14. EMERGENCY LOW-FLOW INLAND SPORT FISHING RESTRICTIONS

Today's Item Information \square Action \boxtimes

Discuss and consider adopting emergency regulations for low flow inland sport fishing restrictions due to drought conditions.

Summary of Previous/Future Actions

FGC adopted low-flow protective measures

2014 and 2015

Today's adoption hearing

Dec 15-16, 2021; Webinar/Teleconference

Background

On Apr 21, 2021, Governor Newsom proclaimed a state of emergency in Mendocino and Sonoma counties due to drought conditions in the Russian River Watershed, and directed state officials to take immediate action to prepare for and mitigate the effects of drought conditions within the watershed. On May 10, 2021, Governor Newsom also proclaimed a state of emergency in the Klamath River, Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta, and Tulare Lake Watershed counties due to drought, adding 39 counties, including Del Norte and Humboldt. The Governor ordered DFW to evaluate the minimum instream flows and other actions needed to protect salmon, steelhead, and other native fishes in critical stream systems in the State and to consider emergency regulations to establish minimum drought instream flows.

Low-flow inland sport fishing regulations currently require DFW to determine whether flows at any of the designated gauging stations is less than the minimum flows specified for particular stream reaches; if DFW determines the flows are below the minimum specified, the regulation closes the stream reach to fishing for a specified time period. The low-flow inland sport fishing restrictions for streams are listed in subsections 8.00(a) and 8.00(b), and the streams in those subsections are commonly referred to as "north coast" and "central coast," respectively; section 7.40 contains special regulations for some of those streams.

Many coastal streams from Point Conception to the California/Oregon Border are already in extreme low-flow conditions. This year, all streams subject to the current low-flow inland sport fishing closures under subsections 8.00(a) and 8.00(b) have been closed to angling since the low-flow angling restriction period began on Oct 1. DFW anticipates that most streams will experience low-flow conditions past the current restriction end dates of Jan 31 and Mar 31. Under low-flow conditions, steelhead and threatened and endangered salmon are prevented from migrating beyond the estuary and lower reaches, causing them to congregate in any available large body of water. If current low-flow sport fishing restrictions are not extended, the fish could be subject to lawful and unlawful fishing, which could further adversely affect already stressed populations.

DFW and FGC staff believe that under the extreme conditions of the current drought, and potentially a prolonged drought, it is necessary to extend the potential closure periods in the current low-flow inland sport fishing restrictions for the north coast and central coast streams to remove angling as an additional stress on steelhead and salmon populations during low-flow periods; the low-flow closure periods for these areas should be extended to eight months,

Author. David Thesell 1

STAFF SUMMARY FOR DECEMBER 15-16, 2021

beginning Sep 1 and ending Apr 30. The Sep 1 to Apr 30 time period is what is anticipated to be the maximum time the conditions will endure or, in some cases, the timing coincides with when a fishing season ends or begins. The proposed action is necessary to conserve wild steelhead and salmon populations by protecting as many adult fish as possible.

DFW proposes to amend current low-flow inland sport fishing closure regulations to provide additional protection to fish species under the high likelihood that drought conditions will persist. Significant amendments include:

- implementing a low-flow angling restriction on the section of the Eel River from the mouth to Fulmor Road, at its paved junction with the south bank of the Eel River, Sep 1 through Apr 30;
- extending the low-flow closure period for a different stretch of the Eel River as well
 as the Mad River, Mattole River, Redwood Creek, Smith River and Van Duzen River
 (currently Oct 1 through Jan 31, four months) to Sep 1 through Apr 30, eight months;
- adding a low-flow gear restriction from the mouth of the Eel River to Fulmor Road at its paved junction with the south bank of the Eel River; and
- extending the low-flow closure period (currently Oct 1 through Mar 31, six months) for the Mendocino, Sonoma, and Marin counties coastal streams to Sep 1 through Apr 30, eight months.

In considering emergency action, FGC must determine the magnitude of potential harm, the existence of a crisis situation, the immediacy of the need, and whether the anticipation of harm has a basis firmer than simple speculation. All available information indicates that conditions in these waters will worsen and emergency action must be taken to protect adult steelhead trout, Coho salmon, and coastal Chinook salmon populations.

Significant Public Comments (N/A)

Recommendation

FGC staff: Adopt the proposed emergency action as recommended by DFW with a January 31, 2022 effective date.

DFW: Amend regulations to extend the locations and permitted time in which fishing may be prohibited in specific streams due to drought conditions, to protect native fish populations.

Exhibits

- 1. DFW memo, received Nov 30, 2021
- 2. Draft emergency statement
- 3. Proposed regulatory text
- 4. Draft economic and fiscal impact analysis (STD 399)
- 5. DFW presentation

Author. David Thesell 2

STAFF SUMMARY FOR DECEMBER 15-16, 2021

Motion

The Commission determines, pursuant to Section 399 of the California Fish and Game Code, that adopting this regulation is necessary for the immediate conservation, preservation, or protection of birds, mammals, fish, amphibians, or reptiles, including but not limited to their nests or eggs.

	· •	t to Section 11346.1 of the Government Code, this proposed regulation is necessary to address
•	nd sections 7.40 and 8.00, I	that the Commission adopts the emergency ow-flow inland sport fishing restrictions, due to

Author. David Thesell 3

State of California Department of Fish and Wildlife

Memorandum

Date: November 22, 2021

Original on file, Received November 30, 2021

To: Melissa Miller-Henson, Executive Director

Fish and Game Commission

From: Charlton H. Bonham

Director

Subject:: Agenda Item for the December 2021 Fish and Game Commission Meeting.
Re: Emergency Action to Amend Subsections (b)(40)(A) and (b)(40)(B) of
Section 7.40, and Subsections (a) - (b) of Section 8.00, Low-Flow Restrictions,
Title 14, California Code of Regulations

The Department of Fish and Wildlife (Department) is proposing to expand the low-flow closure periods for the North Coast and Central Coast areas to September 1 through April 30. The proposed regulations would amend subsections (b)(40) of Section 7.40 and subsections (a) and (b) of Section 8.00 through emergency action.

