### HUCKLEBERRY CREEK

# INTRODUCTION

A physical fish habitat inventory was completed on Huckleberry Creek, from the confluence with Hollow Tree Creek, on July 31, 1990 and August 17, 1990 by Steve Holzerland and John Fredrick, California Conservation Corps (CCC), Technical Advisors. The objective of this survey was to collect baseline data as to the habitat available to anadromous salmonids and determine if stream restoration/enhancement work is warranted.

### WATERSHED OVERVIEW

Huckleberry Creek is a tributary to Hollow Tree Creek, a tributary to the South Fork Eel River, in Mendocino County, California (Figure 1). The legal description at the confluence of Hollow Tree Creek and Huckleberry Creek is T22N R17W S23. The total length of the stream surveyed was 6218 feet, with 129.5 feet of side channel. The total length of blue line stream according to the USGS topographical map is 1.6 miles. The total watershed area is 2.8 square miles. This survey was ended due to several probable fish barriers needing modification. Huckleberry Creek is a first order stream.

The watershed is a second growth redwood forest, under the ownership of the Louisiana-Pacific Corporation and is managed for timber production. Vehicle access is from the Hales Grove Road, through the locked Louisiana-Pacific gate.

### METHODS

Huckleberry Creek was habitat typed using the 24 habitat types classification (Mc Cain et al). The methodology follows the draft California Salmonid Stream Habitat Restoration Manual (Flosi et al. In preparation). Channel typing was conducted according to the classification system of Rosgen (1985). Electrofishing was conducted to determine species composition and distribution.

The minimum length of measured habitat unit was as long as the mean channel wetted width. Channel measurements were accomplished with range finders and tape measures. Habitat type measurements included mean length, mean width, mean depth, and maximum depth (to the nearest 0.1 foot). Depth of the pool tail crest at each pool habitat unit was measured at the thalweg.

A shelter rating was calculated for each habitat unit by multiplying shelter value and percent cover. A shelter value of 1 (low), 2 (medium), or 3 (high) was given according to the shelter complexity. An estimate on percent cover within each habitat unit was recorded. At each habitat unit 100% of the cover was classified into nine cover types.



The dominant and sub-dominant substrate was estimated using seven size classes of substrate composition and recorded for all habitat units. Embeddedness was optically estimated at the tail out of pool habitat units as 0 - 25% (value 1), 26 - 50% (value 2), 51 - 75% (value 3), 76 - 100% (value 4).

An estimate of the percent canopy was recorded for each habitat unit. The percent right and left bank covered with vegetation, and the dominant vegetation sub-type was estimated.

Time and temperature were recorded at every tenth habitat unit.

# RESULTS

\* ALL TABLES AND GRAPHS ARE LOCATED IN THE BACK OF THIS REPORT \*

Eighteen of the 24 habitat types were identified, including one dry unit. The physical habitat data is summarized in Table 1A. The most frequent habitat types by percent occurrence were low gradient riffles 20.5%, lateral scour pools - bedrock 16.0%, and glides 12.0% (Graph 1).

Table 2A summarizes the riffle, flatwater, and pool habitat types. By percent occurrence, pools make up 48.0%, flatwater types make up 28.5%, and riffles make up 23.0% (Graph 2). Pools make up 54.45% of the percent total length. Flatwater habitat types make up 34.53% of the percent total length. Riffles make up 10.7% the percent total length (Graph 3).

Table 3A summarizes the pool habitat types. Scour pools occurred most often at 84.38% and comprised 84.38% of the total length (Graph 4). Backwater pools had the highest mean shelter rating at 90.0, scour pools at 89.38, and main channel pools at 69.38.

Table 4A is a summary of maximum pool depths by pool habitat types. The maximum depth for 56 of the 96 pools or 58.3% were less than 2 feet. Four pools were greater than 4 feet deep.

Table 5A is a summary of the dominant substrate by habitat type. Gravel was the dominant substrate in 50.5% of the units, bedrock the dominant substrate in 19.0%, and boulder was dominant in 12.5% of the units.

