Notice of Exemption

Appendix E

Го:	Office of Planning and Research P.O. Box 3044, Room 113 Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 County Clerk County of: N/A	From: (Public Agency): Cal. Dept. of Fish and Wildlife	
		1416 Ninth Street, 12th Floor	
		Sacramento, CA 95814	
		(Address)	
roje	ct Title: Suction Dredging Definition; I	Readoption of Emergency Regulation	
roje	ct Applicant: N/A		
roje	ct Location - Specific:		
tate	wide		
roje	ct Location - City: N/A	Project Location - County: N/A	
Read section	on 228, subdivision (a), as previously ame	aries of Project: n dredging found in California Code of Regulations, Title 14, ended, effective June 28, 2013. Readoption, if approved by the effective date of the definition for 90 days.	
Vame	e of Public Agency Approving Project: C	alifornia Department of Fish and Wildlife	
lame	e of Person or Agency Carrying Out Pro	ject: same	
	npt Status: (check one):	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
[
	☐ Declared Emergency (Sec. 21080(b)(3); 15269(a)); ☑ Emergency Project (Sec. 21080(b)(4): 15269(b)(c));		
[3			
3	☑ Categorical Exemption. State type and section number: 14 CCR 15307, 15308		
Ę	☐ Statutory Exemptions. State code no	umber:	
leas	ons why project is exempt:		
see a	ttached.		
	Agency act Person: Craig Martz	Area Code/Telephone/Extension: (916) 653-4681	
1	d by applicant: 1. Attach certified document of exemption 2. Has a Native of Exemption been filed	in finding. by the public agency approving the project?. □ Yes □ No	
	ature: hais Man	Date: 12/16/2013 Title: Regulations Unit Manage	
	■ Signed by Lead Agency □ Sign	ed by Applicant	
who was	ty cited: Sections 21083 and 21110, Public Res	sources Code. Date Received for tiling at QPR;	

DEC 16 2013

December 16, 2013

ATTACHMENT TO NOTICE OF EXEMPTION Suction Dredging; Readoption of Emergency Regulation

The California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW), by and through its Director, has taken final action under the Fish and Game Code and the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) with respect to the project mentioned above. Following earlier related notice required by the APA, on December 16, 2013, CDFW submitted a request to the Office of Administrative Law (OAL) for approval of the readoption of the existing regulatory definition of "suction dredging." (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 1, § 52, and tit. 14, § 228, subd. (a).) The definition as readopted follows a previous, related emergency regulatory action by CDFW under the APA, effective June 28, 2013. (Cal. Reg. Notice Register 2013, No. 28-Z, pp. 1034-1035.) CDFW's regulatory definition of suction dredging as currently in effect and as readopted implements and interprets Fish and Game Code section 5653. (See also Fish & G. Code, § 5653.9.)

In taking final action for purposes of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), CDFW readopted the regulatory definition relying on the statutory exemption for emergencies. (Pub. Resources Code, § 21080, subd. (b)(4); CEQA Guidelines, § 15269, subd. (c).)¹ CDFW also readopted the definition relying on two categorical exemptions relevant to government agency actions to protect natural resources and the environment. (*Id.*, §§ 15307, 15308.) Each exemption as relevant to the readoption is discussed below.

Statutory Exemption for Emergencies

For purposes of CEQA, "Emergency' means a sudden, unexpected occurrence, involving a clear and imminent danger, demanding immediate action to prevent or mitigate loss of, or damage to, life, health, property, or essential public services. 'Emergency' includes such occurrences as fire, flood, earthquake, or other soil or geologic movements, as well as such occurrences as riot, accident, or sabotage." (Pub. Resources Code, § 21060.3; see also CEQA Guidelines, § 15359.) By statute, specific actions necessary to "prevent or mitigate an emergency" are exempt from CEQA. (Pub. Resources Code, § 21080, subd. (b)(4); see also CEQA Guidelines, § 15269, subd. (c).) The statutory exemption for emergencies applies to events that involve clear and immediate danger, and demand immediate action. (See, e.g., CalBeach Advocates v. City of Solano Beach (2002) 103 Cal.App.4th 529.)

¹ The "CEQA Guidelines" are found in Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations, commencing with section 15000.

Suction Dredging; Readoption of Emergency Regulation Attachment to CDFW Notice of Exemption December 16, 2013 Page 2

CDFW has determined that readopting the existing definition of suction dredging is an action properly subject to the statutory exemption for emergencies. Substantial evidence supporting that determination is set forth in detail in the APA rulemaking record for the initial adoption of the now in-effect definition by emergency action in June 2013 (OAL File No. 2013-0618-02E). For purposes of the readoption, CDFW incorporates the prior rulemaking file by reference in its entirety. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 1, § 52, subd. (c).) Further support for the emergency finding is detailed in the Updated Statement of Emergency prepared by CDFW and released to the public on December 9, 2013; in the Subsequent Environmental Impact Report (SCH No. 2009112005) certified by CDFW in March 2012; and in the April 29, 2013 declaration of Mark Stopher, and April 30, 2013 declarations of Stafford Lehr and Elizabeth Haven, all filed on or about the same days by CDFW in San Bernardino County Superior Court. (Suction Dredge Mining Cases, Sup.Ct. San Bernardino County, Judicial Council Proceeding No. JCPRS4720.)

In short, use of any vacuum or suction dredge equipment for instream mining purposes is currently prohibited by statute throughout California. (Fish & G. Code, §§ 5653, subd. (a), 5653.1, subd. (b).) Use of the equipment is prohibited, among other reasons, because related instream mining activities are known to cause adverse environmental, cultural, and public health impacts. CDFW took emergency action in June 2013 to close a regulatory "loophole" being exploited by certain members of the mining community to avoid regulation under Fish and Game Code sections 5653 and 5653.1, specifically. CDFW has readopted the existing definition to ensure the "loophole" prompting prior emergency action does not reopen at the end of December 2013.

Categorical Exemptions to Protect Natural Resources and the Environment

In readopting the now in-effect regulatory definition of suction dredging, CDFW also relied for purposes of CEQA on the Class 7 and 8 categorical exemptions. In general, both exemptions apply to agency actions authorized by statute to protect natural resources and the environment. (CEQA Guidelines, §§ 15307, 15308.) As the state's designated trustee agency for fish and wildlife, CDFW has specific statutory authority in the present case to readopt the definition to ensure the regulation is consistent with controlling statute. (Fish & G. Code, § 5653.9.)

Readopting the existing regulatory definition will ensure that related deleterious effects to fish do not occur. (*Id.*, § 5653, subd. (b).) Readoption will also have the incidental benefit of protecting other wildlife, important natural and cultural resources, and the environment generally. CDFW's readoption, as a result, is the proper subject of CEQA's Class 7 and 8 categorical exemptions.