

Kelp Restoration and Management Plan Community Working Group

Wednesday, December 18, 2024 1:00pm - 5:00pm PST



Zoom Considerations and Reminders

- Meeting is being recorded and closed-captions are available
- Technical difficulties
 - Contact Noelia at <u>noelia@strategicearth.com</u> or 787-383-0265, or send a message in the chat
- Unmuting: To speak
 - Click the microphone on the bottom-left of your screen
- Chat Function
 - Troubleshooting and clarifying questions



Zoom Considerations and Reminders

- Renaming: To help identify yourself and other participants
 - Click "Participants" in meeting controls
 - Locate your name and click "More" and choose "Rename"
 - Enter your full name (first and last) and any identifying sector(s)
- Closed Captioning: To turn on subtitles
 - Click "CC" in meeting controls
- Gallery View: To see more than one speaker
 - Click "View" in upper right corner, and select "Gallery View"



Meeting Agreements

- Be present
- Be prepared to discuss agenda items constructively
- Share if you need to leave early
- Approach discussions from a place of diversity and inclusion
- Focus discussions on strategies and solutions that move conversations forward
- Listen for understanding and seek clarification
- Identify any personal/professional conflicts of interest
- Do not work at cross-interests with the group's goals and objectives
- Personal attacks will not be tolerated
- Take space, make space



Introductions

- California Department of Fish & Wildlife: Adam Frimodig, Kirsten Ramey, Kristen Elsmore, Rebecca Flores Miller, Shelby Kawana
- Ocean Protection Council: Pike Spector
- Strategic Earth Consulting: Kelly Sayce, Noelia Aponte-Silva,
 Rachelle Fisher, Scarlett Schroeder, Teresa Romero
- Science Advisory Committee: Marissa Baskett and Rosa Laucci, SAC co-chairs



Introductions - CWG Members

Please share in the chat:

- Your Name
- Affiliation/Sector
- Region (North, Central, or South coast)



Photo by Kristen Elsmore, CDFW



Meeting Agenda



- Welcome and Introductions
- KRMP Updates
- Kelp Harvesting Practices
 - Discussion: Sustainability and Impact of Harvest
 Practices
- Kelp Harvest Management
 - Discussion: Management Strategies and the Role of Communities
- Looking Ahead & Adjourn



KRMP Updates

- 2024 SAC Meetings
 - August 15 / October 1 / December 5

- 2025-2026 CWG Meetings
 - Additional virtual meetings, updated
 Charter
 - May 2025 in-person meeting, including session with the SAC



Photo by Kristen Elsmore, CDFW



KRMP Updates

- December 9, 2024 OPC Meeting
 - Disbursement of funds to two key projects aimed to inform the KRMP:
 - Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution to assess the impact of commercial and recreational harvest on giant and bull kelp in California
 - University of California, Santa Cruz to strategically map giant and bull kelp genomic diversity in California



Images courtesy of NASA, Getty Images, and Pat Webster @underwaterpat



KRMP Updated Tentative Meeting Schedule

Group	CWG Meeting Schedule			SAC Meeting Schedule		
2025	Date	Topic	Details	Date	Topic	Details
Q1				Feb/Mar	Develop decision tree: management, actions, strategies, interventions suite	In- Person/V irtual
Q2	May	EBM, restoration, harvest & session with SAC	In-Person	May	Develop and evaluate restoration tools, efficacy and cost effectiveness & session with CWG	In-Person
Q3				Aug/Sep	Harvest framework: quotas, harvest control rule, spatial and methods	Virtual
Q4	TBD	Additional meeting	Virtual	Dec	Integrate full management framework & scenario planning	In- Person/V irtual



Kelp Recreational Harvest Community Survey

• 14 Community Responses as of 12/9

- 9 participate in Tribal subsistence or recreational kelp harvesting
- O Recreational harvest (marine algae), non-consumptive dive community, recreational fishing

Community Sustainable Practices

O Harvest only what is needed (e.g., blades above the bladder or washed-up kelp), avoid holdfasts, and focus on healthy or abundant areas