Table 6A summarizes mean percent cover by habitat type. The majority of the cover consisted of boulders and bedrock ledges. Small and large woody debris was lacking.

Huckleberry Creek is a F1 channel type for the stream surveyed.

Table 1A summarizes mean percent right and left bank cover and mean percent canopy per habitat type. For the entire stream reach surveyed, the mean percent right bank cover was 62.2%. The mean percent left bank cover was 61.9%. The stream bank composition consisted of 15.3% rock/bedrock, 4.1% coniferous

trees, 20.3% grass, 20.5% deciduous trees, 22% brush, and 17.9% bare soil. The mean percent canopy was 81.31%.

For the 96 pools surveyed, the pool tail embeddedness was estimated. Of the 96 pool tail outs 20% had a value of 1, 21.5% had a value of 2, and 58.5% had a value of 3.

Air temperature ranged from 52 to 71 degrees fahrenheit. Water temperature ranged from 51 to 58 degrees fahrenheit.

The following landmarks and possible problem sites were noted.
All the distances are approximate and taken from the confluence of Huckleberry Creek with Hollow Tree Creek:

3895'	Tributary	entering	from	the	left	bank.
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- 4650' Bear Wallow Creek enters from the right bank.
- 5385' Bedrock chute possible fish barrier under low flows.
- 5485' Little Bear Wallow Creek enters from the right bank.
- 5560' Culvert 4' diameter X 27' long with a 3' jump into the culvert and bedrock below. The culvert is plugged on the upstream end with debris and is retaining gravel for approximately 300 feet upstream.
- 6000' Log debris accumulation 8'h X 25'w X 8'l retaining gravel. Possible barrier.
- 6200' Log debris accumulation 6'h X 20'w X 30' 1.

### ELECTROFISHING RESULTS

Electrofishing was completed on August 1, 1990 by Steve Holzerland and John Fredrick (CCC). Three habitat units were sampled. The results are as follows:

The first unit was a lateral scour pool - bedrock approximately 94 feet from the confluence of Hollow Tree Creek. Eleven coho ranging between 51 and 72 mm and 10 steelhead between 40 and 122 mm were found.

The second unit was a lateral scour pool - bedrock approximately 4440 feet from the confluence of Hollow Tree Creek. The fish found consisted of 17 coho ranging from 53 to 76 mm and 25 steelhead ranging from 41 to 106 mm.

The third unit was a lateral scour pool - log approximately 6110 feet from the confluence of Hollow Tree Creek. A total of three steelhead ranging from 91 to 132 mm were found.

## RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1) Huckleberry Creek should be managed as an anadromous, natural production stream.
- 2) Increase woody cover in the pools. There is a lack of woody debris to provide cover throughout this entire stream reach.
- 3) Remove or modify the culvert at 5560 feet from the confluence with Hollow Tree Creek to provide for fish passage.
- 4) Modify the log debris accumulations to provide fish passage.

