

## l a k e . a c c e s s

an impact metro project

seeing below the

All RUSS units have been removed from the lakes.  
They will be redeployed in the spring.

Lake Data   Understanding Lakes   Current Issues   Land Use   History   Lake Users

## Understanding Lakes

Understanding Lake Ecology Index	
PHYSICAL	BIOLOGICAL
Formation	Lakezones
Variability	Food Webs
Light	Primary Producers
Density Stratification	Chlorophyll
Watersheds	Algal Succession
CHEMICAL	Consumers Decomposers
General Lake Chemistry	Trophic Status
Dissolved Oxygen	Eutrophication
Nutrients	Ecoregions
	Biological Differences

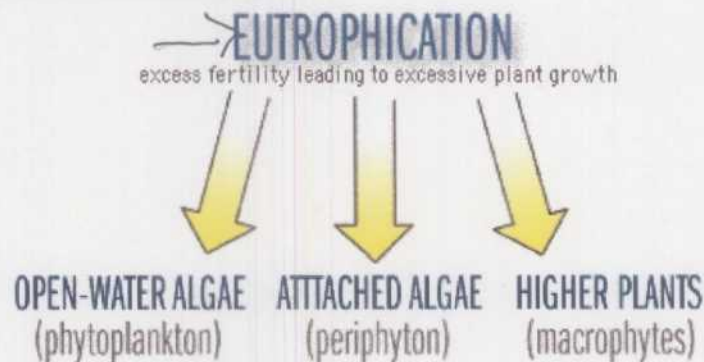


Figure 22

### WATER QUALITY IMPACTS ASSOCIATED WITH EUTROPHICATION

- Noxious algae (scums, blue-greens, taste and odor, visual)
- Excessive macrophyte growth (loss of open water)
- Loss of clarity (secchi depth goes down)
- Possible loss of macrophytes (via light limitation by algae and periphyton)
- Low dissolved oxygen (loss of habitat for fish and fish food)
- Excessive organic matter production (smothering eggs and bugs)
- Blue-green algae inedible by some zooplankton (reduced food chain efficiency)
- "Toxic" gases (ammonia, H<sub>2</sub>S) in bottom water (more loss of fish habitat)
- Possible toxins from some species of blue-green algae
- Chemical treatment by lakeshore homeowners or managers may result (copper, diquat, 2 etc.)

- Drinking water degradation from treatment disinfection byproducts
- Carcinogens, such as chloroform (from increased organic matter reacting with disinfectant chlorine)

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