Community Challenges and Concerns

- O Shrinking kelp forests, limited access outside MPAs, and restrictions in commercial-only zones
- O Concerns over losing harvesting opportunities and lack of restoration efforts



Kelp Recreational Harvest Community Survey

Community Harvest Practices

Giant Kelp

- Occasionally (3-6 times/year) and rarely (1-2 times/year), access by foot or swimming
- Harvest 1-5 lb wet weight daily, beached/washed up and hand cut, portion of individual
- Located in San Diego
- Primary use for food or food supplement, gardening/fertilizer, arts/crafts, research

Bull Kelp

- Rarely (1-2 times/year), access by foot or swimming
- Harvest 1-5 lb wet weight daily, beached/washed up, portion of individual
- Located in Mendocino or Monterey
- Primary use for food or food supplement and research



Kelp Harvest



Giant kelp (*Macrocystis pyrifera***) and Bull kelp (***Nereocystis luetkeana***)** are harvested for Tribal, commercial, and recreational purposes, with regulations varying by species and location.

- Primary Uses of Commercial Giant Kelp: Feed for aquaculture abalone
- Primary Uses of Commercial Bull Kelp: Human consumption



Tribal and Recreational Harvest Regulations

- Sport fishing regulations, but no sport fishing license required
- Daily bag limit of **10 lbs wet weight in aggregate** for allowable marine algae
- Reporting is not required with lack of information on harvest practices and locations
- Harvest Methods
 - Not specified, no closed seasons
- Locations
 - O May be prohibited in Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) and some state parks





Commercial Harvest Regulations

• Requires an annual **Commercial Kelp Harvesting License**, reports and royalty fees, though bycatch reporting is not mandated.

Harvest Methods

- Bull Kelp: Cannot cut >4 feet below the surface. Edible seaweed allows take of whole individual. North of Point Montara, San Mateo County, harvesting is restricted to hand collection
- **Giant Kelp**: Harvest mechanically or by hand. Cannot cut >4 feet below the surface. Mechanical harvest requires a California Fish and Game Commission (FGC) approved Kelp Harvest Plan.
- Detached kelp can be harvested for both species

Harvest Limits

- Bull Kelp: Edible seaweed limit of 2 tons of wet weight annually per license holder with no limits to the number of license holders.
- Giant Kelp: No limits.



Discussion: Sustainability and Impact

Please approach these questions from a social, economic, and community lens. The SAC will look at these through a scientific lens.



Photos by Kristen Elsmore, CDFW

- Share your community's experiences with giant kelp and bull kelp harvesting in your area.
- Should there be limits on Tribal, commercial and/or recreational giant kelp and bull kelp harvest?
- Should **Tribal and recreational harvesters follow the same regulations as commercial harvesters** (e.g., license requirements, reporting requirements, harvest methods, limitations, etc.)?



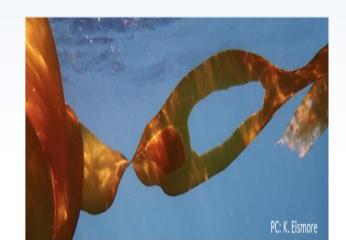
Kelp Harvest Management

Commercial Harvest - Spatial Management (Edible Purposes)

- May be prohibited in MPAs and some state parks
- Giant kelp and bull kelp for edible purposes is managed using fishing blocks
 - No closed, leasable, or lease-only designations









Kelp Harvest Management

Commercial Harvest - Spatial Management (Non-Edible Purposes)