Transmittal of the attached Findings of Emergency and Statement of Proposed Emergency Regulatory Action to the Fish and Game Commission (Commission) will allow the Commission to consider adopting the emergency rulemaking at its December 15, 2021, meeting. The emergency regulation, if adopted, will continue for a period of 180 days with the possibility of two 90-day extensions. Discussions are ongoing concerning whether a separate permanent rulemaking (i.e., Certificate of Compliance), or making these proposed changes permanent may be included in another rulemaking in 2022 will be necessary.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Valerie Cook, Acting Chief, Fisheries Branch, at (916) 616-6366. The Department point of contact for this emergency rulemaking should identify Environmental Program Manager, Jonathan Nelson. He can be reached at (916) 376-1641.

Attachment

ec: Garry Kelly, Acting Deputy Director Wildlife and Fisheries Division

Valerie Cook, Acting Branch Chief Fisheries Branch

Melissa Miller-Henson, Executive Director Fish and Game Commission November 22, 2021 Page 2

Karen Mitchell, Senior Environmental Scientist Fisheries Branch

Manfred Kittel, Env. Program Manager Bay Delta Region (Region 3)

Brett Kormos, Env. Program Manager Northern Region (Region 1)

David Bess, Chief Law Enforcement Division

Chris Stoots, Captain Law Enforcement Division

David Thesell, Program Manager Fish and Game Commission fgc@fgc.ca.gov

Ari Cornman, Wildlife Advisor Fish and Game Commission

Steve Puccini, Senior Attorney Office of General Counsel

Micah Green, Attorney Office of General Counsel

Ona Alminas, Program Manager Regulations Unit Regulations@wildlife.ca.gov

Mike Randall, Analyst Regulations Unit

CALIFORNIA FISH AND GAME COMMISSION FINDING OF EMERGENCY AND STATEMENT OF PROPOSED EMERGENCY REGULATORY ACTION

Emergency Action to Amend
Subsection (b)(40)(A) of Section 7.40
Subsections (a) and (b) of Section 8.00,
Title 14, California Code of Regulations (CCR)
Re: Low Flow Fishing Restrictions Due to Drought Conditions

Date of Statement: November 3, 2021

I. Statement of Facts Constituting the Need for Emergency Regulatory Action Background

On April 21, 2021, Governor Gavin Newsom proclaimed a State of Emergency to exist in Mendocino and Sonoma counties due to drought conditions in the Russian River Watershed in California and directed state officials to take immediate action to prepare for and mitigate the effects of drought conditions within the Russian River Watershed. The Department of Fish and Wildlife (Department) was ordered to evaluate and take immediate measures to protect terrestrial and aquatic species, increase water use efficiency on state Wildlife Areas and Ecological Reserves to maintain habitat for vulnerable species, and respond to human-wildlife interactions related to the drought. The Department was also ordered to work with commercial and recreational salmon fishing and tribal representatives to develop strategies to address salmon fishery impacts.

On May 10, 2021, Governor Newsom proclaimed a State of Emergency to also exist in the Klamath River, Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta, and Tulare Lake Watershed counties due to drought. The Governor ordered the Department to evaluate the minimum instream flows and other actions needed to protect salmon, steelhead, and other native fishes in critical stream systems in the State and to consider emergency regulations to establish minimum drought instream flows. The proclamation adds 39 counties, including Del Norte and Humboldt, to the Governor's April 21 drought emergency proclamation and provides new authority for the existing drought emergency for Mendocino and Sonoma counties.

Section 7.40, Title 14, CCR, Alphabetical List of Hatchery Trout, Hatchery Steelhead, and Salmon Waters with Special Fishing Regulations, currently sets forth the angling regulations in California streams with respect to Body of Water, Open Season and Special Restrictions, Daily Bag and Possession Limit. Every Body of Water listed is subject to Section 8.00 Low-Flow Restrictions, however, one exception is the stretch of the Eel River from the Pacific Ocean (mouth) upstream to Fulmor Road. The first objective of the proposed emergency amendment described below is to include this stretch of the Eel River in the Low-Flow Restrictions.

Section 8.00, Title 14, CCR, Low-Flow Restrictions, currently sets forth the criteria for angling closures in California streams in any year between October 1 and, depending on the body of water, either January 31 or March 31, when flows are deemed too low for passage of migrating adults. The streams are constantly monitored by the Department.

Occasionally circumstances such as drought, fire, or other environmental factors may require further restriction beyond the scope of the present regulation. In 2014, the Commission adopted similar emergency regulations extending the low-flow closure period for the North Coast and Central Coast areas, and the emergency regulation expired when no further action was required. Similarly, the primary objective of the proposed emergency amendment described below is to expand the temporal window of the Low-Flow Restriction authority to allow for protection of the fisheries during critically-dry conditions that occur outside of the closure periods currently defined in Section 8.00.

At this time, many coastal streams from Point Conception to the California/Oregon Border are already in extreme low-flow conditions. This year, 2021, all streams subject to low-flow closures under subsections 8.00(a) and 8.00(b) have been closed to angling since the low-flow angling restriction period began on October 1. The Department anticipates that most streams will experience low-flow conditions past the current restriction end dates of (a) January 31 and (b) March 31. Under low-flow conditions, steelhead and threatened and endangered salmon are prevented from migrating beyond the estuary and lower reaches, causing them to congregate in any available large body of water. If low-flow fishing restrictions are not extended, the fish could be subject to lawful and unlawful fishing techniques.