Drainage: South Fork Eel River

TABLE 1A SUMMARY OF HABITAT TYPES AND MEASURED PARAMETERS

Survey Dates: July 31 and August 17, 1991

TOTAL UNITS 200	_	_	_	2	w	4	7	32	00	21	9		0	_	17	16	24	51	41		MEASURED	STIND	
	DRY	DPL	BPL.	898	SCP	PLP	LSBO	LSBK	LSR	TST	CRP	CCP	MCP	TRP	SRN	RUN	GLD	CAS	LGR			HABITAT	
	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	1.00%	1.50%	2.00%	3.50%	16.00%	4.00%	10.50%	4.50%	0.50%	3.00%	0.50%	8.50%	8.00%	12.00%	2.50%	20.50%	CCURRENCE	PERCENT	HABITAT	
	21.00	40.00	48.00	15.00	21.17	16.63	24.86	37.73	38.00	29.33	60.11	21.00	45.00	67.50	51.79	21.44	40.33	15.10	14.72	(teet)	LENGIH	MEAN	11
TOTAL LENGTH 6347.50	21.00	40.00	48.00	30.00	63.50	66.50	174.00	1207.50	311.00	616.00	541.00	21.00	270.00	67.50	880.50	343.00	968.00	75.50	603.50	(teet)	LENGIH	TOTAL	
	0.33%	0.63%	0.76%	0.47%	1.00%	1.05%	2.74%	19.02%	4.90%	9.70%	8.52%	0.33%	4.25%	1.06%	13.87%	5.40%	15.25%	1.19%	9.51	LENGIH	IUIAL	PERCENT	
	0.00	19.00	16.00	6.25	6.00	13.50	13.29	13.81	13.06	12.02	16.50	9.00	11.67	14.00	11.12	9.28	10.98	17.10	9.61	(1991)	HINTM	MEAN	81
	0.00	1.45	1.20	0.73	0.72	1.26	1.01	1.35	1.29	1.21	1.75	1.05	1.14	1.90	0.57	0.47	0.69	0.32	0.29	(Teet)	DEFIN	MEAN	111
	0.00	2.00	2.50	1.00	1.30	3.30	2.00	4.40	3.60	4.30	4.00	1.60	3.80	2.40	1.30	1.10	1.80	1.80	1.20			MAXIMUM	11
	0.00	760.00	729.60	93.25	147.00	250.88	276.14	516.53	525.67	368.07	919.65	189.00	664.75	945.00	419.36	171.86	526.07	117.90	113.45		AREA	MEAN	
TOTAL AREA 74662.34	0.00	760.00	729.60	186.50	441.00	1003.50	1932.95	16529.10	4205.33	7729.53	8276.83	189.00	3988.50	945.00	7129.09	2749.79	12625.75	589.50	4651.39	(84. 11.)	MEN	TOTAL	11
	0.00	1102.00	875.52	67.83	112.80	308.45	283.87	846.22	718.86	511.00	1678,38	198.45	1050.37	1795.50	234,23	80.38	370.12	38.37	30.68	(64. 16.)	AOLUME	L MEAN TOTAL	11
TOTAL VOLUME 88235.71	0.00	1102.00	875.52	135.65	338.40	1233.80	1987.12	27079.09	5750.90	10730.96	15105.40	198.45	6302.23	1/95.50	3981.86	1286.08	8882.82	191.85	1258.08	(60. 16.)	TOLUME	TOTAL	***
	0.00	950.00	656.64	63.09	59.87	260.79	188.05	682.45	534.96	414.06	1388.84	179.55	839.86	1512.00						(cu. ft.)	מנים למו	MEAN	81
	0.00	120.00	120.00	100.00	63.33	120.00	59.29	66.56	116.25	112.14	103.33	60.00	70.83	10.00	34.41	30.88	68.13	0.00	3.54	2	DATING	MEAN	
	0.00	60.00	40.00	75.00	68.33	85.00	58.57	58.44	67.50	10.48	55.55	80.00	30.33	00.00	59.41	01.20	57.50	65.00	65.61	0	COVED	MEAN %	
	0.00	40.00	70.00	0.00	0.00	07.00	54.29	64.38	60.63	06.90	50.07	95.00	63.33	00.00	34./1	01.13	26.30	70.00	65.34		COVED	MEAN %	
	0.00	90.00	95.00	97.50	95.00	90.20	87.61	58.25	06.58	87.68	82.78	95.00	15.83	00.00	13.02	73.03	04.30	67.00	85.80			CANOPY	



