### STREAM INVENTORY REPORT

### North Fork Ten Mile River

#### WATERSHED OVERVIEW

North Fork Ten Mile River is a tributary to Ten Mile River. Elevations range from about 40 feet at the mouth of the creek to 2,200 feet in the headwater areas. North Fork Ten Mile River's legal description at the confluence with the Ten Mile River is T20N R17W S25. Its location is 39° 33'53"N. latitude and 123°42'30"W longitude according to the USGS Sherwood Peak 7.5 minute quadrangle.

### HABITAT INVENTORY RESULTS

The habitat inventory of September 13 through October 2, 1995, was conducted by Diana Hines and David Lundby. The total length of stream in North Fork Ten Mile River surveyed was 83,424 feet (16.0 miles) with an additional 1,299 feet of side channel (Table 1).

Flow measured at the mouth of North Fork Ten Mile River on September 13, 1995 was 4.01 cubic feet per second (cfs).

North Fork Ten Mile River is comprised of two reaches; Reach 1 is a B4 channel type for the first 43,613 feet while Reach 2, a B2 channel type, makes up the remaining 38,999 feet.

Table 1 summarizes the Level II riffle, flatwater, and pool habitat types. By percent occurrence, riffles comprised 23%, flatwater 33% and pools 45% of the habitat types (Graph 1). By percent total length, riffles comprised 16%, flatwater 37% and pools 47% (Graph 2).

Eighteen Level IV habitat types were identified in North Fork Ten Mile River. The data are summarized in Table 2. The most frequently occurring habitat types were low gradient riffles, 21%, mid-channel pools, 18%, and runs, 15% (Graph 3). The most prevalent habitat types by percent total length were mid-channel pools 18%, low gradient riffles 15%, and lateral scour bedrock pools as well as glides, each at 14% (Table 2).

Table 3 summarizes main channel, scour and backwater pools, which are Level III pool types. Scour pools were most often encountered at 57% occurrence and comprised 60% of the total length of pools.

Table 4 is a summary of maximum pool depths by pool habitat types. Pools with depths of two feet or greater are considered optimal for fish habitat. In North Fork Ten Mile River, 415 of the 497 pools (84%) had a depth of two feet or greater (Graph 4).

The depth of cobble embeddedness was estimated at pool tail-outs. Of the 497 pool tail-outs measured, 2% had a value of 1, 9% had a value of 2, 16% had a value of 3 and 72% had a value of 4 (Graph 5).

Of the Level II habitat types, pools had the highest mean shelter rating at 36 (Table 1). Of the Level III pool types, scour pools had the highest mean shelter rating at 40 (Table 3).

Of the 497 Pools, 19% were formed by large woody debris (LWD): 8% by logs and 11% by root wads (calculated from Table 4).

Table 6 summarizes dominant substrate by Level IV habitat types. Of the low gradient riffles measured, 63% had gravel as the dominant substrate (Graph 6).

Mean percent closed canopy was 70%: 15% coniferous trees and 55% deciduous trees. Mean percent open was 30% (Graph 7).

Table 7 summarizes the mean percent substrate/vegetation types found along the banks of the stream. The mean percent right bank vegetated in North Fork Ten Mile River was 64% while the mean percent left bank vegetated was 66%. Deciduous trees were the dominant bank vegetation type observed in 81% of the units fully measured. Coniferous trees were dominant in 12% of the units fully measured. The dominant substrate composing the structure of the stream banks was sand/silt/clay, found in 58% of the units fully measured.

## COMMENTS AND LANDMARKS

The following landmarks and possible problem sites were noted. All distances are approximate and taken from the beginning of the survey reach.

Position (ft):	Comments:
417	Five redds observed.
937	Clark Fork bridge crossing.
1541	Five redds observed.
1641	Three redds observed.
2347	Eight redds observed.
2931	Left bank failure measures 15' x 40', contributing fine sediment.
3260	LWD on left bank measures 70' long x 40' wide x 9' high.
3345	Three redds observed.

3709	Eight redds observed.
4148	Two redds observed.
5808	Seven redds observed. Tributary enters on right bank.
7449	Six redds observed in tailout.
7782	Three redds observed.
8407	Large root wad enhancing scour.
8771	One redd observed in tailout.
9032	Five redds observed.
10395	Large root wad on right bank enhancing scour.
10714	Six redds in tailout.
11392	Little North Fork Ten Mile River enters on right bank.
11649	Two redds observed in tailout of pool.
13027	Eight redds observed in tailout.
13295	Four redds observed in tailout.
14028	Four redds observed in tailout.
14380	Five redds observed in tailout.
14479	Redds observed in tailout.
14630	Two redds observed in tailout.
14660	Three redds observed.
14912	Enormous rootwad, four redds observed in tailout.
15156	10 redds observed.
15299	Scour caused by large and small woody debris accumulation.
15803	Six redds observed.