The Department believes that under these extreme conditions of the current drought, and possibly a prolonged period, it is prudent to extend the low-flow angling closure periods to September 1 through April 30, eight months, for the North Coast and Central Coast areas to eliminate angling as an additional stress on steelhead and salmon populations. This action is necessary to conserve wild steelhead and salmon populations by protecting as many adult fish as possible.

II. Proposed Emergency Regulations

The Department is proposing the following emergency regulatory changes:

- Subsection 7.40(b)(40)(A)1. Amend Eel River Special Fishing Regulation.
 - Add a reference to "Section 8.00(a)(1)(A) Low-Flow Restrictions" implementing a low-flow fishing restriction between September 1 through April 30 on this stretch of the Eel River from mouth to Fulmor Road, at its paved junction with the south bank of the Eel River.
 - This subsection currently does not have low-flow closure criteria because it is a
 unique section that includes both estuary and stream conditions. To be more
 protective of listed and targeted game fish during low flows, the Department is
 proposing to implement the low-flow closure criteria on this section of the Eel River
 when the criteria in Section 8.00(a)(1) is under enforcement.
 - The Department recognizes that there are other targeted fisheries (crab, lamprey) in the estuarian section of the river, therefore, the Department is proposing a hook and line gear restriction for this section when low-flow closures are being implemented in 8.00(a)(1). This will still allow use of other legal fishing methods for targeting crab and lamprey.

Subsection 7.40(b)(40)(A)2. Amend Eel River Special Fishing Regulation

- Delete the reference "Section 8.00(a)(1)" and add the reference "Section 8.00(a)(1)(B)
 Low-Flow Restrictions".
 - This part of the Eel River has been subject to the low-flow restrictions but because of renumbering of Section 8.00(a)(1), this change is necessary.

Subsection 8.00(a) Amend Low Flow Restrictions.

- In the first paragraph of the regulatory text, extend the low-flow closure period for a different stretch of the Eel River as well as the Mad River, Mattole River, Redwood Creek, Smith River and Van Duzen River (currently October 1 through January 31, four months) to September 1 through April 30 (eight months).
 - This change is necessary to increase the survival of adult Steelhead Trout, Coho Salmon and Coastal Chinook Salmon during these extreme drought conditions.
 - There is a minor typographical error in 8.00(a) which is corrected from "though" to "through" and has no effect on the regulation.

Subsection 8.00(a)(1) Amend Eel River Low Flow Restrictions.

- Add subsection (A) to 8.00(a)(1) "From mouth to Fulmor Road at its paved junction with the south bank of the Eel River." Also add mention that when a Low-Flow Closure occurs in this section of the Eel River it will be "closed to hook-and-line fishing; other legal fishing methods are allowed during this timeframe."
 - The Department recognizes that there are other targeted fisheries (crab, lamprey) in the estuarian section of the river, therefore, the Department is proposing a hookand-line gear restriction for this section when low-flow closures are being implemented in 8.00(a)(1). This will still allow use of other legal fishing methods for targeting crab and lamprey.
 - The stream flow will be monitored as follows: Minimum Flow: 350 cfs at the gauging station near Scotia.
 - The addition of these provisions is necessary to increase the survival of adult Steelhead Trout, Coho Salmon and Coastal Chinook Salmon during these extreme drought conditions.
 - The current provision in 8.00(a)(1) is renumbered to 8.00(a)(1)(B) with no changes in the regulatory text.
 - There are no proposed changes to subsections 8.00(a)(2) through (7).

Subsection 8.00(b) Amend Low Flow Restrictions.

 In the first paragraph, extend the low-flow closure period (currently October 1 through March 31, six months) for the Mendocino, Sonoma, and Marin County coastal streams to September 1 through April 30 (eight months).

3

- This change is necessary to increase the survival of adult Steelhead Trout, Coho Salmon and Coastal Chinook Salmon during extreme drought conditions.
- There is a minor typographical error in the third paragraph which is corrected from "though" to "through" and has no effect on the regulation.

III. Findings for the Existence of an Emergency

Presently, the Commission considered the following factors in determining that an emergency does exist at this time:

The magnitude of potential harm:

The salmon and steelhead fisheries are important ecological, cultural, and recreational resources in the State of California. The Department has determined that the current drought conditions will continue to impact stream flows and prevent or delay the movement of migrating anadromous fish, including wild Steelhead Trout, Coho Salmon and Coastal Chinook Salmon, which can seriously affect reproductive success and adult survival rates.

The existence of a crisis situation:

The Department has determined that low stream flows will concentrate adult wild salmon and steelhead into shrinking pools of cold water making them easy prey for poachers, illegal angling methods such as snagging, increased hooking mortality due to legal catch and release angling targeting hatchery steelhead, as well as other human-related disturbances within their spawning streams. When coupled with drought-related environmental stressors, such as elevated water temperature, poor water quality, and severely reduced suitable habitat, these human stressors can seriously affect reproductive success and adult survival rates. Emergency action is necessary now to protect adult Steelhead Trout, Coho Salmon, and Coastal Chinook Salmon populations in a timely manner.

The immediacy of the need:

The Department is already observing stream flows in many of our coastal systems that are below the defined low-flow thresholds to allow passage of spawning adults, increasing their vulnerability to mortality from predation, physiological stress, and fishing. Furthermore, survival of eggs and juvenile fish in these systems over the coming months is likely to be extremely low as the current drought conditions continue.

