

The Harbor District has adopted and filed a final EIR for the harbor expansion project currently underway. Since the pier project is an element of that document, the CEQA process has been satisfied.

Mr. Schmidt noted that staff from the San Mateo County Harbor District were present to respond to any questions the Board might have and then made the recommendation that the Board, with consideration of the EIR filed in compliance with CEQA, approve the Pillar Point Fishing Pier project as proposed, allocate \$160,000 therefor from the Wildlife Restoration Fund on a matching basis with the San Mateo County Harbor District, and authorize staff and the Department of Fish and Game to proceed with the project substantially as planned.

IT WAS MOVED BY MS. ORDWAY, SECONDED BY MR. PARNELL, THAT THE WILDLIFE CONSERVATION BOARD APPROVE THE PILLAR POINT FISHING PIER, SAN MATEO COUNTY, AS PROPOSED; ALLOCATE FOR ITS CONSTRUCTION \$160,000 FROM THE WILDLIFE RESTORATION FUND ON A MATCHING FUND BASIS WITH SAN MATEO COUNTY HARBOR DISTRICT; AND AUTHORIZE STAFF AND THE DEPARTMENT TO PROCEED SUBSTANTIALLY AS PLANNED.

PASSED UNANIMOUSLY.

(Assemblyman Phil Isenberg, who had just come in to the meeting, was introduced.)

- 12. Glenn-Colusa Fish Screen, Glenn County \$40,900.00  
(No. 7 on agenda)

This is a funding request by the Department of Fish and Game to modify the Glenn-Colusa fish screen on the Sacramento River near Hamilton City. A natural shift in the channels of the Sacramento River has impaired operation of the Glenn-Colusa Irrigation District pumping plant and disrupted the DFG's fish screens effort there.

Due to the lack of bypass water, the screen, built at a cost of 2.6 million dollars in 1972, was essentially inoperative in 1984 and it appears unlikely this situation will improve in the future. A significant portion of the downstream migrant chinook salmon fingerlings produced in the Sacramento River and the production from Coleman Hatchery are subject to loss in this two to three thousand c.f.s. diversion that takes about twenty-five percent of the river's flow.

John Wentzel explained in detail the problems involved here in attempting to save the downstream migrant salmon fingerlings, and the function of the fish screen and fish trap.

Mr. Schmidt continued that although the DFG will continue to explore ways to correct the bypass water problem with the Bureau of Reclamation and the District, the best solution at this time is to build a fish trap in one of the bays of the fish screen. The first phase of the plan is to replace one of the 40 rotary drum screens with a stationary trap. The trap will consist of a 32-foot section installed in a single screen bay and an 8 by 16 foot floating section attached to that. The floating section can be disconnected and moved to bank access where fish will be

transferred to a waiting truck. The fish will be hauled to a downstream location with equipment supplied by the Feather River Hatchery.

Once the trap is fully operational, test will be conducted to determine overall efficiency. If a significant number of salmon fingerlings are successfully trapped in the April-June 1986 period, a larger, more permanent unit, possibly utilizing four screen bays, might eventually be needed to complete the screen modification project. This would include funds to either build a pipeline to divert the fish to the river or to purchase a fish truck.

It is planned to have the trap fabrication and installation work done by department personnel at the Glenn-Colusa Fish Screen and Elk Grove Screen Shop and to complete the project by late summer.

The following cost estimate was prepared by the department and reviewed by staff:

Materials and Equipment

Stationary trap .....	\$5,500
Wiper system .....	4,500
Floating trap .....	3,200
Rotary drum screen .....	2,400
Fish pump (Nielsen or Aqua-harvester)	15,300
Total materials and equipment	<u>\$30,900</u>

Labor

1920 hours seasonal aid .....	<u>\$10,000</u>
TOTAL COST .....	\$40,900

The project is exempt from the provisions of CEQA under Class 1(h) maintenance or repair of fish screens, and the Notice of Exemption has been filed with the State Clearinghouse.

Mr. Schmidt recommended the Board approve this project, allocate \$40,900 therefor from the Wildlife Restoration Fund, and authorize staff and the Department of Fish and Game to proceed substantially as planned.

Assemblyman Isenberg recommended approval of this project.

IT WAS MOVED BY MS. ORDWAY, SECONDED BY MR. PARNELL, THAT THE WILDLIFE CONSERVATION BOARD APPROVE THE GLENN-COLUSA FISH SCREEN, GLENN COUNTY; ALLOCATE \$40,900 THEREFOR FROM THE WILDLIFE RESTORATION FUND; AND AUTHORIZE STAFF AND THE DEPARTMENT TO PROCEED SUBSTANTIALLY AS PLANNED.

PASSED UNANIMOUSLY.