



## California State Wildlife Action Plan (SWAP) 2015

# **Great Valley Region Riparian Habitat**

About Our Region and Riparian Habitat Riparian habitat is found along rivers and streams across the state forming green belts along the running watercourses. Riparian habitat is home for many species providing water, food, escape, and nesting areas. Some species spend their entire life within the habitat (riparian endemic species), while some are frequent visitors from the adjacent lands and some are yet from distance migrating from across the borders.

What are the sensitive species found in the riparian habitat? The following 43 riparian dependent species from this region are found to be sensitive:

Invertebrate [1] VALLEY ELDERBERRY LONGHORN BEETLE

Amphibian [4] CALIFORNIA GIANT SALAMANDER COMMON ENSATINA

Reptile [5]

WESTERN POND TURTLE

**RED-LEGGED FROG** 

WESTERN SKINK

FOOTHILL YELLOW-LEGGED FROG

**GIANT GARTER SNAKE** GOPHER SNAKE **RINGNECK SNAKE** 

Bird [20]

BALD FAGLE **BANK SWALLOW BEWICK'S WREN BLACK-CROWNED NIGHT HERON** CALIFORNIA QUAIL COMMON YELLOWTHROAT **GOLDEN EAGLE GREAT BLUE HERON GREAT EGRET GREATER WHITE-FRONT** 

Mammal [13] **BROAD-FOOTED MOLE** DEER MOUSE FRINGED MYOTIS LONG-EARED MYOTIS MOUNTAIN LION

HUTTON'S VIREO LONG-EARED OWL **OSPREY** SONG SPARROW SPOTTED TOWHEE SWAINSON'S HAWK TRICOLORED BLACKBIRD YELLOW BILLED CUCKOO YELLOW-BREASTED CHAT YELLOW WARBLER

NORTHERN RIVER OTTER PORCUPINE RINGTAIL WESTERN MASTIFF BAT **RIPARIAN BRUSH RABIT RIPARIAN WOODRAT** 

#### WESTERN SMALL- FOOTED MYOTIS WESTERN SPOTTED SKUNK

#### YUMA MYOTIS

#### What do we find important for recovering and sustaining healthy riparian

**habitat**? Ecological conditions that are found to be most critical to sustain healthy riparian habitat in this region are:

- Area and extent
- Connectivity

- Surface Water Flow Regime
- Soil/ sediment erosion deposition regime

- Hydrological regime

Degraded ecological conditions that are found to be impacting the riparian habitat in this region are:

- Changes in spatial extent of the riparian habitat
- Habitat fragmentation
- Changes in biotic interactions (altered community dynamics)
- Changes in successional processes and ecosystem development
- Changes in functional processes of ecosystem
- Change in annual average temperatures
- Changes in precipitation
- Change in snow pack

- Change in snow cover period
- Change is water temperature
- Changes in runoff and river flow
- Changes in water levels and hydro-period
- Changes in flood occurrence, frequency, intensity, and area flooded
- Changes in sediment erosion and deposition regime
- Changes in soil chemistry
- Increase in water and soil pollutant amount and concentration
- Changes in natural fire regime
- Changes in extreme events

Human related activities and issues that are found to be sources of potential impacts to the riparian habitat are:

- Roads & railroads
- Housing & urban areas
- Utility & Service Lines

- Invasive plant & animal speciesDams & water Management and uses
- Annual & Perennial Non-Timber Crops
- Livestock farming & ranching
- Recreational activities

### **More questions?**

- 1. Come talk to us and ask questions at scoping meetings!
- 2. Check our Website: <u>http://www.dfg.ca.gov/SWAP/</u>
- 3. Provide written comments

By email to: <u>SWAP@wildlife.ca.gov</u>

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