Whether the anticipation of harm has a basis firmer than simple speculation:

On April 21, 2021, Governor Gavin Newsom proclaimed a State of Emergency to exist in Mendocino and Sonoma counties due to drought conditions in the Russian River Watershed in California and directed state officials to take immediate action to prepare for and mitigate the effects of drought conditions within the Russian River Watershed.

IV. Impact of Regulatory Action

The potential for significant statewide adverse economic impacts that might result from the proposed regulatory action has been assessed, and the following determinations relative to the required statutory categories have been made:

- (a) Costs or Savings to State Agencies or Costs/Savings in Federal Funding to the State: None.
- (b) Nondiscretionary Costs/Savings to Local Agencies: None.
- (c) Programs Mandated on Local Agencies or School Districts: None.
- (d) Costs Imposed on Any Local Agency or School District that is Required to be Reimbursed Under Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4, Government Code: None.
- (e) Effect on Housing Costs: None.

V. Technical, Theoretical, and/or Empirical Studies, Reports, or Documents Relied Upon: None.

VI. Authority and Reference

Section 7.40:

Authority cited: Sections 200, 205, 265, 270, 315, 316.5, 399 and 2084, Fish and Game. Reference: Sections 200, 205, 265, 270, 316.5 and 2084, Fish and Game Code.

Section 8.00:

Authority cited: Sections 200, 205, 265, 270, and 399, Fish and Game Code.

Reference: Sections 200, 205, and 265, Fish and Game Code.

VII. Fish and Game Code Section 399 Finding

In accordance with subdivision (a) of section 399 of the Fish and Game Code, the Commission finds that adopting this regulation is necessary for the immediate conservation, preservation, or protection of adult Steelhead Trout, Coho Salmon, and Coastal Chinook Salmon during the State of Emergency proclaimed to exist in California and directs state officials to take immediate action to prepare for and mitigate the effects of drought conditions.

Informative Digest (Policy Statement Overview)

Emergency Regulatory Action

On April 21, 2021, Governor Gavin Newsom proclaimed a State of Emergency to exist in Mendocino and Sonoma counties due to drought conditions in the Russian River Watershed in California and directed state officials to take immediate action to prepare for and mitigate the effects of drought conditions within the Russian River Watershed. On May 10, 2021, Governor Newsom proclaimed a State of Emergency to also exist in the Klamath River, Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta, and Tulare Lake Watershed Counties due to drought. The Governor ordered the Department to evaluate the minimum instream flows and other actions needed to protect salmon, steelhead, and other native fishes in critical stream systems in the State and to consider emergency regulations to establish minimum drought instream flows. The proclamation adds 39 counties, including Del Norte and Humboldt, to the Governor's April 21 drought emergency proclamation and provides new authority for the existing drought emergency for Mendocino and Sonoma counties.

The California Department of Fish and Wildlife (Department) proposes to amend sections 7.40 Special Fishing Regulations, and 8.00, Low-Flow Restrictions, Title 14, California Code of Regulations, thus providing additional protection to fish species if drought conditions were to persist. The amendments include the following:

- Subsection 7.40(b)(40)(A)1. Amend Eel River Special Fishing Regulation.
 - Implement a low-flow angling restriction on the section of the Eel River from mouth to Fulmor Road, at its paved junction with the south bank of the Eel River, September 1 through April 30, and reference subsection 8.00(a)(1)(A).
- 7.40(b)(40)(A)2. Amend Eel River Special Fishing Regulation
 - Delete the reference "Section 8.00(a)(1)" and add the reference "Section 8.00(a)(1)(B) Low-Flow Restrictions."
- Subsection 8.00(a) Amend Low-Flow Restrictions.
 - In the first paragraph of the regulatory text, extend the low-flow closure period for a different stretch of the Eel River as well as the Mad River, Mattole River, Redwood Creek, Smith River and Van Duzen River (currently October 1 through January 31, four months) to September 1 through April 30, eight months.
- Subsection 8.00(a)(1) Amend Eel River Low-Flow Restrictions.
 - Add subsection (A) to 8.00(a)(1) "From of the Eel River from the mouth to Fulmore Road at its paved junction with the south bank of the Eel River." Also add mention that when a Low-Flow Closure occurs in this section of the Eel River it will be "closed to hook-and-line fishing; other legal fishing methods are allowed during this timeframe."
- Subsection 8.00(b) Amend Low-Flow Restrictions.

 In the first paragraph, extend the low-flow closure period (currently October 1 through March 31, six months) for the Mendocino, Sonoma, and Marin County coastal streams to September 1 through April 30, eight months.

The Department believes that, under the extreme conditions of the current drought, and possibly a prolonged period, it is prudent to extend the low-flow angling closure periods for the North Coast and Central Coast areas to eliminate angling as an additional stress on steelhead and salmon populations. This action is necessary to conserve wild steelhead and salmon populations by protecting as many adult fish as possible.

Existence of an Emergency and Need for Immediate Action;

To determine whether an emergency exists, the California Fish and Game Commission (Commission) considered the following factors: the magnitude of potential harm; the existence of a crisis situation; the immediacy of the need; and, whether the anticipation of harm has a basis firmer than simple speculation.

Benefits:

The major benefit under the proposed emergency action is to provide additional protection to fish species (particularly steelhead and salmon) if drought conditions were to persist. The Low-Flow Restrictions give the Department an option, during drought conditions, to close waters to angling to reduce the loss of adult fish.

Benefits of the Regulation to the State's Environment:

The Commission anticipates benefits to the state's environment by sustainably managing California's inland fisheries resources. The environmental risk arising from the proposed rule are not regarded as significant, as the rule manages the resource more conservatively than existing regulation.

