The hunt area is generally heavily forested, steep, and rugged. Elk do not occur throughout the entire area so gathering information in advance of your hunt will likely be useful. We have prepared the following information to help you have a successful hunting experience. Apprentice hunt tagholders shall be accompanied by a nonhunting, licensed adult chaperone 18 years of age or older while hunting. During the Muzzleloader and archery elk hunts, elk may be taken using archery and muzzleloader equipment only, as specified in California Code of Regulations sections 353 and 354, during these respective hunt periods.

General Information: All hunters should read and be familiar with regulations contained in the current Hunting Regulations for Mammals and Furbearers. Please be aware that there were hunt boundary changes made in 2010. Refer to the hunt boundary description for the legal boundaries in Title 14, section 364 (http://www.fgc.ca.gov/regulations/current/mammalregs.aspx#364). Most elk within the hunt area occur on public lands, however, occasionally animals are found on private property. Remember you must obtain written permission to hunt on private property and hunter trespass laws are strictly enforced. The department does not maintain a list of private landowners who will allow access.

Most public land within the hunt area is administered by the Klamath and Trinity National Forests. The primary access into the hunt area is Highway 96, Forest Highway 93 along the Salmon River, and Highway 299 and Highway 3 for access to the Trinity side. Many county and National Forest roads provide good access to public lands. Please be aware that some National Forest roads may be closed to vehicle access during the hunting season to protect natural resources or because they are impassible. Generally, these areas are open to hunting, provided access is made by non-motorized vehicles.

For those who have access to a computer and a high speed internet connection, the Department has an interactive mapping program which allows you to zoom in to the 7.5 minute topographical maps. The program website is: https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Data/GIS/IMAPS

Harvest Data: CDFW requests all elk hunters to provide the most accurate harvest information possible. A GPS harvest location is preferred. These data are crucial for CDFW personnel to evaluate current harvest strategies, propose new strategies, assess herd health, track elk herd distributions, and recommend tag quota changes to the Fish and Wildlife Commission. All information is used by CDFW personnel to best manage the elk herds for continued population growth and expansion while providing continued recreational use and hunter opportunity. Online reporting is preferred, but please use whatever method is most convenient for you – as long as you report. Thank you!

Collars: Some of the elk within the hunt area have been fitted with radio collars. The data we are gathering is critical to the management of this herd. In the event that you harvest a collared animal, please contact Senior Environmental Scientist Christine Found-Jackson at (530) 841-2278 as soon as possible so that we can make arrangements to obtain the collar. In order to prevent the loss of data it is important that we are contacted as soon as possible.

Remember all hunters MUST report to the Department within one week after the close of elk season, REGARDLESS if an elk was taken, either through mailing in the tag or the new online reporting system outlined below.
The Department offers an internet reporting option for hunters to submit big game tag report card information. Both successful and unsuccessful hunters will be able to report their hunt results online via the Department’s online license service at http://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Licensing/Online-Sales. Log on to the Online License Sales and Service, and then click on Harvest Reporting in the top section. Hunters submitting reports online will receive a report confirmation number and will not have to mail in the report card. The Department encourages all hunters (including those who were unsuccessful or who had a tag but did not hunt) to use this new service to meet their respective reporting requirements. Accurate harvest information is a crucial element in developing population estimates and the resulting tag quotas as well as in assessing the performance of current hunt programs and in the development of new opportunities. Online reporting will provide that information in a timelier, more convenient manner.

**Tooth Collection:** The Department is collecting teeth from animals taken by hunters for age analysis. Successful hunters should follow directions on the tooth envelope (included with this flyer) to remove the two front teeth (and only the two front teeth, please do not send in sections of the jaw) and submit them to the Department. Please do NOT wrap teeth in plastic or foil as teeth will not dry and rot; destroying the tooth sample for aging. The Department will post the age analysis results at https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Conservation/Mammals/Elk/Tooth-Age-Data for hunters that submit teeth from their hunt. The age of your animal can be found by using your GOID number. Please note that these results may not be available until December of the following year (2020).

**Care of Meat:** Conditions during the elk hunting season can be quite warm, even with mild temperatures an improperly handled carcass can lead to spoilage. The weather and the steep, rugged terrain within the hunt area make it critical you are prepared to properly care for the meat if you harvest an animal. Elk are large mammals and hold heat, which leads to spoilage. Open up the elk as soon as possible including the neck area, hip joints, and shoulders to promote cooling. You should be physically fit and prepared to skin and quarter or de-bone your elk immediately after it is tagged. It is encouraged that you debone the meat as soon as possible to prevent the meat from spoiling (bone sour). The meat should be hung in fly proof breathable sacks in the shade until you pack it out (as soon as possible). If you are hunting by yourself, you will need, at minimum, four game sacks (six is better for loose cuts of meat), plenty of rope, a game hoist, a knife, a knife sharpener, and a pack frame. A meat saw or hatchet and a tarp would also likely be helpful. Failure to properly care for or remove all edible portions of a harvested animal can lead to a violation of the Fish and Wildlife Code, section 4304. Never lay meat directly on the bed of a truck because the exhaust system heats the bed and can lead to spoilage. It is suggested you place a pad or sleeping bag down to insulate the meat underneath.

