# Salton Sea Fisheries Long-term Monitoring 

# Draft Quarterly Report: Winter 2007 

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## Introduction:

The California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG) is monitoring the status and trends of the Salton Sea fisheries. This will require a compilation of sampling results over several years. In the spring of 2003, Department personnel started quarterly sampling at fourteen stations around the sea, as the basis of a long term monitoring program. To allow comparison of current and future monitoring efforts by CDFG to past results, the following protocol was adapted from those previously used by researchers at the Salton Sea.

Each quarter, if conditions allow, this protocol will produce about 816 net-hours of sampling. After each quarter's sampling is completed this draft report will be prepared, summarizing the numbers and species of fish netted, and calculating the overall and species-based catch-per-unit-effort (CPUE). This report will also offer qualitative comments on the condition and breeding status of each species. After annual repetitions of seasonal sampling, enough data will be collected to allow statistical tests for significant differences in numbers, seasonality, and site use, by and among the four species of fish.

## Methods:

The sampling sites comprise three broad habitat types: pelagic (3 sites), near-shore (8 sites), and estuarine ( 3 sites). The pelagic sites are in the approximate middles of the north basin, south basin and inter-basin areas of the Sea. The near-shore sites are spaced widely apart, four each, near the west and east shores, to capture as much breadth of habitat as possible. The estuarine sites are in the body of the Sea, close enough to the mouths of the New, Alamo, and Whitewater Rivers, to be under the influence of their outflows. See Table 1. for the exact locations of all sites.

Sampling takes place during each of the putative seasons, as follows: spring- April and May; summer- July and August; fall- October and November; winter- January and February. We will attempt to compress the total sampling period into as few days as possible, to the extent that the weather, equipment maintenance, and personnel scheduling constraints allow. Nets are typically set at one or two sites in the morning, and hauled in after approximately 24 hours. The exact number of hours set is recorded for each net, to the nearest quarter-hour.

Fish are sampled by deploying multi-panel monofilament gill nets with 6 X 30 foot panels of $0.5,1,2,3$, and 4 inch mesh. Two nets are set at all sites at the water's surface. The nets are set far enough apart to allow room for maneuvering a boat during setting and retrieval, usually 100200 meters. The nets at near-shore and estuarine sites are set in 2.5 to 4.5 meters of water, typically 200-300 meters from the shore.

Two additional nets are set at the bottom of water column at the three pelagic sites. The conditions fish experience at the bottom in deep water is different enough from the surface water,
in dissolved oxygen, light, food availability and temperature, that this can be considered a discrete habitat, and thus we sample it as though it were a separate site.

At the time of each set and retrieval, water depth, water temperature, conductivity, salinity, and dissolved oxygen are measured and recorded.

When nets are pulled in the following day, all fish are removed and immediately stored on ice. Data are collected from these fish as soon as possible, almost always the same day they are hauled in.

All fish are identified to species level and counted. For the four sport fish in the Salton Sea, (tilapia, Gulf croaker, orangemouth corvina and sargo) weights, lengths (fork length), sex, physical condition, and reproductive status are recorded. Fish above five pounds are weighed to the nearest ounce. Fish below five pounds are weighed to the nearest half ounce. Lengths of fish under 50 centimeters are recorded to the nearest millimeter. Lengths of fish over 50 centimeters are recorded to the nearest centimeter. The sex of all adult fish is determined by dissection. A sample of at least ten fish of each species is also dissected to determine physical condition and breeding status.

## Changes to Protocol after Year One:

Our protocol is designed to elucidate long-term trends in the fisheries. Until very recently, deep water habitats have provided some low level of productivity for the fisheries, and were important habitat components to sample. Since we began sampling, however, our three deep water sites have been completely unproductive, a costly element of our efforts, and the least probable site for fish use, given the severe reduction in population size which we discovered.

We have therefore eliminated sampling at the three deep water sites, which reduces our efforts by 288 net-hours, to a quarterly total effort of 528 net-hours. We leave these sites in the protocol, since they will likely provide useful information about population trends and habitat use, should the fisheries rebound to levels which allow robust comparisons among these and the other sampling sites.

All future comparisons of CPUE that we make will be among quarterly data sets that exclude previously sampled deep-water sites from the calculations. The CPUE values for our first year will then be higher overall, but the comparison between years will be valid. Our data are not designed to determine absolute numbers, but to show trends.

## Results:

Our winter 2007 sampling session was conducted from February 7 through March 2. Table 2. shows the numbers of fishes sampled at each site. Total number of fish sampled at 11 sites was 3,037 tilapia with 525 net-hours of effort, for a CPUE of 5.78. A single striped bass and threadfin shad were also caught this season.

For all fish, no sex, stomach contents, or condition data were collected.

## Discussion:

We have completed a fourth year of monitoring the Salton Sea fisheries. Chart 1. shows a comparison of all results for tilapia, by season. Note that the scale is logarithmic, for ease of viewing. The putative winter season's sampling actually takes place in January and February of the following calendar year.

The CPUE for the two previous winter sampling periods was 0.07 fish/net-hour. This winter, it was 5.8 fish/net-hour, a truly phenomenal increase over the last two years' results. This is a continuation of the remarkable numbers of fish counted during the fall sampling, which had a CPUE of 27.6, compared to only 2.8 fish/net-hour in the previous fall. Also remarkable, the fall's number was 3 times that of the summer's, which previously had always been the most productive sampling period in any one year.