Pursuant to Section 399 of the Fish and Game Code, the Commission finds that the adoption of this emergency regulation is necessary for the conservation, preservation, and protection of fish in the affected waters.

Consistency and Compatibility with Existing State Regulations:

Article IV, Section 20 of the State Constitution specifies that the Legislature may delegate to the Fish and Game Commission such powers relating to the protection and propagation of fish and game as the Legislature sees fit. The Commission has reviewed its own regulations and finds that the proposed regulations are neither inconsistent nor incompatible with existing State regulations. The Commission has searched the California Code of Regulations and finds no other State agency regulations pertaining to the adjustment of low-flow seasonal restrictions for inland sportfishing regulations with regards to minimum flows designated at gauging stations.

Emergency Regulatory Text

Section 7.40, Title 14, CCR, is amended as follows:

§ 7.40. Alphabetical List of Hatchery Trout, Hatchery Steelhead, and Salmon Waters with Special Fishing Regulations.

- . . . [No changes to subsection 7.40(a)]
- ... [No changes to subsections 7.40(b)(1) through (39))]

Body of Water	Open Season and Special Restrictions	Daily Bag and Possession Limit
(40) Eel River (Humboldt, Lake, Mendocino and Trinity Cos.) All waters of the Eel River Drainage except those listed below are closed to all fishing.	Section 8.00 Low-Flow Restrictions also apply.	
 (A) Main Stem. 1. From mouth to Fulmor Road, at its paved junction with the south bank of the Eel River. Also see Section 8.00(a)(1)(A), Low-Flow Restrictions. 2. From Fulmor Road, at its paved junction with the south bank of the Eel River, to South Fork Eel River. Also see Section 8.00(a)(1) Low-Flow Restrictions. Also see Section 8.00(a)(1)(B), Low-Flow Restrictions. 	All year. Only artificial lures with barbless hooks may be used from Apr. 1 though the Fri. preceding the fourth Sat. in May through Mar. 31. All year. Only artificial lures with barbless hooks may be used from Apr. 1 through Sep. 30. Only barbless hooks may be used from Oct. 1 through Mar. 31.	Catch and release of Chinook Salmon. 2 hatchery trout or hatchery steelhead**. 4 hatchery trout or hatchery steelhead** in possession. Catch and release of Chinook Salmon. 2 hatchery trout or hatchery steelhead**. 4 hatchery trout or hatchery steelhead** in possession.
3. From South Fork Eel River to Cape Horn Dam.	Jan. 1 through Mar. 31 and fourth Sat. in May through Sep. 30. Only artificial lures with barbless hooks may be used. Apr. 1 through the fourth Fri. in May and Oct. 1 through Dec. 31.	Catch and release of Chinook Salmon. 2 hatchery trout or hatchery steelhead**. 4 hatchery trout or hatchery steelhead** in possession. Closed to all fishing.

- . . . [No changes to subsections 7.40(b)(40)(B) through (D)]
- ... [No changes to subsections 7.40(b)(41) through (123)]

DRAFT DOCUMENT

Note: Authority cited: Sections 200, 205, 265, 270, 315, 316.5, 399 and 2084, Fish and Game Code. Reference: Sections 200, 205, 265, 270, 316.5 and 2084, Fish and Game Code.

Emergency Regulatory Language

Section 8.00, Title 14, CCR, is amended as follows:

§ 8.00. Low-Flow Restrictions.

(a) Eel River, Mad River, Mattole River, Redwood Creek, Smith River and Van Duzen River. Stream closures: Special Low Flow Conditions. From September 1 for the Mad River only and October 1 for all other streams through January 31 September 1 through April 30, any of the stream reaches listed in subsection (1) through (7) below shall be closed to all angling on Tuesday and Wednesday when the department determines that the flow on the previous Monday at any of the designated gauging stations is less than the minimum flows set forth in subsections (1) through (7); any of the stream reaches listed in subsections (1) through (7) below shall be closed to all angling on Thursday and Friday when the department determines that the flow on the previous Wednesday at any of the designated gauging stations is less than the minimum flows set forth in subsections (1) though through (7); any of the stream reaches listed in subsections (1) through (7) below shall be closed to all angling from Saturday through Monday when the department determines that the flow on the previous Friday at any of the designated gauging stations is less than the minimum flows set forth in subsections (1) through (7). Notwithstanding this provision, the department may close or keep a stream reach closed to fishing when the minimum flow is exceeded on the scheduled flow determination day if the department is reasonably assured that the stream flow is likely to decrease below the minimum flow as specified in subsections (a)(1)–(7) of Section 8.00 before or on the next flow-determination date. In addition, the department may reopen a stream at any time during a closed period if the minimum flow as specified in subsections (a)(1)-(7) of Section 8.00 is exceeded and the department is reasonably assured that it will remain above the minimum flow until the next scheduled Monday, Wednesday, or Friday flow determination. The department shall make information available to the public by a telephone recorded message updated, as necessary, no later than 1:00 p.m. each Monday, Wednesday, and Friday as to whether any stream will be open or closed to fishing. It shall be the responsibility of the angler to use the telephone number designated in the sport fishing regulations booklet to obtain information on the status of any stream.

(1) Eel River

(A) From the mouth to Fulmor Road, at its paved junction with the south bank of the Eel River. Closed to hook-and-line fishing; other legal fishing methods are allowed during this timeframe.

Minimum Flow: 350 cfs at the gauging station near Scotia.

(B) The main stem Eel River from the paved junction of Fulmor Road with the Eel River to the South Fork Eel River.

Minimum Flow: 350 cfs at the gauging station near Scotia.