**Additional Information:**

**Maps:** United States Forest Service (USFS) maps are available locally at most USFS offices; by contacting the USFS Pacific Southwest Regional Office at: 1323 Club Drive, Vallejo, CA 94592 (707-562-8737); or ordered by phone (406-329-3024), fax (406-329-3030), mail at USDA Forest Service, National Forest Store, P.O Box 8268, Missoula, MT 59807, or on-line at http://www.nationalforeststore.com/. Klamath National Forest maps provide general information regarding the location of public lands and roads within the hunt area. District transportation maps are also available for a fee. These maps depict many roads not identified on the general National Forest map.

**Weather:** Weather in this region is highly variable. It may be quite warm but early storms are common. Snow during your hunting season would be unusual but heavy rains can occur making some roads impassable. You should be prepared with appropriate clothing and equipment for a variety of weather conditions. There is a potential for fire due to the high fuel loading and lightning events that occur in this zone. Check with the US Forest Service for the most up to date news on closures at www.fs.fed.us. Be aware that tags will not be reissued due to fire closures.
Camping: Camping is available at National Forest campgrounds and is usually permitted at undesignated sites on the forest. Please refer to the Klamath or Trinity National Forest map for designated campgrounds or contact the Klamath or Trinity National Forests for further information.

Wildfires are common within the hunt zone. Camp fire permits are required from the USFS and fire closures are commonly in place during the hunting season. Please check with local USFS offices for fire restrictions and the availability of fire permits.

Outfitters and Guides: Outfitters and guides offer a variety of services for elk hunters interested in hunting in wilderness areas. Many have limited space so be sure to contact them as soon as possible to reserve their services. A list of outfitters and guides permitted by the US Forest Service within the hunt area is available from the Klamath National Forest. It is your responsibility to verify any guides you retain have a current guide license issued by the Department of Fish and Wildlife. If you plan to hunt on the US Forest Service property your guides will also need to be permitted with the US Forest Service. Failure to verify the proper licenses required may result in a citation to both the hunter and guide. A list of licensed guides can be obtained online (https://www.ca.wildlifelicense.com/InternetSales/PublicListSearch/SelectPermitType).

Deer Season Overlap: Please be aware that the last two days of the Marble Mountains Roosevelt Elk Hunt overlap with the first two days of the general deer season. Therefore, on those dates you may encounter deer hunters in the field.

Non-lead ammunition information: Effective July 1, 2019, it shall be unlawful to use, or possess with any firearm capable of firing, any projectile(s) not certified as nonlead when taking any wildlife for any purpose in this state. For more information, please refer to the California Code of Regulations Title 14 Section 250.1 and Fish and Game Code Section 3004.5.

California Code of Regulations T14-708.11.;Elk License Tags, Application, Distribution and Reporting Procedures:
(A) License tags shall be attached to the antler of an antlered elk immediately after killing. The license tag shall be kept attached to the antler of an antlered elk and retained for 15 days after the close of the season.
(B) License tags shall be attached to the ear, leg, or largest portion of meat of antlerless elk immediately after killing. If the head is removed and not retained, evidence of sex in the form of udder or vulva must remain naturally attached. Boned out or quartered animals shall have evidence of sex naturally attached to a portion of the meat. The license tag shall be kept attached to the ear, leg, or largest portion of meat of an antlerless elk until processed and then shall be retained for 15 days after the close of the season.

Our goal is to assure that you have a safe and enjoyable hunting experience. If you have any questions regarding this hunt, please contact Trinity County Unit Biologists Sporty Pair at (530) 225-2308 or (530) 510-3142 or Jennifer Carlson at (530) 225-2754 or (530) 515-1382, and Siskiyou County Unit Biologist Bob Schaefer at (530) 598-6820 or Christine Found-Jackson at (530) 841-2278. Information is also available at the Department’s website: www.wildlife.ca.gov. Again, congratulations and we hope you have an enjoyable hunt. Good luck!
§ 364. Elk.

(a) Department Administered General Methods Roosevelt Elk Hunt Areas.

(3) Marble Mountains General Methods Roosevelt Elk Hunt:

(A) Area: In those portions of Humboldt, Tehama, Trinity, Shasta and Siskiyou counties beginning at the intersection of Interstate Highway 5 and the California-Oregon state line; west along the state line to the Del Norte County line; south along the Del Norte County line to the intersection of the Siskiyou-Humboldt county lines; east along the Siskiyou-Humboldt county lines to Highway 96; south along Highway 96 to Highway 299; south along Highway 299 to the Intersection of the Humboldt/Trinity County line; south along the Humboldt Trinity County Line to the intersection of Highway 36; east along Highway 36 to the intersection of Interstate 5; north on Interstate Highway 5 to the point of beginning.

