

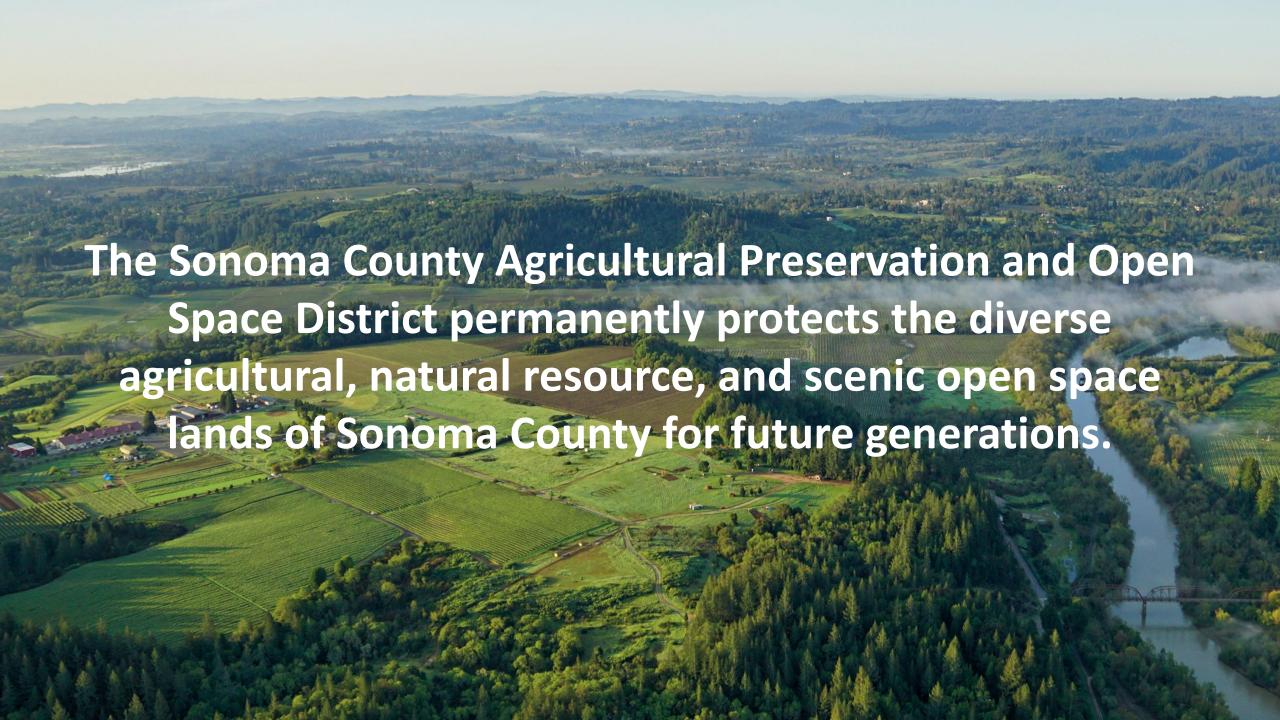




VITAL LANDS INITIATIVE & PROTECTING SENSITIVE NATURAL COMMUNITIES IN SONOMA COUNTY

Sensitive Natural Communities in Conservation Webinar

December 7, 2021





FINE-SCALE VEGETATION MAP





SONOMA VEG MAP

SONOMA COUNTY VEGETATION MAPPING & LIDAR PROGRAM

High-Quality Data for Planning, Conservation and Resource Management





















FINE-SCALE VEGETATION MAP



 Vegetation **Descriptions**

 Sonoma Veg Map **Final Report**

www.sonomavegmap.org

Classification of the Vegetation Alliances and Associations of Sonoma County, California

Volume 2 of 2 - Vegetation Descriptions



California Department of Fish and Wildlife Vegetation Classification and Mapping Program California Native Plant Society Vegetation Program

The Sonoma County Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District The Sonoma County Water Agency

Anne Klein, Todd Keeler-Wolf, and Julie Evens





Common Name: California Bay Laurel Map Class: Umbellularia californica Alliance



Umbellularia californica - Acer macrophyllum Assoc., Umbellularia californica - Notholithocarpus densiflorus Assoc., Umbellularia californica – Pseudotsuga menziesii / Rhododendron occidentale Assoc., Umbellularia californica – Quercus agrifolia Provisional Assoc., Umbellularia californica (Pure – Coastal)

Description:

Statewide (Sawyer et al. 2009)

Umbellularia californica is dominant or co-dominant in the tree or tall shrub canopy with Acer macrophyllum, Aesculus californica, Alnus rhombifolia, Alnus rubra, Arbutus menziesii, Corylus cornuta, Juglans californica, Notholithocarpus densifiorus, Pinus sabiniana, Platanus racemosa, Pseudotsuga menziesii, Quercus agrifolia, Quercus chrysolepis, Quercus wislizeni, and Sequoia sempervirens.