...[No changes to subsections 8.00 (a)(2) through (7)]

DRAFT DOCUMENT

(b) Mendocino, Sonoma, and Marin County coastal streams: Stream Closures: Special Low Flow Conditions. From October 1 through March 31 September 1 through April 30 as follows:

Any of the stream reaches listed in subsections (1) through (4) below shall be closed to all angling on Tuesday and Wednesday when the department determines that the flow on the previous Monday at the applicable designated gauging stations is less than the minimum flows set forth in subsections (1) through (4).

Any of the stream reaches listed in subsections (1) through (4) below shall be closed to all angling on Thursday and Friday when the department determines that the flow on the previous Wednesday at the applicable designated gauging stations is less than the minimum flows set forth in subsections (1) though through (4).

Any of the stream reaches listed in subsections (1) through (4) below shall be closed to all angling from Saturday through Monday when the department determines that the flow on the previous Friday at the applicable designated gauging stations is less than the minimum flows set forth in subsections (1) through (4).

Notwithstanding this provision, the department may close or keep a stream reach closed to fishing when the minimum flow is exceeded on the scheduled flow determination day if the department is reasonably assured that the stream flow is likely to decrease below the minimum flow as specified in the corresponding subsections (b)(1) through (4) before or on the next flow-determination date.

In addition, the department may reopen a stream at any time during a closed period if the minimum flow as specified in the corresponding subsections (b)(1) through (4) is exceeded and the department is reasonably assured that it will remain above the minimum flow until the next scheduled Monday, Wednesday, or Friday flow determination.

The department shall make information available to the public by a telephone recorded message updated, as necessary, no later than 1:00 p.m. each Monday, Wednesday, and Friday as to whether any stream will be open or closed to fishing. It shall be the responsibility of the angler to use the telephone number designated in the sport fishing regulations booklet to obtain information on the status of any stream.

THE NUMBER TO CALL FOR INFORMATION IS (707) 822–3164 for Mendocino County and (707) 944–5533 for Sonoma, Marin, and Napa counties.

...[No changes to subsections 8.00(b)(1) through (4)]

...[No changes to subsection 8.00(c)]

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 200, 205, 265 and 270, Fish and Game Code. Reference: Sections 200, 205 and 265, Fish and Game Code

DRAFT DOCUMENT

(REGULATIONS AND ORDERS)

STD. 399 (Rev. 10/2019)

ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

	Economic num	ter Stittewielt	
DEPARTMENT NAME	CONTACT PERSON	EMAIL ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NUMBER
Fish and Game Commission	David Thesell	fgc@fgc.ca.gov	916 902-9291
DESCRIPTIVE TITLE FROM NOTICE REGISTER OR FORM 400 Amend Subsection(b)(40)(A)(1)Section 7	.40,Subsections (a)&(b)Se	ction 8.00,Title 14, Re: Low Flov	v Closures Z
A. ESTIMATED PRIVATE SECTOR COST IMPA	CTS Include calculations and	assumptions in the rulemaking record	I.
Check the appropriate box(es) below to indicate	te whether this regulation:		
a. Impacts business and/or employees		orting requirements	
b. Impacts small businesses	f. Imposes pres	criptive instead of performance	
c. Impacts jobs or occupations	g. Impacts indiv	<i>r</i> iduals	
d. Impacts California competitiveness	h. None of the	above (Explain below):	
_	Emergency	Regulation only requires Fisca	Il Impact Assessment
		nplete this Economic Impact Stat scal Impact Statement as appropi	
2. The	estimates that the ec	onomic impact of this regulation (whic	ch includes the fiscal impact) is:
(Agency/Department)			
Below \$10 million			
Between \$10 and \$25 million			
Between \$25 and \$50 million			
Over \$50 million [If the economic impact as specified in Governme	is over \$50 million, agencies are r ent Code Section 11346.3(c)]	equired to submit a <u>Standardized Regula</u>	atory Impact Assessment
3. Enter the total number of businesses impacted	:		
Describe the types of businesses (Include nonp	profits):		
Enter the number or percentage of total businesses impacted that are small businesses	:		
4. Enter the number of businesses that will be cre	ated:	eliminated:	
Explain:			
5. Indicate the geographic extent of impacts:	Statewide Local or regional (List areas):		
6. Enter the number of jobs created:	and eliminated:		
Describe the types of jobs or occupations impa	octed:		
7. Will the regulation affect the ability of California other states by making it more costly to produce lf YES, explain briefly:		YES NO	

ECONOMIC AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT (REGULATIONS AND ORDERS)

STD. 399 (Rev. 10/2019)

ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

B. ESTIMATED COSTS Include calcula	tions and assumptions in the	e rulemaking record.			
1. What are the total statewide dollar cos	ts that businesses and indivi	duals may incur to comply with this req	gulation over its lifetime? \$		
a. Initial costs for a small business: \$		Annual ongoing costs: \$	Years:		
			Years:		
c. Initial costs for an individual: \$		Annual ongoing costs: \$	Years:		
d. Describe other economic costs that	may occur:				
2. If multiple industries are impacted, en	ter the share of total costs fo	or each industry:			
3. If the regulation imposes reporting rec Include the dollar costs to do programm.					
4. Will this regulation directly impact hou	sing costs? YES	NO			
	If YES, enter the	e annual dollar cost per housing unit:	s		
		Number of units:			
5. Are there comparable Federal regulation	ons? YES	NO			
Explain the need for State regulation g	iven the existence or absence	e of Federal regulations:			
Enter any additional costs to businesse	s and/or individuals that may	y be due to State - Federal differences:	\$		
C. ESTIMATED BENEFITS Estimation of	of the dollar value of benefits	is not specifically required by rulemak	ing law, but encouraged.		
1. Briefly summarize the benefits of the regulation, which may include among others, the health and welfare of California residents, worker safety and the State's environment:					
2. Are the benefits the result of: spec	ific statutory requirements, o	or goals developed by the agenc	y based on broad statutory authority?		
Explain:					
3. What are the total statewide benefits f	rom this regulation over its li	ifetime? \$			
4. Briefly describe any expansion of businesses currently doing business within the State of California that would result from this regulation:					
D. ALTERNATIVES TO THE REGULATI specifically required by rulemaking la		nd assumptions in the rulemaking reco	rd. Estimation of the dollar value of benefits is not		
1. List alternatives considered and descri	be them below. If no alternat	tives were considered, explain why not	:		