(d) Department Administered General Methods Tule Elk Hunts

(1) Marble Mountains General Methods Roosevelt Elk Apprentice Hunt:

(A) Area: The tag shall be valid in the area described in subsection 364(a)(3)(A).

(B) Special Conditions: Only persons possessing valid junior hunting licenses may apply for Apprentice Hunt license tags. Apprentice Hunt tagholders shall be accompanied by a nonhunting, licensed adult chaperon 18 years of age or older while hunting.

(h) Department Administered Muzzleloader/Archery Only Elk Hunts:

(1) Marble Mountains Muzzleloader/Archery Only Roosevelt Elk Hunt.

(A) Area: The tag shall be valid in the area described in subsection 364(a)(3)(A).

(B) Special Conditions: Elk may be taken with archery or muzzleloader equipment only as specified in Sections 353 and 354.


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§ 1. Bull Tags
2. Antlerless Tags
3. Either-Sex Tags
4. Spike Tags
5. Season

(y) Department Administered Muzzleloader/Archery Only Hunts

(1)(A) Marble Mountain Muzzleloader/Archery Roosevelt Elk

Shall open on the last Saturday in October and extend or 9 consecutive days.

(z) Fund Raising Elk Tags

(1)(A) Multi-zone Fund Raising Tags

Siskiyou and Marble Mountains Roosevelt Elk Season shall open on the Wednesday preceding the first Saturday in September and continue for 19 consecutive days.

Definitions
(1) Bull elk: Any elk having an antler or antlers at least four inches in length as measured from the top of the skull.
(2) Spike bull: A bull elk having no more than one point on each antler. An antler point is a projection of the antler at least one inch long and longer than the width of its base.
(3) Antlerless elk: Any elk, with the exception of spotted calves, with antlers less than four inches in length as measured from the top of the skull.
(4) Either-sex elk: For the purposes of these regulations, either-sex is defined as bull elk, spike elk, or antlerless elk.

Method of Take: Only methods for taking elk as defined in sections 353 and 354 may be used.

Tagholder Responsibilities:
(1) No tagholder shall take or possess any elk or parts thereof governed by the regulations except herein provided.
(2) The department reserves the right to use any part of the tagholder's elk for biological analysis as long as the amount of edible meat is not appreciably decreased.
(3) Any person taking an elk which has a collar or other marking device attached to it shall provide the department with such marking device within 10 days of taking the elk.
(p) The use of dogs to take or attempt to take elk is prohibited.

§ 353. Methods Authorized for Taking Big Game.
(a) Except for the provisions of subsections 353(b) through (g), Title 14, CCR, big game (as defined by Section 350, title 14, CCR) may only be taken by rifles using centerfire cartridges with softnose or expanding bullets; bow and arrow (see Section 354, Title 14, CCR, for archery equipment regulations); or wheellock, matchlock, flintlock or percussion type, including “in-line” muzzleloading rifles using black powder or equivalent black powder substitute, including pellets, with single ball or bullet loaded from the muzzle and at least .40 caliber in designation.
(b) Shotguns capable of holding not more than three shells firing single slugs may be used for the taking of deer, bear and wild pigs. In areas where the discharge of rifles or shotguns with slugs is prohibited by county ordinance, shotguns capable of holding not more than three shells firing size 0 or 00 buckshot may be used for the taking of deer only.
(c) Pistols and revolvers using centerfire cartridges with softnose or expanding bullets may be used to take deer, bear, and wild pigs.
(d) Pistols and revolvers with minimum barrel lengths of 4 inches, using centerfire cartridges with softnose or expanding bullets may be used to take elk and bighorn sheep.
(e) Except as provided in subsection 354 (j), crossbows may be used to take deer and wild pigs only during the regular seasons.

(f) Under the provisions of a muzzleloading rifle only tag, hunters may only possess muzzleloading rifles as described in subsection 353(a) equipped with open or “peep” type sights only.

(g) Under the provisions of a muzzleloading rifle/archery tag, hunters may only possess muzzleloading rifles with sights as described in subsection 353(f); archery equipment as described in Section 354; or both. For purposes of this subsection, archery equipment does not include crossbows, except as provided in subsection 354(j).