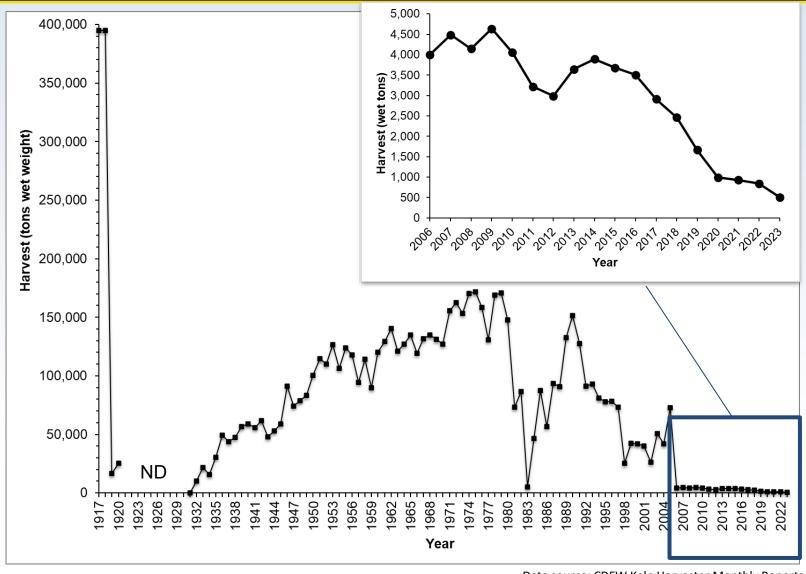
- May be prohibited in MPAs and some state parks
- Managed in 87 Administrative Kelp Beds
 - Leases granted by the California
 FGC
 - Bull kelp requires annual surveys and harvest is limited to <15% biomass in lease-only beds

Status	Management Category	Number of Kelp Beds
Open	Available to harvest by all commercial kelp harvesters	33
Closed	osed Harvesting prohibited, except bull kelp for edible purposes	
Leasable	Open to harvest by all commercial kelp harvesters until exclusive lease granted by the California FGC	33 (1 of 33 is currently leased)
Lease Only	Closed until leased, only the leaseholder may harvest (bull kelp harvest may occur for edible purposes until leased)	3 (all temporarily closed to leasing)



Statewide Commercial Giant Kelp Harvest

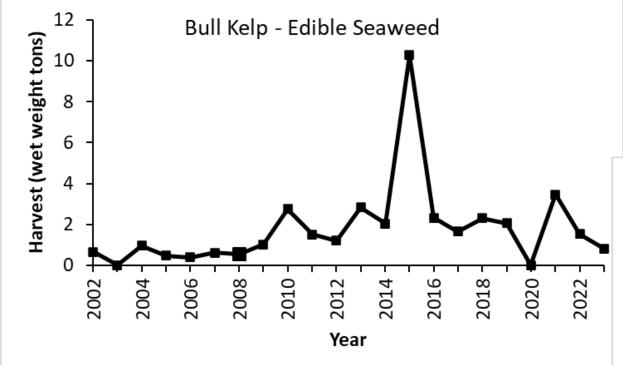
- During WW1 extract
 potash and acetone used
 to manufacture explosives
- After WW1 manufactured livestock
 and poultry food and feed
 for aquaculture abalone
- Majority of harvest from 1931 to 2005 was used to extract algin

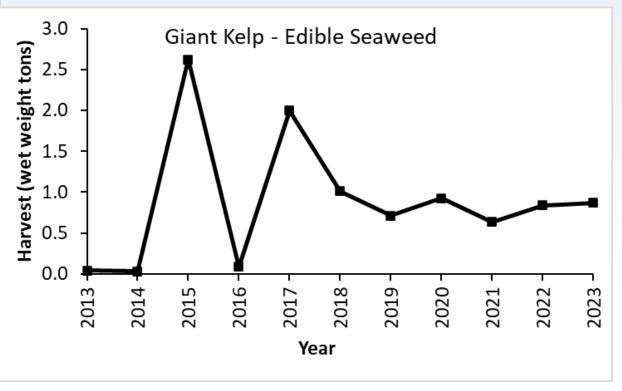




CALIFORNIA OCEAN PROTECTION COUNCIL

Statewide Commercial Kelp Harvest







Kelp Harvest Management

Commercial Harvest - Closures

Seasonal Closures

- O April 1 to July 31: No bull kelp harvest in the Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary in non-leased kelp beds. Beached kelp is allowed.
- Temporary Restrictions (Jan. 1, 2023