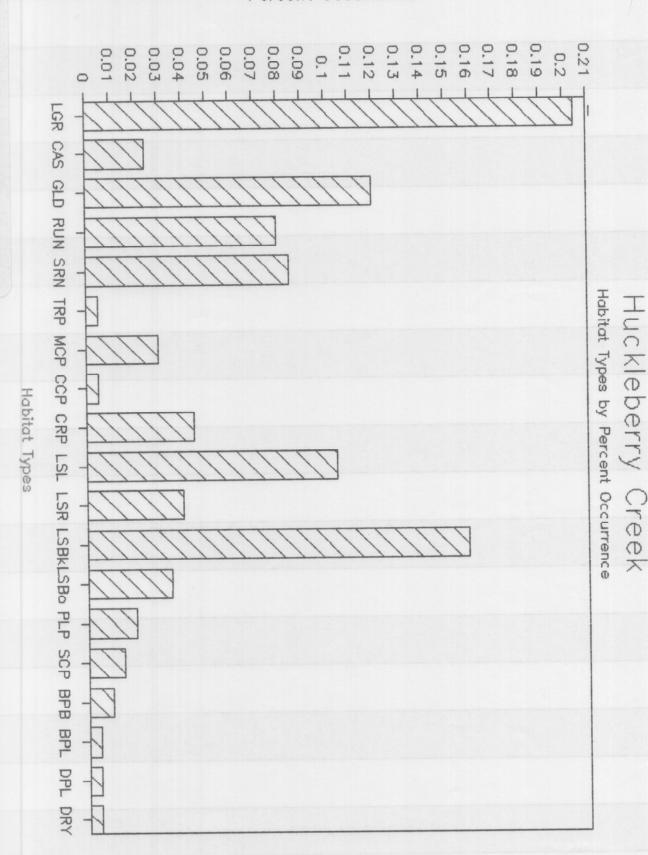


TABLE 2A SUMMARY OF RIFFLE, FLATWATER, AND POOL HABITAT TYPE

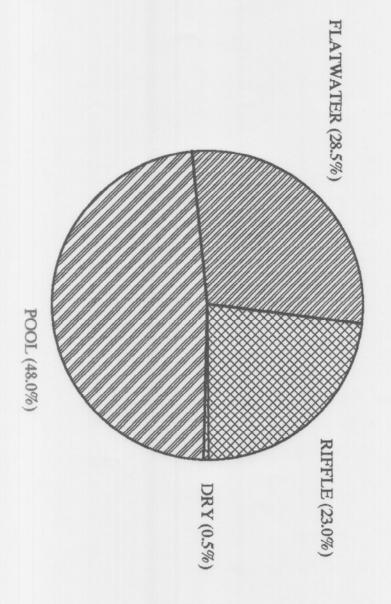
Huckleberry Creek

TYPE Survey Dates: July 31 and August 17, 1991

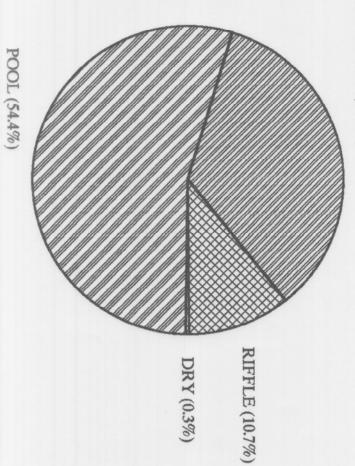
Drainage: South Fork Eel River

TOTAL MEASURED 200		96	57	46		MEASURED	SIIND
	DRY	POOL	FLATWATER	RIFFLE		TYPE	
	0.50%	48.00%	28.50%	23.00%	OCCURRENCE	PERCENT	HABITAT
	21.00	36.00	38.45	14.76	(feet)	LENGTH	MEAN
TOTAL LENGTH 6347.50	21.00	3456.00	2191.50	679.00	(feet)	LENGTH	TOTAL
	0.33%	54.45%	34.53%	10.70%	LENGTH	TOTAL	PERCENT
		13.05	10.54	10.42	(feet)	WIDTH	MEAN
		1.28	0.59	0.30	(feet)	DEPTH	MEAN
		488.72	394.82	113.93	(sq. ft.)	AREA	MEAN
TOTAL AREA 75698.73		46916.83	22504.63	5240.89	(sq. ft.)	H AREA AREA	TOTAL
		756.61	248.26	31.52			
TOTAL VOLUME 88235.71				1449.94	(cu. ft.)	AOLUME AOLUME	TOTAL
		607.45			(cu. ft.)	RESIDUAL	MEAN
		81.98	49.30	3.15	RATING	SHELTER	MEAN

# Huckleberry Creek HABITAT TYPES BY PERCENT OCCURRENCE



FLATWATER (34.5%)