(REGULATIONS AND ORDERS)

STD. 399 (Rev. 10/2019)

ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

2.	Summarize the t	total statewide cost	ts and benefits from this re	gulation and each alternative conside	red:	
	Regulation:	Benefit: \$	Cost: \$			
	Alternative 1:	Benefit: \$	Cost: \$			
	Alternative 2:	Benefit: \$	Cost: \$ _			
3.			sues that are relevant to a co or this regulation or altern			
4.	regulation man	ndates the use of spedures. Were perfo	pecific technologies or equormance standards consid	standards as an alternative, if a uipment, or prescribes specific ered to lower compliance costs?	YES NO	
Ξ.	MAJOR REGUI			ions in the rulemaking record.		
				Agency (Cal/EPA) boards, office alth and Safety Code section 570		
1.	Will the estimate	ed costs of this reg	ulation to California busine	ss enterprises exceed \$10 million ?	YES NO	
				If YES, complete E2. and E3 If NO, skip to E4		
2.	Briefly describe	each alternative, or	combination of alternative	es, for which a cost-effectiveness analy	ysis was performed:	
	Alternative 1: _					
	(Attach addition	al pages for other al	(ternatives)			
3.	For the regulati	ion, and each alterr	native iust described, enter	the estimated total cost and overall co	ost-effectiveness ratio:	
	_					
	Alternative 2: T	otal Cost \$		Cost-effectiveness ratio: \$		
4.	exceeding \$50 i	million in any 12-m	eview have an estimated e onth period between the c ated to be fully implemente	conomic impact to business enterpris- late the major regulation is estimated ed?	es and individuals locate to be filed with the Secre	d in or doing business in California etary of State through 12 months
	YES [NO				
				y <u>Impact Assessment (SRIA)</u> as specified the Initial Statement of Reasons.	l in	
5.	Briefly describe	the following:				
	The increase or	decrease of investi	ment in the State:			
	The incentive fo	or innovation in pro	oducts, materials or process	ses:		
	The benefits of residents, work	the regulations, inc er safety, and the s	cluding, but not limited to, tate's environment and qua	benefits to the health, safety, and wel ality of life, among any other benefits	fare of California identified by the agency:	

(REGULATIONS AND ORDERS) STD. 399 (Rev. 10/2019)

FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

1. Additional expenditures in the current State Fisc (Pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the Calif			ent Code).
\$			
a. Funding provided in			
Budget Act of	or Chapter	, Statutes of	
b. Funding will be requested in the Governor'	s Budget Act of		
	Fiscal Year:		
2. Additional expenditures in the current State Fisc (Pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the Cali			
\$		·	
Check reason(s) this regulation is not reimbursable a	nd provide the appropriate i	information:	
a. Implements the Federal mandate contained	1 in		
b. Implements the court mandate set forth by			Court.
Case of:		VS.	
c. Implements a mandate of the people of this			
Date of Election:			
d. Issued only in response to a specific reques			
Landa di Abelia da	·		
Local charges, anected.			
e. Will be fully financed from the fees, revenue	e, etc. from:		
	_	of the	Code;
f. Provides for savings to each affected unit o			
g. Creates, eliminates, or changes the penalty	for a new crime or infraction	on contained in	
	for a new clime of illiaction		
3. Annual Savings. (approximate)			
\$			
4. No additional costs or savings. This regulation ma	kes only technical, non-sub	stantive or clarifying changes to curre	nt law regulations.
5. No fiscal impact exists. This regulation does not a	ffect any local entity or proc	gram.	

(REGULATIONS AND ORDERS)

STD. 399 (Rev. 10/2019)

FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

B. FISCAL EFFECT ON STATE GOVERNMENT Indicate appropriate boxes 1 through 4 and attach calculy year and two subsequent Fiscal Years.	lations and assumptions of fiscal impact for the current
1. Additional expenditures in the current State Fiscal Year. (Approximate)	
\$	
It is anticipated that State agencies will:	
a. Absorb these additional costs within their existing budgets and resources.	
b. Increase the currently authorized budget level for the Fiscal Year	
2. Savings in the current State Fiscal Year. (Approximate)	
\$	
3. No fiscal impact exists. This regulation does not affect any State agency or program.	
🔀 4. Other. Explain See Addendum.	
C. FISCAL EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDING OF STATE PROGRAMS Indicate appropriate boxes 1 throu impact for the current year and two subsequent Fiscal Years.	ıgh 4 and attach calculations and assumptions of fiscal
1. Additional expenditures in the current State Fiscal Year. (Approximate)	
\$	
2. Savings in the current State Fiscal Year. (Approximate)	
\$	
3. No fiscal impact exists. This regulation does not affect any federally funded State agency or program.	
4. Other. Explain	
FISCAL OFFICER SIGNATURE	DATE
Nicole Nelson	11/22/2021
E1882ER319E4E4	
The signature attests that the agency has completed the STD. 399 according to the instructions the impacts of the proposed rulemaking. State boards, offices, or departments not under an Age	
ne impacts of the proposed rulemaking, state boards, offices, or departments not under an Age highest-ranking official in the organization.	ency Secretary must have the form signed by the
AGENCY SECRETARY	DATE
\succ_{a}	
Finance approval and signature is required when SAM sections 6601-6616 require completion	of Fiscal Impact Statement in the STD 399
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE PROGRAM BUDGET MANAGER	DATE
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