Provisional Assoc. Umbellularia californica / Polystichum munitum Assoc.

In many cases, Umbellularia californica is the only tree species in older stands with few shrubs and herbs present (McBride 1974). Stands occur near the coast and inland in both mesic and riparian settings, usually in a patchwork with stands of other evergreen forest or chaparral alliances. Coastal stands have characteristically wind-pruned trees or shrubs, and both coastal and inland stands typically have dense, clonally sprouted plants. The stands may be shrubby, as on ultramafic soils such as in the western Klamath Mountains, or they may be trees within a larger matrix of chaparral, as in central and southern California. Historically productive stands were cleared for agriculture and residential development (Stein 1990b).

Most Abundant Species: Umbellularia californica

Distribution / Location:

In Sonoma County, this class has a wide range occurring from riparian settings, inland, and wind-blown upper slopes near the ocean. The elevation range of sampled sites is 88 to 2098 ft.

Acres mapped countywide:	46,834	Global/State Rarity Rank:	G4/S3S4?
Accuracy Assessment Map Sites:	32	User's Accuracy:	88%
Accuracy Assessment Reference Sites:	29	Producer's Accuracy:	76%



VITAL LANDS INITIATIVE



- Long-term vision for land conservation
 - Reflects values of the community
 - Priorities for protection across multiple goal areas
 - Strategies for achieving goals given limited time and funds



PROTECTING SENSITIVE NATURAL COMMUNITIES



"Protect the highest priority old-growth and mature conifer and conifer-hardwood forests...oak woodlands, shrublands, grassland, and other non-woody vegetation"



PROTECTING SENSITIVE NATURAL COMMUNITIES



The Vital Lands Initiative identifies priority vegetation communities according to state rarity ranks per the Survey of California Vegetation/NatureServe's Heritage Program and local rarity

High Priority

 Critically imperiled (S1) or locally very rare (<0.1% cover)

Medium-High Priority

Imperiled (S2) or locally rare (S3 or S4 with <1% cover)

Medium Priority

 Vulnerable (S3) or locally unique (S4 or S5 with <1% cover)

Low Priority

Apparently secure (S4 or S5)

Vegetation Alliance (Scientific Name)	Vegetation Alliance (Common Name)	Global Rank	State Rank
Arctostaphylos (bakeri, montana) Alliance	Baker or Mount Tamalpais chaparral	G1	S1
Pinus radiata Alliance	Non-native Monterey pine stand	G1	S1
Abies grandis Alliance	Grand fir forest	G4	S2
Allium falcifolium - Eriogonum spp Streptanthus spp.	Sickle-leaf onion – wild buckwheat – jewel-	C2/22	c2/22
Provisional Alliance	flower serpentine barrens	G2/3?	S2/3?
Carulus carnuta var californica Alliance	Pacific reed grass meadows	G4	S2
Corylus cornuta var. californica Alliance	Hazelnut scrub	G3	S2?
Quercus parvula var. shrevei Provisional Alliance	Shreve oak woodland	G2	S2
Acer macrophyllum Alliance	Bigleaf maple forest	G4	S3
Aesculus californica Alliance	California buckeye groves	G3	S3
Arbutus menziesii Alliance	Pacific madrone dominated woodland	G4	S3
Ceanothus oliganthus Alliance	Hairy leaf ceanothus chaparral	G3	S3
Hesperocyparis macnabiana Alliance	McNab cypress woodland	G3	S3
Hesperocyparis sargentii Alliance	Sargent cypress stand	G3	S3
Notholithocarpus densiflorus Alliance	Tanoak woodland	G4	S3
Pinus lambertiana Alliance	Sugar pine	G4	S3
Pinus muricata Alliance	Bishop pine forest	G3	S3
Populus fremontii Alliance	Fremont cottonwood forest	G4	S3
Quercus garryana Alliance	Oregon white oak woodland	G4	S3
Quercus lobata Alliance	Valley oak woodland	G3	S3
Sequoia sempervirens Alliance	Coast redwood forest	G3	S3



PROTECTING SENSITIVE NATURAL COMMUNITIES



- Reactive land conservation
 - Project evaluation framework
 - Higher priority for sensitive natural communities
- Proactive land conservation
 - Identify targets and priority/focus areas

- Real-time gap analysis
 - Performance metrics and dashboard reporting
- Conservation easement design & negotiation
- Long-term stewardship











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