16449	Site of old creek crossing.
16583	15 redds observed.
16715	Three redds observed.
16838	RBA site NFT # 2.
16952	Nine redds here in tail, hobo temperature monitor site.
16999	Tributary enters on right bank.
17418	10 redds observed in tailout.
18337	Three redds observed in tailout.
18521	Four redds observed in tailout.
18905	Old wet crossing.
19231	Four redds observed in tailout.
19327	Three redds observed in tailout.
19886	Two redds observed. Right bank failure measures 50' long x 40' high. Road in jeopardy of erosion.
21371	Road is about 10 linear feet from creek, but about 20' above it.
21516	Four redds observed in tailout.
21604	Five redds observed in tailout.
21908	Left bank failure.
21985	Left bank failure contributing fine sediment to the channel.
22233	One western toad adult observed.
22426	One sharp tailed snake observed, three redds observed.
22796	Two redds observed.
22915	Four redds observed.
23154	10 redds observed in tailout.

23291	Five redds observed.
23771	Three redds observed in tailout.
23827	One redd observed in tailout.
24633	Four redds observed.
25737	Five redds observed.
26536	Railroad crossing.
26752	Four redds observed.
27313	Left bank failure.
27835	3-4 redds observed.
29341	King fisher observed.
29642	Main road bridge, Two redds observed.
30288	Two redds observed.
31202	Second main road bridge.
31965	Three redds observed.
32221	Two redds observed. 4' undercut bank.
32540	Right bank buttressed with LWD approximately 60 -70 yrs old, still holding.
32648	This pool is complex, scours associated with boulders, log, and bedrock. Hobo temperature monitor in pool. Four redds observed in tailout.
32873	Three redds in tailout.
33597	Two redds in tailout.
33785	Three redds observed in tailout.
33927	Five redds here, small seep on left bank. Great STS salamander site.
34228	O'Conner Creek enters on right bank.

34574	Left bank seep. Good STS salamander site
34802	Four redds observed.
35061	Three redds observed.
36539	Four redds in tailout. Tributary enters on left bank. Possible STS site.
36986	Eight redds observed.
37273	One redd observed in tailout.
37591	Left bank seep.
37770	Two redds observed.
37958	One redd observed.
38215	Two dippers, seven redds observed.
38520	Left bank seep.
38637	Tributary enters on right bank.
38880	Two redds observed.
39075	One redd observed.
39249	Six redds observed in tailout.
39884	Trib enters on left bank. Good STS site.
40261	Three redds observed in tailout.
40513	Five redds at tailout.
41600	Six redds in tailout.
42198	Seven redds. Confluence with Bald Hill Creek on right bank
43210	Five redds in tailout.
43251	Small tributary entering on left bank. Good STS site.
44041	Eight redds in tailout.

44419	Channel type measured.
44944	Trib enters on right bank.
45184	One redd in tailout.
45215	Left bank failure measures 40' long x 50' high, contributing fine sediment to the channel.
45292	Nine redds.
45802	Four redds.
45921	12 redds in tailout.
45965	One redd.
47302	Four redds.
48718	Eight redds.
50194	Four redds.
50589	13 redds.
51058	Three redds.
51470	Five redds in tailout.
51712	10 redds in tailout.
51939	Two redds.
52169	Three redds in tailout.
52655	Nine redds in tailout.
52820	Three redds.
53635	Gulch 8 enters on right bank.
54232	Four redds.
54429	Four redds.
55432	Six redds.

55510	Three redds.
55645	Six redds.
56095	Seven redds.
56330	Seven redds.
57242	Tributary enters on left bank.
57772	These units are about 10' from road, but about 30' below it
58759	Gulch Eleven enters on right bank.
59835	Two redds.
60549	Tributary enters on left bank.
60994	One redd.3
61087	Bullfrog observed.
61293	Three redds.
62700	Five to six redds.
62819	Four redds.
63596	Three redds.
64044	Three redds.
64428	Three redds.
65032	Tributary enters on left bank. Good STS site.
65660	Two redds.
66660	Very big pool measures 120' long x 70' wide, mixed left scour and mid-channel pool.
68633	Wooden bridge measures 50' higk x 81' long x 115' wide.
68828	Tributary enters on left bank.

68881	Gulch 19 enters on right bank.
69653	Two redds in tailout.
69690	Two redds in tailout.
69952	Tributary enters on left bank.
70122	Three redds.
70518	Two redds.
71104	Six redds.
71175	Left bank failure measures 80' long x 15' high, contributing fine sediment to the channel.
71907	Four redds.
71952	RBA site NFTM # 5.
72044	Hobo temperature monitor site.
72154	10 redds scattered.
72580	Five redds.
72811	Patsy Creek enters on left bank.
73197	Bullfrog observed. Bridge crossing 13' x 36'.
73435	Five redds observed in tailout.
75327	Three redds.
75527	Bullfrog observed.
75672	Four redds in tailout.
76030	Four redds in tailout.
76282	Left bank failure contributing fine sediment and redwood tree to channel.
76401	Three redds in tailout.
77855	Four redds in tailout.

77966	Six redds.
78588	Six redds.
78622	Four redds.
78957	Three redds in unit.
79821	Tributary enters on right bank. Fish observed in the tributary.
80019	Five redds. Hobo temperature monitor in pool. NFT #9.
80479	Four redds in tailout.
80867	Tributary enters on right bank.
81448	Dry tributary on left bank.
82778	Tributary enters on left bank.
83165	End of survey at Georgia-Pacific property line. Standley Creek enters on the left bank.