STD399 ADDENDUM

Emergency Action to Amend Subsection (b)(40)(A) of Section 7.40 Subsections (a) and (b) of Section 8.00, Title 14, California Code of Regulations (CCR)

Re: Low Flow Fishing Restrictions Due to Drought Conditions

The proposed emergency regulation would add a low-flow restriction between September 1 through April 30 on the stretch of Eel River from the mouth to Fulmor Road at its paved junction with the south bank of the Eel River. It would also extend the low-flow closure period for a different stretch of the Eel River as well as the Mad River, Mattole River, Redwood Creek, Smith River and Van Duzen River (currently October 1 through January 31, four months) to September 1 through April 30 (eight months). It would also extend the low-flow closure period (currently October 1 through March 31, six months) for the Mendocino, Sonoma, and Marin County coastal streams to September 1 through April 30 (eight months).

Economic Impact Statement

Emergency regulations do not require an economic impact statement; only fiscal impacts must be evaluated (California Government Code Section 11346.1).

Fiscal Impact Statement

A. FISCAL EFFECT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT

The proposed amendment to Section 7.40 and 8.00 Title 14, CCR will not have the potential for a fiscal effect on local governments.

B. FISCAL EFFECT ON STATE GOVERNMENT

The Commission anticipates no fiscal effect on State government as a result of this emergency action.

The potential for fiscal effects to the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (Department) were evaluated through a review of data on steelhead trout cards, north coast salmon cards, and 1- or 2-day fishing licenses sales. The review did not support the hypothesis of declines in sales as a direct result of the extension of the low flow regulations by two to four months, depending on the specific river areas. The proposed additional months have a lower likelihood of closures being triggered by low flow than during the months currently established in regulation. Additionally, these sport fishing license items apply to a longer span of time, and a broader geographic area than the proposed amendments affect such that purchase decisions are influenced by many factors outside of the proposed action.

C. FISCAL EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDING OF STATE PROGRAMS

The proposed amendment to Section 7.40 and 8.00 Title 14, CCR will not have the potential for a fiscal effect on the federal funding of state programs.

Emergency Regulations Low Flow Restrictions



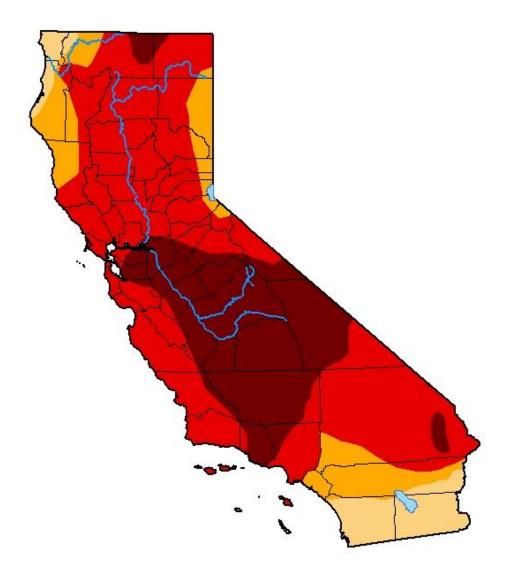
Fish and Game Commission Meeting
December 15, 2021
Jonathan Nelson
Environmental Program Manager



U.S. Drought Monitor California

November 23, 2021

(Released Wednesday, Nov. 24, 2021)
Valid 7 a.m. EST



Intensity:

None

D0 Abnormally Dry

D1 Moderate Drought

D2 Severe Drought

D3 Extreme Drought

D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

Author:

Richard Heim NCEI/NOAA









droughtmonitor.unl.edu

Drought Emergency Proclamation April 21, 2021

- Mendocino and Sonoma cos. due to drought conditions in Russian River Watershed
- State officials directed to take immediate action to prepare for and mitigate the effects of drought conditions
- CDFW ordered to evaluate and take immediate measures to protect terrestrial and aquatic species

Drought Emergency Proclamation May 10, 2021

- Klamath River, Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta, and Tulare Lake Watershed cos.
- Adds 39 counties to the April 21 Proclamation
- CDFW ordered to evaluate minimum instream flows and other actions needed to protect salmon and steelhead
- CDFW ordered to consider emergency regulations to establish minimum drought instream flows

Need for Emergency Regulation Change

- North and Central Coast areas are experiencing severe to extreme drought conditions
- Low flow conditions likely to continue past restriction end dates (i.e., January 31 and March 31)
- Low flows impede passage of migrating adult salmon and steelhead
- Fish are vulnerable to poaching, illegal angling methods, and hooking mortality

Proposed Emergency Regulations

- Amend Title 14, Section 8.00, Low Flow Restrictions
 - Subsection (a), extend angling closure period to September 1 through April 30 (i.e., 4 additional months)
 - Subsection (b), extend angling closure period to September 1 through April 30 (i.e., 2 additional months)

Proposed Emergency Regulations

- Amend Section 8.00(a)(1)
 - Add lower section of the Eel River to Low Flow Restrictions
 - Section 7.40(b)(A)1. Eel River From mouth to Fulmor Road, at its paved junction with the south bank of the Eel River
 - Closed to hook-and-line fishing; other legal fishing methods are allowed during this timeframe



Thank You/Questions



Photo credit: NOAA Fisheries