1. Incident Name	2. Operational Period Date/Time From:　　　　To:	**INCIDENT RADIO COMMUNICATIONS PLAN** **ICS 205-CG**

3. Basic Radio Channel Use

Ch #	Function	Channel Name/Trunked Radio System Talkgroup	Assignment	RX Freq　N or W	RX Tone/NAC	TX Freq　N or W	Tx Tone/NAC	Mode A, D or M	Remarks
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									

4. Prepared By (Communications Unit)	5. Date/Time

The convention calls for frequency lists to show four digits after the decimal place, followed by either an "N" or a "W", depending on whether the frequency is narrow or wide band.   Mode refers to either "A" or "D" indicating analog or digital (e.g. Project 25) or "M" indicating mixed mode. All channels are shown as if programmed in a control station, mobile or portable radio.   Repeater and base stations must be programmed with the Rx and Tx reversed.

INCIDENT RADIO COMMUNICATIONS PLAN　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　ICS 205-CG (Rev. 09/12)

INCIDENT RADIO COMMUNICATIONS PLAN (ICS 205-CG)

Special Note. This form, ICS 205-CG, is used to provide, in one location, information on all radio frequency assignments down to the Division/Group level for each operational period; whereas, the Communications List, ICS 205a-CG is used to list methods of contact for personnel assigned to the incident (radio frequencies, phone numbers, pager numbers, etc.).

Purpose. The Incident Radio Communications Plan is a summary of information obtained from the Radio Requirements Worksheet (ICS 216) and the Radio Frequency Assignment Worksheet (ICS 217). Information from the Radio Communications Plan on frequency assignments is normally noted on the appropriate Assignment List (ICS 204-CG).

Preparation. The Incident Radio Communications Plan is prepared by the Communications Unit Leader and given to the Planning Section Chief.

Distribution. The Incident Radio Communications Plan is included in the Incident Action Plan and duplicated and given to others requiring incident communications information including the Incident Communications Center. All completed original forms MUST be given to the Documentation Unit.

Block #	Block Title	Instructions
1	Incident Name	Enter the name assigned to the incident.
2	Operational Period	Enter the time interval for which the form applies.
3	Basic Radio Channel Use	Enter the following information about radio channel use:
	Channel #	Use at the Communications Unit Leader's discretion. Channel Number (Ch #) may equate to the channel number for incident radios that are programmed or cloned for a specific Communications Plan, or it may be used just as a reference line number on the ICS 205 document.
	Function	Function each channel is assigned (e.g., command, support, division tactical, and ground-to-air).
	Channel Name/Trunked Radio System Talkgroup	Enter the nomenclature or commonly used name for the channel or talkgroup such as the National Interoperability Channels which follow DHS frequency Field Operations Guide (FOG)
	Assignment	Enter the name of the ICS Branch/Division/Group/Section to which this channel/talkgroup will be assigned (e.g., Branch I, Division A, Hazmat group).
	Rx Freq N or W	Enter the Receive Frequency (RX Freq) as the mobile or portable subscriber would be programmed using xxx.xxxx out to four decimal places, followed by either an "N" or a "W", depending on whether the frequency is narrow or wide band. The name of the specific trunked radio system with which the talkgroup is associated may be entered across all fields on the ICS 205 normally used for conventional channel programming information.
	Rx Tone/NAC	Enter the Receive Continuous Tone Coded Squelch System (CTCSS) subaudible tone (RX Tone) or Network Access Code (RX NAC) for the receive frequency as the mobile or portable subscriber would be programmed.
	Tx Freq N or W	Enter Transmit Frequency (TX Freq) as the mobile or portable subscriber would be programmed using xxx.xxxx out to four decimal places, followed by either an "N" or a "W", depending on whether the frequency is narrow or wide band.
	Tx Tone/NAC	Enter Transmit Continuous Tone Coded Squelch System (CTCSS) subaudible tone (RX Tone) or Network Access Code (RX NAC) for the receive frequency as the mobile or portable subscriber would be programmed.
	Mode A, D or M	Mode refers to either "A" or "D" indicating analog or digital (e.g. Project 25) or "M" indicating mixed mode.
	Remarks	Enter miscellaneous information concerning repeater locations, information concerning patched channels or talkgroups using links or gateways, etc. and narrative information regarding special situations.
4	Prepared By	Enter the name of the Communications Unit Leader preparing the form.
5	Date/Time	Enter date (month, day, year) and time prepared (24-hour clock).