Drainage: South Fork Eel River

TABLE 3A SUMMARY OF POOL TYPES

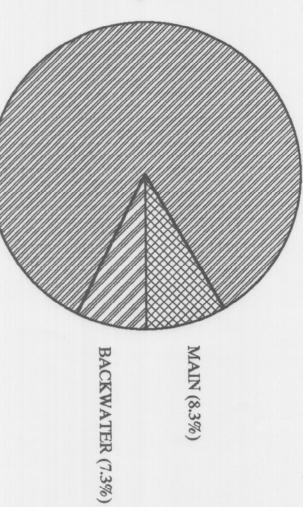
Huckleberry Creek

Survey Dates: July 31 and August 17, 1991

TOTAL MEASURED 96	81 8	UNITS
	8 MAIN 81 SCOUR 7 BACKWATER	HABITAT TYPE
	84.33% 7.29%	HABITAT PERCENT
	44.81 36.00 25.93	MEAN LENGTH (feet)
TOTAL LENGTH 3456.00	358.50 2916.00 181.50	TOTAL LENGTH (feet)
	10.37% 84.38% 5.25%	PERCENT TOTAL LENGTH
	9.36	MEAN WIDTH (feet)
	1.23 0.89	MEAN DEPTH (feet) (
	640.31 489.84 302.44	MEAN AREA
TOTAL AREA 46915.83	5122.50 39677.23 2117.10	N MEAN TOTAL H AREA AREA () (sq. ft.) (sq. ft.)
	1037.02 764.04 350.22	WEAN VOLUME
TOTAL VOLUME 72635.01	8296.18 61887.27 2451.57	TOTAL VOLUME u. ft.)
	841.34 613.24 273.20	MEAN HEAN RESIDUAL SHELTER POOL VOL. RATING (cu. ft.)
	69.38 89.38 90.00	MEAN SHELTER RATING

# Huckleberry Creek POOL TYPES BY PERCENT OCCURRENCE

SCOUR (84.4%)



Drainage: South Fork Eel River

TABLE 4A SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM POOL DEPTHS BY POOL HABITAT TYPES

Survey Dates: July 31 and August 17, 1991

Confluence: T22N R17W S26

0.00% 0 0.00% 22.22% 1 11.11% 9.52% 1 4.76% 12.50% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00%	000-	100.00%		2 22		0 000		4 0 4	200	
0000000	200-			0.00%	0	0.00%	0	1.04%	BPL	_
000000	00-	0.00%	0	100.00%	2	0.00%	0	2.08%	8P8	2
	2	0.00%	0	66.67%	10	33.33	_	3.13%	SCP	ఆ
00000		25.00%	-	50.00%	2	0.00%	0	4.17%	PLP	4
3 N O O	-	14.29%	-	71.43%	5	14.29%	_	7.29%	LSBo	7
	40	28.138	9	53.13%	17	0.00%	0	33.33%	LSBk	32
		25.00%	2	62.50%	5	0.00%	0	8.33%	LSR	00
0		14.29%		61.90%	- 3	9.52%	2	21.88%	ISI	21
. 0	2 2	55.55%		11.	_	0.00%	0	9.38%	CRP	9
•		0.00%	. 0	100.00%	_	0.00%	0	1.04%	CCP	
•	> -	10.0/%		66.67%	4	0.00%	0	6.25%	MCP	6
00	. 0	100.00%	_	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	1.04%	TRP	_
4 FEET >4 FEET >4 FEET ERCENT MAXIMUM PERCENT RRENGE DEPTH OCCURRENCE	3-<4 FEET 3-<4 MAXIMUM PER DEPTH OCCURR	2-<3 FEET PERCENT OCCURRENCE	2-<3 FEET MAXIMUM DEPTH	1-<2 FEET PERCENT OCCURRENCE	1-<2 FEET MAXIMUM DEPTH	(1 FOOT PERCENT OCCURRENCE	(1 FOOT MAXIMUM DEPTH	HABITAT PERCENT OCCURRENCE	HABITAT TYPE	UNITS