(h) Except as otherwise provided, while taking or attempting to take big game under the provisions of Section 353 or Section 354, Title 14, CCR, it is unlawful to use any device or devices which: 1) throw, cast or project an artificial light or electronically alter or intensify a light source for the purpose of visibly enhancing an animal; or 2) throw, cast or project an artificial light or electronically alter or intensify a light source for the purpose of providing a visible point of aim directly on an animal. Devices commonly referred to as “sniperscopes”, night vision scopes or binoculars, or those utilizing infra-red, heat sensing or other non-visible spectrum light technology used for the purpose of visibly enhancing an animal or providing a visible point of aim directly on an animal are prohibited and may not be possessed while taking or attempting to take big game. Devices commonly referred to as laser rangefinders, “red-dot” scopes with self-illuminating reticles, and fiberoptic sights with self illuminating sight or pins which do not throw, cast or project a visible light onto an animal are permitted.


§354. Archery Equipment and Crossbow Regulations.

(a) Bow, as used in these regulations, means any device consisting of a flexible material having a string connecting its two ends and used to propel an arrow held in a firing position by hand only. Bow, includes long bow, recurve or compound bow.

(b) Crossbow, as used in these regulations means any device consisting of a bow or cured latex band or other flexible material (commonly referred to as a linear bow) affixed to a stock, or any bow that utilizes any device attached directly or indirectly to the bow for the purpose of keeping a crossbow bolt, an arrow or the string in a firing position. Except as provided in subsection 354(j), a crossbow is not archery equipment and cannot be used during the archery deer season.

(c) For the taking of big game, hunting arrows and crossbow bolts with a broad head type blade which will not pass through a hole seven-eighths inch in diameter shall be used. Mechanical/retractable broad heads shall be measured in the open position. For the taking of migratory game birds, resident small game, furbearers and nongame mammals and birds any arrow or crossbow bolt may be used except as prohibited by subsection (d) below.

(d) No arrows or crossbow bolt with an explosive head or with any substance which would tranquilize or poison any animal may be used. No arrows or crossbow bolt without flu-flu fletching may be used for the take of pheasants and migratory game birds, except for provisions of section 507(a)(2).

(e) No arrow or crossbow bolt may be released from a bow or crossbow upon or across any highway, road or other way open to vehicular traffic.

(f) No bow or crossbow may be used which will not cast a legal hunting arrow, except flu-flu arrows, a horizontal distance of 130 yards.

(g) Except as described in subsection 354(j), crossbows may not be used to take game birds and game mammals during archery seasons.

(h) Except as provided in subsection 353(g), archers may not possess a firearm while hunting in the field during any archery season, or while hunting during a general season under the provisions of an archery only tag.

(i) No person may nock or fit the notch in the end of an arrow to a bowstring or crossbow string in a ready-to-fire position while in or on any vehicle.

(j) Any person with a physical disability which prevents him/her from being able to draw and hold a bow in a firing position, may use a crossbow or device which holds a string and arrow in the firing position to assist in the taking of birds and mammals under the conditions of an archery tag, archery season, or general season. Under these conditions, archers must provide to the Department and retain in his/her immediate possession while taking or attempting to take big game written verification of the disability,
§ 730. Camping Near or Occupying Wildlife Watering Places.

(a) Camping/Occupying Defined. For purposes of this Section, camping/occupying is defined as establishing or inhabiting a camp; resting; picnicking; sleeping; parking or inhabiting any motor vehicle or trailer; hunting; or engaging in any other recreational activity for a period of more than thirty (30) minutes at a given location.

(b) Wildlife Watering Places Defined. For purposes of this Section, wildlife watering places are defined as waterholes, springs, seeps and man-made watering devices for wildlife such as guzzlers (self-filling, in-the-ground water storage tanks), horizontal wells and small impoundments of less than one surface acre in size.

(c) Prohibitions.

(1) Camping/Occupying is prohibited within 200 yards of the following:
(A) Any guzzler or horizontal well for wildlife on public land within the State of California.
(B) Any of the wildlife watering places on public land within the boundary of the California Desert Conservation Area as depicted on the Bureau of Land Management maps of “Calif. Federal Public Lands Responsibility,” “Calif. Desert Conservation Area” and the new “Desert District, B.L.M.”
(2) Camping/Occupying is prohibited within one-quarter mile of the following wildlife watering places:
(A) Butte Well - T31N, R14E, Section 28, NE1/4, M.D.B.M., Lassen County.
(B) Schaffer Well - T31N R14E, Section 25, Center, M.D.B.M., Lassen County.
(C) Tableland Well - T31N, R14E, Section 17, SE1/4, M.D.B.M., Lassen County.
(D) Table Mountain Well - T31N, R14E, Section 32, SE1/4, M.D.B.M., Lassen County.
(E) Timber Mountain Well - T44N, R6E, Section 33, M.D.B.M., Modoc National Forest, Modoc County.
(F) Belfast Well - T31N, R14E, Section 31, NE1/4, M.D.B.M., Lassen County.
Note: Hunt boundary shown is an approximation. Hunters are responsible for knowing the exact boundary locations as described within Section 364, Title 14, Calif. Code of Regs.