6. Plastic Pollution from Shotgun Wads

Today's Item

Information

Action 🛛

Discuss and potentially make a recommendation regarding plastic pollution from shotgun debris from waterfowl hunting.

Summary of Previous/Future Actions

•	Initial discussion	January 16, 2	02
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-

• Today's discussion and potential recommendation

January 16, 2024 May 16, 2024

Background

With respect to shotgun ammunition, the term "wad" refers to a shotgun shell component that is used to separate the shot from the powder, contain the shotgun shot, and provide a seal that prevents gas from blowing through the shot rather than propelling the shot out of the shotgun. The shotgun shell has a case and, after firing the shotgun, the case remains in the shotgun and is manually discharged by the operator, while the wad leaves the gun along with the shot.

Historically, shotgun wads were made from plant fiber, but modern shells employ plastic casings and wads to protect gun barrels and improve performance. Often the plastic wad is ejected 20-50 yards from the hunter and is not retrieved, particularly in wet environments. The plastic waste accumulates in the environment; much of it originates in, or makes its way into, estuaries and other coastal wetlands and, ultimately, into the ocean.

At its January 2024 meeting, WRC received a presentation (Exhibit 1) and explored the scope of the problem regarding estuary and marine pollution caused by plastic shotgun wads. Today WRC will continue a discussion and potentially make a recommendation on possible avenues to address the matter.

Significant Public Comments (N/A)

Recommendation

Commission staff: Urge hunting organizations and hunters to work with shotgun ammunition manufacturers to design, test, and eventually deploy improved biodegradable and more environmentally responsible shotgun shell materials.

Exhibits

1. Presentation from Surfrider Foundation, presented at January 2024 WRC meeting

Committee Direction/Recommendation

The Wildlife Resources Committee recommends that the Commission urge hunting organizations and hunters to work with shotgun ammunition manufacturers to design, test, and eventually deploy improved biodegradable and more environmentally responsible shotgun shell materials.



Google





Anna Kauffman

















River















Brigantine

eduardoj40 August 4, 2021 Bruno Colchen August 1, 2021

Fort Funston



Brigantine

Rebecca Smith

Anneli Vestre July 24, 2021



SAN FRANCISCO BAY

PLASTIC SHOTGUN WADS



PHOTO: RICHMOND, CA



VARIETY OF WADS IN LOCAL WATERWAYS PT. PINOLE REGIONAL SHORELINE / SAN PABLO BAY

ANATOMY OF A SHOTGUN SHELL





Figure 2-12. Flight paths of different materials resulting from clay target shooting (in meters, 1 m = 3.28 feet).



PLASTIC SHOTGUN WAD DATA COLLECTION COASTAL CALIFORNIA



PHOTO: SAN FRANCISCO



DATA COLLECTION SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA



PHOTO: SAUSALITO

DATA COLLECTION HUMBOLDT COUNTY



PHOTO: STONE LAGOON



NOAA OFFICE OF NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARIES + NOAA MARINE DEBRIS PROGRAM BEHAVIOR CHANGE CAMPAIGN TO REDUCE PLASTIC SHOTGUN WAD DEBRIS ON THE NORTH-CENTRAL CALIFORNIA COAST



REPORT PUBLISHED IN MAY 2021 focus on shotgun wad retrieval

KATE BIMROSE BOLINAS LAGOON RESTORATION PROJECT MANAGER MARINE DEBRIS PROJECT MANAGER KBIMROSE@FARALLONES.ORG

https://farallones.noaa.gov



SHOTGUN WAD WATCHER **GLOBAL IMPACT** TO DATE 100,000+ SHOTGUN WADS DOCUMENTED





MANUFACTURING UPDATE

PHOTOS: FINELY GROUND WALNUT SHELL MEDIA BY FOUNDERS GREENOPS AMMO 'ROYAL ECO BLUESTEEL ECO WAD'



THANK YOU FOR INCLUDING THE PLASTIC SHOTGUN WAD DEBRIS TOPIC TO THE WILDLIFE RESOURCES COMMITTEE JANUARY 2024 AGENDA