 Jan. 1, 2026)
 - No commercial bull kelp harvest in Sonoma and Mendocino counties
 - Annual bull kelp fishery quota not to exceed 4 tons (8,000 lbs) wet weight in Humboldt and Del Norte counties combined
 - Closed three lease-only Administrative Kelp Beds in Mendocino,
 Humboldt, and Del Norte counties



Photos by Kristen Elsmore, CDFW



Kelp Harvest Management

Considerations for Sustainable Management

Bull Kelp Harvest

Ecological impacts are not well understood due to limited research

Giant Kelp Harvest

 Improve light access for younger kelp, reduce disease and dislodgement in large individuals

Impacts of Beach Wrack Removal

 Loss of primary production, disruption to shorebird habitats, reduced native plant abundance and increased sand transport

Research and Data Gaps

- No criteria for assessing overharvest or population rebuilding
- Need to improve canopy and biomass surveys



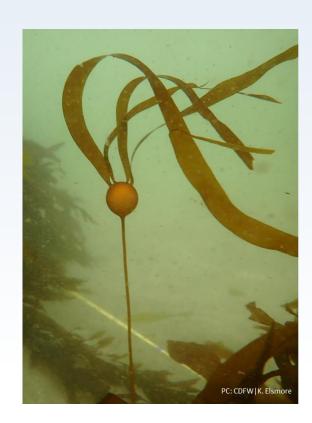
Photo by Rebecca Flores Miller, CDFW



Discussion: Management & Community

Please approach these questions from a social, economic, and community lens. The SAC will look at these through a scientific lens.

- What are some **successful regulations or management strategies** for commercial and recreational giant kelp and bull kelp harvesting?
- How do current giant kelp and bull kelp harvest regulations or management strategies align with your community's practices and needs?
- How have recent temporary commercial bull kelp harvest limits and closures in Norcal affected your community?
- Could community-based monitoring or co-management help protect kelp resources?





KRMP Next Steps



- Community Working Group
 - January 2025
 - Review meeting summary
 - Logistics for May in-person meeting



KRMP Continued Communication



Questions, comments, or requests for additional KRMP information Email kelp@wildlife.ca.gov



Information sharing amongst KRMP Community Working Group Members Email: krmp-cwg@gaggle.email



Tribal Specific Engagement Opportunities Email <u>kelp@wildlife.ca.gov</u>



Updates, Informational Materials, Upcoming Opportunities and Events KRMP Website: https://wildlife.ca.gov/Conservation/Marine/Kelp/KRMP





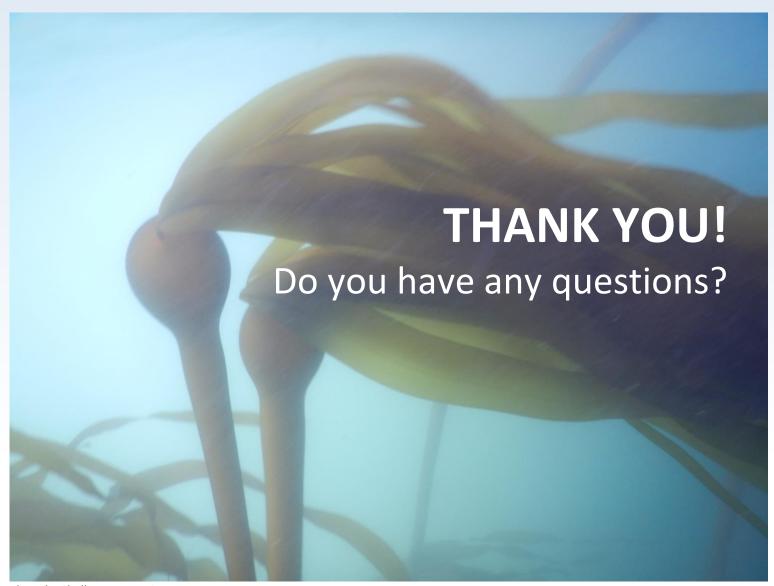


Photo by Shelby Kawana, CDFW