TOTAL MEASURED 96

Drainage: South Fork Eel River

TABLE 5A SUMMARY OF DOMINANT SUBSTRATES BY HABITAT TYPE

Survey Dates: July 31 and August 17, 1991

>	0	0	0	PLP 0	0	LSBk 0	LSR 0	LSL 0	0	0	0	0	0	16 RUN 0 0.00%	0	0	0	UNITS HABITAT \$ UNITS % TOTAL \$ UNITS MEASURED TYPE SILT/CLAY SILT/CLAY SAND DOMINANT DOMINANT DOMINANT
0 0 00%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	1 4.76%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	5.88%	1 6.25%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	NITS % TOTAL SAND SAND NANT DOMINANT
0	0	_	2	4	2	9	6	19	9	0	4	_	4	00	17	0	5	# UNITS GRAVEL DOMINANT
0.00%	0.00%	50.00%	66.67%	100.00%	28.57%	28.13%	75.00%	90.48%	100.00%	0.00%	66.67%	100.00%	23.53%	50.00%	70.83%	0.00%	36.59%	% TOTAL GRAVEL DOMINANT
0	0	0	_	0	0	2	0	0	0		0	0		2	_	0	00	# UNITS SM COBBLE DOMINANT
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	33.33%	0.00%	0.00%	6.25%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	5.88%	12.50%	4.17%	0.00%	19.51%	% TOTAL SM COBBLE DOMINANT
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	_	-	0	0	0	0	E	ω	2	0	4	# UNITS LG COBBLE DOMINANT
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	28.57%	0.00%	12.50%	4.76%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	17.65%	18.75%	8.33%	0.00%	9.76%	% TOTAL LG COBBLE DOMINANT
0	0	1	0	0	es es	es	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	0	4	0	00	# UNITS BOULDER DOMINANT
0.00%	0.00%	50.00%	0.00%	0.00%	42.86%	9.38%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	33.33%	0.00%	23.53%	0.00%	16.67%	0.00%	19.51%	% TOTAL BOULDER DOMINANT
	-	0	. 0	0	0	100	_	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	55	6	# UNITS BEDROCK DOMINANT
100.00%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	56.25%	12.50%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	23.53%	12.50%	0.00%	100.00%	14.63%	% TOTAL BEDROCK DOMINANT

Drainage: South Fork Eel River

TABLE 6A SUMMARY OF MEAN PERCENT COVER BY HABITAT TYPE

Survey Dates: July 31 and August 17, 1991

_	-	2	w	4	7	32	00	21	9	-	6		17	16	24	c <sub>1</sub>	41		MEASURED	STIND
PPL	BPL	8P8	SCP	PLP	LSBO	LSBk	LSR	TST	CRP	CCP	MCP	TRP	SRN	RUN	GLD	CAS	LGR		TYPE	HABITAT
0.00	0.00	0.00	46.67	7.50	2.14	7.03	5.00	5.48	13.33	30.00	21.67	40.00	0.59	1.25	13.96	0.00	0.00	BANKS	UNDERCUT	MEAN %
0.00	0.00	15.00	0.00	11.25	2.14	0.63	8.75	11.67	10.00	0.00	5.00	0.00	0.00	6.56	4.38	0.00	0.49		OMS	MEAN %
20.00	10.00	20.00	0.00	18.75	4.29	0.31	3.13	50.48	15.56	0.00	3.33	0.00	2.94	7.81	11.67	0.00	2.93		LWD	MEAN %
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.14	0.47	45.63	7.14	5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	MASS	ROOT	MEAN %
0.00	0.00	0.00	23.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	1.11	0.00	2.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.67	0.00	0.00	-	TERR.	-
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	VEGETATION	AQUATIC	MEAN %
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.50	1.43	4.38	3.13	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.35	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	WATER	STITH	MEAN %
10.00	30.00	65.00	30.00	23.75	79.29	28.44	22.50	19.05	35.56	70.00	59.17	20.00	70.59	74.38	63.33	0.00	14.39		BOULDERS	MEAN %
70.00	60.00	0.00	0.00	13.75	8.57	59.38	11.88	4.76	19.44	0.00	8.33	40.00	22.65	8.75	3.75	0.00	4.15	LEDGES	BEDROCK	WEAN %