This reversal of the seasonal patterns of abundance is perplexing. If the weather was warmer than usual, we would expect a higher activity level during the winter, and higher numbers of fish netted. But there was a period of unusually cold air temperatures this winter, resulting in fish kills at the Salton Sea. If anything, fish numbers should have been reduced by the weather. It is possible that some conditions at the lake allowed greater recruitment than normal from this year's reproductive efforts, but it's difficult to explain an 80 -fold increase during a year with no obvious anomalous conditions.

Size groups are presented in Table 3 and were consistent with our previous observations of age structure in the population.

No Gulf croaker, orangemouth corvina, or sargo were sampled this period. These three marine sport fish species have been undetectable by gill netting since mid-May, 2003. This represents 7,814 net hours of effort. In addition, none have been detected in fish kills, or presented by anglers during the last 3 years.

## Table 1. Locations of Sampling Sites

| SITE NAME | HABITAT TYPE | UTM COORDINATES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Whitewater River | Estuarine | 11S 0587948 |
|  |  | 3707343 |
| New River | Estuarine | 11S 0621567 |
|  |  | 3666958 |
| Alamo River | Estuarine | 11S 0628480 |
|  |  | 3675635 |
| North Shore | Near-shore | 11S 0598465 |
|  |  | 3709237 |
| North Wister | Near-shore | 11S 0628368 |
|  |  | 3685497 |
| Bat Caves | Near-shore | 11S 0607427 |
|  |  | 3699864 |
| South Salton City | Near-shore | 11S 0604971 |
|  |  | 3682198 |
| North Desert Shores | Near-shore | 11S 0589366 |
|  |  | 3699424 |
| The Dome | Near-shore | 11S 0596997 |
|  |  | 3690022 |
| The Cliffs | Near-shore | 11S 0615062 |
|  |  | 3691509 |
| Test Base | Near-shore | 11S 0608813 |
|  |  | 3672196 |
| North Basin | Pelagic | 11S 0596156 |
|  |  | 3701218 |
| Inter-basin | Pelagic | 11S 0606837 |
|  |  | 3689452 |
| South Basin | Pelagic | 11S 0618275 |
|  |  | 3678697 |

Table 3. Size Classes of Tilapia

| Sample Period | Size Class 1. |  |  | Size Class 2. |  |  | Size Class 3. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Range $(\mathrm{mm})$ | n | \% | Range $(\mathrm{mm})$ | n | \% | Range $(\mathrm{mm})$ | n | \% |
| Spring '04 | 67-70 | 4 | 22 | 134-173 | 14 | 78 | ---- | 0 | --- |
| Summer '04 | 60-70 | 785 | 31 | 120-160 | 1,751 | 69 | 180-200 | 8 | <1 |
| Fall '04 | 64-79 | 11 | 2 | 120-197 | 615 | 98 | 265-290 | 4 | <1 |
| Winter '04 | ---- | 0 | --- | 125-197 | 34 | 100 | ---- | 0 | --- |
| Spring '05 | ---- | 0 | --- | 132-194 | 45 | 100 | ---- | 0 | --- |
| Summer '05 | 60-73 | 1,152 | 32 | 123-175 | 2,443 | 68 | 228-308 | 10 | $<1$ |
| Fall '05 | 63-74 | 13 | <1 | 122-202 | 1,494 | 99 | 240-282 | 2 | <<1 |
| Winter '05 | ---- | 0 | --- | 129-157 | 35 | 100 | ---- | 0 | --- |
| Spring '06 | 63-68 | 2 | <1 | 125-190 | 311 | 99 | 264 | 1 | <1 |
|  | Size Class 1. |  |  |  | Size Class 2. |  |  |  |  |
|  | Range (mm) |  | n | Range (mm) |  |  | n | \% |  |
| Summer '06 | 56-78 | 2,037 |  | 104-278 |  |  | 403 | 17 |  |
|  | Size Class 1. |  |  | Size Class 2. |  |  | Size Class 3. |  |  |
|  | Range (mm) | n | \% | Range (mm) | n | \% | Range (mm) | n | \% |
| Fall '06 | 58-91 | 716 | 5 | 103-200 | 13,859 | 94 | 202-293 | 146 | 1 |
| Winter '06 | 70 | 1 | <<1 | 120-194 | 3,022 | 99 | 245-290 | 14 | <1 |

Table 2.

| Date | Site | Net-hours | Tilapia | Croaker | Corvina | Sargo | Other | Total Fish | CPUE |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2 / 8 / 2007$ | Whitewater River | 49 | 863 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 863 | 17.79 |
| $2 / 8 / 2007$ | North Desert Shores | 48 | 178 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 178 | 3.71 |
| $2 / 9 / 2007$ | The Dome | 47 | 178 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 178 | 3.83 |
| $2 / 14 / 2007$ | North Shore | 49 | 431 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 431 | 8.89 |
| $2 / 14 / 2007$ | Bat Caves | 49 | 197 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 197 | 4.06 |
| $2 / 16 / 2007$ | South Salton City | 47 | 191 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 191 | 4.11 |
| $2 / 21 / 2007$ | New River | 48 | 113 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 113 | 2.37 |
| $2 / 21 / 2007$ | Test Base | 48 | 589 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $1^{*}$ | 590 | 12.27 |
| $3 / 2 / 2007$ | The Cliffs | 49 | 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 53 | 1.09 |
| $3 / 2 / 2007$ | North Wister | 48 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0.32 |
| $3 / 2 / 2007$ | Alamo River | 47 | 229 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $1^{*}$ | 230 | 4.87 |
| Totals |  | 525 | $\mathbf{3 0 3 7}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 7 8 6}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | * 1 Striped Bass at Test Base |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

hart 1.

## Tilapia Year-to-Year



