone 3, which was further supported by observation data from Point Blue around the Farallon Islands. NOAA and Upwell aerial surveys also indicated large aggregations of foraging Humpback whales and at least four Leatherback sea turtles foraging in areas off Half Moon Bay and Point Reyes. Humpback whales were observed foraging in 20-50 fathoms and Leatherback sea turtles were observed foraging in 20-40 fathoms. Monterey Bay Whale Watch Data (MBWW) data for Zone 4 indicate Humpback whale observations are above average based on the historical record, indicating migration out of California waters has yet to occur. Foraging activity by both Humpback whales and Leatherback sea turtles poses a risk of entanglement with vertical lines and surface gear in Zones 3 and 4 if the recreational season opens with use of crab traps on November 6, 2021. and the commercial season opens on November 15, 2021. A season delay in those Zones for both fisheries is the recommended Management Action based on the wide distribution of Humpback whales across Fishing Zone depths and the likelihood of Leatherback sea turtles remaining in the foraging areas of Zones 3 and 4. A depth restriction or gear reduction would not minimize entanglement risk due to whale distribution and expected high gear concentrations during the season opener. As a result, CDFW Marine Staff's preliminary recommendation is a delay of the Fishing Season for the commercial fishery and prohibition on the use of crab traps for the recreational fishery for Zones 3 and 4 until the next risk assessment (expected to occur on or before November 22, 2021).

Summary of RAMP triggers and Management Considerations analyzed during preparation of this Initial Assessment and Preliminary Recommendation.

B. Marine life entanglement risk, based on triggers in subsection (c)

Confirmed Entanglements in California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear:

- During the current Fishing Season: 0
- During the current calendar year: 1 humpback whale

Confirmed Entanglements in Unknown Fishing Gear reported from California:

- During the current Fishing Season: 0
- During the current calendar year: 1 Humpback whale
 - Note: Three additional confirmed entanglements in unidentified fishing gear are under review.

Marine Life Concentration Surveys and/or Satellite Telemetry Observations:

- **Fishing Zone 1 and 6:** For the commercial fishery no current CDFW approved survey data are available for Zone 6, which triggers management response for the commercial fishery, pursuant to Title 14, CCR, section 132.8(c)(2)(A)(1). For Zone 1 and 6, pursuant to Title 14, CCR, section 29.80(c)(7)(B)(2), if data are unavailable prior to the recreational Dungeness crab season opener, the Director shall take action pursuant to subsection 29.80(c)(7)(B) in the recreational fishery.
- **Fishing Zone 3 and 4:** CDFW aerial surveys observed 48 Humpback whales in Zone 3, and NOAA and Upwell surveys documented 32 Humpback whales in Zone 3, both exceeding the trigger pursuant to Title 14, CCR, section 132.8(c)(2)(A)(4)(a). In addition, based on MBWW data, the running weekly average for Zone 4 is 18.9 Humpback whales, which exceeds 5 Humpback whales in a single Fishing Zone and triggers management response under RAMP (c)(2)(A)(4). NOAA and Upwell Aerial surveys observed 4 Leatherback sea turtles within Zone 3 and 4, exceeding a trigger pursuant to 132.8, Title 14, CCR (c)(2)(A)(4)(c).

C. Scope of risk based on Management Considerations in subsection (d)

Section 132.8(d)(2): Information from NOAA

No additional information was made available for this risk assessment

Section 132.8(d)(3): Effectiveness of management measures to reduce entanglement risk

- In Zones 3 and 4, the aerial survey and vessel-based observations show continued large aggregations of foraging Humpback whales. Leatherback sea turtles were also observed in Zones 3 and 4. As a result of Marine Life Concentration triggers for Humpback whales and Leatherback sea turtles being met, a Fishing Zone delay/trap prohibition is the most effective Management Action for Zones 3 and 4 to minimize co-occurrence with Dungeness crab trap fishing gear and Actionable Species.
- In Zones 2 and 5, a Fleet Advisory is the most effective Management Action based on the few Humpback whales observed and known migration patterns in these areas. Additionally, based on adjacent Zone data for Zones 1 and 6, a Fleet Advisory is appropriate given the lower level of fishing effort by the commercial fleet in Zone 6. Zone 1 will be further evaluated during the next risk assessment for the commercial fishery.

Section 132.8(d)(4): Total economic impact to the fleet and fishing communities

 A Fishing Zone closure will impact operators and businesses. In particular, there will be economic costs to individual operators, however given the risk of entanglement (which is expected to decrease), the short-term economic costs must also be weighed against the longer-term viability of the commercial fishery across California.

Section 132.8(d)(5): Data availability within and across Fishing Zones

CDFW aerial survey data are available for Zones 2, 3, 4 and 5. NOAA and Upwell
Aerial Survey Data are available for Zones 3 and 4. MBWW data are available for
Fishing Zone 4. Point Blue Conservation Science observation data are available for
Zones 3, 4, and 6. The Habitat Compression Index is available for Zones 2, 3, 4 and
the northern portion of Zone 5. Whale Watch 2.0 habitat predictions are available for all
Zones.

Section 132.8(d)(6): Known historic marine life migration patterns

- Aerial surveys indicate continued presence of large aggregations of Humpback whale across Zones 3 and 4.
- Presence of Humpback whales is also above average based on MBWW data, an indication that significant migration out of California waters has yet to occur.
- Leatherback sea turtles typically forage in an area extending from Monterey Bay to Point Reyes during the summer months. Recent observation and surveys indicate foraging turtles are still present within Zones 3 and 4.

Section 132.8(d)(7): Fishing Season dynamics

 Preliminary domoic acid testing results indicate a potential delay for the commercial fishery in Zones 3 and 4. Quality tests, which could affect the commercial fishery opener in Zones 1 and 2, are not yet available.

Section 132.8(d)(8): Known distribution and abundance of key forage

- Abundant schooling fish were documented off the San Mateo County coast and the Gulf of the Farallones during aerial surveys.
- Leatherback foraging habitat was evident from about Pt. Reyes to Pigeon Point within water depths of about 20-40 fathoms, as indicated by dense aggregations of brown sea nettles and abundant large molas.
- No krill were observed during CDFW or NOAA aerial surveys.

Section 132.8(d)(9): Ocean conditions

• The prediction of ENSO conditions was last updated on October 14, 2021. La Niña conditions have developed and are expected to continue with an 87% chance of La Niña in December 2021- February 2022.

Section 132.8(d)(10): Current Impact Score Calculation

• Impact score calculation under RAMP began on January 1, 2021. The current impact score is 1.13 for Humpback whales and 0 for Blue whales and Pacific Leatherback sea turtles.

Section 132.8(d)(11): Actionable Species migration into or out of Fishing Grounds and across Fishing Zones

 Based on aerial surveys conducted by CDFW and NOAA, Humpback whales and Leatherback sea turtles are still present within the Gulf of the Farallones and Monterey Bay. Whale Watch data and Point Blue observation data provided frequent sightings of Humpback whales as well, also indicating significant migration has yet to occur out of California waters.

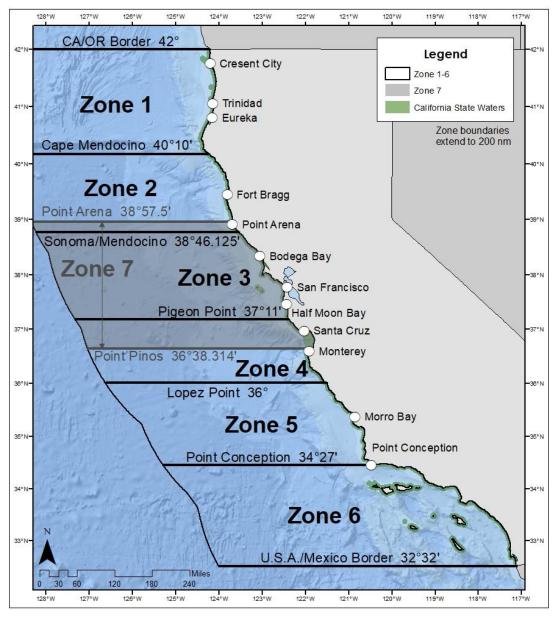


Figure 1. RAMP Fishing Zone boundaries.